

Lifestyle and opportunity @ your doorstep

General and Special Purpose Financial Statements

Year Ended 30 June 2014

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STATEMENT BY COUNCILLORS AND MANAGEMENT made pursuant to Section 413(2)(c) of the Local Government Act 1993 (as amended)

The attached General Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- The Local Government Act 1993 (as amended) and the Regulations made thereunder.
- The Australian Accounting Standards and professional pronouncements.
- The Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, this Report:

- presents fairly the Council's operating result and financial position for the year, and
- accords with Council's accounting and other records

We are not aware of any matter that would render this Report false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 26 August 2014.

Councillor Roy Maggio

Mayor

Mr Dominic Johnson Acting General Manager Councillor Justin Li Deputy Mayor

Mr John Todd Chief Financial Officer

(Responsible Accounting Officer)

INCOME STATEMENT

Original				
Budget*			Actual	Actual
2014		Notes	2014	2013
(\$'000)			(\$'000)	(\$'000)
	INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
63,367	Rates and Annual Charges	3(a)	63,258	61,079
12,592	User Charges and Fees	3(b)	13,988	13,294
3,250	Interest and Investment Revenue	3(c)	4,331	4,328
6,555	Other Revenues	3(d)	8,932	7,527
	Grants & Contributions provided for			
7,220	operating purposes	3(e&f)	5,549	7,126
	Grants & Contributions provided			
214	for capital purposes	3(e&f)	14,229	18,029
	Other Income:			
-	Net gain from the disposal of assets	5	64	-
	Net share of interests in joint ventures and			
-	associates using the equity method	19	-	-
93,198	TOTAL INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIO	NS	110,351	111,383
	EVERNOES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
40.400	EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	4(=)	20.700	20.005
40,122	Employee Benefits and On-costs	4(a)	39,789	38,005
190	Borrowing Costs	4(b)	146	130
24,605	Materials and Contracts	4(c)	25,590	24,914
21,244	Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment	4(d)	16,559	19,075
16,114	Other Expenses	4(e)	12,697	12,778
-	Interest and Investment Losses	3(c)	-	-
-	Net Loss from the disposal of assets	5	-	4,247
	Share of interests in joint ventures and associates	19		
-	using the equity method	19	-	-
102,275	TOTAL EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERAT	TIONS	94,781	99,149
(0.077)	OPERATING REGULT FROM CONTINUING OPER	ATIONS	45 570	40.004
(9,077)	OPERATING RESULT FROM CONTINUING OPER	CHOILW	15,570	12,234
-	Operating result from discontinued operations	24	-	-
(9,077)	NET OPERATING RESULT FOR THE YEAR	2(a)	15,570	12,234
	NET OPERATING RESULT FOR THE YEAR BEFO	RE GRANTS		
(9,291)	& CONTRIBUTIONS PROVIDED FOR CAPITAL P		1,341	(5,795)
(3,231)	& CONTINUOTIONS I ROVIDED I ON CAPITAL P	OIN OOLO	1,541	(3,133)

^{*} Original budget as approved by Council - Refer Note 16

The above Income Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Notes	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Net operating result for the year - from Income Statement		15,570	12,234
Other comprehensive income			
Amounts which will not be reclassified subsequently to operating result			
Gain (loss) on revaluation of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	20(b)	347,820	(257,869)
Adjustment to correct prior period errors	20(d)	1,832	-
Amounts which will be reclassified subsequently to operating result when specific conditions are met.			
Realised available-for-sale investment gains recognised in revenue	20(b)		
Gain (loss) on revaluation of available-for-sale investments	20(b)		
Total other comprehensive income for the year		349,652	(257,869)
Total comprehensive income for the year Attributable to:			
- Council		365,222	(245,635)
- Non-controlling Interests			

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Notes	20	014	2	2013
		(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
ASSETS					
Current Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6(a)	15,793		15,805	
Investments	6(b)	51,500		46,450	
Receivables	7	7,713		5,697	
Inventories	8	489		447	
Other	8	315		388	
Non-Current assets classified as held for Sale	22			910	
Total Current Assets			75,810		69,697
Non-Current Assets					
Investments	6(b)	38,665		29,622	
Receivables	7	962		1,004	
Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment	9	2,268,132		1,911,231	
Investments accounted for using equity method	19	-		_	
Investment Property	14	2,800		2,620	
Intangible assets	25	-		_	
Other	8	-		-	
Total Non-Current Assets			2,310,559		1,944,477
TOTAL ASSETS		i	2,386,369		2,014,174
LIABILITES					
Current Liabilities					
Payables	10(a)	19,205		14,843	
Borrowings	10(a)	793		527	
Provisions	10(a)	10,314		9,853	
Total Current Liabilities			30,312		25,223
Non-Current Liabilities					
Payables	10(a)	_		_	
Borrowings	10(a)	4,822		2,895	
Provisions	10(a)	136		180	
Total Non-Current Liabilities	ισ(α)		4,958		3,075
TOTAL LIABILITIES			35,270		28,298
TOTAL LIABILITIES		i	00,270		20,230
NET ASSETS			2,351,099		1,985,876
EQUITY					
Retained Earnings	20	1,742,771		1,725,369	
Revaluation reserves	20	608,327		260,507	
Council equity interest			2,351,098		1,985,876
Minority equity interest			-		-
TOTAL EQUITY			2,351,098		1,985,876

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

				2014	14					20	2013		
				(\$.000)	00)					0.5)	(000.\$)		
			Asset		Council				Asset		Council		
			Revaluation	Other	Equity	6	T 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Retained	Retained Revaluation	Other	Equity	6	T. C. S.
Opening Balance	20	1,725,369	260,507	Keselves	1,985,876		1,985,876	1,713,135	518,376	Keselves	2,231,511	- Interest	2,231,511
Correction of errors		1,832			1,832		1,832				•		
Changes in Accounting Policies													
Restated Opening Balance	20	1,727,201	260,507	'	1,987,708		1,987,708	1,713,135	518,376	'	2,231,511		2,231,511
Net Operating Result for the Year	20	15,570	347,820		363,390		363,390	12,234	(257,869)		(245,635)		(245,635)
Other Comprehensive Income	20												
Total Comprehensive Income	20	15,570	347,820	,	363,390	,	363,390	12,234	(257,869)		(245,635)		(245,635)
Closing Balance	20	1,742,771	608,327		2,351,098		2,351,098	1,725,369	260,507	•	1,985,876		1,985,876

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Original Budget* 2014		Notes	204	14	204	12
(\$'000)	'	Notes	201 (\$'000)		201 (\$'000)	
(\$ 000)	CASH FLOWS FROM		(\$ 000)	(\$'000)	(\$ 000)	(\$'000)
	OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
	Receipts					
63 367	Rates & Annual Charges		63,365		61,183	
	User Charges & Fees		15,335		14,034	
	Investment Revenue and Interest		3,896		4,283	
•	Grants and Contributions		18,726		26,792	
7,001	Deposits and Retentions		2,359		1.622	
6,880	·		7,944		8,059	
0,000	Payments		7,044		0,000	
(40, 226)	Employee Benefits and on-costs		(39,223)		(37,439)	
	Materials and Contracts		(24,886)		(31,673)	
	Borrowing Costs		(94)		(130)	
(100)	Deposits and Retentions		(1,426)		(1,460)	
(17,401)			(10,602)		(12,815)	
(17,401)	other	_	(10,002)		(12,010)	
	Net cash provided (or used) in					
12,680		11(b)		35,394		32,456
12,000	Operating Addition	11(0)		00,001		02,400
	CASH FLOWS FROM					
	INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
	Receipts					
46.450	Sale of Investments		32,034		18,373	
.,	Sale of Investment Property		- ,		_	
_	Sale of Real Estate Assets		894		_	
1 265	Sale of Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment		1,466		1,174	
-	Sale of Interests in Joint Ventures/Associates		-		-	
	Proceeds from Boundary Adjustment		_		_	
_	Other		_		_	
	Payments					
(51,500)	Purchase of Investments		(46,050)		(27,929)	
(, ,	Purchase of Investment property		-		-	
(21,656)	Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		(25,944)		-	
-	Purchase of Real Estate		-		(21,760)	
-	Purchase of Interests in Joint Ventures/Associates		_		-	
-	Other		-		-	
	Net cash provided by (or used in)	_				
(25,441)	Investing Activities			(37,600)		(30, 142)
	•					
	CASH FLOWS FROM					
	FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
	Receipts					
1,500	Borrowings and Advances		2,700		-	
-	Other		-		-	
	<u>Payments</u>					
(641)	Borrowings and Advances		(507)		(482)	
-	Lease Liabilities		-		-	
	Other				-	
	Net cash provided by (or used in)	_				
859	Financing Activities			2,193		(482)
			_		_	
(11,902)	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalents			(13)		1,832
15,805	Cash & Cash Equivalents at beginning Reporting Pd	11(a)		15,805		13,973
3,903	Cash & Cash Equivalents at end of Reporting Pd	11(a)	_	15,792	_	15,805
	-		_		_	

^{*} Original budget as approved by Council - Refer Note 16

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Local Government Act (1993) and Regulation, and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting. City of Ryde is a not for profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

(i) New and amended standards adopted by Council

During the current year, the following relevant standards became mandatory for Council and have been adopted:

- AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement
- AASB 119 Employee Benefits

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement has not affected the assets or liabilities which are to be measured at fair value; however it provides detailed guidance on how to measure fair value in accordance with the accounting standards. It introduces the concept of highest and best use for non-financial assets and has caused the Council to review their valuation methodology. The level of disclosures regarding fair value has increased significantly and has been included in the financial statements at note 27.

AASB 119 Employee Benefits has changed the basis for determining the income or expense relating to defined benefit plans and introduces revised definitions for short-term employee benefits. The Council has reviewed the annual leave liability to determine the level of annual leave which is expected to be paid more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Early adoption of standards

City of Ryde has not elected to apply any pronouncements before their operative date in the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2013.

(iii) Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss, certain classes of property, plant and equipment and investment property.

(iv) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Council's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(v) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

City of Ryde makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are set out below:

- (i) Estimated fair values of investment properties.
- (ii) Estimated fair values of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment.
- (iii) Estimated tip remediation provisions.



(vi) Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies

- Impairment of Receivables
 Council has made a significant judgement about the impairment of a number of its receivables in Note 7
- (ii) Projected Section 94 Commitments
 Council has used significant judgement in determining future Section 94 income and expenditure in Note 17.
- (iii) Valuation of Infrastructure assets

 Council employs a number of staff who possess Tertiary qualifications in Engineering. Those staff are also responsible for estimating the cost of construction of new infrastructure works, especially for works done in-house. Using this expertise Council has revalued its infrastructure assets to the cost of replacing those assets in-house. Those estimates are based on the actual costs to replace infrastructure assets by Council recently.

The same staff are also responsible for estimating the useful lives of infrastructure assets, based on their experiences and similar assets in other Council areas.

The changes, based on these judgements, impacted the amount of depreciation in the 2013/2014 financial year.

(b) Revenue recognition

Council recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Council's activities as described below. Council bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is measured on major income categories as follows:

Rates, annual charges, grants and contributions

Rates, annual charges, grants and contributions (including developer contributions) are recognised as revenues when the Council obtains control over the assets comprising these receipts. Developer contributions may only be expended for the purposes for which the contributions were required but the Council may apply contributions according to the priorities established in work schedules.

Control over assets acquired from rates and annual charges is obtained at the commencement of the rating year as it is an enforceable debt linked to the rateable property or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

Control over granted assets is normally obtained upon their receipt (or acquittal) or upon earlier notification that a grant has been secured, and is valued at their fair value at the date of transfer.

Revenue is recognised when the Council obtains control of the contribution or the right to receive the contribution, it is probable that the economic benefits comprising the contribution will flow to the Council and the amount of the contribution can be measured reliably.

Where grants or contributions recognised as revenues during the financial year were obtained on condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period and those conditions were undischarged at balance date, the unused grant or contribution is disclosed in Note 3(g). The note also discloses the amount of unused grant or contribution from prior years that was expended on Council's operations during the current year.

A liability is recognised in respect of revenue that is reciprocal in nature to the extent that the requisite service has not been provided at balance date.

User charges and fees

User charges and fees (including parking fees and fines) are recognised as revenue when the service has been provided, the payment is received, or when the penalty has been applied, whichever first occurs.



Sale of plant, property, infrastructure and equipment

The profit or loss on sale of an asset is determined when control of the asset has irrevocably passed to the buyer.

Interest and rents

Interest and rents are recognised as revenue on a proportional basis when the payment is due, the value of the payment is notified, or the payment is received, whichever first occurs.

(c) Principles of consolidation

(i) The Consolidated Fund

In accordance with the provisions of Section 409(1) of the LGA 1993, all money and property received by Council is held in the Council's Consolidated Fund unless it is required to be held in the Council's Trust Fund. The consolidated fund and other entities through which the Council controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this report.

(ii) The Trust Fund

In accordance with the provisions of Section 411 of the Local Government Act 1993 (as amended), a separate and distinct Trust Fund is maintained to account for all money and property received by the Council in trust which must be applied only for the purposes of or in accordance with the trusts relating to those monies. Trust monies and property subject to Council's control have been included in these reports.

Trust monies and property held by Council but not subject to the control of Council, have been excluded from these reports. A separate statement of monies held in the Trust Fund is available for inspection at the Council office by any person free of charge.

(d) Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment where Council, as lessee, has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the lower of the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other long term payables. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the asset's useful life or over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term if there is no reasonable certainty that Council will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to Council as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Lease income from operating leases where Council is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(e) Acquisition of assets

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for all acquisitions of assets. Cost is measured as the fair value of the assets given, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the Council's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.



(f) Impairment of assets

Whilst Council does not currently hold any Goodwill and intangible assets, there may be some that relate to software or trademarks in the future, and if so, these assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and will be tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired.

Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there is separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

For cash flow statement presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

(h) Receivables

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Receivables are generally due for settlement within 14 days.

Collectability of receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account (provision for impairment of receivables) is used when there is objective evidence that Council will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired. The amount of the impairment allowance is the difference between the assets carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the income statement within other expenses. When a receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the income statement.

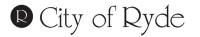
(i) Inventories

(i) Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs include the transfer from equity of any gains/losses on qualifying cash flow hedges relating to purchases of raw material. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(ii) Land held for resale/capitalisation of borrowing costs

Land held for resale is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is assigned by specific identification and includes the cost of acquisition, and development and borrowing costs during



development. When development is completed borrowing costs and other holding charges are expensed as incurred.

Borrowing costs included in the cost of land held for resale are those costs that would have been avoided if the expenditure on the acquisition and development of the land had not been made. Borrowing costs incurred while active development is interrupted for extended periods are recognised as expenses.

(j) Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, except for assets such as deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits, financial assets and investment property that are carried at fair value and contractual rights under insurance contracts, which are specifically exempt from this requirement.

An impairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write down of the asset (or disposal group) to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell of an asset (or disposal group), but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised. A gain or loss not previously recognised by the date of the sale of the non-current asset (or disposal group) is recognised at the date of de-recognition.

Non-current assets (including those that are part of a disposal group) are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale continue to be recognised.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale and the assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately from the other assets in the balance sheet. The liabilities of a disposal group held for sale are presented separately from other liabilities in the balance sheet.

A discontinued operation in a component of the entity that has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale and that represents a separate major line of business or area of operations, is part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operations are presented separately on the face of the income statement.

(k) Investments and other financial assets

Classification

Council classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, in the case of assets classified as held to maturity, re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are classified as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in receivables (note 7) in the balance sheet.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Council's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to



maturity. If Council were to sell other than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity financial assets, the whole category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale. Held to maturity financial assets are included in non-current asset, except those with maturities less than 12 months from the reporting date, which are classified as current assets.

(iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the balance sheet date. Investments are designated as available for sale if they do not have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments and management intends to hold them for the medium to long term.

Financial assets - reclassification

Council may choose to reclassify a non-derivative trading financial asset out of the held-for-trading category if the financial asset is no longer held for the purpose of selling it in the near term. Financial assets other than loans and receivables are permitted to be reclassified out of the held-for-trading category only in rare circumstances arising from a single event that is unusual and highly unlikely to recur in the near term. In addition, Council may choose to reclassify financial assets that would meet the definition of loans and receivables out of the held-for-trading or available-for-sale categories if it has the intention and ability to hold these financial assets for the foreseeable future and until maturity at the date of classification.

Reclassifications are made at fair value as of the reclassification date. Fair value becomes the new cost or amortised cost as applicable, and no reversals of fair value gains or losses recorded before reclassification date are subsequently made. Effective interest rates for financial assets reclassified to loans and receivables and held-to-maturity categories are determined at the reclassification date. Further increases in estimates of cash flows adjust effective interest rates prospectively.

