



City of Ryde

Lifestyle and opportunity @ your doorstep

A horizontal bar composed of a series of small, colorful rectangular segments in shades of pink, purple, blue, green, yellow, orange, and red.

General and Special Purpose Financial Statements

Year Ended 30 June 2017



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Overview

(i) These financial statements are General Purpose Financial Statements and cover the operations for the Council of the City of Ryde.

(ii) Council of the City of Ryde is a body politic of NSW, Australia - being constituted as a local government area by proclamation and is duly empowered by the Local Government Act 1993 (LGA).

Council's Statutory Charter is detailed in Paragraph 8 of the LGA and includes giving Council;

- the ability to provide goods, services and facilities, and to carry out activities appropriate to the current and future needs of the local community and of the wider public,
- the responsibility for administering regulatory requirements under the LGA and
- a role in the management, improvement and development of the resources in the area.

A description of the nature of Councils operations and its principal activities are provided in Note 2(b).

All figures presented in these financial statements are presented in Australian currency.

(iii) These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Council on 22 August 2017.

(iv) Council has the power to amend and reissue these financial statements.

STATEMENT BY COUNCILLORS AND MANAGEMENT

made pursuant to Section 413 (2 c) of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) (as amended)

The attached general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- The Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) (as amended) and the Regulations made thereunder
- The Australian Accounting Standards and professional pronouncements
- The Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, these statements:

- presents fairly the council's operating result and financial position for the year, and
- accords with council's accounting and other records

We are not aware of any matter that would render this report false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 24 October 2017.



Councillor Jerome Laxale
Mayor



Councillor Christopher Gordon
Deputy Mayor



Mr George Dedes
Acting General Manager



Mr Steven Kludass
Responsible Accounting Officer

INCOME STATEMENT

Budget* 2017 (\$'000)		Notes	Actual 2017 (\$'000)	Actual 2016 (\$'000)
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS				
76,178	Rates and annual charges	3(a)	77,629	71,821
14,556	User charges and fees	3(b)	17,183	17,142
4,093	Interest and investment revenue	3(c)	5,625	5,420
7,735	Other revenues	3(d)	11,065	32,171
6,947	Grants & contributions provided for operating purposes	3(e&f)	9,064	7,218
6,058	Grants & contributions provided for capital purposes	3(e&f)	25,720	43,578
Other Income:				
-	Net gain from the disposal of assets	5	-	2,075
-	Net share of interests in joint ventures and associates using the equity method	19	-	-
115,567	TOTAL INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		146,286	179,425
EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS				
45,558	Employee benefits and on-costs	4(a)	43,945	43,124
172	Borrowing costs	4(b)	139	218
31,207	Materials and contracts	4(c)	29,604	28,600
15,897	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	4(d)	15,121	15,723
20,770	Other expenses	4(e)	16,877	13,826
-	Interest and investment losses	3(c)	-	-
-	Net loss from the disposal of assets	5	1,020	-
-	Share of interests in joint ventures and associates using the equity method	19	-	-
113,604	TOTAL EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		106,706	101,491
1,963	OPERATING RESULT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		39,580	77,934
-	Operating result from discontinued operations	24	-	-
1,963	NET OPERATING RESULT FOR THE YEAR		39,580	77,934
NET OPERATING RESULT FOR THE YEAR BEFORE GRANTS & CONTRIBUTIONS PROVIDED FOR CAPITAL PURPOSES				
(4,095)			13,860	34,356

* Original budget as approved by Council - Refer Note 16

The above Income Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Notes	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
Net operating result for the year - from Income Statement		39,580	77,934
Other comprehensive income			
Amounts which will not be reclassified subsequently to operating result			
Gain (loss) on revaluation of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	20(b)	67,078	(10,786)
Amounts which will be reclassified subsequently to operating result when specific conditions are met.			
Realised available-for-sale investment gains recognised in revenue	20(b)		
Gain (loss) on revaluation of available-for-sale investments	20(b)	-	-
Total other comprehensive income for the year		<u>67,078</u>	<u>(10,786)</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u><u>106,658</u></u>	<u><u>67,148</u></u>
Attributable to:			
- Council		106,658	67,148
- Non-controlling interests		-	-

The above Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	Notes	2017		Restated 30 June 2016		Restated 1 July 2015	
		(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	6(a)	6,823		9,464		14,305	
Investments	6(b)	89,250		91,248		90,704	
Receivables	7	11,125		8,835		8,314	
Inventories	8	894		646		618	
Other	8	2,795		3,020		798	
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	22	-		-		-	
Total current assets			110,887		113,213		114,739
Non-current assets							
Investments	6(b)	90,379		77,331		32,743	
Receivables	7	72		936		1,064	
Inventories	8	-		-		-	
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	9	1,152,904		1,058,929		1,054,626	
Investments accounted for using equity method	19	-		-		-	
Investment property	14	115,540		113,165		88,380	
Intangible assets	25	-		-		-	
Other	8	-		-		-	
Total non-current assets			1,358,895		1,250,361		1,176,813
TOTAL ASSETS			<u>1,469,782</u>		<u>1,363,574</u>		<u>1,291,552</u>
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Payables	10(a)	23,237		23,937		18,611	
Income received in advance	10(a)	1,477		964		618	
Borrowings	10(a)	891		873		993	
Provisions	10(a)	12,516		11,897		10,868	
Total current liabilities			38,121		37,671		31,090
Non-current liabilities							
Payables	10(a)	-		-		-	
Borrowings	10(a)	2,620		3,503		5,241	
Provisions	10(a)	170		187		156	
Total non-current liabilities			2,790		3,690		5,397
TOTAL LIABILITIES			<u>40,911</u>		<u>41,361</u>		<u>36,487</u>
NET ASSETS			<u>1,428,871</u>		<u>1,322,213</u>		<u>1,255,065</u>
EQUITY							
Retained earnings	20	1,236,008		1,196,428		1,118,494	
Revaluation reserves	20	192,863		125,785		136,571	
Council equity interest			1,428,871		1,322,213		1,255,065
Minority equity interest			-		-		-
TOTAL EQUITY			<u>1,428,871</u>		<u>1,322,213</u>		<u>1,255,065</u>

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Note	2017 (\$'000)						2016 (\$'000)					
		Retained Earnings	Asset Revaluation Reserve	Other Reserves	Council Equity Interest	Non-controlling Interest	Total Equity	Retained Earnings	Asset Revaluation Reserve	Other Reserves	Council Equity Interest	Non-controlling Interest	Total Equity
Opening balance	20	1,196,428	125,785	-	1,322,213	-	1,322,213	679,801	-	-	2,463,576	-	2,463,576
Correction of errors	20	-	-	-	-	-	(665,281)	(543,230)	-	-	(1,208,511)	-	(1,208,511)
Changes in accounting policies													
Restated opening balance	20	1,196,428	125,785	-	1,322,213	-	1,118,494	136,571	-	-	1,255,065	-	1,255,065
Net operating result for the year	20	39,580	-	-	-	-	77,934	-	-	-	77,934	-	77,934
Other comprehensive income	20	-	67,078	-	67,078	-	-	(10,786)	-	-	(10,786)	-	(10,786)
Total comprehensive income	20	39,580	67,078	-	106,658	-	77,934	(10,786)	-	-	67,148	-	67,148
Closing balance	20	1,236,008	192,863	-	1,428,871	-	1,196,428	125,785	-	-	1,322,213	-	1,322,213

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Original Budget*		Notes	2017		2016	
2017 (\$'000)			(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts						
76,133	Rates & annual charges		77,400		71,737	
14,939	User charges & fees		18,604		18,509	
4,093	Investment revenue and interest		5,555		5,034	
7,409	Grants and contributions		34,214		51,445	
-	Deposits and retentions		3,346		4,477	
8,867	Other		8,919		6,354	
Payments						
(46,641)	Employee benefits and on-costs		(43,503)		(42,171)	
(30,557)	Materials and contracts		(32,714)		(28,776)	
(172)	Borrowing costs		(144)		(244)	
-	Deposits and retentions		(3,579)		(1,540)	
(22,894)	Other		(14,975)		(13,918)	
11,178	Net cash provided from (or used) in operating activities	11(b)		53,123		70,907
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts						
91,248	Sale of investments		57,301		47,736	
1,183	Sale of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment		1,325		1,398	
-	Sale of interests in joint ventures/associates		-		-	
-	Proceeds from boundary Adjustment		-		-	
-	Other		-		-	
Payments						
(91,248)	Purchase of investments		(68,276)		(91,074)	
(36,070)	Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(45,249)		(31,950)	
-	Purchase of interests in joint ventures/associates		-		-	
-	Other		-		-	
(34,888)	Net cash provided from (or used in) investing activities			(54,899)		(73,890)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts						
350	Borrowings and advances		-		-	
-	Other		-		-	
Payments						
(1,049)	Borrowings and advances repaid		(865)		(1,858)	
-	Lease liabilities		-		-	
-	Other		-		-	
(699)	Net cash provided from (or used in) financing activities			(865)		(1,858)
(24,409)	Net increase/(decrease) in cash & cash equivalents			(2,641)		(4,841)
9,464	Cash & cash equivalents at beginning reporting period	11(a)		9,464		14,305
(14,945)	Cash & Cash Equivalents at end of Reporting Period	11(a)		6,823		9,464

* Original budget as approved by Council - Refer Note 16

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Local Government Act (1993) and Regulation, and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting. City of Ryde is a not for profit entity for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

(i) New and amended standards adopted by Council

AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures was adopted during the year. The impact of this standard had no impact on reporting financial position or performance. However, Note 28 has been added.

AASB 2014-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations [AASB 1 and AASB 11] – the adoption of this standard has had no impact for the council.

(ii) Early adoption of standards

Council has not elected to apply any pronouncements before their operative date in the annual reporting period beginning 1 July 2016.

(iii) Historical cost convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and certain classes of property, plant and equipment and investment property.

(iv) Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Council's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(v) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

City of Ryde makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year include:

- (i) Estimated fair values of investment properties.
- (ii) Estimated fair values of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment.
- (iii) Estimated tip remediation provisions (refer to Note 18).

(vi) Significant judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies

- (i) Impairment of Receivables
Council has made a significant judgement about the impairment of a number of its receivables in Note 7.
- (ii) Valuation of Infrastructure assets
Council employs a number of staff that possess Tertiary qualifications in Engineering. Those staff are also responsible for estimating the cost of construction of new infrastructure works, especially for works done in-house. Using this expertise Council has revalued its infrastructure assets to the cost of replacing those assets in-house. Those estimates are based on recent actual costs to replace infrastructure assets by Council.