Recognition and de-recognition

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date - the date on which the Council commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and Council has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the income statement as gains and losses from investment securities.

Subsequent measurement

Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit and loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss category are presented in the income statement within other income or other expenses in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit and loss is recognised in the income statement as part of revenue from continuing operations when Council's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in a foreign currency and classified as available-for-sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. The translation differences related to changes in the amortised cost are recognised in profit and loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in equity. Changes in the fair value of other monetary and non-monetary securities reclassified as available-for-sale are recognised in equity.

Details of how the fair value of financial instruments is determined are disclosed in note 1(I).



Impairment

Council assesses at each balance date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered an indicator that the assets are impaired.

(i) Assets carried at amortised cost

For loans and receivables, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. If a loan or held-to- maturity investment has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

Investment Policy

Council has an approved investment policy complying with Section 625 of the Local Government Act and s212 of the LG (General) Regulations 2005. Investments are placed and managed in accordance with that policy and having particular regard to authorised investments prescribed under the Ministerial Local Government Investment Order. Council maintains an investment policy that complies with the Act and ensures that it or its representatives exercise care, diligence and skill that a prudent person would exercise in investing council funds.

Council amended its policy, following revisions to the Ministerial Local Government Investment Order, arising from the Cole Inquiry recommendations. Certain investments that Council held are no longer prescribed, Council has either divested itself of these, or they have matured with Council suffering a loss of principal, which was recognised in the appropriate period.

(I) Fair value estimation

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date.

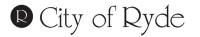
The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. Council uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance date. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used for long-term debt instruments held. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Council for similar financial instruments.

(m) Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment

Council's assets have been progressively revalued to fair value in accordance with a staged implementation advised by the Office of Local Government. At balance date the following classes of IPPE were stated at their fair value:

- Operational land (External Valuation).
- Buildings Specialised/Non Specialised (External Valuation).
- Water/Sewerage Networks (Internal Valuation).



- Plant and equipment (as approximated by depreciated historical cost).
- Road assets roads, bridges and footpaths (Internal Valuation).
- Drainage assets (Internal Valuation).
- Bulk earthworks (Internal Valuation).
- Community land (External Valuation).
- Land Improvements (as approximated by depreciated historical cost).
- Other structures (as approximated by depreciated historical cost).
- Other assets (as approximated by depreciated historical cost).

As at 30 June 2013 Council had revised the useful lives of its Infrastructure and Building assets and their remaining lives, effective 1 July 2013.

Council has moved to a condition basis for calculating depreciation, which determines the remaining useful life and loss of future benefit, based on its condition. To support this Council has also commenced a rolling inspection of its infrastructure assets, plus reviews as part of its ongoing maintenance works, so that condition data is kept as current as possible.

Whilst this is not true "condition based" depreciation, Council, in adopting this new method of depreciation, has broken each of its asset categories into five condition ratings. Within each of these condition ratings, Council has reviewed and determined both the useful life and loss of future benefit, while the asset traverses through that condition rating. Therefore in each condition rating the asset will have a straight line depreciation, which will increase as the condition rating increases, and the condition of the asset decreases.

Condition 5 represents those assets that are due for renewal, but are still in service, so will hold a residual value until renewed.

Depreciation is no longer a representation of the inter-generational funding that is required for asset renewal, this funding model is represented by straight line depreciation over the useful life to the intervention point, being the end of Condition 4.

				ul life ars)		
Asset Category	1	2	3	4	5	Total
Buildings – Specialised/Non Specialised	10	60	20	5 - 10	1-5	96 - 100
Drainage assets	5 - 20	15 - 130	10 - 40	5 - 15	5 - 10	40 - 200
Land Improvements	5	5	5	5	5	25
Other assets	1-5	1 - 25	1 - 10	1-5	1-5	5 - 50
Other structures	5 - 20	5 - 80	2 - 40	3 - 15	5	20 - 150
Plant and equipment						2 - 20
Road assets – roads, bridges and footpaths	5 - 20	2 - 130	2 - 50	3 - 20	5 - 20	17 - 200

			Depre	ciation 6)		
Asset Category	1	2	3	4	5	Total
Buildings – Specialised/Non Specialised	0.50%	0.83%	1.25%	1.50% - 3.00%		0.50% - 3.00%
Drainage assets	0.25% - 1.00%	0.38% - 1.67%	0.63% - 3.00%	1.00% - 7.00%		0.25% - 7.00%
Land Improvements	1.00%	9.00%	5.00%	3.00%	2.00%	1.00% - 9.00%
Other assets	1.00% - 5.00%	1.40% - 20.00%	2.00% - 30.00%	7.00% - 50.00%		1.00% - 50.00%
Other structures	0.25% - 1.00%	0.63% - 2.00%	0.63% - 5.00%	1.00% - 23.33%		0.25% - 23.33%
Plant and equipment						5.00% - 20.00%
Road assets – roads, bridges and footpaths	0.25% - 1.67%	0.38% - 5.00%	0.50% - 5.00%	0.75% - 23.33%		0.25% - 23.33%

Operational land was last valued in 2008 and revalued as at June 2014. Council is of the opinion that the carrying amount of the asset would not differ materially had a revaluation occurred at the reporting date.

For all other assets, Council assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that a revalued asset's carrying amount may differ materially from that which would be determined if the asset were revalued



at the reporting date. If any such indication exists, Council determines the asset's fair value and will revalue the asset to that amount. Full revaluations are undertaken for all assets on a 5 year cycle.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation are credited to the asset revaluation reserve. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognising profit or loss, the increase is first recognised in profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first charged against revaluation reserves directly in equity to the extent of the remaining reserve attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to the Income statement.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. In determining the useful lives and unit rates for each asset type, an "evidence" based approach has been taken. For most assets, there is no ready "tradeable" market, and Councils are the major if not only provider of such assets (e.g. local roads and their drainage). In-house technical expertise is available and is used. The major exceptions are land and buildings, which are valued externally.

Where a condition review of assets discloses an error in the quantity of the asset, this will be adjusted as a prior period adjustment.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the income statement.

Land, other than land under roads, is classified as either operational or community in accordance with Part 2 of Chapter 6 of the Local Government Act (1993). This classification is made in Note 9(a).

(n) Investment property

Investment property, principally comprising freehold office buildings, is held for long-term rental yields and is not occupied by the Council. Investment property is carried at fair value, which is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location, or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, Council uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices in less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. These valuations are reviewed annually by a member of the Australian Property Institute. Changes in fair values are recorded in profit and loss as part of other income.

Investment property includes properties that are under construction for future use as investment properties. These are also carried at fair value unless the fair value cannot yet be reliably determined. Where that is the case, the property will be accounted for at cost until either the fair value becomes reliably determinable or construction is complete.

(o) Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Council prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(p) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.



Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in other income or finance cost.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Council has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

(q) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed.

(r) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when Council has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

(s) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liability for annual leave and accumulating sick leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables.

(ii) Other Long term employee benefit obligations

The liability for long service leave and annual leave which is not expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to the expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the end of the reporting period on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

(iii) Retirement benefit obligations

All employees of the Council are entitled to benefits on retirement, disability or death. Council contributes to various defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans on behalf of its employees.

A liability or asset in respect of defined benefit superannuation plans would ordinarily be recognised in the balance sheet, and measured as the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date plus unrecognised actuarial gains (less unrecognised actuarial losses) less the fair value of the



superannuation fund's assets at that date and any unrecognised past service cost. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is based on expected future payments which arise from membership of the fund to the reporting date, calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to the expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. However, when this information is not reliably available, Council accounts for its obligations to defined benefit plans on the same basis as its obligations to defined contribution plans (see below).

The Local Government Superannuation Scheme has advised member councils that, as a result of the global financial crisis, it has a significant deficiency of assets over liabilities. As a result, they have asked for significant increases in contributions to recover that deficiency. Council's share of that deficiency cannot be accurately calculated as the Scheme is a mutual arrangement where assets and liabilities are pooled together for all member councils. For this reason, no liability for the deficiency has been recognised in Council's accounts. Council has, however, disclosed a contingent liability in note 18 to reflect the possible obligation that may arise should the Scheme require immediate payment to correct the deficiency.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(t) Rounding of amounts

Unless otherwise indicated, amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars.

(u) Land under roads

Council has elected not to recognise land under roads acquired before 1 July 2008 in accordance with AASB 1051.

Land under roads acquired after 1 July 2008 is recognised in accordance with AASB 116 - Property, Plant and Equipment.

Land under roads is land under roadways and road reserves including land under footpaths, nature strips and median strips.

(v) Provisions for close down and restoration and for environmental clean-up costs - Tips and quarries

(i) Restoration

Close down and restoration costs include the dismantling and demolition of infrastructure and the removal of residual materials and remediation of disturbed areas. Estimated close down and restoration costs are provided for in the accounting period when the obligation arising from the related disturbance occurs, whether this occurs during the development or during the operation phase, based on the net present value of estimated future costs. Provisions for close down and restoration costs do not include any additional obligations which are expected to arise from future disturbance. The costs are estimated on the basis of a closure plan. The cost estimates are calculated annually during the life of the operation to reflect known developments, e.g. updated cost estimates and revisions to the estimated lives of operations, and are subject to formal review at regular intervals.

Close down and restoration costs are a normal consequence of tip and quarry operations, and the majority of close down and restoration expenditure is incurred at the end of the life of the operations. Although the ultimate cost to be incurred is uncertain, Council estimates the respective costs based on feasibility and engineering studies using current restoration standards and techniques.

The amortisation or 'unwinding' of the discount applied in establishing the net present value of provisions is charged to the income statement in each accounting period. The amortisation of the discount is shown as a borrowing cost.

Other movements in the provisions for close down and restoration costs, including those resulting from new disturbance, updated cost estimates, changes to the estimated lives of operations and revisions to



discount rates are capitalised within property, plant and equipment. These costs are then depreciated over the lives of the assets to which they relate.

(ii) Rehabilitation

Where rehabilitation is conducted systematically over the life of the operation, rather than at the time of closure, provision is made for the estimated outstanding continuous rehabilitation work at each balance sheet date and the cost is charged to the income statement.

Provision is made for the estimated present value of the costs of environmental clean-up obligations outstanding at the balance sheet date. These costs are charged to the income statement. Movements in the environmental clean-up provisions are presented as an operating cost, except for the unwind of the discount which is shown as a borrowing cost. Remediation procedures generally commence soon after the time the damage, remediation process and estimated remediation costs become known, but may continue for many years depending on the nature of the disturbance and the remediation techniques.

As noted above, the ultimate cost of environmental remediation is uncertain and cost estimates can vary in response to many factors including changes to the relevant legal requirements, the emergence of new restoration techniques or experience at other locations. The expected timing of expenditure can also change, for example in response to changes in quarry reserves or production rates. As a result there could be significant adjustments to the provision for close down and restoration and environmental clean-up, which would affect future financial results.

(w) Allocation between current and non-current assets and liabilities

In the determination of whether an asset or liability is current or non-current, consideration is given to the time when each asset or liability is expected to be settled. The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Council's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where Council does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current even if not expected to be realised in the next 12 months.

(x) New accounting standards and interpretations

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2014 reporting periods. NSW Council's assessment of the impact of the new standards and interpretations relevant to them is set out below.

(i) AASB 9 Financial Instruments, AASB 2009 11 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9, AASB 2010-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 9 and AASB 2012-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Mandatory Effective Date of AASB 9 and transitional disclosures and AASB 2013-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Conceptual Framework, Materiality and Financial Instruments (effective from 1 January 2017)

AASB 9 Financial Instruments addresses the classification, measurement and de-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. When adopted, the standard will affect in particular Council's accounting for its available-for-sale financial assets, since AASB 9 only permits the recognition of fair value gains and losses in other comprehensive income if they relate to equity investments that are not held for trading.

There will be no impact on Council's accounting for financial liabilities, as the new requirements only affect the accounting for financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss and Council does not have any such liabilities. The de-recognition rules have been transferred from AASB 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and have not been changed. The Council has not yet fully assessed the impact on the reporting financial position and performance on adoption of AASB 9.

(ii) AASB 2013-3 Amendments to AASB 136 Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets (effective for Council's 30 June 2015 financial statements) There are no changes to



reported financial position or performance from AASB 2013-3, however additional disclosures may be required.

(iii) AASB 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, AASB 11 Joint Arrangements, AASB 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, revised AASB 127 Separate Financial Statements and AASB 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures and AASB 2011-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Consolidation and Joint Arrangements Standards (effective 1 January 2014 for not-for-profit entities)

AASB 10 replaces all of the guidance on control and consolidation in AASB 127 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements, and Interpretation 12 Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities. The core principle that a consolidated entity presents a parent and its subsidiaries as if they are a single economic entity remains unchanged, as do the mechanics of consolidation. However, the standard introduces a single definition of control that applies to all entities. It focuses on the need to have both power and rights or exposure to variable returns. Power is the current ability to direct the activities that significantly influence returns. Returns must vary and can be positive, negative or both. Control exists when the investor can use its power to affect the amount of its returns. There is also new guidance on participating and protective rights and on agent/principal relationships. Council does not expect the new standard to have a significant impact on its composition.

AASB 11 introduces a principles based approach to accounting for joint arrangements. The focus is no longer on the legal structure of joint arrangements, but rather on how rights and obligations are shared by the parties to the joint arrangement. Based on the assessment of rights and obligations, a joint arrangement will be classified as either a joint operation or a joint venture. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method, and the choice to proportionately consolidate will no longer be permitted. Parties to a joint operation will account their share of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities in much the same way as under the previous standard. AASB 11 also provides guidance for parties that participate in joint arrangements but do not share joint control.

AASB 12 sets out the required disclosures for entities reporting under the two new standards, AASB 10 and AASB 11, and replaces the disclosure requirements currently found in AASB 127 and AASB 128. Application of this standard by Council will not affect any of the amounts recognised in the financial statements, but will impact the type of information disclosed in relation to Council's investments.

Amendments to AASB 128 provide clarification that an entity continues to apply the equity method and does not re-measure its retained interest as part of ownership changes where a joint venture becomes an associate, and vice versa. The amendments also introduce a "partial disposal" concept. Council is still assessing the impact of these amendments.

There are no other standards that are not yet effective and that are expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

(y) Crown Reserves

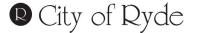
Crown Reserves under Council's care and control are recognised as assets of the Council. While ownership of the reserves remains with the Crown, Council retains operational control of the reserves and is responsible for their maintenance and use in accordance with the specific purposes to which the reserves are dedicated.

Improvements on Crown Reserves are also recorded as assets, while maintenance costs incurred by Council and revenues relating the reserves are recognised within Council's Income Statement.

Representations from both State and Local Government are being sought to develop a consistent accounting treatment for Crown Reserves across both tiers of government.

(z) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.



Notes to the General Purpose Financial Statements 30 June 2014

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

NOTE 2(a) FUNCTIONS OR ACTIVITIES

		INCOM	AE, EXPENS	ES AND ASS DETAILS	ETS HAVE I	SEEN DIREC	AND ASSETS HAVE BEEN DIRECTLY ATTRIBUTED TO THE FOLLOWING FUNDETAILS OF THESE FUNCTIONS / ACTIVITIES ARE PROVIDED IN NOTE 2(b)	TED TO THIS ARE PROV	E FOLLOWI	INCOME, EXPENSES AND ASSETS HAVE BEEN DIRECTLY ATTRIBUTED TO THE FOLLOWING FUNCTIONS / ACTIVITIES DETAILS OF THESE FUNCTIONS / ACTIVITIES ARE PROVIDED IN NOTE 2(b)	NS / ACTIVI	TIES	
	CONTIN	INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	ATIONS	CONTIN	EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	OM ATIONS	OPERATII	OPERATING RESULTS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	S FROM	GRANTS INCLUDED IN INCOME	LUDED IN	TOTAL ASSETS HELD (CURRENT & NON. CURRENT)	ETS HELD & NON- ENT)
	Original Budget 2014	Actual 2014	Actual 2013	Original Budget 2014	Actual 2014	Actual 2013	Original Budget 2014	Actual 2014	Actual 2013	Actual 2014	Actual 2013	Actual 2014	Actual 2013
FUNCTION S/ACTIVITIES	000.\$	\$.000	\$.000	\$.000	\$.000	\$.000	\$.000	000.\$	\$.000	\$.000	000.\$	000.\$	\$.000
Programs													
Catchment Program	184	326	434	5,370	2,772	5,695	(5, 186)	(2,446)	(5,261)	250	179	181,750	180,675
Centres And Neighbourhood Program	417	3,695	2,166	3,384	3,069	4,188	(2,967)	626	(2,022)	389	364		
Community And Cultural Program	1,555	1,570	1,631	4,079	4,164	3,651	(2,524)	(2,594)	(2,020)	999	889	_	_
Customer And Community Relations Program	17	15	29	3,768	3,072	2,865	(3,751)	(3,057)	(2,836)				
Environmental Program	70	78	10	740	572	571	(670)	(494)	(561)	89			
Foreshore Program				29	126	53	(67)	(126)	(53)			2,966	2,912
Governance And Civic Program	9	9	2	3,365	3,225	3,609	(3,360)	(3,220)	(3,607)				
Internal Corporate Services Program	3,744	4,593	4,734	13,307	12,482	17,170	(6,563)	(7,889)	(12,436)	112	26	767,640	417,316
Land Use Planning Program	16	9,239	49 5	1,164	1,350	942	(1,148)	7,889	(878)	34	0		
Clbrary Program	947	930	910	5,551	5,186	5,087	(4,604)	(4,256)	(4,177)	2/4	266	1,346	1,370
Open Space, Sport & Recreation Program Organisational Development Program	9	907'0	7	210	195	240	(204)	(186)	(9,034)	0	400	1,070,214	010,0
Paths And Cycleways Program	34	125	2,465	1,743	2,354	999	(1,709)	(2,229)	1,809	124	2,465		
Property Portfolio Program	2,020	2,165	1,849	5,861	3,098	5,025	(3,841)	(933)	(3,176)			2,800	2,620
Regulatory Program	6,798	9,748	7,362	7,493	6,730	6,773	(969)	3,018	589				
Risk Management Program	293	234	250	2,207	2,962	2,497	(1,914)	(2,728)	(2,247)				
Roads Program	1,212	2,323	15,653	9,019	8,915	9,279	(7,807)	(6,592)	6,374	86/	949	352,761	332,409
Strategic City Program	12		10	306	223	33	(294)	(223)	(23)	220			
Iramc & Iransport Program	000	1,510	917	392	2,040	1,054	(306)	(1,330)	(137)	0/0	243	700	777
Waste And Recycling Program	17,079	10,304	10,230	086,01	15,347	14, 104	403	1,63/	2, 134	742	710	160	/6/
Total Functions & Activities	41,080	59,806	61,013	102,275	94,781	99,149	(61,195)	(34,975)	(38,136)	3,856	5,931	2,386,369	2,014,174
General Purpose Revenue	52,118	50,545	50,370				52,118	50,545	50,370	2,142	3,451		
Totals	93,198	110,351	111,383	102,275	94,781	99,149	(9,077)	15,570	12,234	2,998	9,382	2,386,369	2,014,174

NOTE 2(b) COMPONENTS OF FUNCTIONS OR ACTIVITIES

The activities relating to the Council's functions and activities reported on in Note 2 (a) are as follows:

Catchment program

Managing, monitoring and maintaining water quality and reuse, our stormwater and natural waterways.

Centres and Neighbourhood program

Developing, delivering, maintaining and managing our public domain infrastructure, facilities and place management.

Community and Cultural program

Managing all community services, community development, community buildings and events and driving cultural development.

Customer and Community Relations program

Engaging with our community, all media and community relations, branding and marketing our city and developing and managing all our customer services.

Economic Development program

Business sector and economic development.

Environmental program

Monitoring and managing our environmental performance, developing environmental policy and making our community aware of environmental impact.

Foreshore program

Managing all aspects of our foreshore.

Governance and Civic program

Supporting our mayor and councillors; through council process and civic events; and providing guidance on governance to support other areas of council.

Internal Corporate Services program

Developing and managing our information, records and corporate knowledge; implementing information technology, communications, business, financial and HR infrastructure and services. Managing our fleet and plant; planning and developing assets; all project management and administrative support.

Land Use Planning program

Planning, delivering and managing our land and urban design and enhancing and informing on our heritage.



NOTE 2(b) Components of Functions or Activities (continued)

Library program

Delivering all our library services.

Open Space, Sport & Recreation program

Developing, delivering, maintaining and managing all our sports, recreation, outdoor, open spaces and natural areas infrastructure, services and facilities.

Organisational Development program

Addressing workforce planning, driving culture and performance, assessing process efficiency and overseeing all corporate communications.

Paths and Cycleways program

Developing, managing and maintaining our footpaths and cycleways.

Property Portfolio program

Developing, managing and maintaining our portfolio of corporate, commercial and civic properties.

Regulatory program

Delivering all our regulatory assessments and activities, including building regulations, environmental regulations, road, parking and footpath enforcement and animal management.

Risk Management program

Managing all legal services, procurement and internal auditing, assessing and managing business continuity, risk and disaster management.

Roads program

Managing and maintaining our roads, bridges and retaining walls.

Strategic City program

Providing strategic direction and planning; and manages the reporting on our corporate performance.

Traffic & Transport program

Managing our transport, traffic and carparking; developing sustainable transport options.

Waste and Recycling program

Managing our domestic and commercial waste services, educating on and facilitating recycling and disposal services.



NOTE 3 INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

NOTE 3 INCOME FROM	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
(a) Rates and Annual Charges	(4 2 2 3 /	(4 555)
Ordinary Rates		
Residential	26,350	25,384
Business	13,268	12,985
Environmental Management Levy	6,166	5,926
Total Ordinary Rates	45,784	44,295
Special Rates		
Macquarie Park	1,277_	1,235
Total Special Rates	1,277_	1,235
Annual Charges (pursuant to s.496, s.4	96A, s.496B, s.501 & s.611)	
Domestic Waste Management Services	14,949	14,287
Non-Rateable Waste Management Charge		-
Stormwater Management Service Charge	990	986
Section 611 Charges	123	276
Total Annual Charges	16,197_	15,549
Total Rates and Annual Charges	63,258	61,079
Council has used 2010 valuations provided	d by the NSW Valuer General in calculation	ng its rates.
(b) User Charges and Fees		
User Charges (pursuant to s.502)		
Aquatic Centre	5,028	4,798
Sports Facility Rental	579	540
Hall Hire Road Restorations	457 1,040	463 2,285
Gutter Crossings	257	2,285
Commercial Waste Service	991	811
Other	46	37
Total User Charges	8,398	9,219
Fees		
Regulatory/Statutory Fees	2,122	1,865
s603 Certificates	163	145
Discretionary		
- Parking fees	1,142	867
- Environmental Planning	1,808	878
- Private Works	119	109
 Vacation Care Home Maintenance & Modification 	-	5
- Home Maintenance & Modification	83 153	59 147
Total Fees	5,590	4,075
Total User Charges and Fees	13,988	13,294
-		,
(c) Interest and Investment Revenue (L	.osses) 191	203
Overdue Rates & Charges Cash, cash equivalents and investments:	191	203
- Externally restricted	1,033	789
- Internally restricted	-	-
- Unrestricted	3,074	3,302
Impairment Losses	-,	-,
- Investments	-	-
Premiums recognised on financial instrum	ent transactions	
Amortisation of discounts and premiums:		
- Investments held to matur	rity 33	34
Total Interest and Investment Revenu	e 4,331	4,328
	-,	-,

NOTE 3 Income from Continuing Operations (continued)

	2014 (\$'000)		2013 (\$'000)		
(d) Other Revenues					
Fair value adjustments - investment properties Rental income:	180		345		
- Investment Property	239		227		
- Other Property	1,946		1,277		
Parking Fines	4,857		3,823		
Other Fines	42		53		
Ex Gratia rates	-		-		
Materials Recycling	293		207		
Lease - Telecommunications	84		177		
Legal Fees Recoveries					
- Rates	-		-		
- Other	48		13		
Insurance Claims	2		5		
Staff Vehicle Leases and Other Payments	544		545		
Eastwood Plaza	54		49		
Sundry Sales	32		67		
Other	611	_	739		
Total Other Revenue	8,932	-	7,527		
	OPERAT 2014	ING 2013		CAPITA 2014	AL 2013
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)		(\$'000)	(\$'000)
(e) Grants					
General Purpose (Untied)	4.040	0.000			
Financial Assistance	1,618	2,939		-	-
Pensioner Rebate Subsidy - Rates	524 2,142	513	_	-	-
Total General Purpose (Untied)		3,452	_		-
Specific Purpose					
Pensioner Rebate Subsidy - Domestic Waste	216	216		-	-
Vacation Care	-	51		-	-
Macquarie Park Construction	-	-		-	-
Library	274	266		-	-
Home Maintenance & Modification	362	459		-	-
Meadowbank/Gladesville Traffic Study DEEWR - Apprentice Rebate Scheme	86 34	- 23		-	-
Community Staff Funding	246	225		-	_
Street & Traffic Lighting	364	364		-	_
Roads To Recovery	-	-		424	424
RTA Transport	_	_		1,193	481
Parks Grants	39	_		7	546
Waste Education	29	_		-	-
Graffiti Management	-	100		_	_
Town Centres	_	-		_	2,430
Catchment Management	-	-		-	179
Environmental Projects	68	-		-	_
OH&S Incentive Rebate	76	-		-	-
Other	156	131		282	35
Total Specific Purpose	1,950	1,835	_	1,906	4,095
Total Grants	4,092	5,287	_	1,906	4,095
Comprising:					
- Commonwealth funding	2,747	3,934		0	0
- State funding	1,345	1,353		1,906	4,095
- Other funding		- 5 287	_	1 906	- 4 095
	/ na2	5 287		1 906	1 nos

1,906

4,095

4,092

5,287

NOTE 3 Income from Continuing Operations (continued)

	OPERA1	ΓING	CAPIT	AL
	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
(f) Contributions				
Developer Contributions (s94)				
- Open Space	-	-	5,779	5,550
- Parking	-	-	-	· -
- Drainage	-	-	417	571
- Traffic Facilities	-	-	619	3,203
- Other	-	-	38	263
- Meadowbank	-	-	-	-
- Community Facilities	-	-	1,860	2,381
Voluntary Planning Agreements	-	-	3,575	1,653
Other Councils	570	557	-	-
Community Facilities	-	153	-	-
Community Events	43	5		-
Other	43	36	5	283
RMS Contributions				
- Roads & Bridges	299	292	-	-
- Other	114	96	-	-
Buildings & Property (In Kind)	-	-	-	-
Buildings & Property (In Kind) - s94	-	-	- 20	-
Customer/Resident Contributions		- 26	30	30
LSL Contributions from other Councils	98 290	20	-	-
DWM Better Waste and Recycling Fund	290	674	-	-
Waste Performance Improvement Program	1,457	1,839	12,323	13,934
	1,451	1,039	12,323	13,334
Total Grants & Contributions	5,549	7,126	14,229	18,029
		2014 (\$'000)		2013 (\$'000)
(g) Restrictions relating to Grants and Contributions				
Certain grants and contributions are obtained by Council on the condition that they be spent in a specified manner:				
Grants and contributions recognised in the current reporting period which have not been spent		13,852		15,570
Less: Grants and contributions recognised in previous reporting periods which have been spent in the		E 000		2.074
current reporting period		5,636		3,074
Net increase/(decrease) in Restricted Grants and Contributions	-	8,216	-	12,496



NOTE 4 EXEPNSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

NOTE + EXEL NOTE OF THE OWN	OI LIVATIONS	
	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
(a) Employee Benefits & On Costs	,	,
Salaries and Wages	28,379	27,875
Employee Leave Entitlements	8,541	7,528
Superannuation	3,768	3,647
Workers' Compensation Insurance	1,670	1,164
Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT)	209	115
Training Costs (excluding salaries)	211	409
Other	370	410
Less: Capitalised Costs	(3,359)	(3,143)
Total Employee Costs Expensed	39,789	38,005
Number of FTE Employees	440	442
(b) Borrowing Costs		
Interest on overdrafts	-	-
Interest on loans	146	130
Charges on finance leases	-	-
Discounts recognised on financial instrument transactions		
Amortisation of discounts and premiums		
- Investments held to maturity	-	-
- Remediation		
Less: Capitalised Costs	<u></u>	
Total Borrowing Costs Expensed	146	130

NOTE 4 Expenses from Continuing Operations (continued)

(c) Materials and Contracts	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Raw materials and consumables	607	991
Contractor and Consultancy Costs	25,049	23,722
Audit Fees:	-,-	-,
- Audit Services	63	55
- Other ⁽¹⁾	20	1
Legal Fees:		
- Planning & Development	164	145
- Other	509	485
Operating leases		
- Computers Infringement Notice Contract (SEINS)	- 511	- 478
Other	-	476
Less: Capitalised Costs	(1,333)	(963)
Total Materials & Contracts	25,590	24,914
(1) During the year the following fees were paid or payable for service provided by the Council's auditor – Pricewaterhouse Coopers (PwC for 2013 and prior it was Hill Rogers Spencer Steer:		
(i) Audit and other assurance services	00	
Audit and review of financial statements	63	55
Other assurance services: – Audit of regulatory returns	_	_
Due diligence services	- -	- -
Due unigeniee eer neee		
Total remuneration for audit and other assurance services	63	55
(ii) Taxation services		
Tax compliance services	_	_
Tan compliance con most		
Total remuneration for taxation services	-	-
(iii) Other Services		
Advice on Financial Projections for projects	20	-
Attendance of Council meetings		1
Total remuneration for other services	20	1
Total remuneration of PricewaterhouseCoopers	83	56

NOTE 4 Expenses from Continuing Operations (continued)

		Depreciation/An	Depreciation/Amortisation		
		2014	2013	Impairr 2014	2013
(d) Depreciation, Amortis	ation and Impairment	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000
Plant and Equipment		2,601	2,187		
Office Equipment		1,005	1,335		
Furniture & Fittings		227	191		
Property Plant and Equipm	ent Leased	-	-		
Land Improvements (Depre	ciable)	968	928		
Buildings - Specialised		650	1,188		
- Non-specialised		925	1,238		
Other Structures		2,242	2,380		
Infrastructure:		0.000	- 40-		
- Roads, Bridges and Foo	otpaths	6,060	5,435		
- Stormwater Drainage *		1,507	3,801		
Other Assets:					
 Heritage Collections 		-	-		
- Library Books		504	508		
Total Depreciation Costs		16,689	19,191	-	-
Less: Capitalised Costs/Im	pairment reversals	(130)	(116)		
Total Depreciation and T	otal Impairment	16,559	19,075	-	-
* Refer to Note 9, Review ed Unit	Rates for 2013/14.				
(e) Other Expenses		2014	2013		
(-,		(\$'000)	(\$'000)		
Other expenses for the year	ır	, ,	. ,		
include the following:-					
Fair Value decrements - Inv	estment Properties	-	-		
Bad & Doubtful Debts	·	100	74		
Mayoral Fee		59	58		
Councillors' Fees		267	260		
Councillors' (incl. Mayor) E	xpenses	101	107		
Election Costs (excl. Emple		-	450		
Interest on Refundable Dep		65	72		
Insurance	Conto	974	1,085		
Insurance - Statewide Mutu	al Provision	-	-		
Street Lighting	iai i iovisioii	2,186	- 2,156		
0 0		•	· ·		
Communications Costs		203	230		
Contribution to Fire Control	nning	1,516	1,485		
Contribution to Dept of Plan		245	239		
Contributions & Donations	- Community Grants	725	783		
Waste Development Tax		3,028	2,669		
Membership Fees		149	117		
Valuation Fees		187	166		
Electricity & Heating		1,498	1,640		
Water Rates		440	349		
Bank Fees & Charges		222	212		
Property Lease Costs		4	5		
Postage & Courier Costs		266	222		
Advertising		342	216		
Operating Leases		-	-		
Parking Infringement Collect	etion	-	-		
Remediation		-	-		
Green Waste Collection Ch	narges	-	-		
Other Expenses		126	187		
Loca: Capitalicad Costa		(0)	(4)		

Less: Capitalised Costs

Total Other Expenses From Continuing Operations

12,697

12,778

NOTE 5 GAIN OR LOSS FROM THE DISPOSAL OF ASSETS

	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF STRATUM LAND		
Proceeds from disposal	-	100
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold Gain (or loss) on disposal		100
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL		
OF OPERATIONAL LAND	_	
Proceeds from disposal	5	-
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold Gain (or loss) on disposal		
Cam (or 1033) on disposar		
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL		
OF COMMUNITY LAND Proceeds from disposal	172	
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold	-	-
Gain (or loss) on disposal	172	
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF PROPERTY Proceeds from disposal Less: Carrying amount of assets sold Gain (or loss) on disposal	- - -	- - -
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF PLANT & EQUIPMENT		
Proceeds from disposal	1,289	1,071
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold	(1,121)	(1,275)
Gain (or loss) on disposal	168_	(204)
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF REAL ESTATE ASSETS HELD FOR SALE		
Proceeds from sales (1)	894	-
Less: Cost of sales	(910)	
Gain (or loss) on disposal	(16)	
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF OFFICE EQUIPMENT Proceeds from disposal	_	3
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold	(24)	(23)
Gain (or loss) on disposal	(24)	(20)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,

⁽¹⁾ This includes the net proceeds from the sale of the asset (\$910k) less the commission on sale (\$16k). This asset was revalued as at 30 June 2013.