The same staff are also responsible for estimating the useful lives of infrastructure assets, based on their experiences and similar assets in other Council areas.

The changes, based on these judgements, impact the amount of depreciation.

(b) Revenue recognition

Council recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Council's activities as described below. Council bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of transaction and the specifics of each arrangement.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is measured on major income categories as follows:

(i) Rates, annual charges, grants and contributions

Rates, annual charges, grants and contributions (including developer contributions) are recognised as revenues when the Council obtains control over the assets comprising these receipts. Developer contributions may only be expended for the purposes for which the contributions were required but the Council may apply contributions according to the priorities established in work schedules.

Control over assets acquired from rates and annual charges is obtained at the commencement of the rating year as it is an enforceable debt linked to the rateable property or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

Control over granted assets/contributed assets is normally obtained upon their receipt (or acquittal) or upon earlier notification that a grant has been secured, and is valued at their fair value at the date of transfer.

Where grants or contributions recognised as revenues during the financial year were obtained on condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period and those conditions were undischarged at balance date, the unused grant or contribution is disclosed in Note 3(g). The note also discloses the amount of unused grant or contribution from prior years that was expended on Council's operations during the current year.

A liability is recognised in respect of revenue that is reciprocal in nature to the extent that the requisite service has not been provided at balance date.

(ii) User charges and fees

User charges and fees (including parking fees and fines) are recognised as revenue when the service has been provided, the payment is received, or when the penalty has been applied, whichever first occurs.

(iii) Sale of plant, property, infrastructure and equipment

The profit or loss on sale of an asset is determined when control of the asset has irrevocably passed to the buyer.

(iv) Interest

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate at the date that the interest is earned.

(v) Rent

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(vi) Other income

Other income is recorded when the payment is due, the value of the payment is notified, or the payment is received, whichever occurs first.

(c) Principles of consolidation**(i) The Consolidated Fund**

In accordance with the provisions of Section 409(1) of the Local Government Act 1993, all money and property received by Council is held in the Council's Consolidated Fund unless it is required to be held in the Council's Trust Fund.

(ii) Interest in Other Entities**Subsidiaries**

Council has no interest in any subsidiaries.

Joint Arrangements

Council has no interest in any joint arrangements.

(d) Leases

Leases of property, plant and equipment where Council, as lessee, has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised at the lease's inception at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other short-term and long-term payables. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The property, plant and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the asset's useful life or over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term if there is no reasonable certainty that Council will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term.

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are not transferred to Council as lessee are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Lease income from operating leases where Council is a lessor is recognised as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(e) Impairment of assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

For Statement of Cash Flow presentation purposes, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand; deposits held at call with financial institutions; other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value; and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

(g) Inventories**(i) Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods**

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour, and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(ii) Inventory held for distribution

Inventory held for distribution is held at cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

(iii) Land held for resale/capitalisation of borrowing costs

Land held for resale is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is assigned by specific identification and includes the cost of acquisition, and development and borrowing costs during development. When development is completed borrowing costs and other holding charges are expensed as incurred.

Borrowing costs included in the cost of land held for resale are those costs that would have been avoided if the expenditure on the acquisition and development of the land had not been made. Borrowing costs incurred while active development is interrupted for extended periods are recognised as expenses.

(h) Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, except for assets such as deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits, financial assets and investment property that are carried at fair value and contractual rights under insurance contracts, which are specifically exempt from this requirement.

An impairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write down of the asset (or disposal group) to fair value less costs to sell. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell of an asset (or disposal group), but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised. A gain or loss not previously recognised by the date of the sale of the non-current asset (or disposal group) is recognised at the date of de-recognition.

Non-current assets (including those that are part of a disposal group) are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale continue to be recognised.

(i) Investments and other financial assets**Classification**

Council classifies its financial assets in the following categories: financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and, in the case of assets classified as held to maturity, re-evaluates this designation at each reporting date.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the reporting date which that are classified as non-current assets.

Loans and receivables are included in other receivables (note 8) and receivables (note 7) in the Statement of Financial Position.

Receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. Receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that Council's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. If Council were to sell other than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity financial assets, the whole category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale.

Held-to-maturity financial assets are included in non-current assets, except for those with maturities less than 12 months from the reporting date, that are classified as current assets.

(iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the reporting date.

Investments are designated as available-for-sale if they do not have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments and management intends to hold them for the medium to long term.

Recognition and de-recognition

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date: the date on which Council commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the income statement.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and Council has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the income statement as gains and losses from investment securities.

Subsequent measurement

Loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Changes in the fair value of other monetary and non-monetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in equity.

Impairment

Council assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition

of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered an indicator that the assets are impaired.

(i) Assets carried at amortised cost

For loans and receivables the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. If a loan or held-to-maturity investment has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Council may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

Collectability of receivables is reviewed on an on-going basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. An allowance account (provision for impairment of receivables) is used when there is objective evidence that Council will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 30 days overdue) are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired. The amount of the impairment allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the income statement within other expenses. When a receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the income statement.

Investment Policy

Council has an approved investment policy complying with Section 625 of the Local Government Act 1993 (NSW) and Clause 212 of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2005 (NSW).

Investments are placed and managed in accordance with that policy and having particular regard to authorised investments prescribed under the Ministerial Local Government Investment Order. Council maintains an investment policy that complies with the Act and ensures that it, or its representatives, exercise the care, diligence and skill that a prudent person would exercise in investing Council funds.

Council amended its policy following revisions to the Ministerial Local Government Investment Order (the Order) arising from the Cole Inquiry recommendations. Certain investments the Council holds are no longer prescribed; however, they have been retained under grandfathering provisions of the Order. These will be disposed of when most financially advantageous to Council.

(j) Fair value estimation – financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities must be estimated for recognition and measurement or for disclosure purposes.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. Council uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each reporting date. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

The nominal value less estimated credit adjustments of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Council for similar financial instruments.

(k) Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment (IPPE)

Council's assets have been progressively revalued to fair value in accordance with a staged implementation advised by the Office of Local Government. At balance date the following classes of IPPE were stated at their fair value:

- Operational land (External Valuation).
- Buildings – Specialised/Non Specialised (External Valuation).
- Plant and equipment (as approximated by depreciated historical cost).
- Road assets – roads, bridges and footpaths (Internal Valuation).
- Drainage assets – (Internal Valuation).
- Bulk earthworks – (Internal Valuation).
- Community land – (Valuer General).
- Land Improvements (as approximated by depreciated historical cost).
- Other structures (as approximated by depreciated historical cost).
- Other assets (as approximated by depreciated historical cost).

Council utilises a consumption basis for calculating depreciation, which determines the remaining useful life and loss of future benefit, based on its condition. To support this, Council has also commenced a rolling inspection of its infrastructure assets, plus reviews as part of its ongoing maintenance works, so that condition data is kept as current as possible.

Council records each of its asset categories into five condition ratings. Within each of these condition ratings, Council has reviewed and determined both the useful life and loss of future benefit, while the asset traverses through that condition rating. Therefore in each condition rating the asset will have a straight line depreciation, which will increase as the condition rating increases and the condition of the asset decreases. Condition 5 represents those assets that are due for renewal, but are still in service.

Depreciation is no longer a representation of the inter-generational funding that is required for asset renewal, this funding model is represented by straight line depreciation over the useful life to the intervention point, being the end of Condition 4.

The following table sets out the range of useful lives and depreciation within each condition rating by asset category.

Asset Category	Useful life (range of years)					Total
	1	2	3	4	5	
Buildings – Specialised/Non Specialised	10	60	20	5 - 10	1 - 5	96 - 100
Drainage assets	5 - 20	15 - 130	10 - 40	5 - 15	5 - 10	40 - 200
Land Improvements	5	5	5	5	5	25
Other assets	1 - 5	1 - 25	1 - 10	1 - 5	1 - 5	5 - 50
Other structures	5 - 20	5 - 80	2 - 40	3 - 15	5	20 - 150
Plant and equipment *						2 - 20
Road assets – roads, bridges and footpaths	5 - 20	2 - 130	2 - 50	3 - 20	5 - 20	17 - 200

Asset Category	Depreciation (range of %)					Total
	1	2	3	4	5	
Buildings – Specialised/Non Specialised	0.50%	0.83%	1.25%	1.50% - 3.00%		0.50% - 3.00%
Drainage assets	0.25% - 1.00%	0.38% - 1.67%	0.63% - 3.00%	1.00% - 7.00%		0.25% - 7.00%
Land Improvements	1.00%	9.00%	5.00%	3.00%	2.00%	1.00% - 9.00%
Other assets	1.00% - 5.00%	1.40% - 20.00%	2.00% - 30.00%	7.00% - 50.00%		1.00% - 50.00%
Other structures	0.25% - 1.00%	0.63% - 2.00%	0.63% - 5.00%	1.00% - 23.33%		0.25% - 23.33%
Plant and equipment *						5.00% - 20.00%
Road assets – roads, bridges and footpaths	0.25% - 1.67%	0.38% - 5.00%	0.50% - 5.00%	0.75% - 23.33%		0.25% - 23.33%

* Note: There are no condition ratings for Plant and Equipment assets

Operational land was last valued as at 31 May 2017 and Community Land has been valued using the Valuer General rates with a base date of 1/7/2016.

For all other assets, Council assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that a revalued asset's carrying amount may differ materially from that which would be determined if the asset were revalued at the reporting date. If any such indication exists, Council determines the asset's fair value and will revalue the asset to that amount. Full revaluations are undertaken for all assets on a 5 year cycle.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation are credited to the asset revaluation reserve. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognising profit or loss, the increase is first recognised in profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first charged against revaluation reserves directly in equity to the extent of the remaining reserve attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to the income statement.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date. In determining the useful lives and unit rates for each asset type, an "evidence" based approach has been taken. For most assets, there is no ready "tradeable" market, and councils are the major if not only provider of such assets (e.g. local roads and their drainage). In-house technical expertise is available and is used. The major exceptions are land and buildings, which are valued externally.

Where a condition review of assets discloses an error in the quantity of the asset, this will be adjusted as a prior period adjustment only if material.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the income statement.

(I) Investment property

Investment property, principally comprising freehold buildings, car parks and blocks of units, are held for development to generate long-term rental yields and are not occupied by the Council.

Investment property is carried at fair value, which is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available,

Council uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices in less active markets, or discounted cash flow projections. Changes in fair values are recorded in the income statement as part of other income.

Properties that are under construction for future use as investment properties are regarded as investment properties. These are also carried at fair value unless the fair value cannot yet be reliably determined. Where that is the case, the property will be accounted for at cost until either the fair value becomes reliably determinable or construction is complete.

(m) Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Council prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

(n) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the Statement of Financial Position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in other income or finance cost.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless Council has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

(o) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred for the construction of any qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed.

(p) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when Council has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

(q) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related services are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

The liability for annual leave and accumulating sick leave is recognised in the provision for employee benefits. All other short-term employee benefit obligations are presented as payables.

(ii) Other Long term employee benefit obligations

The liability for long service leave and annual leave that is not expected to be wholly settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service is recognised in the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the end of the reporting period on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position if the Council does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

(iii) Retirement benefit obligations

All employees of the Council are entitled to benefits on retirement, disability or death. Council contributes to various defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans on behalf of its employees.

Defined Benefit Plans

A liability or asset in respect of defined benefit superannuation plans would ordinarily be recognised in the Statement of Financial Position, and measured as the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date plus unrecognised actuarial gains (less unrecognised actuarial losses) less the fair value of the superannuation fund's assets at that date and any unrecognised past service cost.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is based on expected future payments that arise from membership of the fund to the reporting date, calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures, and periods of service. However, when this information is not reliably available, Council accounts for its obligations to defined benefit plans on the same basis as its obligations to defined contribution plans, i.e. as an expense when it becomes payable.

Defined Contribution Plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense as they become payable. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(r) Land under roads

Land under roads is land under roadways and road reserves including land under footpaths, nature strips and median strips.

Council has elected not to recognise land under roads acquired before 1 July 2008 in accordance with AASB1051 Land Under Roads.

(s) Self-insurance

Council does not self-insure.

(t) Intangible assets

Council has not classified any assets as intangible.

(u) Crown reserves

Crown Reserves under Council's care and control are recognised as assets of the Council. While ownership of the reserves remains with the Crown, Council retains operational control of the reserves and is responsible for their maintenance and use in accordance with the specific purposes to which the reserves are dedicated.

Improvements on Crown Reserves are also recorded as assets, while maintenance costs incurred by Council and revenues relating to the reserves are recognised within Council's Income Statement.

(v) Provisions for close down and restoration and for environmental clean-up costs - Tips and quarries

Council has old landfill sites. Specific information about Council's provisions relating to restoration and remediation costs can be found at Note 18.

(w) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which that are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority are presented as operating cash flows.

(x) New accounting standards and interpretations issued not yet effective

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the current reporting period and which have not been applied.

As at the date of authorisation of the financial statements, the standards and interpretations listed below were in issue but not yet effective.

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017

AASB 2014-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 15

AASB 2015-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Effective Date of AASB 15

AASB 2016-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses [AASB 112]

AASB 2016-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 107

AASB 2016-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Recoverable Amount of Non-Cash-Generating Specialised Assets of Not-for-Profit Entities

AASB 2016-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Deferral of AASB 15 for Not-for-Profit Entities

Effective for annual reporting periods on or after 13 February 2017

AASB 2017/2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Further Annual Improvements 2014- 16 Cycle

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 13 December 2017

AASB 2017-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Transfers of Investment Property, Annual Improvements 2014-2016 Cycle and Other Amendments

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

AASB 9 Financial Instruments (December 2009)

AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

AASB 2010-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010)

AASB 2014-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (Part E)

AASB 2014-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2014) AASB 1057 Application of Australian Accounting Standards

AASB 2016-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Clarifications to AASB 15

AASB 2016-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions

AASB 2016-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Applying AASB 9 Financial Instruments with AASB 4 Insurance Contracts

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019

AASB 16 Leases

AASB 16 Leases (Appendix D)

AASB 2016-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Australian Implementation Guidance for Not-for-Profit Entities

AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities

AASB 2016-8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Australian Implementation Guidance for Not-for-Profit Entities

The full impact of these standards has yet to be ascertained or quantified but will be assessed during the 2017/18 financial year.

(y) Rounding of amounts

Unless otherwise indicated, amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars.

(z) Comparative figures

To ensure comparability with the current reporting period's figures, some comparative period line items and amounts may have been reclassified or individually reported for the first time within these financial statements and/or the notes.

(aa) Disclaimer

Nothing contained within these statements may be taken to be an admission of any liability to any person under any circumstance.

NOTE 2(a) FUNCTIONS OR ACTIVITIES

FUNCTIONS/ACTIVITIES	INCOME, EXPENSES AND ASSETS HAVE BEEN DIRECTLY ATTRIBUTED TO THE FOLLOWING FUNCTIONS / ACTIVITIES DETAILS OF THESE FUNCTIONS / ACTIVITIES ARE PROVIDED IN NOTE 2(b)						TOTAL ASSETS HELD (CURRENT & NON-CURRENT)					
	INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS			EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS			OPERATING RESULTS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		GRANTS INCLUDED IN INCOME			
	Original Budget 2017	Actual 2017	Actual 2016	Original Budget 2017	Actual 2017	Actual 2016	Original Budget 2017	Actual 2017	Actual 2016	Actual 2016		
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		
Programs												
Catchment program	29	155	508	3,733	3,753	3,705	(3,704)	(3,598)	(3,197)	407	202,870	204,594
Centres and Neighbourhood program	423	2,396	583	4,360	3,665	3,673	(3,937)	(1,269)	(3,090)	364	10,112	22,274
Community and Cultural program	1,675	1,827	1,809	4,352	4,337	4,243	(2,677)	(2,510)	(2,434)	734	230	230
Customer and Community Relations program	15	37	15	3,306	3,096	2,993	(3,291)	(3,059)	(2,978)	3		
Economic Development program	6	9	4	439	340	239	(433)	(331)	(235)	5		
Environmental program	10	8	6	632	556	547	(622)	(548)	(541)	18		
Foreshore program		18		175	91	163	(175)	(73)	(163)			
Governance and Civic program	5	6	6	4,189	3,464	3,395	(4,184)	(3,458)	(3,389)			
Internal Corporate Services program	5,029	8,316	30,996	16,298	14,097	13,025	(11,269)	(5,781)	17,972	164	514,241	490,539
Land Use Planning program	127	15,648	40,541	1,751	1,552	1,178	(1,624)	14,096	39,363			
Library program	1,083	1,110	1,036	6,506	5,640	5,564	(5,423)	(4,530)	(4,528)	291	1,187	1,088
Open Space, Sport & Recreation program	10,581	12,201	6,895	16,720	16,704	17,142	(6,139)	(4,503)	(10,247)	5,095	246,770	231,254
Organisational Development program	5	39	13	340	286	294	(395)	(247)	(281)			
Paths and Cycleways program	57	229	252	2,652	2,266	2,178	(2,595)	(2,037)	(1,926)	228		
Property Portfolio program	2,387	2,302	2,108	6,596	6,555	4,430	(4,209)	(4,253)	(2,322)		115,540	34,058
Regulatory program	7,766	10,674	10,779	7,639	8,003	7,544	127	2,671	3,235			
Risk Management program	145	109	267	3,227	3,109	2,842	(3,082)	(3,000)	(2,575)			
Roads program	3,966	3,091	3,562	9,464	9,361	9,239	(5,498)	(6,270)	(5,677)	2,982	377,712	378,522
Strategic City program	13			312	188	366	(299)	(188)	(366)			
Traffic & Transport program	820	2,003	1,560	1,366	2,205	1,903	(546)	(202)	(343)	1,080	1,120	1,016
Waste and Recycling program	20,308	21,809	20,400	19,547	17,438	16,829	761	4,371	3,571	226		
Total Functions & Activities	54,450	81,987	121,340	113,604	106,706	101,491	(59,154)	(24,719)	19,849	11,181	1,469,782	1,363,574
	61,117	64,299	58,085	61,117	64,299	58,085				3,998		
General Purpose Income	115,567	146,286	179,425	113,604	106,706	101,491	1,963	39,580	77,934	15,179	1,469,782	1,363,574
Totals												

NOTE 2(b) COMPONENTS OF FUNCTIONS OR ACTIVITIES

The activities relating to the Council's functions and activities reported on in Note 2 (a) are as follows:

Catchment program

Managing, monitoring and maintaining water quality and reuse of our stormwater and natural waterways.

Centres and Neighbourhood program

Developing, delivering, maintaining and managing our public domain infrastructure, facilities and place management.

Community and Cultural program

Managing all community services, community development, community buildings and events and driving cultural development.

Customer and Community Relations program

Engaging with our community, all media and community relations, branding and marketing our city and developing and managing all our customer services.

Economic Development program

Business sector and economic development.

Environmental program

Monitoring and managing our environmental performance, developing environmental policy and making our community aware of environmental impact.

Foreshore program

Managing all aspects of our foreshore.

Governance and Civic program

Supporting our mayor and councillors; through council process and civic events; and providing guidance on governance to support other areas of council.

Internal Corporate Services program

Developing and managing our information, records and corporate knowledge; implementing information technology, communications, business, financial and HR infrastructure and services. Managing our fleet and plant; planning and developing assets; all project management and administrative support.

Land Use Planning program

Planning, delivering and managing our land and urban design and enhancing and informing on our heritage.

NOTE 2(b) COMPONENTS OF FUNCTIONS OR ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

Library program

Delivering all our library services.

Open Space, Sport & Recreation program

Developing, delivering, maintaining and managing all our sports, recreation, outdoor, open spaces and natural areas infrastructure, services and facilities.

Organisational Development program

Addressing workforce planning, driving culture and performance, assessing process efficiency and overseeing all corporate communications.

Paths and Cycleways program

Developing, managing and maintaining our footpaths and cycleways.

Property Portfolio program

Developing, managing and maintaining our portfolio of corporate, commercial and civic properties.

Regulatory program

Delivering all our regulatory assessments and activities, including building regulations, environmental regulations, road, parking and footpath enforcement and animal management.

Risk Management program

Managing all legal services, procurement and internal auditing, assessing and managing business continuity, risk and disaster management.