NOTE 5 Gain or Loss from the disposal of assets (continued)

	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF LIBRARY BOOKS		
Proceeds from disposal	-	-
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold		
Gain (or loss) on disposal	-	
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF RBF - ROAD PAVEMENTS		
Proceeds from disposal		
Less: Carrying value of Works in Progress	(10)	-
Gain (or loss) on disposal	(10)	
Cam (or 1000) on anopolar		
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF		
RBF - FOOTPATHS & CYCLEWAYS		
Proceeds from disposal	-	-
Less: Carrying value of Works in Progress	(72)	
Gain (or loss) on disposal	(72)	
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF		
WORKS IN PROGRESS		
Proceeds from disposal	-	- (0)
Less: Carrying value of Works in Progress	(203)	(5,496) (2)
Gain (or loss) on disposal	(203)	(5,496)
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF		
FINANCIAL ASSETS ⁽³⁾		
Proceeds from disposal	3,035	3,372
Less: Carrying value of Financial assets	(2,991)	(1,999)
Gain (or loss) on disposal	44	1,373
NET GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL		
OF ASSETS	64	(4,247)

⁽²⁾ This represents the write off of the costs incurred for the Redevelopment of the Civic Centre Precinct, as resolved by Council in September 2012.

(3) This does not include investments that are rolled over, in full, with the same ADI.

Gain (or loss) on disposal		44
Less: Carrying value of Financial assets	6	(31,990)
Proceeds from disposal	CF	32,034
Gross amount including rolled over investr	ments:	

18,373 (17,000) 1,373

NOTE 6(a) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Notes	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Cash at bank and on hand		947	458
Deposits at call (1)		14,846	15,347
		15,793	15,805

⁽¹⁾ Includes term deposits with a term of less than 3 months

NOTE 6(b) INVESTMENTS

The following financial assets are held as investments:

ionoming manoral accordance not accord	2014		2013		
	<u>Current</u> (\$'000)	Non-Current (\$'000)	<u>Current</u> (\$'000)	Non-Current (\$'000)	
Financial Assets at Fair Value					
through Profit and Loss	-	-	-	-	
Held to Maturity Investments	51,500	38,665	46,450	29,622	
Available for Sale Financial Assets		-	-		
Total	51,500	38,665	46,450	29,622	
Financial Assets at Fair Value					
Through Profit and Loss					
At beginning of year	-	-	-	-	
Revaluation to income statement	-	-	-	-	
Additions	-	-	-	-	
Disposals (Sale/Redemption)	-	-	-	-	
Reclassification					
At end of year	-	-	_	-	
Held for Trading:					
- Managed funds	-	-	-		
- CDOs					
- FRNs					
- Listed equity securities					
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	
Held to Maturity Investments					
At beginning of year	46,450	29,622	38,000	27,109	
Amortisation of discounts & premiums	-	33	-	34	
Additions	28,050	18,000	18,950	8,979	
Disposals	(29,000)	(2,990)	(15,000)	(2,000)	
Impairment	-	-	-	-	
Transfer to Current	6,000	(6,000)	4,500	(4,500)	
At end of year	51,500	38,665	46,450	29,622	
Comprising of:					
- CDOs	-	-	-	-	
- FRNs	-	17,921	3,000	16,881	
- Fixed Bonds	-	1,994	-	1,991	
- Term Deposits ⁽²⁾	51,500	18,750	43,450	10,750	
TOTAL	51,500	38,665	46,450	29,622	

 $^{^{\}left(2\right)}$ Does not include term deposits with a term of less than 3 months



NOTE 6(c) RESTRICTED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

	20	14	2	013
	Current	Non-Current	Current	Non-Current
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Total cash, cash equivalents				
and investments	67,293	38,665	62,255	29,622
External restrictions	11,187	32,926	9,481	27,169
Internal restrictions	50,061	5,739	48,149	2,453
Unrestricted	6,045	-	4,625	-
Total	67,293	38,665	62,255	29,622
	Opening	Transfers –	Transfers –	Closing
	Balance	To	From	Balance
	30 June 2013		Restriction	30 June 2014
External Postrictions	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
External Restrictions Included in liabilities				
Specific purpose unexpended loans (A)				
RTA Advances (B)				
Self-Insurance Claims (C)				
Other				
	-	-	-	-
Other			(0.440)	
Developer Contributions (A)	24,345	13,321	(2,118)	
Specific Purpose Unexpended Grants (B)	4,096	501	(3,518)	
Domestic Waste Management (C)	4,789	15,213	(15,090)	
Stormwater Management	1,402	993	(1,180)	
Macquarie Park Special Rate	1,819	1,279	(1,968)	
External Works Drainage Contributions	199	30		229
Total External Restrictions	36,650	31,337	(23,874)	44,113
Total Restricted Grants and Contributions	28,640	13,852	(5,636)	36,856



for Note 3 (g) comparisons

NOTE 6(c) Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments (continued)

	Opening Balance 30 June 2013 \$'000	Transfers To Restriction \$'000	Transfers From Restriction \$'000	Closing Balance 30 June 2014 \$'000
Internal Restrictions				
Plant Replacement Reserve	2,011	2,232	(1,781)	2,462
Employee Leave Entitlements	3,110	1,223	(1,335)	2,998
Incomplete/Carry Over Works and Projects	2,767	2,721	(2,767)	2,721
Refundable Deposits	8,424	550	-	8,974
Asset Replacement Reserve	9,064	10,456	(4,158)	15,362
Ryde Aquatic Leisure Centre	1,752	3,668	(4,835)	585
Investment Property Reserve	15,639	894	(130)	16,403
Civic Centre Precinct Redevelopment Reserve	1,258	-	(436)	822
Financial Security Reserve	3,438	-	-	3,438
Insurance Fluctuation Reserve	414	149	-	563
Risk Rebate Reserve	-	80	(40)	40
Other	2,725	425	(1,718)	1,432
Total Internal Restrictions	50,602	22,398	(17,200)	55,800
Total Restrictions	87,252	53,735	(41,074)	99,913

A. Development contributions which are not yet expended for the provision of services and amenities in accordance with contributions plans and voluntary planning agreements (VPAs)(See separate Note 17).

B. Grants which are not yet expended for the purposes for which the grants were obtained.

C. Domestic Waste Management funds are externally restricted assets which must be applied for the purposes for which they were raised.

NOTE 7 RECEIVABLES

	2	2014	20	13
<u>Purpose</u>	Current (\$'000)	Non-Current (\$'000)	Current (\$'000)	Non-Current (\$'000)
Rates and Annual Charges Rates Interest & Extra Charges User Charges & Fees	1,246 197	831 131	1,310 195	874 130
Environmental & Health Restorations	410 354	-	353 569	-
Recreational Facilities	254	-	151	-
Property & Infrastructure Works Home Modification Service	22 15	-	58 10	-
Ryde Aquatic Leisure Centre	103	-	105	-
Interest on Investments Contributions to Works	1,295 135	-	893 140	-
Government Grants & Subsidies Commercial Waste	2,382 354	- -	854 340	-
GST Asset Sales	403	-	318	-
Workers Compensation	17	-	16	-
Staff Payments Voluntary Planning Agreement	-	-	-	-
Fines Other	329 454	<u> </u>	- 570	-
Total	7,970	962	5,882	1,004
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts - Rates and Annual Charges - Interest and extra charges	-	-	-	-
 User Charges and Fees Government Grants & Subsidies 	257 -	-	185 -	-
	7,713	962	5,697	1,004
EXTERNALLY RESTRICTED RECEIVAB	LES (Included	Above)		
Domestic Waste Management ⁽¹⁾	-	<u> </u>	-	
TOTAL RESTRICTED RECEIVABLES	-	-	-	-
UNRESTRICTED RECEIVABLES	7,713	962	5,697	1,004
TOTAL RECEIVABLES	7,713	962	5,697	1,004

⁽¹⁾ Receivables for Domestic Waste are included in the transfers to/from the cash reserve, and if shown here would result in a duplication of the restriction.



NOTE 7 Receivables (continued)

Rates and Annual Charges

Rates are secured by underlying properties.

Interest is charged on overdue rates at 9% (2013 10%). Rates are due for payment on 31 August, 30 November, 28 February and 31 May in each financial year. Overdue rates are those not paid within 1 day of the due date. The amount of the overdue debts upon which interest is charged is \$2,077,000 (2013 \$2,184,000)

User Charges and Fees

User charges and fees are unsecured. The credit risk for this class of debtor is 100% of the carrying value. A provision for doubtful debts in respect of the class of debtor has already been provided in an amount of \$257,000.

Government Grants

Government grants and subsidies (subject to terms and conditions of the relevant agreement) have been guaranteed.



NOTE 8 INVENTORIES & OTHER ASSETS

	2	2014		13
	<u>Current</u> (\$'000)	Non-Current (\$'000)	<u>Current</u> (\$'000)	Non-Current (\$'000)
Inventories				
Real Estate (refer (i) below)	-	-	-	-
Stores and Materials	489	-	447	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total Inventories	489	-	447	-

Note: The following assets although disclosed as current, are not expected to be realised within the next 12 months

(b) Inventories not expected to be				
realised within the next 12 months ⁽¹⁾	267	-	97	
(c) Other Assets				
Prepayments	315	-	388	-
Total Other Assets	315	-	388	-

EXTERNALLY RESTRICTED INVENTORIES AND OTHER ASSETS

NIL



⁽¹⁾ This represents a stockpile of material that is held at Porters Creek, made from recycled building materials and it will take more than 12 months for this to be used.

NOTE 9(a) & (b) INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

3,000		A+ 30 Juno 2043	00 2043	ľ			MOVEM	MOVEMENTS DIDING THE VEAD	TUC VCAD				V+ 30	A+30 Juno 2044	
\$ 000\$		At 30 30	CLOZAL	Ī			MOVEM	EN I S DORING	INC ICAN				AL 30	3011e 2014	
ASSET TYPE	Cost	Fair Value	Accumulated Written Depreciation Down Value & Impairment (WDV)	Written Down Value (WDV)	Asset Purchases	Transfers From VIP	WDV of Disposals	Transfers and Adjustments	Depreciation & Impairment	Gross Book Value	ss Book Accumulated	Cost	Fair Value	Accumulated Depreciation & Impairment	Written Down Value (WDV)
Plant and Equipment		24,331	12,708	11,623	3,669	38	1,121	,	2,601	,	٠	,	25,275	13,667	11,608
Office Equipment		12,240	269'6	2,543	269	190	24	•	1,005	•	•	•	296'6	7,566	2,401
Furniture and Fittings		4,429	3,022	1,407	28	•	1	•	227	•	1	•	4,457	3,249	1,208
Leased Plant & Equipment		209	209	•	1	•	1	•	1	•	•	•	209	209	
Land															
- Operational Land		202,773	1	202,773	•	•	•	•	•	(38,534)	•		164,239	•	164,239
- Community Land		1,017,725	•	1,017,725	•	•	•	•	•	375,593	•		1,393,318	•	1,393,318
- Land Improvements (non-depr'n)		7,749	•	7,749	208	36	•	•	•	•	•		8,293	•	8,293
- Land Improvements (depr'n)		12,841	10,912	1,929	69	20	•	•	896	•	•		12,920	11,880	1,040
- Land Under Roads		11,552		11,552	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	11,552	•	11,552
Buildings															
- Non -specialised		105,849	61,306	44,543	598	211	•	•	925	(1,175)	(539)		105,849	61,692	44,157
Other Structures															
- Carparks		23,323	4,259	19,064	77	•			832	(77)	(1,814)	٠	23,323	3,277	20,046
- Foreshore Assets		4,990	2,078	2,912	64	•	•	•	99	(64)	(46)	٠	4,990	2,088	2,902
- Road Ancillary		9,254	2,116	7,138	692	405	•		306	(648)	(16)	٠	9,703	2,405	7,298
- Other		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•
Infrastructure															
- Roads, Bridges and Footpaths															
- Road Pavement		280,885	29,960	220,925	3,746	481	10	•	4,709	(4,043)	(15,730)	•	281,043	48,923	232,120
- Road Ancillaries		860'9	3,032	3,066	234	77	•	•	107	(281)	•	٠	6,128	3,139	2,989
- Bridges		4,129	1,872	2,257	က	•			99	(3)	(320)	٠	4,129	1,608	2,521
- Footpaths and Cycleways		54,423	15,243	39,180	5,273	1,185	72	•	533	(3,319)	(1,526)	•	57,482	14,242	43,240
- Kerb & Guttering		96,150	39,900	56,250	433	4	•	•	959	(432)	(70)	•	96,155	40,484	55,671
- Stormwater Drainage		244,833	62,485	182,348	1,697	326	٠	•	1,507	(1,883)	(998)	•	244,973	63,125	181,848
- Swimming Pools		27,908	8,372	19,536		•	•		650	٠	•		27,908	9,023	18,885
- Other Open Space/Recreational assets		58,617	9,574	49,043	826	103	•	1,832	1,048	904	(855)	•	62,282	9,766	52,516
Other Assets															
- Heritage Collections		152	•	152	27	90	•	•	•	•	•		229	•	229
- Library Books		3,241	1,871	1,370	479	•	•	•	504	•	•		3,248	1,903	1,345
Capital Works in Progress	6,146		•	6,146	6,255	(3,492)	203	•	•	٠	•	8,706	•	•	8,706
TOTALS	6,146	2,213,701	308,616	1,911,231	25,365		1,430	1,832	16,689	326,038	(21,782)	8,706	2,557,672	298,246	2,268,132

RESTRICTED INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT NOTE 9(b)

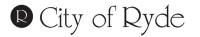
NOTE 9(a) INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

NOTE 10(a) PAYABLES, BORROWINGS & PROVISIONS

	20	014	2013	3
		Non-Current (\$'000)		Non-Current (\$'000)
Payables	(, ,	(, , , ,	(, , , ,	(, , , , ,
Coods and Comisso	7 405		F 200	
Goods and Services	7,495	-	5,390	-
Payments Received in Advance	281	-	664	-
Payments received in advance - Rates	284	-	191	-
Advances	1,048	-	510	-
Advances	- 	-	-	-
Interest Expenses	53	-	1	-
Deposits and Retentions	8,975	-	8,047	-
Staff Taxation Payments	-	-	-	-
Staff Salaries & Wages	316	-	-	-
Trust Account Deposits	-			
Domestic Waste	695	-	-	-
Other Contributions	-	-	-	-
Other	58	- -	40	
Total Payables _	19,205		14,843	
Current Payables not expected to be				
settled within the next 12 months	6,956		6,236	
-				
Borrowings				
Bank Overdraft	-	-	-	-
Loans - secured ⁽¹⁾	793	4,822	527	2,895
Loans - unsecured		•		•
Government Advances				
Ratepayers advances				
Finance lease liability	-	=	=	-
Deferred payment liabilities				
Total Interest Bearing Liabilities	793	4,822	527	2,895
-				
Provisions ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾				
Provisions' '''				
Annual & Other Accrued Leave	3,350	-	3,199	_
Sick Leave	201	-	203	_
Long Service Leave	6,763	136	6,451	180
Employee Leave Entitlements On Costs	_	-	-	_
Site Remediation (see Note 26)	-	-	-	_
Self Insurance Liabilities	-	-	-	_
Other Employee Provisions	-	=	-	-
	10.011			100
Total Provisions	10,314	136	9,853	180
Current provisions not expected to be				
settled within the next 12 months	5,431		5,381	_
-	-,		-,	
Liabilities relating to restricted assets				
Domestic Waste Management	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities relating to restricted assets	-	-	-	-
Liabilities relating to unrestricted assets	30,312	4,958	25,223	3,075
Total	30,312	4,958	25,223	3,075
=		,	-, -	

⁽¹⁾ Loans are secured by the rating income of Council.

 $^{^{(3)}}$ Increase in provision due to movement in the Commonwealth Government Securities for 2012



⁽²⁾ Vested ELE is all carried as a current provision.