Roads program

Managing and maintaining our roads, bridges and retaining walls.

Strategic City program

Providing strategic direction and planning; and managing the reporting on our corporate performance.

Traffic & Transport program

Managing our transport, traffic and car parking; developing sustainable transport options.

Waste and Recycling program

Managing our domestic and commercial waste services, educating on and facilitating recycling and disposal services.

NOTE 3 INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
(a) Rates and Annual Charges		
Ordinary rates		
Residential	27,966	27,560
Business	15,928	15,023
Environmental management levy	6,690	6,605
Total ordinary rates	50,584	49,188
Special rates		
Macquarie park	1,347	1,331
Infrastructure special rate levy	5,157	2,362
Total special rates	6,504	3,693
Annual charges (pursuant to s.496, s.496A, s.496B, s.501 & s.611)		
Domestic waste management services	19,152	17,653
Non-rateable waste management charges	137	139
Stormwater management service charge	1,029	1,018
Section 611 charges	223	130
Total annual charges	20,541	18,940
Total rates and annual charges	77,629	71,821
Council has used 2013 valuations provided by the NSW Valuer General in calculating its rates.		
(b) User charges and fees		
User charges (pursuant to s.502)		
Aquatic centre	5,850	5,472
Sports facility rental	709	713
Hall hire	430	457
Road restorations	767	905
Gutter crossings	81	388
Commercial waste service	1,303	1,232
Other	100	167
Total user charges	9,240	9,334
Fees		
Regulatory/statutory fees	3,258	2,772
s603 certificates	169	161
Discretionary		
- Parking fees	1,600	1,256
- Environmental planning	2,212	3,038
- Private works	147	129
- Home maintenance & modification	67	82
- Other	490	370
Total fees	7,943	7,808
Total user charges and fees	17,183	17,142
(c) Interest and investment revenue (losses)		
Overdue rates & charges	197	168
Cash, cash equivalents and investments:		
- Externally restricted	1,922	1,608
- Internally restricted	-	-
- Unrestricted	3,484	3,619
Amortisation of discounts and premiums:		
- Investments held to maturity	22	25
Total interest and investment revenue	5,625	5,420

NOTE 3 INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)		
(d) Other revenues				
Fair value increments - investment properties	2,375	23,300		
Rental income:				
- Investment property	568	560		
- Other property	1,976	1,876		
Parking fines	4,026	4,044		
Other fines	63	47		
Ex gratia rates	40	48		
Fuel tax credit	-	61		
Materials recycling	272	442		
Lease - telecommunications	107	112		
Legal fees recoveries				
- Rates	1	15		
- Other	72	118		
Insurance claims	1	-		
Staff vehicle leases and other payments	674	609		
Eastwood plaza	43	54		
Sundry sales	59	46		
Other	788	839		
Total other revenue	11,065	32,171		
	OPERATING		CAPITAL	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
(e) Grants				
General purpose (untied)				
Financial assistance	4,872	3,194	-	-
Pensioner rebate subsidy - rates	443	491	-	-
Total general purpose (untied)	5,315	3,685	-	-
Specific purpose				
Pensioner rebate subsidy - domestic waste	217	226	-	-
Macquarie park construction	-	-	5,000	-
Library	291	283	-	-
Home maintenance & modification	410	436	-	-
Stormwater improvement projects	-	-	-	317
DEEWR - Apprentice rebate scheme	3	6	-	-
Community staff funding	267	259	-	-
Street & traffic lighting	364	364	-	-
Roads To recovery	-	-	1,365	1,182
RMS transport	-	-	1,535	1,167
Parks grants	-	-	-	-
Waste education	-	-	-	-
Ryde Parramatta river walk	-	-	-	-
Environmental projects	-	-	-	100
WH&S incentive rebate	164	100	-	-
LIRS subsidy	75	82	-	-
Other	147	129	26	170
Total specific purpose	1,938	1,885	7,926	2,936
Total grants	7,253	5,570	7,926	2,936
Comprising:				
- Commonwealth funding	5,163	3,477	1,365	317
- State funding	2,090	2,093	6,561	2,619
- Other funding	-	-	-	-
	7,253	5,570	7,926	2,936

NOTE 3 INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

	OPERATING		CAPITAL	
	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
(f) Contributions				
Developer contributions (s94)				
- Open space	-	-	10,381	26,636
- Parking	-	-	-	-
- Drainage	-	-	444	894
- Traffic facilities	-	-	1,515	3,637
- Other	-	-	56	163
- Community facilities	-	-	2,778	7,220
Voluntary planning agreements	-	-	2,021	1,875
Other councils	706	650	-	-
Community facilities	-	-	-	-
Community events	175	84	-	-
Community Bus Service	109	-	-	-
North Ryde Office Fitout	-	-	50	-
Other	7	84	181	183
RMS contributions				
- Roads & bridges	386	379	-	-
- Other	68	66	-	-
Buildings & property (in kind)	-	-	-	-
Buildings & property (in kind) - s94	-	-	-	-
Customer/resident contributions	-	-	68	34
LSL contributions from other councils	100	126	-	-
s94F affordable housing	-	-	300	-
DWM better waste and recycling fund	260	259	-	-
Total Contributions	1,811	1,648	17,794	40,642
Total Grants & Contributions	9,064	7,218	25,720	43,578
		2017 (\$'000)		2016 (\$'000)
(g) Restrictions relating to grants and contributions				
Certain grants and contributions are obtained by Council on the condition that they be spent in a specified manner:				
Grants and contributions recognised in the current reporting period which have not been spent		24,490		42,654
Less:				
Grants and contributions recognised in previous reporting periods which have been spent in the current reporting period		17,407		12,754
Net increase/(decrease) in restricted grants and contributions		7,083		29,900

NOTE 4 EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
(a) Employee Benefits & On Costs		
Salaries and wages	32,851	31,982
Employee leave entitlements	8,721	9,102
Superannuation	4,307	4,194
Workers' compensation insurance	1,603	1,069
Fringe benefits tax (FBT)	172	167
Training costs (excluding salaries)	382	289
Other	511	350
Less: capitalised costs	<u>(4,602)</u>	<u>(4,029)</u>
Total employee costs expensed	<u>43,945</u>	<u>43,124</u>
(b) Borrowing costs		
Interest on overdrafts	-	-
Interest on loans	139	218
Charges on finance leases	-	-
Discounts recognised on financial instrument transactions		
Amortisation of discounts and premiums		
- Investments held to maturity	-	-
- Remediation		
Less: capitalised costs		
Total borrowing costs expensed	<u>139</u>	<u>218</u>

NOTE 4 EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

	2017	2016
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
(c) Materials and Contracts		
Raw materials and consumables	1,398	1,011
Contractor Costs		
- Roads and Footpaths Maintenance	1,921	2,332
- Parks Maintenance	1,602	1,874
- Waste Disposal, Collection and Recycling	11,476	11,247
- Building Cleaning & Maintenance	886	875
- Temporary and Agency Staff	2,986	2,419
- Repairs and Maintenance	676	709
- Electrical	727	615
- Events	343	384
- Labour Hire	348	378
- Security	316	426
- Project Design & Construction	330	400
- Parking Meter	290	121
- Plant Hire External	50	256
Other Contractor Costs	2,691	3,256
Consultancy Costs		
- Town Planning	1,166	792
- Ryde Civic Hub Design Competition	516	214
- Project Development Design	258	173
- Property	109	225
- Risk Management	195	157
Other Consultancy Costs	1,011	691
Audit Fees:		
- Audit Services	75	58
- Other ⁽¹⁾	-	-
Legal Fees:		
- Planning & Development	14	22
- Other	544	326
Infringement Notice Contract (SEINS)	567	424
Other	-	-
- IT Licenses	1,116	1,046
Less: capitalised costs	(2,007)	(1,831)
Total Materials & Contracts	29,604	28,600

NOTE 4 EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
(1) During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the Auditor General		
(i) Audit and other assurance services		
Audit and review of financial statements	75	-
Other assurance services:		
– Audit of regulatory returns	-	-
– Due diligence services	-	-
Total remuneration for audit and other assurance services	<u>75</u>	<u>-</u>
(ii) Other non-assurance services		
Tax compliance services	-	-
Total remuneration for taxation services	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Fees paid to or payable to the Auditor General	<u><u>75</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>

(1) During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by PricewaterhouseCoopers

(i) Audit and other assurance services		
Audit and review of financial statements	-	58
Other assurance services:		
– Audit of regulatory returns	-	-
– Due diligence services	-	-
Total remuneration for audit and other assurance services	<u>-</u>	<u>58</u>
(ii) Other non-assurance services		
Tax compliance services	-	-
Total remuneration for taxation services	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Fees paid to or payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>58</u></u>

NOTE 4 EXPENSES FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (CONTINUED)

	2017	2016
(d) Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Depreciation and Amortisation		
Plant and equipment	2,249	2,439
Office Equipment	863	1,235
Furniture & fittings	220	131
Property, plant and equipment leased	-	-
Land improvements (depreciable)	517	517
Buildings - specialised	650	650
- non-specialised	958	919
Infrastructure:		
- Roads, Bridges and Footpaths, Other Road Assets	6,381	6,364
- Stormwater Drainage	1,689	1,630
- Open space/recreational assets	953	1,214
- Other Structures	353	223
Other Assets:		
- Heritage Collections	-	-
- Library Books	378	567
Total Depreciation Costs	<u>15,211</u>	<u>15,889</u>
Less: Capitalised Costs	<u>(90)</u>	<u>(166)</u>
Total Depreciation, Amortisation and Impairment	<u>15,121</u>	<u>15,723</u>

	2017	2016
(e) Other Expenses	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Other expenses for the year		
include the following:-		
Fair value adjustments on assets	1,056	-
Bad & doubtful debts	1	30
Mayoral fee	61	62
Councillors' fees	255	280
Councillors' (incl. Mayor) expenses	45	88
Election costs (excl. employee costs)	-	-
Insurance	1,135	1,228
Insurance - Statewide Mutual provision	-	-
Street lighting	1,881	1,923
Communications costs	187	171
Contribution to fire control	1,598	1,583
Contribution to Dept of Planning	263	256
Contributions & donations - community grants	978	628
Waste development tax	4,153	4,212
Membership fees	78	191
Valuation fees	173	164
Electricity & heating	1,134	1,149
Water rates	388	367
Bank fees & charges	224	270
Property lease costs	2,219	313
Postage & courier costs	376	344
Advertising	408	351
Other expenses	272	231
Less: capitalised costs	<u>(8)</u>	<u>(15)</u>
Total other expenses from continuing operations	<u>16,877</u>	<u>13,826</u>

NOTE 5 GAIN OR LOSS FROM THE DISPOSAL OF ASSETS

	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF STRATUM LAND		
Proceeds from disposal	-	-
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Gain (or loss) on disposal	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF OPERATIONAL LAND		
Proceeds from disposal	-	-
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Gain (or loss) on disposal	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF COMMUNITY LAND		
Proceeds from disposal	-	55 ⁽¹⁾
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Gain (or loss) on disposal	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>55</u></u>
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF PROPERTY		
Proceeds from disposal	-	-
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Gain (or loss) on disposal	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF PLANT & EQUIPMENT		
Proceeds from disposal	1,325	1,343
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold	<u>(793)</u>	<u>(1,058)</u>
Gain (or loss) on disposal	<u><u>532</u></u>	<u><u>285</u></u>
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF REAL ESTATE ASSETS HELD FOR SALE		
Proceeds from sales	-	-
Less: Cost of sales	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Gain (or loss) on disposal	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF OFFICE EQUIPMENT		
Proceeds from disposal	-	-
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold	<u>-</u>	<u>(9)</u>
Gain (or loss) on disposal	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>(9)</u></u>

⁽¹⁾ This includes the sale of land under roads, which is Community Land.