NOTE 10(b) DESCRIPTION AND MOVEMENTS IN PROVISIONS

Class of Provision	Opening Balance (\$'000)	Increase in Provision (\$'000)	Payments (\$'000)	Re- Measurement (\$'000)	Closing Balance (\$'000)
Annual & Other Accrued Leave	3,199	2,798	2,647	-	3,350
Sick Leave	203	1,250	1,252	-	201
Long Service Leave	6,631	1,356	1,088	-	6,899
Total	10,033	5,404	4,987	-	10,450

NOTE 11 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING RESULT TO NET CASH MOVEMENT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

(a) Reco	onciliation of Cash Assets			
		Notes	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
	sh and Cash Equivalents ank Overdraft	6(a) 10	15,793 -	15,805 -
	s as per Statement of Cash Flow		15,793	15,805
	onciliation of net Operating Result to Cash rided from Operating Activities			
1104	ided from Operating Activities		2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Net Ope	rating Result from Income Statement		15,570	12,234
Add:	Depreciation and Impairment	4	16,559	19,075
	Impairment of investments	3	-	-
	Increase in provision for doubtful debts	7	72	-
	Increase in provision for leave entitlements	10	417	682
	Increase in Other Provisions	10	-	-
	Decrease in receivables	7	-	734
	Decrease in inventories	8	-	-
	Decrease in other current assets	8	73	-
	Increase in payables	10	3,282	_
	Increase in accrued interest payable	10	52	_
	Increase in other current liabilities	10	1,734	50
	Decrements from revaluations	4	, -	-
	Loss on sale of assets	5	-	4,247
	Fair value adjustments to investment property	4	-	-
	Amortisation of discounts & premiums recognised	3,4	-	_
	Other	3,4	-	_
Less:		ŕ		
	Decrease in provision for doubtful debts	7	-	(33)
	Decrease in employee leave entitlements	10	-	-
	Decrease in Other Provisions	10	-	_
	Increase in receivables	7	(2,046)	-
	Increase in inventories	8	(42)	(117)
	Increase in other current assets	8	-	(157)
	Decrease in payables	10	-	(3,880)
	Decrease in accrued interest payable	10	-	-
	Decrease in other current liabilities	10	-	-
	Reversal of previous revaluation decrements			
	Non cash contributions and dedications			
	Gain on sale of Assets	5	(64)	_
	Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair		, ,	
	value through profit and loss	6	_	_
	Fair value adjustments to investment properties	3	(180)	(345)
	Amortisation of discounts & premiums recognised	3	(33)	(343)
	Non Cash Capital Grants & Contributions	3	(33)	(34)
Not soc	•	S	35,394	32,456
Net Cas	h provided by (used in) operating activities		JU,J V4	32,430

NOTE 11 Reconciliation of Operating Result to Net Cash Movement from Operating Activities (continued)

(c) Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Acquisition of Plant & Equipment		
by means of finance leases S.94 contributions in kind	-	-
Dedications	- -	- -
	-	
(d) Financing Arrangements		
Unrestricted access was available at balance date to the following lines of credit:		
Bank Overdrafts Facility	-	-
Corporate credit cards	45	45
	45	45

NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS FOR EXPENDITURE

	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
(a) Capital Commitments (exclusive of GST)		
Capital expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised in the financial statements as liabilities:		
Buildings	-	-
Plant & Equipment	-	-
Macquarie Business Centre signage Architectural Services - surf attraction	- 250	24 33
Parking Meter Upgrade	250	173
Traffic Signal Installation	- 88	-
Granite Paving	221	1,614
Stormwater/Drainage	3	-
Total	561	1,844
1041		1,011
These expenditures are payable:		
- Not later than one year	561	1,844
- Later than one year and not later than 5 years	-	-
- Later than 5 years	-	-
Total	561	1,844
		,
(b) Finance lease commitments		
Commitments under finance leases at the reporting date are payable as follows:		
- Not later than one year	-	-
- Later than one year and not later than 5 years	-	-
- Later than 5 years	-	-
Total	-	-
Minimum lease payments	-	-
Less: future finance charge	-	-
Lease liability	-	-
Representing lease liabilities:		
- Current	-	-
- Non-Current		
Total	-	_

Description of Leases:

NOTE 12 Commitments for Expenditure (continued)

	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
(c) Non-cancellable operating lease commitments		
Commitments under non-cancellable operating leases at 30 June 2014 but not recognised in the financial statements are payable as follows: - Not later than one year		_
- Later than one year and not later than 5 years - Later than 5 years	- -	-
Total	-	-
(d) Repairs and maintenance: investment property		
Contractual obligations for future repairs and maintenance Total	-	-

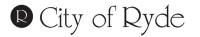
NOTE 13 STATEMENT OF PERFORMANCE MEASURES – CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

Current Year

	Amounts (\$'000)	Indicators	2013	2012	Bench -mark
1. Operating performance	(ψ σσσ)				
Operating revenue ¹ (excluding capital grants and					
contributions) – operating expenses \$	1,098	1.15%	-6.60%	0.51%	> 0.00%
Operating revenue ¹ (excluding capital grants and contributions)	95,879		0.0070	0.0.70	0.0070
2. Own source operating revenue					
Rates, fees and charges	77,247	70.16%	66.46%	62.13%	> 60.00%
Total operating revenue ¹ (inclusive of capital grants	110,108				
and contributions)					
3. Unrestricted current ratio					
Current assets less all external restrictions	64,356	2.59	3.03	2.59	> 1.5
Current liabilities less specific purpose liabilities	24,881	2.00	0.00	2.00	1.0
The second secon	,				
4. Debt service cover ratio					
Operating results ¹ before capital excluding interest and					
depreciation (EBITDA)	17,803	27.26:1	28.29:1	23.9:1	> 2
Principal repayments (from the statement of cash	653				
flows) + borrowing interest costs (from the income					
statement)					
5. Rates and Annual Charges Outstanding Percentage					
		2.050/	2.020/	4.400/	- F 000/
Rates and Annual Charges Outstanding	2,405	3.65%	3.93%	4.19%	< 5.00%
Rates and Annual Charges Collectable	65,959				
C Cook oversees cover estic					
6. Cash expense cover ratio Current year's cash, cash equivalents and Term Deposits	86,043	13.46	10.00	1.43	> 3
(Payments from cash flow of operating and financing activity		13.40	10.00	1.43	> 3 months
(1 aymonts from cash flow of operating and financing activity	0,595				monuis

¹ Excludes fair value adjustments and reversal of revaluation decrements, net gain on sale of assets and net share of interests in joint ventures

Note: There are four new performance indicators that are applicable from 2014, with comparative calculations done. Two are existing indicators. The Building and Infrastructure Renewals Ratio has been moved to Special Schedule 7.



NOTE 14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
At Fair Value			
Opening balance at July 1 2013		2,620	2,275
Net gain (loss) from fair value adjustment		180	345
Closing Balance at 30 June 2014		2,800	2,620
(a) Amounts Recognised in Profit and Loss for Investment Property	(0)	200	007
Rental income	(3)	239	227
Net gain (loss) from fair value adjustment		180	345
Direct operating expenses from property that generated rental income		(20)	(23)
Total		399	549

(b) Valuation Basis

The basis of the valuation of investment properties is at fair value being the amounts for which the properties could be exchanged between willing parties in an arm's length transaction, based on current prices in an active market for similar properties in the same location and condition subject to similar leases. The 2014 revaluations were based on independent assessments made by Scott Fullarton Valuations Pty Ltd, a member of the Australian Property Institute.

(c) Contractual obligations

Refer to Note 12 for disclosure of any contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or for repairs, maintenance or enhancements.

(d) Leasing Arrangements

The investment properties are leased to tenants under long term operating leases with rentals payable monthly. Minimum lease payments receivable on leases of investment properties are as follows.

Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases of investment properties not recognised in the financial statements are receivable as follows:

properties not recognised in the interior statements are recording to		
- Not later than one year	240	227
- Later than one year and not later than 5 years	492	638
- Later than 5 years	16	74
Total	748	939

Refer to note 27 Fair value measurement for information regarding the fair value of investment properties held.



NOTE 15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Management

Council's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Council's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Council.

Council does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by the Finance Unit under policies approved by the Council.

Council held the following financial instruments at balance date:

	Car	rying Value	F	air Value	
	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	2014 \$'000	2013 \$'000	
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	15,793	15,805	15,793	15,805	
Receivables	8,675	6,701	8,675	6,701	
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	
Available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	
Held-to-maturity investments	90,165	76,072	90,529	76,393	
	114,633	98,578	114,997	98,899	
Financial liabilities					
Payables	19,205	14,843	19,205	14,843	
Borrowings	5,615	3,422	5,811	2,889	(1)
	24,820	18,265	25,016	17,732	

Note:

Refer to Note 27 for fair value information.



⁽¹⁾ The fair value represents the Present Value of the total payments (principal and interest) for the remaining term of the loans, with the amount of interest estimated for those loans with variable rates, discounted by the Bond rates used for Employee Leave Entitlement discounting.

NOTE 15 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(a) Cash and cash equivalents
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss
Available-for-sale financial assets
Held-to-maturity investments

Council's objective is to maximise its return on cash and investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital. The Finance Unit manages the cash and investments portfolio with the assistance of independent investment advisers. Council has an investment policy which complies with the Local Government Act and Minister's Order. The policy is regularly reviewed by Council and an Investment Report provided to Council monthly setting out the make-up and performance of the portfolio.

The risk associated with investments held are:

- Price risk the risk that the capital value of investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether these changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments or their issuers or factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.
- Interest rate risk the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns
- Credit risk the risk that a contracting entity will not complete its obligations under a financial instrument resulting in a financial loss to Council.

Council manages these risks by diversifying its portfolio and only purchasing investments with high credit ratings or capital guarantees. Council also seeks advice from its independent advisers before placing any cash and investments.

The impact on result for the year and equity of a reasonably possible movement in the price of investments held is shown below. The reasonably possible movement was determined based on historical movements and economic conditions in place at the reporting date.

	30/06/2014 \$'000	30/06/2013 \$'000
Estimated Impact of a 10% ⁽²⁾ movement in price of investments:		
- Equity	36	-
 Income statement 	36	-
Estimated Impact of a 1% ⁽²⁾ movement in interest rates on cash and investments:		
- Equity	1,060	919
- Income statement	1,060	919

Note:

(2) Sensitivity percentages based on management's expectation of future possible market movements. (Price movements calculated on investments subject to fair value adjustments. Interest rate movements calculated on cash, cash equivalents, managed funds, and FRNs.) Recent market volatility has seen larger market movements for certain types of investments.



NOTE 15 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(b) Receivables

Council's major receivables comprise rates and annual charges and user charges and fees. The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that the debts may not be repaid. Council manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing stringent debt recovery policies.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of Council to recover these debts as a secured charge over the land – that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. Council is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates which further encourages payment.

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk, whether through exposure to individual customers, specific industry sectors and/or regions.

Council makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required.

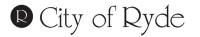
There are no material receivables that have been subject to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

The profile of the Council's receivables credit risk at balance date follows:

Percentage of Rates and Annual Charges	2014	2013
- Current	19%	17%
- Overdue Debts	81%	83%
Analysis of overdue debts	\$'000	\$'000
0 - 30 days overdue	377	367 ⁽³⁾
31 - 60 days overdue	0	0
61 - 90 days overdue	5	12
91+ days overdue	2,023	2,130
Percentage of Other Receivables	2014	2013
- Current	81%	86%
- Overdue Debts	19%	14%
Analysis of overdue debts	\$'000	\$'000
0 - 30 days overdue	5,316	3,750
31 - 60 days overdue	325	34
61 - 90 days overdue	25	135
91+ days overdue	861	458

Balance at the end of the year	257	185
Less: Amounts already provided for & written off	(28)	(154)
Plus: New provisions recognised during the year	100	121
Balance at the beginning of the year	185	218
(ii) Movement in Provision for Impairment for Receivables		
	2014	2013

⁽³⁾ The fourth rate instalment each year is due on 31 May, and is only 30 days overdue at 30 June.



NOTE 15 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(c) Payables Borrowings

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – that is the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due. Council manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended and overdraft facilities drawn upon in extenuating circumstances.

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of Council's Payables and Borrowings are set out in the maturity table below.

2014 \$'000	Due Within 1 Year	Due Between 1 and 5 Years	Due After 5 Years	Total Contractual Cash Flows	Carrying Values
Payables	19,205	-	-	19,205	19,205
Borrowings	990	4,085	1,335	6,410 ⁽⁴⁾	5,615
	20,195	4,085	1,335	25,615	24,820
2013 \$'000	Due Within 1 Year	Due Between 1 and 5 Years	Due After 5 Years	Total Contractual Cash Flows	Carrying Values
Payables	14,843	-	-	14,843	14,843
Borrowings	622	2,514	629	3,765 ⁽⁴⁾	3,422
-	15,465	2,514	629	18,608	18,265

Borrowings are also subject to interest rate risk – the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. The Finance Unit regularly reviews interest rate movements to determine if it would be advantageous to refinance or renegotiate part or all of the loan portfolio.

The following interest rates were applicable to Council's borrowings at balance date:

	30 June 2	2014	30 June	2013
	Weighted		Weighted	
	average		average	
	interest rate	Balance	interest rate	Balance
	%	\$'000	%	\$'000
Overdraft	N/A	-	N/A	-
Bank Loans – Variable (5)	3.41%	4,415	3.02%	3,422
Bank Loans - Fixed	5.24%	1,200	N/A	-
		5,615	_	3,422

Note:

Refer to note 27 for Fair Value information



⁽⁴⁾ This represents the total payments (principal and interest) for the remaining term of the loans, with the amount of interest estimated for those loans with variable rates.

⁽⁵⁾ The interest rate risk applicable to Variable Rate Bank Loans is not considered significant.

NOTE 16 MATERIAL BUDGET VARIATIONS

Council's original budget was incorporated as part of the 2013-2017 Delivery Plan adopted by the Council on 25 June 2013.

Whilst the Income Statement included in this General Purpose Financial Report must disclose the original budget adopted by Council, the Local Government Act requires Council to review its original budget on a quarterly basis, so that it is able to manage the various variations between actuals and budget that invariably occur throughout the year.

In accordance with section 407 of the Local Government Act 1993, variations to Council's budget are reported to Council on a quarterly basis as part of the Management Plan Implementation Report. These documents can be viewed on Council's website at www.ryde.nsw.gov.au

This Note sets out the details of material variations between the original budget and actual results for the Income Statement. Material favourable (F) and unfavourable (U) variances represent amounts of 10% or more of the budgeted amount.

Revenues

User Charges and Fees \$1,396K (11%) (F)

Council received additional user charges of \$13,988k which was above the original budget by \$1,396k (11%).

Development Fees were up by \$283k, due to increased development, which is also reflected in increased capital contributions. Building Fees were up by \$641k, due to increased development. Parking fees were up by \$116k. A new Planning Proposal Fee was introduced which was \$198k. Also \$865k in User Fees, including Restorations and Building Leases.

Interest and Investment Revenue \$1,081K (33%) (F)

Council received interest revenue of \$4,331k which was above the original budget by \$1,081k (33%).

Whilst Interest rates have been reasonably flat over the last 12 months, this has increased due to higher than expected Section 94 contributions. This additional income, whilst improves Council's operating result, has to be restricted and can only be used for construction of new works under the Section 94 plan.

Other Revenues \$2,377K (36%) (F)

Council received other revenues of \$8,932k which was above the original budget by \$2,377k (36%).

Regulated Parking was \$2,133 above original budget. The State Debt Recovery Office (SDRO) have changed their methods for collection in the last twelve months, which has resulted in a collection of approximately 90% of the face value of fines, whereas previously it was approximately 70%.



NOTE 16 Material Budget Variations (continued)

Grants & Contributions provided for operating purposes -\$1,671K (-23%) (U)

Council received other revenues of \$5,549k which was below the original budget by -\$1,671k (-23%). below

The unfavourable result relates to the Federal Financial Assistance Grant that was paid in advance in 2012/2013, that was budgeted for payment in 2013/2014. The money was received early and recognised as Income in 2012/2013.

Grants & Contributions provided for capital purposes \$14,015K (6549%) (F)

Council received capital income of \$14,229k which was above the original budget by \$14,015k (6549%).

Council only budgets, as part of its original budget for know grants and contributions towards capital works, it does not budget for Section 94 contributions, as these vary greatly. Council had, until two years ago, only received on average \$1.5 million per annum.

Council only budgets to spend each year amounts of Section 94 that are on hand.

Expenses

Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment -\$4,685K (-22%) (F)

Council charged depreciation of \$16,559k which was below the original budget by -\$4,685k (-22%).

As at 30 June 2013 Council had revised the useful lives of its Infrastructure and Building assets and their remaining lives, effective 1 July 2013.

Council has also moved to a condition basis for calculating the depreciation, which determines the remaining useful life, based on its condition. To support this Council has also commenced a rolling inspection of its infrastructure assets, plus reviews as part of its ongoing maintenance works, so that condition data is kept as current as possible.

Whilst this is not true "condition based" depreciation, Council has adopted a new method of depreciation, by breaking each of its asset categories into five condition ratings. Within each of these condition ratings, Council has reviewed and determined both the useful life and loss of future benefit, while the asset traverses through that condition rating. Therefore while in each condition rating the asset will have a straight line depreciation, which will increase as the condition rating increases.

Condition 5 represents those assets that are due for renewal, but are still in service, so will hold a residual value until renewed.

Depreciation is not longer a representation of the inter-generational funding that is required for asset renewal, this funding model is represented by a straight line depreciation over the useful life to the intervention point, being the end of Condition 4.

Other Expenses -\$3,417K (-21%) (F)

Council paid other expenses of \$12,697k which was below the original budget by -\$3,417k (-21%).

Between materials and contractors and other expenses the favourable variance is \$2,524, which is due to savings in budgeted Waste Development Tax \$472k, Insurance Premiums \$348k, Utilities - Power \$320k, Interest Expense on Security Deposits \$277k, Cost for Carbon Tax in Waste Disposal \$309k.



NOTE 17 STATEMENT OF DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS

PURPOSE				INTEREST &									
		CONTRIBUTIONS	UTIONS	INVESTMENT							PROJECTED		CUMULATIVE
		RECEIVED	IVED	INCOME	EXPENDED	INTERNAL	INTERNAL EXPENDITURE HELD AS	HELD AS	WORKS	PROJECTED	COST OF WORKS PROJECTED	PROJECTED	INTERNAL
	OPENING	DURING YEAR (1)	YEAR (1)	EARNED	DURING	BORROWINGS	BORROWINGS RECLASSIFIED RESTRICTED PROVIDED	RESTRICTED	PROVIDED	FUTURE	STILL	OVER/(UNDER)	BORROWINGS
	BALANCE	Ĭ	CASH NON-CASH DI	DURING YEAR	YEAR	(TO/FROM) (3)		ASSET (2)(4)	TO DATE	TO DATE CONTRIBUTIONS	OUTSTANDING	FUNDING	due/(payable)
	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000
Community & Culture	4,411	1,860		216	29			6,458	622	44,992	54,969	(3,519)	
Open Space & Public Domain	7,366	5,779	•	414	96	•	•	13,464	14,684	119,018	131,604	878	•
Roads, Traffic, Carparks & Cycleways	3,305	619	•	135	551	•	•	3,508	4,061	29,086	33,064	(470)	•
Stormwater Management	6,319	417	•	244	1,023	•	•	2,957	4,903	1,700	6,178	1,479	•
Administration	716	38	•	24	282	•		496	493	179	552	123	
TOTAL UNDER PLANS	22,117	8,713	-	1,033	1,980			29,883	24,920	194,975	226,367	(1,509)	
Planning agreements	2,228	3,575	-		138			5,665					
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	24,345	12,288		1,033	2,118			35,548					

City of Ryde Council adopted the single Section 94 Development Contributions Plan 2007 - 11 December 2007. This development contribution Plan repealed previous plans.

(1) Reconcilable with Note 3
(2) Reconcilable with Note 6 (Restricted assets excludes 'amounts expended in advance')
(3) Cumulative balance of borrowing within and between plans
(4) The total balance under plans are restricted and reflected in Note 6(c) as External Restrictions, whereas the total blance of planning agreements (Voluntary Planning Agreements) is restricted in Note 6(c) as Internal.

Note: Council has resolved to move to a new Section 94A Developer Contribution Plan, and is awaiting approval of that plan. Once approved the current Section 94 Plan will cease.

NOTE 18 CONTINGENCIES

The following assets and liabilities do not qualify for recognition in the Balance Sheet but knowledge of those items is considered relevant to the users of the financial report in making and evaluating decisions about the allocation of scarce resources:

LIABILITIES NOT RECOGNISED

1 Guarantees

(i) Defined Benefits Superannuation Contribution Plans

The Local Government Superannuation Scheme – Pool B (the Scheme) is a defined benefit plan that has been deemed to be a "multi-employer fund" for purposes of AASB119. Sufficient information under AASB119 is not available to account for the Scheme as a defined benefit plan, because the assets to the Scheme are pooled together for all employers.

The amount of employer contributions to the defined benefit section of the Local Government Superannuation Scheme and recognised as an expense for the year ending 30 June 2013 was \$1,259,615. The last valuation of the Scheme was performed by Mr Martin Stevenson BSc, FIA, FIAA on 20 February 2013 and covers the period ended 30 June 2013. However the position is monitored annually and the Actuary has estimated that as at 30th June 2013 a deficit still exists. Effective from 1 July 2013, employers are required to contribute additional contributions to assist in extinguishing this deficit. The annual amount of additional contributions payable until the deficit is extinguished is \$342,059.

The share of this deficit that can be broadly attributed to City of Ryde was estimated to be in the order of \$1,368,236 as at 30 June 2014.

(ii) Statewide Limited

Council is a member of Statewide Mutual, a mutual pool scheme providing liability insurance to Local Government. Membership includes the potential to share in either the net assets or liabilities of the fund depending on its past performance. Council's share of the Net Assets or Liabilities reflects Council's contributions to the pool and the result of insurance claims within each of the fund years. The future realisation and finalisation of claims incurred but not reported to 30 June 2014 may result in future liabilities or benefits as a result of past events that Council will be required to fund or share in respectively.

(iii) StateCover Limited

Council is a member of StateCover Mutual Limited and holds a partly paid share in the entity. StateCover is a company providing workers compensation insurance cover to the NSW Local Government Industry and specifically Council. Council has a contingent liability to contribute further equity in the event of the erosion of the Company's capital base as a result of the Company's past performance and/or claims experience or as a result of any increase prudential requirements of APRA. These future equity contributions would be required to maintain the Company's level of Net Assets in accordance with its Licence Requirements.

2 Remediation Works

(i) Old landfill sites

The Council has a number of old landfill sites that were used for the purpose of disposal of domestic and other waste, which have since been converted to playing fields. No liability arises from any potential toxicity or subterranean leakage, but there will be ongoing remediation works that may be required from time to time to reinstate the playing surfaces, due to subsidence following further settling of the waste within the landfill.

Council has not, as yet, been able to reliably determine the quantum of liability for this future works, but has estimated that it could cost approximately \$200,000 per annum.



NOTE 18 Contingencies (continued)

ASSETS NOT RECOGNISED

(i) Infringement Notices/Fines

Fines & penalty income, the result of Council issuing Infringement Notices is followed up and collected by the Infringement Processing Bureau. Council's Revenue Recognition policy for such income is to account for it as revenue on receipt. Accordingly, at Year End, there is a potential asset due to Council representing issued but unpaid Infringement Notices. Due to the limited information available on the status, value and duration of outstanding Notices, Council is unable to determine the value of outstanding income.

(ii) Pedestrian Bridge and Tunnel, Top Ryde

Council, as part of the approval of a Development Application for the Top Ryde City Shopping Centre entered into an agreement with the owners and developers, Bevillesta Pty Ltd, where a monetary contribution was paid for the purchase of a tract of land at the front of Council's Administration Centre, 1 Devlin St, Ryde. Also one of the conditions of the Development Application was a long-term lease of 49 years, with a 50 year option, between Council and the Developers, where Council leased the airspace in which a number of assets were to be constructed.

The assets consisted of:

Two pedestrian bridges across Devlin Street.

The tunnels into the Top Ryde City Shopping Centre, plus the tunnels towards the Civic Centre site.

These represent a contingent assets that will become Councils at the end of the lease.



NOTE 19 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES

Council has no interests in joint ventures or associates.

NOTE 20	REVALUATION RESERVES AND RETA	INED EARNINGS	
		2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
(a) Retained ea Movements in re	arnings etained earnings were as follows:		
At beginning of	year	1,725,369	1,713,135
Adjustment to o	correct prior years errors (Note 20 (d))	1,832	-
	esult for the year	15,570	12,234
At end of year		1,742,771	1,725,369
(b) Boyolyatio	n wa aa waa		
(b) Revaluation	roperty, plant and equipment revaluation reserve	608,326	260,507
Total assets	roporty, plant and equipment revaluation reserve	608,326	260,507
Movements:			
	t and equipment revaluation reserve		
At beginning of		260,507	518,376
Revaluation - gr		326,038	(350,362)
Depreciation tra At end of year	inster - gross	<u>21,782</u> 608,327	92,493
At end of year		608,327	200,507
Available-for-s	ale investments revaluation reserve		
At beginning of		-	-
Revaluation - gr	oss		
Transfer to net p	profit - gross		
At end of year			_
(a) National and			
• •	purpose of reserves re, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve		
	re, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve		
	d increments and decrements on the revaluation of		
non-current ass	ets.		



1,832

(d) Correction of errors in previous years

Write on of previously excluded assets - Other Structures Parks

NOTE 21 RESULTS BY FUND

Council has only one consolidated fund.

NOTE 22 NON-CURRENT ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Operational Land Buildings		- 910
Total		910

Refer to note 27 for fair value measurement information.

NOTE 23 EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE

There have been no events occurring after Balance Sheet Date that require reporting.

NOTE 24 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

There were no operations discontinued by Council during the year.

NOTE 25 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Council has no Intangible Assets to report.



NOTE 26 REINSTATEMENT, REHABILITATION AND RESTORATION LIABILITIES

Council has a liability for the reinstatement, rehabilitation and restoration of sporting fields, which were old landfill sites. Whilst it would be preferable to be able to access and list the actual sites and the cost for such works, it is not possible to do so.

What Council has been able to estimate, based on historical events, is that an amount of \$200,000 is required per annum to top dress those fields that were old landfill sites. This amount has been included in future projects, and is funded from the Domestic Waste Management Charge each year.

NOTE 27 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Council measures the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment
- Investment property
- Financial assets

Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a level in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

The table below shows the assigned level for each asset and liability held at fair value by the Council:

30 June 2014	Note	Level 2 Significant observable inputs (\$000's)	Level 3 Significant observable inputs (\$000's)	Total (\$000's)
Investment properties	14	-	2,800	2,800
Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment	9			
- Operational land		-	164,239	164,239
- Community land		-	1,393,318	1,393,318
- Land under roads		-	11,552	11,552
- Buildings (Specialised and non-specialised)		-	63,042	63,042
- Roads, Bridges, Footpaths		-	336,541	336,541
- Stormwater drainage		-	181,848	181,848
TOTALS		-	2,153,340	2,153,340

The Council's financial assets relates to its investments in term deposits and CDO's. The information included under 6(b) is considered sufficient to meet the Fair Value disclosures requirements hence additional information is not included under this note.

The Council does not have any liabilities which are fair valued.

Valuation processes

Council's non-current assets are continually revalued (over a 5 year period) in accordance with the fair valuation policy as mandated by the Office of Local Government. Further details of the revaluations policy is provided under note 1(k).



Level 3 measurements

Investment properties

On an annual basis, the Council engages external, independent and qualified valuers to determine the fair value of its investment properties. As at 30 June 2014, the fair values of the land have been determined by Scott Fullarton Valuations Pty Ltd, a member of the Australian Property Institute. The buildings on these properties have been valued separately.

All investment property valuations are included in level 3 of the hierarchy. The value of investment property has determined using either using the capitalisation of rental income or with reference to value of similar properties within the area. The key unobservable input to the valuation is the rent or price per square metre. Further details have been provided below

Buildings

The Council engages external, independent and qualified valuers to determine the fair value of the Council's buildings. Buildings were last revalued in the 30 June 2012 financial year and the fair values were determined by SPM Asset Pty Ltd.

Gross Value of each building, which is obtained by applying a unit rate to a structure or a square metre rate to a building, based on its current replacement cost, which is the lowest cost of replacing the economic benefits of the existing asset using modern technology. The key unobservable input being the rate square metre has been benchmarked to construction costs of similar properties across the industry.

Further details relating to the rate per square metre has been provided below

Land (Operational, Community and Land under road)

The Council engages external, independent and qualified valuers to determine the fair value of the Council's Community Land. Valuations for Operational land and Land under roads is performed by the Council's internal valuations team.

The fair value of land has been determined by referencing it to current prices in an active market for similar properties. Where such information is not available, current prices in an active market for properties of different nature or recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, adjusted to reflect those differences are considered. Appropriate adjustments are also made for the inherent features of the property such as fire-prone, flood zonings and usability of the land.

The fair value for community land and Land under roads has been determined using a unit rate per square metre, derived from the Valuer General's valuation performed for rating purposes, and applying to the total area. Given the nature of Community land and Land under roads, comparable sales data is generally not available. As the Valuer General's valuation considers land in all zoning, average unit derived from Valuer General's valuation is considered the most practicable approach to valuing Community Land and Land under roads.

Community land was last revalued at 30 June 2009. Council has resolved to not value Land under Roads and Operational land was last revalued at 30 June 2014.

The key unobservable input to the valuation is the rate per square metre, for which, further details have been provided below

Infrastructure assets

Valuations for infrastructure assets are performed internally by the Council's internal engineering team. The gross value of the infrastructure assets are determined by unit rate to total volume which is normally square metres, lineal metres or individual items.

The unit rate, which is a key unobservable input, is determined using an assessment of average historical internal costs, and rates from contracts with third party suppliers. Infrastructure assets were last revalued at 30 June 2013.



The information presented below on unobservable input has been limited to significant components of the infrastructure assets as it impracticable to provide information for all components.

Reconciliation of movements

The items classified under level 3 are investment properties and property, plant and equipment (including infrastructure assets). The reconciliation of movements in these assets is presented under note 14 and 9 respectively.

Asset / Liability Category	Carrying amount (At fair value) (\$000's)	Key Unobservable inputs	Expected range of inputs	Description of how changes in inputs will affect the fair value
Investment Properties	32,385	Rate per square metre and rental rate per square metre	\$750 - \$2,975 per square metre	The higher the rate, the higher the fair value.
Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment ²				
- Operational land	284,111	Rate per square metre	\$109 - \$2,038 per square metre	The higher the rate, the higher the fair value.
				Significant variances in the rate per square metre is reflective of the inherent features of the land such as zoning and useability,
- Community land	236,068	Rate per square metre	\$109 per square metre – average	The higher the rate, the higher the fair value.
- Land under roads	180,265	Rate per square metre	\$109 per square metre – average	Council has resolved not to value Land Under Roads, except those parcels received since 2008.
- Buildings (Specialised and non-specialised)	335,811	Rate per square metre	\$ 750 - \$ 2,975 per square metre	The higher the rate, the higher the fair value.
				Significant variances in the rate are reflective of the condition of the building, nature of the building and materials used to construct the building.

Asset / Liability Category	Carrying amount (At fair value) (\$000's)	Key Unobservable inputs	Expected range of inputs	Description of how changes in inputs will affect the fair value
- Roads, Bridges, Footpaths	1,026,639	Rate per unit of measure	Footpath- \$75 to \$565 (granite) per square metre average	The higher the rate, the higher the fair value.
			Kerb & Gutter - \$150 per lineal metre - average	
			Road & car parking Pavement - \$100 to \$200 per square metre average	
			Bridges - \$3,300 to \$35,000 per square metre average	
- Storm water drainage	434,141	Rate per lineal metre or unit	Conveyance - Pipe - \$350 to \$2,000 per Lineal Metre average	The higher the rate, the higher the fair value.
			Pits - \$5,000 to \$8,000 per item average	

Transfers between levels of the hierarchy

There were no transfers of assets and liabilities between the hierarchies.

Highest and Best Use

The current use of all assets noted above, does not reflect the highest and best use.





The City of Ryde Council

Independent auditor's report to the Council – s417(2) Report on the general purpose financial statements

Report on the financial statements

We have audited the accompany financial statements of The City of Ryde Council, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2014 and the income statement, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, accompanying notes to the financial statements and the Statement by Councillors and Management in the approved form as required by Section 413(2) of the Local Government Act 1993.

Councillors' responsibility for the financial statements

The Councillors of the Council are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Local Government Act 1993 and for such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Councillors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

When this audit report is included in an Annual Report, our procedures include reading the other information in the Annual Report to determine whether it contains any material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

Our audit responsibility does not extend to the Original Budget Figures included in the Income Statement, Statement of Cash Flows and the Original Budget disclosures in notes 2(a) and 16 and the Projections disclosed in note 17 to the financial statements, nor the attached Special Schedules, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, ABN 52 780 433 757

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Auditor's opinion:

In our opinion:

- (a) the Council's accounting records have been kept in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1993, Chapter 13 part 3 Division 2 (the Division); and
- (b) the financial statements:
 - have been presented, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of this Division
 - (ii) are consistent with the Council's accounting records
 - (iii) present fairly, in all material respects, the Council's financial position as of 30 June 2014 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards
- (c) all information relevant to the conduct of the audit has been obtained; and
- (d) there are no material deficiencies in the accounting records or financial statements that have come to light during the course of the audit.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Peter Buchholz

Partner

Sydney 30 September 2014

2 of 2





Private & Confidential

The Mayor Councillor Bill Pickering Council of the City of Ryde DX 8403 RYDE

30 September 2014

Dear Councillor Pickering

Report on the conduct of the Audit for year ended 30 June 2014 – Section 417(3)

We have completed our audit of the financial reports of the Council for the year ended 30 June 2014, in accordance with Section 415 of the Local Government Act 1993.