NOTE 5 GAIN OR LOSS FROM THE DISPOSAL OF ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF LIBRARY BOOKS		
Proceeds from disposal	-	-
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold	-	-
Gain (or loss) on disposal	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF OTHER STRUCTURES - ROAD ANCILLARY		
Proceeds from disposal	-	-
Less: Carrying amount of assets sold	-	(25)
Gain (or loss) on disposal	<u>-</u>	<u>(25)</u>
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF OTHER STRUCTURES - PARKS		
Proceeds from disposal	-	-
Less: Carrying amount of assets disposed	(1,388)	-
Gain (or loss) on disposal	<u>(1,388)</u>	<u>-</u>
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF RBF - FOOTPATHS & CYCLEWAYS		
Proceeds from disposal	-	-
Less: Carrying value of Works in Progress	-	-
Gain (or loss) on disposal	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF WORKS IN PROGRESS		
Proceeds from disposal	-	-
Less: Carrying value of Works in Progress	(217)	-
Gain (or loss) on disposal	<u>(217)</u>	<u>-</u>
GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Proceeds from disposal ⁽²⁾	8,053	5,766
Less: Carrying value of financial assets ⁽³⁾	(8,000)	(3,997)
Gain (or loss) on disposal	<u>53</u>	<u>1,769</u>
NET GAIN (OR LOSS) ON DISPOSAL OF ASSETS	<u>(1,020)</u>	<u>2,075</u>

⁽²⁾ This does not include investments that are rolled over, in full, with the same ADI.

Gross amount including rolled over investments:

	Notes		
Proceeds from disposal	CF	57,301	47,736
Less: Carrying value of financial assets	6	(57,248)	(45,967)
Gain (or loss) on disposal		<u>53</u>	<u>1,769</u>

⁽³⁾ This includes the settlement from legal action in regards to CDO investments.

NOTE 6(a) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Notes	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
Cash at bank and on hand	450	1,639
Deposits at call ⁽¹⁾	6,373	7,825
	<u>6,823</u>	<u>9,464</u>

⁽¹⁾ Includes term deposits with a term of less than 3 months

NOTE 6(b) INVESTMENTS

The following financial assets are held as investments:

	2017		2016	
	<u>Current</u> (\$'000)	<u>Non-Current</u> (\$'000)	<u>Current</u> (\$'000)	<u>Non-Current</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit and Loss	-	-	-	-
Held to Maturity Investments	89,250	90,379	91,248	77,331
Available for Sale Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>89,250</u>	<u>90,379</u>	<u>91,248</u>	<u>77,331</u>
Held to Maturity Investments				
Comprising of:				
- FRNs	7,000	41,414	3,000	50,108
- Fixed Bonds	-	10,965	1,998	6,973
- Term Deposits ⁽²⁾	82,250	38,000	86,250	20,250
TOTAL	<u>89,250</u>	<u>90,379</u>	<u>91,248</u>	<u>77,331</u>

⁽²⁾ Does not include term deposits with a term of less than 3 months

NOTE 6(c) RESTRICTED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

	2017		2016	
	<u>Current</u> (\$'000)	<u>Non-Current</u> (\$'000)	<u>Current</u> (\$'000)	<u>Non-Current</u> (\$'000)
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	96,073	90,379	100,712	77,331
External restrictions	37,779	62,735	23,263	67,489
Internal restrictions	55,752	27,644	73,071	9,842
Unrestricted	2,542	-	4,378	-
Total	96,073	90,379	100,712	77,331

MOVEMENT IN RESTRICTIONS

	<u>Opening</u> <u>Balance</u> 30 June 2016 \$'000	<u>Transfers</u> <u>To</u> <u>Restriction</u> \$'000	<u>Transfers</u> <u>From</u> <u>Restriction</u> \$'000	<u>Closing</u> <u>Balance</u> 30 June 2017 \$'000
<u>External restrictions</u>				
<i>Included in liabilities</i>				
Specific purpose unexpended loans	-	-	-	-
RTA advances	-	-	-	-
Self-insurance claims	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
External restrictions included in liabilities	-	-	-	-
<i>Other</i>				
Developer contributions (A)	73,894	19,117	(16,609)	76,402
Specific purpose unexpended grants (B)	6,626	5,373	(796)	11,203
Domestic waste management (C)	6,976	19,424	(17,072)	9,328
Stormwater management	1,054	1,032	(912)	1,174
Affordable housing contribution	139	-	-	139
LIRS	877	-	(606)	271
Macquarie Park special rate	1,164	1,349	(1,206)	1,307
Infrastructure special rate reserve	20	5,157	(4,487)	690
External works drainage contributions (D)	2	-	(2)	-
Total external restrictions	90,752	51,452	(41,690)	100,514
Total restricted grants and contributions (A + B + D only)	80,522	24,490	(17,407)	87,605

NOTE 6(c) RESTRICTED CASH, CASH EQUIVALENT AND INVESTMENT
(CONTINUED)

	Balance 30 June 2016 \$'000	To Restriction \$'000	From Restriction \$'000	Balance 30 June 2017 \$'000
Internal restrictions				
Plant replacement reserve	3,375	2,230	(2,188)	3,417
Employee leave entitlements	3,155	1,636	(969)	3,822
Incomplete/carry over works and projects	1,209	169	(1,209)	169
Refundable deposits	12,984	-	(145)	12,839
Asset replacement reserve	19,292	7,568	(7,920)	18,940
Ryde Aquatic Leisure Centre	624	4,421	(3,838)	1,207
Investment property reserve	18,367	5,000	(3,334)	20,033
Accommodation reserve	15,419	3,400	(5,342)	13,477
Merger & transition reserve	5,267	-	(1,111)	4,156
Civic Centre precinct redevelopment reserve	617	1,000	(719)	898
Council Election Reserve	533	150	(23)	660
Insurance fluctuation reserve	799	10	-	809
Risk rebate reserve	111	-	-	111
Other	1,161	1,953	(256)	2,858
Total internal restrictions	82,913	27,537	(27,054)	83,396
Total restrictions	173,665	78,989	(68,744)	183,910

- (A) Development contributions which are not yet expended for the provision of services and amenities in accordance with contributions plans and voluntary planning agreements (VPAs)(See separate Note 17).
- (B) Grants which are not yet expended for the purposes for which the grants were obtained.
- (C) Domestic Waste Management funds are externally restricted assets which must be applied for the purposes for which they were raised.

NOTE 7 RECEIVABLES

<u>Purpose</u>	2017		2016	
	<u>Current</u> (\$'000)	<u>Non-Current</u> (\$'000)	<u>Current</u> (\$'000)	<u>Non-Current</u> (\$'000)
Rates and annual charges	2,603	45	1,572	847
Rates interest & extra charges	264	5	166	89
User charges & fees				
Environmental & health	558	-	601	-
Restorations	190	-	138	-
Recreational facilities	258	-	251	-
Property & infrastructure works	108	-	97	-
Home modification service	22	-	21	-
Ryde Aquatic Leisure Centre	30	-	40	-
Interest on investments	1,741	-	1,693	-
Contributions to works	11	-	1	-
Government grants & subsidies	2,094	-	1,300	-
Commercial waste	568	-	461	-
GST	1,929	-	1,669	-
Asset sales	203	-	45	-
Workers compensation	19	-	24	-
Staff payments	-	-	-	-
Voluntary planning agreement	-	-	-	-
Fines	314	-	275	-
Other	665	22	887	-
Total⁽¹⁾	11,577	72	9,241	936
Less: <u>provision for impairment</u>				
- Rates and annual charges	-	-	-	-
- Interest and extra charges				
- User charges and fees	452	-	406	-
- Government grants & subsidies	-	-	-	-
	11,125	72	8,835	936

EXTERNALLY RESTRICTED RECEIVABLES (Included Above)

Domestic waste management ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-
TOTAL RESTRICTED RECEIVABLES	-	-	-	-
UNRESTRICTED RECEIVABLES	11,125	72	8,835	936
TOTAL RECEIVABLES	11,125	72	8,835	936

(1) Total refers to Note 15

(2) Receivables for Domestic Waste are included in the transfers to/from the cash reserve, and if shown here would result in a duplication of the restriction.

NOTE 7 RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Rates and Annual Charges

Rates are secured by underlying properties.

Interest is charged on overdue rates at 8.0% (2016 8.5%). Rates are due for payment on 31 August, 30 November, 28 February and 31 May in each financial year. Overdue rates are those not paid within 1 day of the due date. The amount of the overdue debts upon which interest is charged is \$2,648,000 (2016 \$2,419,000)

User Charges and Fees

User charges and fees are unsecured. The credit risk for this class of debtor is 100% of the carrying value. A provision for doubtful debts in respect of the class of debtor has already been provided in an amount of \$452,000.

Government Grants

Government grants and subsidies (subject to terms and conditions of the relevant agreement) have been guaranteed.

NOTE 8 INVENTORIES & OTHER ASSETS

	2017		2016	
	<u>Current</u> (\$'000)	<u>Non-Current</u> (\$'000)	<u>Current</u> (\$'000)	<u>Non-Current</u> (\$'000)
(a) Inventories				
Real estate	-	-	-	-
Stores and materials	894	-	646	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total inventories	894	-	646	-
(b) Inventories not expected to be realised within the next 12 months⁽¹⁾	379	-	446	-
(c) Other Assets				
Prepayments	1,370	-	1,571	-
Prepayments - salaries and wages	800	-	824	-
Prepayments - waste alliance	625	-	625	-
Total other assets	2,795	-	3,020	-

EXTERNALLY RESTRICTED INVENTORIES AND OTHER ASSETS

NIL

⁽¹⁾ This represents a stockpile of material that is held at Porters Creek, made from recycled building materials and it will take more than 12 months for this to be used.

NOTE 9(a) & (b) INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT

\$'000's	At 30 June 2016				MOVEMENTS DURING THE YEAR							At 30 June 2017		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Depreciation & Impairment	Net Carrying Amount	Renewals	New Assets	Transfers From WIP	Carrying Value of Disposals	Transfers and Adjustments	Depreciation & Impairment	Asset Revaluation		Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Depreciation & Impairment	Net Carrying Amount
										Gross Book Value	Accumulated Depreciation & Impairment			
Plant and Equipment	26,322	15,902	10,420	29	3,102	42	(793)	-	(2,245)	-	-	27,430	16,879	10,551
Office Equipment	9,230	7,040	2,190	99	17	-	-	(863)	-	-	-	9,168	7,725	1,443
Furniture and Fittings	4,459	3,591	868	-	-	-	-	(220)	-	-	-	4,459	3,811	648
Leased Plant & Equipment	163	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	163	-	-
Land														
- Operational Land	173,091	-	173,091	-	6,096	-	-	12	-	-	-	220,018	-	220,018
- Community Land	143,354	-	143,354	-	1	-	-	(12)	-	(1,056)	-	142,287	-	142,287
- Land Improvements (non-deprn)	8,899	-	8,899	142	18	14	-	-	-	-	-	9,073	-	9,073
- Land Improvements (deprn)	14,116	12,914	1,202	368	9	28	-	(517)	-	-	-	14,521	13,431	1,090
- Land Under Roads	1,155	-	1,155	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,155	-	1,155
Buildings														
- Non-specialised	106,245	69,788	36,457	685	668	1,472	-	(958)	-	(16,864)	-	125,934	71,893	54,041
Other Structures														
- Carparks	11,590	1,664	9,926	76	-	-	-	(297)	-	(76)	-	11,590	1,479	10,111
- Foreshore Assets	5,333	1,362	3,971	31	-	87	-	(54)	-	(118)	-	5,333	1,102	4,231
- Road Ancillary	11,048	3,003	8,045	-	81	60	-	(262)	-	328	-	11,516	3,473	8,043
- Other	96	-	96	-	-	157	-	(2)	-	-	-	253	-	251
Infrastructure														
- Roads, Bridges and Footpaths														
- Road Pavement	300,759	80,398	220,361	7,492	108	12	-	(4,858)	-	(7,135)	-	301,237	78,856	222,381
- Road Ancillaries	7,072	3,582	3,490	1,624	161	56	-	(123)	-	(1,841)	-	7,072	3,707	3,365
- Bridges	4,335	1,797	2,538	-	-	-	-	(54)	-	(206)	-	4,129	1,679	2,450
- Footpaths and Cycleways	62,009	10,021	51,988	1,821	1,265	614	-	(431)	-	(3,700)	-	62,009	10,510	51,499
- Kerb & Guttering	102,792	13,348	89,444	121	141	-	-	(653)	-	(262)	-	102,792	13,973	88,819
- Stormwater Drainage	266,500	61,946	204,554	2,261	-	1,248	-	(1,689)	-	(3,474)	-	266,535	63,707	202,828
- Swimming Pools	27,908	10,323	17,585	-	-	-	-	(650)	-	25,260	-	53,168	13,292	39,876
- Other Open Space/Recreational assets	66,675	11,968	54,707	772	3,111	1,158	(1,388)	(953)	-	(4,338)	-	65,293	10,857	54,436
Other Assets														
- Heritage Collections	229	-	229	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	229	-	229
- Library/Books	3,204	2,119	1,085	478	-	-	-	(378)	-	-	-	3,252	2,067	1,185
Capital Works in Progress	13,274	-	13,274	-	14,785	(4,948)	(217)	-	-	-	-	22,894	-	22,894
TOTALS	1,369,858	310,929	1,058,929	15,999	29,563	-	(2,398)	(15,211)	-	61,065	4,957	1,471,510	318,606	1,152,904

NOTE 9(b) RESTRICTED INFRASTRUCTURE, PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Includes DWM Restricted Assets	1,009	263	746	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
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Notes:

Excludes investment properties and non-current assets held for sale.
Renewals are defined as replacements of existing assets as opposed to the acquisition of new assets.
Impairment of Civic Centre of \$5,241K is included in Depreciation and Impairment for FY2016

NOTE 10(a) PAYABLES, BORROWINGS & PROVISIONS

	2017		2016	
	Current (\$'000)	Non-Current (\$'000)	Current (\$'000)	Non-Current (\$'000)
Payables				
Goods and services	7,569	-	8,247	-
Accrued expenses	2,636	-	2,619	-
Interest expenses	22	-	27	-
Deposits and retentions	12,840	-	12,985	-
Deferred lease expense	155	-	21	-
Other	15	-	38	-
Total payables	23,237	-	23,937	-
Income received in advance				
Payments received in advance	922	-	474	-
Payments received in advance - rates	555	-	490	-
	1,477	-	964	-
Current payables not expected to be settled within the next 12 months				
	10,272	-	10,388	-
Borrowings				
Bank overdraft	-	-	-	-
Loans - secured ⁽¹⁾	891	2,620	873	3,503
Loans - unsecured	-	-	-	-
Finance lease liability	-	-	-	-
Deferred payment liabilities	-	-	-	-
Total borrowings	891	2,620	873	3,503
Provisions⁽²⁾				
Annual & other accrued leave	3,505	-	3,161	-
Sick leave	192	-	202	-
Long service leave	8,297	170	8,006	187
Employee leave entitlements on costs	-	-	-	-
Self insurance liabilities	-	-	-	-
Other employee provisions	522	-	528	-
Total provisions	12,516	170	11,897	187
Total payables, borrowings and provisions	38,121	2,790	37,671	3,690
Current provisions not expected to be settled within the next 12 months				
	6,682	-	6,425	-
Liabilities relating to restricted assets				
Domestic waste management	-	-	-	-
Total restricted liabilities	-	-	-	-
Liabilities relating to unrestricted assets	38,121	2,790	37,671	3,690
Total	38,121	2,790	37,671	3,690

⁽¹⁾ Loans are secured by the rating income of Council.

⁽²⁾ Vested ELE is all carried as a current provision.

NOTE 10(b) DESCRIPTION OF AND MOVEMENTS IN PROVISIONS

The movement in each class of provision is presented in the table below.

Class of Provision	Opening Balance (\$'000)	Increase in Provision (\$'000)	Payments (\$'000)	Re- Measurement (\$'000)	Closing Balance (\$'000)
Annual & Other Accrued Leave	3,161	2,774	2,430	-	3,505
Sick Leave	202	1,325	1,335	-	192
Long service leave	8,193	1,262	988	-	8,467
Other employee provisions	528	1,713	1,719	-	522
Total	12,084	7,074	6,472	-	12,686

NOTE 11 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING RESULT TO NET CASH MOVEMENT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

(a) Reconciliation of Cash Assets

	Notes	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
Total cash and cash equivalents	6(a)	6,823	9,464
<u>Less:</u> bank overdraft	10	-	-
Balances as per statement of cash flow		<u>6,823</u>	<u>9,464</u>

(b) Reconciliation of net operating result to cash provided from operating activities

		2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
Net operating result from income statement		39,580	77,934
Add:			
Depreciation and impairment	4	15,121	15,723
Impairment of investments	3	-	-
Decrements from revaluations/(Reversal of previous revaluation decrements)	3,4	-	-
Loss/(gain) on sale of assets	5	1,020	(2,075)
Amortisation of discounts & premiums recognised	3,4	(22)	(25)
Non cash contributions and dedications		-	-
Fair value (gains)/losses to investment property	4	(1,319)	(23,300)
Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	6	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in provision for doubtful debts	7	46	136
Increase/(decrease) in provision for leave entitlements	10	602	1,060
Increase/(decrease) in other provisions	10	-	-
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	7	(1,472)	(529)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	8	(248)	(28)
(Increase)/decrease in other current assets	8	225	(2,222)
Increase/(decrease) in payables	10	(136)	2,440
Increase/(decrease) in accrued interest payable	10	(5)	(26)
Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities	10	31	1,819
Other	3,4	-	-
Non cash capital grants & contributions	3	(300)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		<u>53,123</u>	<u>70,907</u>

NOTE 11 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING RESULT TO NET CASH MOVEMENT FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
(c) Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities		
Acquisition of plant & equipment by means of finance leases	-	-
S.94 contributions in kind	300	-
Dedications	-	-
	<u>300</u>	<u>-</u>
(d) Financing Arrangements		
Unrestricted access was available at balance date to the following lines of credit:		
Bank overdrafts facility	-	-
Corporate credit cards	60	40
	<u>60</u>	<u>40</u>

NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS FOR EXPENDITURE

	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
(a) Capital commitments (exclusive of GST)		
Capital expenditure contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised in the financial statements as liabilities:		
Buildings	-	1,500
Plant & equipment	-	-
Construction services	744	1,650
Tree planting	-	55
Park improvements	3,458	5,700
Seawall improvements	-	-
Street furniture	-	166
Streetscape upgrade	-	-
Granite paving	-	300
Stormwater/drainage	212	-
Total	<u>4,414</u>	<u>9,371</u>
These expenditures are payable:		
- Not later than one year	4,414	7,871
- Later than one year and not later than 5 years	-	1,500
- Later than 5 years	-	-
Total	<u>4,414</u>	<u>9,371</u>
(b) Finance lease commitments		
Commitments under finance leases at the reporting date are payable as follows:		
- Not later than one year	-	-
- Later than one year and not later than 5 years	-	-
- Later than 5 years	-	-
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Minimum lease payments	-	-
Less: future finance charge	-	-
Lease liability	-	-
Representing lease liabilities:		
- Current	-	-
- Non-Current	-	-
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS FOR EXPENDITURE (CONTINUED)

	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
(c) Non-cancellable operating lease commitments		
Commitments under non-cancellable operating leases at 30 June 2017 but not recognised in the financial statements are payable as follows:		
- Not later than one year	2,192	2,146
- Later than one year and not later than 5 years	6,211	8,327
- Later than 5 years	-	-
Total⁽¹⁾	<u>8,404</u>	<u>10,473</u>
(d) Repairs and maintenance: investment property		
Contractual obligations for future repairs and maintenance	-	-
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

⁽¹⁾ This represents the leased premises at the North Ryde office.