Our audit has been conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards to provide reasonable assurance as to whether the financial reports are free of material misstatement. Our procedures included examination, on a test basis, of evidence supporting the amounts and other disclosures in the financial reports, and the evaluation of accounting policies and significant accounting estimates. These procedures have been undertaken to form an opinion as to whether, in all material respects, the financial reports are presented fairly in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards as well as statutory requirements so as to present a view which is consistent with our understanding of the Council's financial position, the results of its operations and its cash flows.

This report should be read in conjunction with our audit opinion on the general purpose financial statements provided under Section 417(2) of the Local Government Act 1993.

Flowing from our audit, there are a number of comments we wish to raise concerning the trends in Council's finances. These are set out below.

Operating result

Council's operating surplus declined from \$99 million in the previous year to \$95 million in the current period. The net operating result before Capital Contributions was a surplus of \$1.3 million against the previous year's deficit of \$5.8 million.

Cash position

Council's overall cash position increased from \$92 million to \$106 million during the period under review. The following table highlights the composition of cash.

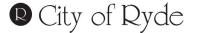
	\$m	2013 \$m
Externally restricted	44	37
Internally restricted	56	50
Unrestricted	6	5
Total	106	92

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Working capital

Council's net current assets increased from \$44 million to \$45 million during the period under review. The value of net current assets needs to be adjusted in order to establish the available working capital position.

		2014 \$m	2013 \$m
Net cu	rrent assets	45	44
Less:	External restrictions	(11)	(9)
	Internal restrictions	(50)	(48)
Add:	Current liabilities deferred	20	18
Avail	able working capital	4	5

The effective unrestricted or available working capital upon which Council could build its 2015 budget was \$4 million.

Performance indicators

The financial reports disclose of a number of indicators in Note 13 and these are detailed below:

	2014 %	2013 %
Operating Performance Ratio	1	(7)
Own Source Operating Revenue Ratio	70	66
Unrestricted Current Ratio	259	303
Debt Service Cover Ratio	2,726	2,829
Rates Outstanding Ratio	3.7	3.9
Cash Expense Cover Ratio	13	11

The Operating Performance Ratio improved to 1% and was above the industry benchmark of 0%.

The Own Source Operating Revenue Ratio improved to 70% and was above the industry benchmark of 60%.

The Unrestricted Current Ratio declined but remained above the industry benchmark of 150%.

The Debt Service Cover Ratio was stable and well above the industry benchmark of 200%

The Rates Outstanding Ratio improved and remained below the industry benchmark of 5%.

The Cash Expense Cover Ratio indicated that Council could continue to cover its operating costs for 13 months should cash inflows cease. This compares very favourably with the industry benchmark of 3 months.





Council is considered to be in a sound and stable financial position. All financial indicators are better than accepted industry benchmarks.

General

The books of accounts and records inspected by us have been kept in an accurate and conscientious manner. We thank the acting General Manager and his staff for the cooperation and courtesy extended to us during the course of our audit.

Yours faithfully

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Purhbologes

Peter Buchholz Partner Sydney 30 September 2014



Lifestyle and opportunity @ your doorstep

Special Purpose Financial Statements

Year Ended 30 June 2014

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STATEMENT BY COUNCILLORS AND MANAGEMENT made pursuant to the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting

The attached Special Purpose Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- NSW Government Policy Statement "Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government"
- Office of Local Government Guidelines "Pricing and Costing for Council Businesses: A Guide to Competitive Neutrality"
- The Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.
- The NSW Office of Water, Department of Environment, Climate Change and Water Guidelines.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, these Statements

- presents fairly the Council's operating result and financial position for each of Council's declared Business Activities for the year, and
- accords with Council's accounting and other records

We are not aware of any matter that would render the reports false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 26 August 2014.

Councillor Roy Maggio

Mayor

Mr Dominic Johnson Acting General Manager Deputy Mayor

Councillor Justin Li

Mr John Todd

Chief Financial Officer

(Responsible Accounting Officer)

INCOME STATEMENT OF OTHER BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

(\$000's)

	-	Ryde Aquatic Leisure Centre		ial Waste ement
	(Cated	gory 1)	(Categ	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Income from continuing analysis				
Income from continuing operations				
Annual Charges User Charges	4,913	4,661	1,126	- 811
Fees	4,913	4,001	1,120	011
Interest			_	_
Other income	162	120	_	_
Grants & Contributions provided for Non-Capital Purposes	102	-	_	_
Profit from the sale of assets	_	_	_	_
Total Income From Continuing Operations	5,075	4,781	1,126	811
Expenses from continuing operations				
Employee benefits and on costs	2,914	2,703	_	_
Materials and Contracts	786	742	244	391
Borrowing costs	-	-	_	-
Depreciation and impairment	650	1,167	_	_
Loss on sale of assets	_	-	_	_
Calculated Taxation Equivalents	159	147	_	_
Other expenses	44	44	203	206
Total Expenses From Continuing Operations	4,553	4,803	447	597
Surplus (Deficit) from Continuing Operations				
before capital amounts	522	(22)	679	214
Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes	-	-	-	-
Surplus (Deficit) from Continuing Operations				
after capital amounts	522	(22)	679	214
Surplus (Deficit) from Discontinued Operations	-	-	-	-
Ourselve (D. f. :ii) from All Or and into before Tour	500	(00)	070	044
Surplus (Deficit) from All Operations before Tax	522	(22)	679	214
Less Corporate Taxation Equivalent (30%)	157	-	204	64
[based on Operating result before capital]				
Surplus (Deficit) After Tax	365	(22)	475	150
Opening Retained profits *	31,534	31,409	200	200
Adjustments for Amounts Unpaid:-				
Taxation Equivalent Payments	159	147	-	=
Corporate Taxation Equivalent	157	-	204	64
Plus: Equity Contributions	-	-	-	=
Less: Equity Withdrawals	-	-	-	-
Less: TER Dividend payment (non restricted activities)	-	-	(204)	(64)
Less: Surplus Dividend payment (non restricted activities)	-	-	(475)	(150)
Closing Retained Profits	32,215	31,534	200	200
RETURN ON CAPITAL (%)	1.6%	-0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Required return on capital (%)	5.5%	5.0%	0.0%	0.0%
SUBSIDY FROM COUNCIL	1,281	1,501	-	-



FINANCIAL POSITION OF OTHER BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

(\$000's)

	Cer	Ryde Aquatic Leisure Centre		al Waste ment
	(Cate		(Catego	-
	2,014	2,013	2,014	2,013
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash Asset and cash equivalents	585	1,752	-	-
Investments	-	-	-	-
Receivables	38	72	302	288
Inventories	12	12	-	-
Other	8,381	6,136	402	51
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	9,016	7,972	704	339
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Investments	-	-	-	-
Receivables	-	-	-	-
Inventories	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	32,911	29,587	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	32,911	29,587	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	41,927	37,559	704	339
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Payables	688	257	447	82
Interest Bearing Liabilities	391	-	-	-
Provisions	697	647	_	_
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,776	904	447	82
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Payables	-	_	-	_
Interest Bearing Liabilities	2,818	-	-	_
Provisions	9	12	57	57
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	2,827	12	57	57
NET ASSETS	37,324	36,643	200	200
EQUITY				
Retained Earnings	32,215	31,534	200	200
Revaluation Reserves	5,109	5,109		
Council Equity interest				
Minority Equity interest			-	-
TOTAL EQUITY	37,324	36,643	200	200

NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A statement summarising the supplemental accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Special Purpose Financial Report (SPFS) for National Competition Policy reporting purposes follows.

These financial statements are a SPFS prepared for use by the Council and Office of Local Government. For the purposes of these statements, the Council is not a reporting entity.

The figures presented in these special purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition criteria of applicable Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the AASB and Australian Accounting Interpretation. The disclosures in these special purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act and Regulation and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

This special purpose financial report, unless otherwise stated, has been prepared in accordance with applicable Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, Urgent Issues Group Consensus Views, the Local Government Act and Regulations, the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting and the Local Government Asset Accounting Manual.

The statements are also prepared on an accruals basis. They are based on historic costs and do not take into account changing money values or, except where specifically stated, current values of non-current assets. Certain taxes and other costs, appropriately described, have been imputed for the purposes of the National Competition Policy.

National Competition Policy

Council has adopted the principle of 'competitive neutrality' to its business activities as part of the national competition policy which is being applied throughout Australia at all levels of government. The framework for its application is set out in the June 1996 Government Policy statement on the "Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government". The "Pricing & Costing for Council Businesses - A Guide to Competitive Neutrality" issued by the Office of Local Government in July 1997 has also been adopted.

The pricing & costing guidelines outline the process for identifying and allocating costs to activities and provide a standard of disclosure requirements. These disclosures are reflected in Council's pricing and/or financial reporting systems and include taxation equivalents; Council subsidies; and return on investments (rate of return); and dividends paid.

Declared Business Activities

In accordance with Pricing & Costing for Council Businesses – A Guide to Competitive Neutrality, Council has declared that the following are to be considered as business activities:

Category 1

Name	Brief Description of Activity
Ryde Aquatic Leisure Centre	Provision of aquatic and dry court sports and leisure facilities

Category 2

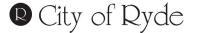
Name	Brief Description of Activity
Commercial Waste Removal	Commercial waste collection, recycling and disposal.

Monetary Amounts

Amounts shown in the financial statements are in Australian currency and rounded to the nearest one thousand dollars.

Taxation Equivalent Payments

Council is liable to pay various taxes and financial duties. Where this is the case, they are disclosed as a cost of operations (General Purpose Financial Statement) like all other costs. However, where Council does not pay some taxes which are generally paid by private sector businesses, such as income tax, these equivalent tax payments have been applied to all Council nominated business activities and are reflected in the SPFS. For the purposes of disclosing



comparative information relevant to the private sector equivalent the following taxation equivalents have been applied to all Council nominated business activities:

Тах	Notional Rate Applied %			
Corporate Tax Rate	30%			
Land Tax	1.6% of the value in excess of \$387,000 but less than \$2,366,000. 2% of the value in excess of \$2,366,000			
Payroll Tax	5.48% of total labour payments for the individual business activity in excess of \$658,000			
Stamp Duty	Statutory rates as published by the Office of State Revenue.			

Income Tax

An income tax equivalent has been applied on the profits of the business. Whilst income tax is not a specific cost for the purpose of pricing a good or service, it needs to be taken into account in terms of assessing the rate of return required on capital invested. Accordingly, the return on capital invested is set at a pre-tax level (gain/(loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts) as would be applied by a private sector competitor – that is, it should include a provision equivalent to the corporate income tax rate, currently 30%.

Income tax is only applied where a gain from ordinary activities before capital amounts has been achieved. Since the taxation equivalent is notional, that is, it is payable to the "Council" as the owner of business operations, it represents an internal payment and has no effect on the operations of the Council.

Accordingly, there is no need for disclosure of internal charges in the GPFR. The rate applied of 30% is the equivalent company tax rate prevalent as at balance date. No adjustments have been made for variations that have occurred during the year.

Local Government Rates & Charges

A calculation of the equivalent rates and charges for all Category 1 businesses has been applied to all assets owned or exclusively used by the business activity.

Loan and Debt Guarantee Fees

The debt guarantee fee is designed to ensure that Council business activities face "true" commercial borrowing costs in line with private sector competitors. In order to calculate a debt guarantee fee, Council has determined what the differential borrowing rate would have been between the commercial rate and the council's borrowing rate for its business activities.

(i) Subsidies

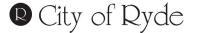
Government policy requires that subsidies provided to customers and the funding of those subsidies must be explicitly disclosed. Subsidies occur where Council provides services on a less than cost recovery basis. This option is exercised on a range of services in order for Council to meet its community service obligations. The overall effect of subsidies is contained within the Income Statement of Business Activities.

(ii) Return on Investments (Rate of Return)

The Policy statement requires that Councils with Category 1 businesses "would be expected to generate a return on capital funds employed that is comparable to rates of return for private businesses operating in a similar field". Funds are subsequently available for meeting commitments or financing future investment strategies. Where a business activity has required the investment of capital assets, the rate of return on investment is disclosed in the Income Statement of Business Activities.

(iii) Dividends

Council is not required to pay dividends to either itself as owner of a range of businesses or to any external entities.





The City of Ryde Council

Independent auditor's report Report on the special purpose financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report, being a special purpose financial report, of the City of Ryde Council (the Council), which comprises the Statement of Financial Position by Business Activity for the year ended 30 June 2014, the Income Statements by Business Activity for the year then ended, Notes to the financial report for the business activities identified by Council and the Statement by Councillors and Management for Council for the year ended 30 June 2014.

Councillors' responsibility for the financial report

The Councillors of the Council are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report and have determined that the accounting policies described in note 1 to the financial statements which form part of the financial report, are appropriate to meet the requirements of the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting. The Councillors' responsibility also includes such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Councillors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, ABN 52 780 433 757

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Auditor's opinion:

In our opinion, the financial report presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position by Business Activities of The City of Ryde Council as of 30 June 2014 and its financial performance by Business Activities for the year then ended in accordance with the requirements of those applicable Accounting Standards detailed in Note 1 to the financial report, and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

Basis of Accounting and Restriction on Distribution and Use

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Council's financial reporting responsibilities under the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for the Council.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Parhologas

Peter Buchholz Partner Sydney 30 September 2014

P City of Ryde

Lifestyle and opportunity @ your doorstep

Special Schedules

Year Ended 30 June 2014

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SPECIAL SCHEDULE 1 - NET COST OF SERVICES

(\$'000)

	EXPENSE		55	<i>(</i> ENULEO EE		NETO	207.05
	CONTII OPERA			VENUES FR UING OPEF		NET CO SERV	
	OI LIVA	110140	Non		VALIONS	3LIKV	IOLO
Function or Activity	Expenses	Group	Capital	Capital	Group	Net	Group
,,		Totals	Revenues		Totals	Cost	Totals
GOVERNANCE	2,234		26			(2,208)	
		2,234			26		(2,208)
ADMINISTRATION							
Corporate Support	2,677		172			(2,505)	
Engineering & Works	7,262		739			(6,523)	
Other Support Services	7,360		707			(6,652)	
		17,298			1,619		(15,680)
PUBLIC ORDER & SAFETY							
Statutory Contribution to Fire							
Service Levy	1,995					(1,995)	
Fire Protection - Other	0.40					(000)	
Animal Control	348		55			(293)	
Beach Control	004		0.405			4 500	
Enforcement of Local Govt Regs	824		2,405			1,582	
Emergency Services	295		17			(278)	
Other	2,296	E 7E0	5,084		7 564	2,787	4 000
LIEAL TH		5,758			7,561		1,803
HEALTH Administration & Inspection	116		347			231	
Immunisation	86		347			(49)	
Food Control	00		31			(49)	
Insect/Vermin Control							
Noxious Plants	51					(51)	
Health Centres	49		4			(45)	
Other	10					(10)	
		301			388		87
COMMUNITY SERVICES &							-
EDUCATION							
Administration	1,017		46			(970)	
Family Care						` ´	
Child Care	17					(17)	
Youth Services	147		59			(87)	
Other Families & Children	60		6			(54)	
Aged & Disabled	694		544			(150)	
Migrant Services							
Aboriginal Services							
Other Community Services	1,225		248			(977)	
Education	18		72			54	
		3,178			976		(2,202)

Special Schedule 1 – Net Cost of Services (continued) (\$'000)

	EXPENSE	S FROM					
	CONTI			VENUES FF	_	_	OST OF
	OPERA	TIONS		UING OPER	RATIONS	SER\	/ICES
			Non		•		
Function or Activity	Expenses	Group Totals	Capital	Capital Revenues	Group Totals	Net Cost	Group Totals
HOUSING & COMMUNITY		TOLAIS	Revenues	Revenues	TOLAIS	COST	TOLAIS
AMENITIES							
Housing							
Town Planning	6,279		3,369	3,575		665	
Domestic Waste Management	14,529		15,245	,		716	
Other Waste Management	1,911		1,448			(463)	
Street Cleaning	663					(663)	
Other Sanitation & Garbage							
Urban Stormwater Drainage	2,789		1,039	280		(1,470)	
Environmental Protection	752		78			(674)	
Public Cemeteries							
Public Conveniences	639					(639)	
Other Community Amenities			32			32	
		27,562			25,065		(2,496
WATER SUPPLIES							
SEWERAGE SERVICES							
RECREATION & CULTURE							
Public Libraries	5,267		939			(4,328)	
Museums							
Art Galleries	400					00	
Community Centres	433		525 427			92	
Public Halls Other Cultural Services	385 342		105			42	
	5,780		5,027	15		(237) (738)	
Swimming Pools Sporting Grounds	3,286		5,027	5		(2,710)	
Parks & Gardens (Lakes)	6,287		309	23		(5,955)	
Other Sport & Recreation	311		312	23		(5,955)	
Other Sport & Recreation	311	22,091			8,258	'	(13,833
FUEL & ENERGY SUPPLIES		22,031			0,200		(10,000
Gas Supplies							
MINING, MANUFACTURING &							
CONSTRUCTION							
Building Control	577		228			(349)	
Abattoirs							
Quarries & Pits							
Other		r			000		(0.40)
		577			228		(349)