NOTE 13(a) STATEMENT OF PERFORMANCE MEASURES – CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

	Amounts (\$'000)	Current Year Indicators	2016	2015
1. Operating performance				
Total continuing operating revenue ¹ excluding capital grants and contributions – operating expenses	13,561	11.47%	8.13%	8.53%
Total continuing operating revenue ¹ excluding capital grants and contributions	118,191			
2. Own source operating revenue				
Total continuing operating revenue ¹ excluding all grants and contributions	109,127	75.83%	67.03%	71.44%
Total continuing operating revenue ¹ inclusive of all grants and contributions	143,911			
3. Unrestricted current ratio				
Current assets less all external restrictions	72,729	3.44x	4.29x	5.03x
Current liabilities less specific purpose liabilities	21,167			
4. Debt service cover ratio				
Operating results ¹ before capital excluding interest and depreciation/impairment/amortisation (EBITDA)	27,765	27.65x	12x	20.86x
Principal repayments (from the statement of cash flows) + borrowing interest costs (from the income statement)	1,004			
5. Rates and annual charges outstanding percentage				
Rates and annual charges outstanding	2,917	3.62%	3.59%	3.84%
Rates and annual charges collectible	80,501			
6. Cash expense cover ratio				
Current year's cash, cash equivalents + Term Deposits	127,073	15.92	15.72	15.68
Payments from cash flow of operating and financing activities	95,780	months	months	months

¹ Excludes fair value adjustments, reversal of revaluation decrements, net gain/loss on sale of assets and net share/loss of interests in joint ventures

NOTE 14 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Notes	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
At fair value			
Opening balance at July 1 2016		113,165	88,380
Acquisitions		-	1,485
Transferred from Note 9		-	-
Classified as held for disposals		-	-
Net gain (loss) from fair value adjustment		2,375	23,300
Transfer (to) from inventories and other occupied property		-	-
Closing balance at 30 June 2017		<u>115,540</u>	<u>113,165</u>

(a) Amounts recognised in profit and loss for investment property

Rental income	3 (d)	568	566
Net gain (loss) from fair value adjustment	3 (d)	2,375	23,300
Direct operating expenses from property that generated rental income		(282)	(261)
Direct operating expenses from property that did not generate rental income		-	-
Total		<u>2,661</u>	<u>23,605</u>

(b) Valuation basis

The basis of the valuation of investment properties is at fair value being the amounts for which the properties could be exchanged between willing parties in an arm's length transaction, based on current prices in an active market for similar properties in the same location and condition subject to similar leases. The 2017 revaluations were based on independent assessments made by Scott Fullarton Valuations Pty Ltd, a member of the Australian Property Institute.

(c) Contractual obligations

Refer to Note 12 for disclosure of any contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or for repairs, maintenance or enhancements.

(d) Leasing arrangements - Council as Lessor

The investment properties are leased to tenants under long term operating leases with rentals payable monthly. Minimum lease payments receivable on leases of investment properties are as follows.

Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases of investment pro			
- Not later than one year		421	285
- Later than one year and not later than 5 years		951	566
- Later than 5 years		195	182
Total		<u>1,567</u>	<u>1,033</u>

Refer to note 27 Fair value measurement for information regarding the fair value of investment properties held.

NOTE 15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**Risk Management**

Council's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Council's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Council.

Council does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by the Finance Department under policies approved by the Council.

Council held the following financial instruments at balance date:

	Carrying Value		Fair Value	
	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000	2017 \$'000	2016 \$'000
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	6,823	9,464	6,823	9,464
Receivables	11,197	9,771	11,197	9,771
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-
Available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-
Held-to-maturity investments	179,629	168,579	180,009	168,654
	197,649	187,814	198,029	187,889
Financial liabilities				
Payables	23,237	23,937	23,237	23,937
Borrowings	3,511	4,376	4,470	5,811 ⁽¹⁾
	26,748	28,313	27,707	29,748

Note:

Refer to Note 27 for fair value information.

⁽¹⁾ The fair value represents the present value of the total payments (principal and interest) for the remaining term of the loans, with the amount of interest estimated for those loans with variable rates, discounted by the bond rates used for employee leave entitlement discounting.

NOTE 15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Council's objective is to maximise its return on cash and investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital. The Finance Department manages the cash and investments portfolio with the assistance of independent investment advisers. Council has an investment policy which complies with the Local Government Act and Minister's Order. The policy is regularly reviewed by Council and an Investment Report provided to Council monthly setting out the make-up and performance of the portfolio.

The risk associated with investments held are:

- Price risk – the risk that the capital value of investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether these changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments or their issuers or factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.
- Interest rate risk – the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns.
- Credit risk – the risk that a contracting entity will not complete its obligations under a financial instrument resulting in a financial loss to Council.

Council manages these risks by diversifying its portfolio and only purchasing investments with high credit ratings or capital guarantees. Council also seeks advice from its independent advisers before placing any cash and investments.

(a) Market risk - price risk and interest rate risk

The following represents a summary of the sensitivity of Council's Income Statement and accumulated surplus (for the reporting period) due to a change in either the price of a financial asset or the interest rates applicable. It is assumed that the change in interest rates would have been constant throughout the reporting period.

	30/06/2017	30/06/2016
	\$'000	\$'000
Estimated impact of a 10% ⁽²⁾ movement in price of investments:		
- Equity	n/a	n/a
- Income statement	n/a	n/a
Estimated impact of a 1% movement in interest rates on cash an		
- Equity	1,865	1,780
- Income statement	1,865	1,780

Note:

⁽²⁾ Movements in the price of investments is not calculated, as tradable investments are purchased with the intent to hold to maturity, at which point they are redeemed at face value. Movement in price of investments is calculated only on tradable investments.

NOTE 15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**(b) Credit risk**

Council's major receivables comprise rates and annual charges and user charges and fees. Council manages the credit risk associated with these receivables by monitoring outstanding debt and employing stringent debt recovery policies.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of Council to recover these debts as a secured charge over the land – that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. Council is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates which further encourages payment.

There are no significant concentrations of credit risk, whether through exposure to individual customers, specific industry sectors and/or regions.

Council makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required.

There are no material receivables that have been subject to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

The profile of the Council's receivables credit risk at balance date follows:

	Notes	2017	2016
Percentage of rates and annual charges			
- Current		65%	69%
- Overdue debts		35%	31%

		\$'000	\$'000
Analysis of overdue debts			
Less than 1 year		1,901	1,839
1 to 2 years		534	437
2 to 5 years		464	394
Greater than 5 years		18	4
	7	<u>2,917</u>	<u>2,674</u>

		2017	2016
Percentage of other receivables			
- Current		86%	87%
- Overdue debts		14%	13%

		\$'000	\$'000
Analysis of overdue debts			
0 - 30 days overdue		7,503	6,496
31 - 60 days overdue		200	260
61 - 90 days overdue		108	75
91+ days overdue		921	672
	7	<u>8,732</u>	<u>7,503</u>

		2017	2016
(ii) Movement in provision for impairment for receivables			
Balance at the beginning of the year		406	270
Plus: New provisions recognised during the year		1	140
Less: Amounts already provided for & written off		45	(4)
Balance at the end of the year		<u>452</u>	<u>406</u>

NOTE 15 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)**(c) Liquidity risk**

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – that is the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due. Council manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended and overdraft facilities drawn upon in extenuating circumstances.

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of Council's Payables and Borrowings are set out in the maturity table below.

2017 \$'000	Due Within 1 Year	Due Between 1 and 5 Years	Due After 5 Years	Total Contractual Cash Flows	Carrying Values
Payables	23,237	-	-	23,237	23,237
Borrowings	986	2,022	784	3,792 ⁽³⁾	3,511
	24,223	2,022	784	27,029	26,748

2016 \$'000	Due Within 1 Year	Due Between 1 and 5 Years	Due After 5 Years	Total Contractual Cash Flows	Carrying Values
Payables	24,901	-	-	24,901	24,901
Borrowings	993	2,610	1,141	4,744 ⁽³⁾	4,376
	25,894	2,610	1,141	29,645	29,277

Borrowings are also subject to interest rate risk – the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. The Finance Department regularly reviews interest rate movements to determine if it would be advantageous to refinance or renegotiate part or all of the loan portfolio.

The following interest rates were applicable to Council's borrowings at balance date:

	30 June 2017		30 June 2016	
	Weighted average interest rate	Balance	Weighted average interest rate	Balance
	%	\$'000	%	\$'000
Overdraft	N/A	-	N/A	-
Bank loans – variable ⁽⁴⁾	2.80%	2,353	2.90%	2,353
Bank loans – fixed	4.95%	1,158	4.95%	1,158
		3,511		3,511

Note:

⁽³⁾ This represents the total payments (principal and interest) for the remaining term of the loans, with the amount of interest estimated for those loans with variable rates.

⁽⁴⁾ The interest rate risk applicable to variable rate bank loans is not considered significant.

Refer to note 27 for fair value information

NOTE 16 MATERIAL BUDGET VARIATIONS

Council's Original Budget was incorporated as part of the 2016-2020 Delivery Plan adopted by the Council on 28 June 2016.

Whilst the Income Statement included in this General Purpose Financial Report must disclose the Original Budget adopted by Council, the Local Government Act requires Council to review its original budget on a quarterly basis, so that it is able to manage the various variations between actuals and budget that invariably occur throughout the year. Many of the variances below have been adjusted during budget reviews throughout the 2016/17 financial year and, where appropriate, have been incorporated into the 2017/18 Original Budget in order to frame a more rigorous and robust budget.