Special Schedule 1 – Net Cost of Services (continued)

(\$'000)

			ı		-		
	EXPENSE CONTII OPERA	NUING		S FROM CO		NET CO SERV	
Function or Activity	Expenses	Group Totals	Non Capital	Capital Revenues	Group Totals	Net Cost	Group Totals
TRANSPORT &		Totals	revenues	TCVCHUCS	Totals	0031	Totals
COMMUNICATION							
Urban Roads : Local	9,877		2,594	10,330		3,047	
Urban Roads : Regional	107		76	,		(31)	
Sealed Rural Roads : Local						(0.7)	
Bridges on Urban Roads : Local	87					(87)	
Bridges on Urban Roads : Regional						,	
Bridges on Urban Roads : Other							
Footpaths	1,080					(1,080)	
Aerodromes							
Parking Areas	1,018					(1,018)	
Bus Shelters & Services	97					(97)	
Water Transport							
RTA Works (State)							
Street Lighting	2,247		364			(1,883)	
Other	312		155			(157)	
		14,825			13,519		(1,306)
ECONOMIC AFFAIRS							
Camping Areas							
Caravan Parks							
Tourism & Area Promotion	4					(4)	
Industrial Development & Promotion							
Saleyards & Markets							
Real Estate Development							
Commercial Nurseries	051		000			(E4)	
Other Business Undertakings	951	955	900		900	(51)	(55)
		900			900		(55)
TOTALS - FUNCTIONS		94,781			58,539		(36,242)
GENERAL PURPOSE REVENUES (1)					51,812		51,812
SHARE OF GAIN(DEFICIT) FROM ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES USING EQUITY METHOD ⁽²⁾							
CORRECTION OF FUNDAMENTAL ERROR (2)							
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS ⁽²⁾		94,781			110,351		15,570
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS (2)							
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FROM ALL ACTIVITIES (2)		94,781			110,351		15,570

NOTE: 1 Includes:

Rates and Annual Charges (incl. Ex-Gratia) Non-Capital General Purpose Grants Interest on Investments

2. As reported on the Income Statement



SPECIAL SCHEDULE 2(a) – STATEMENT OF LONG-TERM DEBT (ALL PURPOSES)

	Principal Outs	Principal Outstanding at beginning of Year	inning of Year	New Loans	Debt Redemption	lemption	Interest	Principal 0	Principal Outstanding at end of Year	nd of Year
Classification of Debt				Raised during the year	during the year	he year	Applicable For Year			
	Current	Non-Current	Total		From Revenue	From Revenue Sinking Funds		Current	Non-Current	Total
LOANS (By Source)										
Commonwealth Bank										
Treasury Corporation										
Other State Government										
Public Subscriptions										
Financial Institutions	527	2,895	3,422	2,700	202	-	146	793	4,822	5,615
Other										
TOTAL LOANS	527	2,895	3,422	2,700	207	-	146	793	4,822	5,615
OTHER LONG TERM DEBT										
Ratepayer's Advances										
Government Advances										
Finance Leases										
Deferred Payments										
TOTAL LONG TERM DEBT	527	2,895	3,422	2,700	507		146	793	4,822	5,615

(\$.000)

SPECIAL SCHEDULE 2(b) - STATEMENT OF INTERNAL LOANS

(\$'000)

SUMMARY OF INTERNAL LOANS

Borrower	Amount Originally	Total Repaid During the Year	Principal Outstanding
(by Purpose)	Raised (2)	Principal & Interest ⁽³⁾	at End of Year
General			
Water			
Sewerage			
Domestic Waste Management			
Gas			
Other (1)	688	(1,321)	2,009
TOTALS	688	(1,321)	2,009

DETAILS OF INDIVIDUAL INTERNAL LOANS

Borrower	Lender	Date of	Date	Dates of	Rate of	Amount	Total	Principal
(by purpose)	(by Purpose)	Minister's	Raised	Maturity	Interest	Originally	Repaid	Outstanding
		Approval				Raised (2)	During	at End
							the Year	of Year
							Principal	
							& Interest (3)	
RALC (4)								
- surf rider						688	(1,321)	2,009
TOTALS						688	(1,321)	2,009

⁽¹⁾ This includes Internal Loans from Internally Restricted Reserves, and not just those from Externally Restricted Reserves



⁽²⁾ An additional amount of \$323,123 was drawn down in 2012/2013, but was not included in the Schedule.

 $^{^{(3)}}$ And additional amount of \$1,321,378 was drawn down for the project in 2013/2014.

⁽⁴⁾ This project was to be completed over three years, with a draw down in each of the years.

SPECIAL SCHEDULE 7 - CONDITION OF PUBLIC WORKS

Asset Class	Asset Category	Estimated Cost to bring to a satisfactory standard	Required Annual Maintenance Expense	Current Annual Maintenance	GBV	Asset	Assets in Condition as a % of Gross Book Value	n as a % of (Gross Book \	alue
		\$.000	\$.000	000.\$	\$.000	1	2	3	4	5
*Buildings		2,144	4,438	4,048	133,757	8.0%	81.0%	80.6	2.0%	
**Public Roads					444,937					
	Road Pavement/Rd Ancillaries	21,117	6,836	6,236		27.0%	48.0%	20.0%	2.0%	
	Footpaths/Cycleways	4,376	1,402	1,279		11.0%	%0.65	22.0%	7.0%	1.0%
	Bridges		237	216			94.0%	%0.9		
	Kerb & Gutter	13,905	49	45		1.0%	14.0%	71.0%	14.0%	
Drainage Works		14,187	1,129	1,030	244,973	25.0%	41.0%	28.0%	4.0%	2.0%
Other Structures		289	1,661	1,515	100,298	30.0%	12.0%	23.0%	10.0%	25.0%
Totals		56,416	15,752	14,369	923,965					

As at 30 June 2014 (\$'000)

Special Schedule 7 – Condition of Public Works (continued)

Satisfactory condition refers to an asset condition rating of 1 to 3, where a condition rating scale from 1 (Very Good Condition) to 5 (Asset Unserviceable) is utilised (Source: International infrastructure Management Manual 2006). It does not include any planned 'enhancements' to the asset.

Condition Rating 1 2 3 4	Condition Description new or equivalent good condition without visible blemishes or deterioration usable & safe condition, with visible signs of wear or deterioration, eg cracks in footpaths usable condition with defects that interfere with use or reduce asset life eg extensive road or
5	requires major repairs or is not suitable to remain in use due to a significant safety hazard

racking

For condition 5 assets that remain in service, there is a low residual life 5%, but indefinite RUL (remaining useful life)

Annual Maintenance includes operating as differentiation and tracking of costs has not been previously done and there is insufficent information to estimate this Required Annual Maintenance is what should be spent to maintain and operate assets in a satisfactory standard that are already in satisfactory standard Backlog is asset renewals that have been deferred due to insufficient funds. Any asset in condition 4 or 5 is considered part of the backlog of renewals Council is currently undertaking the required maintenance giving the required and annual to be the same

and Other Structures. A condition audit of Councils footpath network during the 2008/2009 financial year. A new audit was commenced in 2014, but the results will not be available until 2014/15 Council undertook a major review of its Asset Management practices for Buildings, Roads and Drainage Assets in 2006/2007, further reviews were undertaken in 2007/2008 for Land The condition of public roads infastructure has been updated to reflect known works since the 2008/9 audit, which captures changes that materially affect the staus of the network.

The system for differentiating and tracking activities on the basis or renewal, upgrade, maintenance and operating, is being implmenented in 2013/14

*Buildings	In assessing the condition of the building assets, an overall condition rating is applied to the building. When a building is noted as satisfactory, this should be interpreted that
	the majority of assets within the building (ie. building components) are in a satisfactory condition. However there may be individual assets within the building that may be in an
	unsatisfactory condition.

ncluded within the "Public Roads" group of assets is Urban Roads, Footpaths, and Kerb and Gutter

"Public Roads

Footpaths	Council's footpath network has a current replacement value of \$58M. Council has designed and implemented a Footpath Management System, where every footpath is
	inspected and rated on a 1 to 5 rating basis.
Kerb & Gutter	Council manages kerb & gutter as part of the pavement management system, with condition rating done in conjunction with pavements. The current replacement value is \$99M
Bridges	The current replacement cost of bridges is \$4M.

Council has adopted the use of a Pavement Management System (PMS) and condition data has been collected since 1991. The current replacement cost of the road assets is

Special Schedule 7 – Condition of Public Works (continued)

Infrastructure Asset Performance Indicators – Consolidated	Amounts \$'000	Current year indicators	2013	2012
Buildings & Infrastructure Renewals Ratio Asset Renewals (building & infrastructure) ⁽⁵⁾ Depreciation, amortisation	\$14,018	123.14%	93.64%	80.19%
Infrastructure backlog Estimated cost to bring assets to a satisfactory condition Total value * of infrastructure, building, other structures and depreciable land improvement assets	\$56,416 \$923,965	6.11%	6.02%	6.35%
Asset maintenance ratio Actual asset maintenance Required asset maintenance	\$14,369	91.22%	228.08%	69.48%
* Gross Book Value (GBV) Capital Expense Ratio Annual Capital expenditure Annual Depreciation	\$25,365 \$16,689	151.99%	125.92%	189.33%

SPECIAL SCHEDULE 8 – FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS

	2014 ⁽¹⁾ (\$'000)	2015 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)	2017 (\$'000)	2018 (\$ '000)	2019 (\$'000)	2020	2021	2022 (\$.000)	2023 (\$'000)	2024 (\$'000)
Operating Budget Income From Continuing Operations Expenditure From Continuing Operations	116,716 94,781	98,321 101,866	103,536 104,476	106,277 108,521	109,562 110,730	112,892 115,749	116,350 119,983	119,924 124,088	123,619 127,492	127,438 131,332	131,387 135,641
Operating Result From Continuing Operations	21,935	(3,545)	(940)	(2,244)	(1,168)	(2,857)	(3,633)	(4,164)	(3,873)	(3,894)	(4,254)
Operating Result before Capital Contributions	2,251	(3,969)	(1,824)	(2,718)	(1,642)	(3,326)	(4,114)	(4,658)	(4,380)	(4,414)	(4,787)
Capital Budget New Capital Works (2)	11,347	16,790	14,062	9,334	10,986	6,732	7,660	7,088	7,665	7,261	8,089
Replacement/refurbishment of existing assets	14,018	7,381	8,584	6,939	7,506	7,701	7,901	8,106	7,593	7,493	7,662
	25,365	24,171	22,646	16,273	18,492	14,433	15,561	15,194	15,258	14,754	15,751
Funded By (3):											
Loans	•	1,500	,	,	,	,	,	•	,	,	,
Asset Sales	1,000	925	1,075	900	1,000	1,026	1,053	1,080	1,108	1,137	1,167
Reserves	5,643	14,428	13,706	8,625	10,550	995'9	8,086	6,873	8,473	7,196	8,880
Grants & Contributions	1,836	424	884	474	474	469	482	494	205	520	534
General Revenue	16,886	6,894	6,981	6,274	6,468	6,372	5,940	6,747	5,170	5,901	5,170
Other	•										
	25,365	24,171	22,646	16,273	18,492	14,433	15,561	15,194	15,258	14,754	15,751

(1) From income statement

(2) New capital works are major non-recurrent projects (3) Projections based on the adopted Delivery Plan and revised Long Term Financial Plan (LTFP)

SPECIAL SCHEDULE 9 - PERMISSIBLE INCOME

SPE	ECIAL SCHEDULE 9 – PERMISSIBLE INCOM	2013/14 Calculation \$'000	2014/15 Calculation \$'000
Notic	onal General Income Calculation ⁽¹⁾	V 555	V 555
	Last Year Notional General Income Yield Plus or minus Adjustments (2) Notional General Income	46,453 260 46,713	48,283 402 48,685
Pern	nissible Income Calculation		
OR OR	Special variation percentage ⁽³⁾ Rate peg percentage Crown land adjustment incl. rate peg percentage	3.40%	2.30%
OR OR	Less expiring special variation amount Plus special variation amount Plus rate peg amount Plus crown land adjustment and rate peg amount Sub-total	1,588 48,301	1,120 49,805
	Plus or minus last year's Carry Forward Total Less Valuation Objections claimed in the previous year Sub-total	0	18 ————————————————————————————————————
Tota	I Permissible income	48,301	49,823
	Less Notional General Income Yield Catch-up or (excess) result	48,283 18	49,803 20
	Plus Income lost due to valuation objectons claimed ⁽⁴⁾ Less Unused catch-up ⁽⁵⁾ Carry forward to next year	0 18	

Notes

- (1) The Notional General Income will not reconcile with rate income in the financial statements in the corresponding year. The statements are reported on an accrual accounting basis which include amounts that relate to prior years' rates income.
- (2) Adjustments account for changes in the number of assessments and any increase or decrease in land value occurring during the year. The adjustments are called in the Valuation of Land Act 1916. "supplementary valuations" as defined in the Valuation of Land Act 1916.
- (3) The Special Variation Percentage is inclusive of the Rate Peg percentage and where applicable crown land adjustment.
- (4) Valuation objections are unexpected changes in land values as a result of land owners successfully objecting to the land value issued by the Valuer-General. Councils can claim the value of the income lost due to valuation objections in any single year.
- (5) Unused catch-up amounts will be deducted if they are not caught up within 2 years. Usually councils will have a nominal carry forward figure. These amounts can be adjusted for in setting the rates in a future year.





The City of Ryde Council

Independent auditor's report Report on the Special Schedule No. 9

Report on the Special Schedule No. 9

We have audited the accompanying special purpose financial statement comprising the reconciliation of total permissible general income (Special Schedule No. 9) of The City of Ryde Council ("the Council") for the year ended 30 June 2014.

Responsibility of Council for Special Schedule No. 9

The Council is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of Special Schedule No. 9 in accordance with the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting (Guidelines) Update No. 22. This responsibility includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records and internal controls designed to prevent and detect fraud and error; designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of Special Schedule No. 9 that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Special Schedule No. 9 based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether Special Schedule No. 9 is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in Special Schedule No. 9. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of Special Schedule No. 9, whether due to fraud or error. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of Special Schedule No. 9.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, together with the inherent limitations of internal control, there is an unavoidable risk that some material misstatements may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

In making our risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation of Special Schedule No. 9 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we followed applicable independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, ABN 52 780 433 757

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Audit Opinion

In our opinion, Special Schedule No. 9 of The City of Ryde Council for the year ended 30 June 2014 is properly drawn up in all material respects in accordance with the requirements of the Office of Local Government and in accordance with the books and records of the Council.

Restriction on distribution

Without modifying our opinion, we advise that this schedule has been prepared for distribution to the Office of Local Government for the purposes of confirming that Council's reconciliation of Council's total permissible general income is presented fairly. As a result, the schedule may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for the council and the Division of Local Government.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

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Peter Buchholz

Sydney Partner 30 September 2014



City of Ryde Council

Independent auditor's report Report on the Special Schedules No. 7 & 8

Report on the Special Schedules No. 7 & 8

We were engaged to audit the accompanying Special Schedules 7 & 8 comprising the Condition of Public Works and Financial Projections, respectively for the City of Ryde Council as at the year ended 30 June 2014.

Responsibility of Council for Special Schedules No. 7 & 8

The Council is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of Special Schedules No. 7 & 8 in accordance with the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting (Guidelines) Update No. 22. This responsibility includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records and internal controls designed to prevent and detect fraud and error; designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of Special Schedule No. 7 & 8 that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Special Schedule No. 7 & 8 based on our audit. Because of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, however, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

Special Schedules 7 & 8 are based in forecast expenditure over the useful life of public works in the case of Special Schedule 7 and forecast revenue and expenditure of Council for a period of 10 years in the case of Special Schedule 8. Any of the estimates used in preparing these forecasts could be inaccurate and therefore we can provide no assurance the forecast information in Special Schedule 7 & 8 will eventuate. In the light of significant uncertainties inherent in forward looking statements, we disclaim from forming an audit opinion on these Special Schedules.

Disclaimer of Opinion

Because of the significance of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on Special Schedules 7 & 8.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we followed applicable independence requirements of Australian professional ethical pronouncements.

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Restriction on distribution

Without modifying our opinion, we advise that Special Schedules 7 & 8 have been prepared for distribution to the Office of Local Government for the purposes of informing the Council's the Condition of Public Works and Financial Projections. As a result, the schedules may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for the council and the Division of Local Government.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Peter Buchholz Partner Sydney 30 September 2014

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