In accordance with section 407 of the Local Government Act 1993, variations to Council's budget are reported to Council on a quarterly basis as part of the Quarterly Budget Review Report. These documents can be viewed on Council's website at www.ryde.nsw.gov.au

This Note sets out the details of material variations between the Original Budget and actual results for the Income Statement. Material favourable (F) and unfavourable (U) variances represent amounts of 10% or more of the budgeted amount, or if considered appropriate to comment.

Revenues**User charges and fees \$2,627K (18%) (F)**

Council received user charges and fees revenue of \$17,183k which was above the original budget by \$2,627k (18%).

The additional income received was predominantly related to development related income amounting to an additional \$1,670k over budget. This is a reflection of the level of activity in the current local development market. Additional income derived from Environmental Enforcement Levies amounted to \$784k more than budgeted expectations. Macquarie Park Parking Scheme income exceeded budgeted expectations by \$527k. Demand (via growth) resulted in Commercial Waste income exceeding budgeted expectations by \$249k and the Ryde Aquatic Leisure Centre generated an additional \$265k more income than budgeted expectations.

Interest and investment revenue \$1,532K (37%) (F)

Council received interest revenue of \$5,625k which was above the original budget by \$1,532k (37%).

Whilst interest rates have been reasonably flat over the last 12 months, the pool of funds available for investment have increased due to higher than expected Section 94 contributions and other Internal Reserves. It should be noted that these Section 94 funds, and the interest earned on their investment, cannot be applied to Council's normal operations and they are restricted in Council's reserves to be used for construction of new works under the Section 94 plan they were collected under.

Other revenues \$3,330K (43%) (F)

Council received other revenues of \$11,065k which was above the original budget by \$3,330k (43%).

Additional income of \$2,375k relates to the fair value increments on investment properties, as required under AASB 140 (75). Changes in fair value are recorded in profit/loss as part of 'Other Income'.

NOTE 16 MATERIAL BUDGET VARIATIONS (CONTINUED)**Grants & contributions provided for operating purposes \$2,117K (30%) (F)**

Council Operating Grants and Contributions of \$9,064k was above the original budget by \$2,117k (30%).

The variance was largely due to the prepayment of \$1,630k in 2017/18 Financial Assistant Grants. An additional \$126k was received from the State Government for the Emergency Services Property Levy Implementation project, an additional contribution of \$109k was received for the "Shop Ryder" Community Bus Service project, \$112k was received for Events - Community program and \$100k for Long Services Leave received from other Councils.

Grants & contributions provided for capital purposes \$19,662K (325%) (F)

Council received capital income of \$25,720k which was above the original budget by \$19,662k (325%).

Council only budgets, as part of its Original Budget, for known grants and contributions towards capital works, it does not budget for Section 94 Contributions as these vary greatly. Council received \$15,170k in Section 94 Contributions during 2016/17.

During 2016/17, Council received \$2,020k for Voluntary Planning Agreements and additional grants for Shrimptons Creek Corridor Embellishment projects (\$1,000k), Morrison Road LATM project (\$708k), Pedestrian Infrastructure Safety Around Schools Program project (\$100k). Additionally, Council also received \$540k in transport grants from RMS for road resurfacing, road kerb renewal, cycleway construction.

Expenses**Borrowing costs -\$33K (-19%) (F)**

Council incurred borrowing costs of \$139k which was below the original budget by -\$33k (-19%).

Council's interest rates on loans are largely variable and with interest rates decreasing, borrowing costs were less than anticipated.

Other expenses -\$3,893K (-19%) (F)

Council paid other expenses of \$16,877k which was below the original budget by -\$3,893k (-19%).

The majority of budgeted savings relate to street lighting charges (\$660k), utilities - power (\$725k), waste development tax (\$449k), insurance premiums (\$415k), water rates (\$249k), IT licenses (\$135k), telecommunications (\$117k) and contributions & donations - fire control (\$107k). The balance of expenditure savings in this area is the sum of minor savings across the entire organisation which, in part, has transpired from the prospect of an imminent merge and therefore Council's cautionary commitment to discretionary expenditure.

NOTE 17 STATEMENT OF DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS

PURPOSE	OPENING BALANCE \$'000	CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED DURING YEAR ⁽¹⁾		INTEREST & INVESTMENT INCOME EARNED DURING YEAR \$'000	EXPENDED DURING YEAR \$'000	INTERNAL BORROWINGS (TO/FROM) ⁽³⁾ \$'000	EXPENDITURE RECLASSIFIED \$'000	HELD AS RESTRICTED ASSET ^{(2)/(4)} \$'000	WORKS PROVIDED TO DATE \$'000	CUMULATIVE INTERNAL BORROWINGS due/(payable) \$'000
		CASH \$'000	NON-CASH \$'000							
Community & Culture	10,381	2,778	-	323	2,068	-	-	11,414	779	-
Open Space & Public Domain	44,721	10,381	-	1,352	9,949	-	-	46,505	14,684	-
Roads, Traffic, Carparks & Cycleways	2,781	1,515	-	68	2,564	-	-	1,800	4,061	-
Stormwater Management	6,402	444	-	174	1,718	-	-	5,302	4,903	-
Administration	231	56	-	5	199	-	-	93	493	-
TOTAL UNDER PLANS	64,516	15,174	-	1,922	16,498	-	-	65,114	24,920	-
Planning agreements	9,378	2,021	-	-	111	-	-	11,288	-	-
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	73,894	17,195	-	1,922	16,609	-	-	76,402	-	-

City of Ryde Council adopted the single Section 94 Development Contributions Plan 2007 - 11 December 2007. This development contribution Plan repealed previous plans.

(1) Reconcilable with Note 3

(2) Reconcilable with Note 6 (Restricted assets excludes 'amounts expended in advance')

(3) Cumulative balance of borrowing within and between plans

(4) The total balance under plans are restricted and reflected in Note 6(c) as External Restrictions, whereas the total balance of planning agreements (Voluntary Planning Agreements) is restricted in Note 6 (c) as Internal.

Note:

It is anticipated that a new Section 94 Developer Contribution Plan will be considered by Council in 2017/18 year.

NOTE 18 CONTINGENCIES

The following assets and liabilities do not qualify for recognition in the Statement of Financial Position but knowledge of those items is considered relevant to the users of the financial report in making and evaluating decisions about the allocation of scarce resources:

LIABILITIES NOT RECOGNISED**1 Guarantees****(i) Defined Benefits Superannuation Contribution Plans**

Council participates in an employer sponsored Defined Benefits Superannuation Scheme, and makes contributions as determined by the Superannuation Scheme's Trustees. Member Councils bear responsibility of ensuring there are sufficient funds available to pay out the required benefits as they fall due. The Scheme's most recent full actuarial review indicated that the Net Assets of the Scheme were not sufficient to meet the accrued benefits of the Scheme's Defined Benefit member category with member councils required to make significantly higher contributions in future years. The Local Government Superannuation Scheme however is unable to provide Council with an accurate estimate of its share of the net deficit and accordingly Council has not recorded any net liability from its defined benefit scheme obligations in accordance with AASB119. Future contributions made to the defined benefits scheme to rectify the net deficit position will be recognised as an expense when they become payable - similar to the accounting for defined contributions plans.

(ii) Statewide Limited

Council is a member of Statewide Mutual, a mutual pool scheme providing liability insurance to Local Government. Membership includes the potential to share in either the net assets or liabilities of the fund depending on its past performance. Council's share of the net assets or liabilities reflects Council's contributions to the pool and the result of insurance claims within each of the fund years. The future realisation and finalisation of claims incurred but not reported to 30/6 this year may result in future liabilities or benefits as a result of past events that Council will be required to fund or share in respectively.

(iii) StateCover Limited

Council is a member of StateCover Mutual Limited and holds a partly paid share in the entity. StateCover is a company providing workers compensation insurance cover to the NSW local government industry and specifically Council. Council has a contingent liability to contribute further equity in the event of the erosion of the company's capital base as a result of the company's past performance and/or claims experience or as a result of any increased prudential requirements from APRA. These future equity contributions would be required to maintain the company's minimum level of net assets in accordance with its licence requirements.

(iv) Other Guarantees

Council has provided no other guarantees other than those listed above.

2 Other liabilities**(i) Third Party Claims**

The Council is involved from time to time in various claims incidental to the ordinary course of business including claims for damages relating to its services. Council believes that it is appropriately covered for all claims through its insurance coverage and does not expect any material liabilities to eventuate.

NOTE 18 CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) S94 Plans

Council levies Section 94/94A Contributions upon various developments across the Council area through the required Contributions Plans.

As part of these plans, Council has received funds for which it will be required to expend the monies in accordance with those plans.

As well, these Plans indicate proposed future expenditure to be undertaken by Council, which will be funded by making levies and receipting funds in future years or where a shortfall exists by the use of Council's general funds.

These future expenses do not yet qualify as liabilities as of the reporting date, but represent Council's intention to spend funds in the manner and timing set out in those plans.

3 Remediation works

(i) Old landfill sites

The Council has a number of old landfill sites that were used for the purpose of disposal of domestic and other waste, which have since been converted to playing fields. No known liability arises from any potential toxicity or subterranean leakage, but there will be ongoing remediation works that may be required from time to time to reinstate the playing surfaces, due to subsidence following further settling of the waste within the landfill.

Council has not, as yet, been able to reliably determine the quantum of liability for this future works, but has estimated that it could cost approximately \$200,000 per annum.

ASSETS NOT RECOGNISED

(i) Land under roads

As permitted under AASB 1051, Council has elected not to bring to account land under roads that it owned or controlled up to and including 30/6/08.

(ii) Infringement Notices/Fines

Fines and penalty income, the result of Council issuing infringement notices is followed up and collected by the Infringement Processing Bureau. Council's revenue recognition policy for such income is to account for it as revenue on receipt. Accordingly, at year end, there is a potential asset due to Council representing issued but unpaid infringement notices. Due to the limited information available on the status, value and duration of outstanding notices, Council is unable to determine the value of outstanding income.

NOTE 18 CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

(iii) Pedestrian Bridge and Tunnel, Top Ryde

Council, as part of the approval of a Development Application for the Top Ryde City Shopping Centre entered into an agreement with the owners and developers, Bevillesta Pty Ltd, where a monetary contribution was paid for the purchase of a tract of land at the front of Council's Administration Centre, 1 Devlin St, Ryde. Also one of the conditions of the Development Application was a long-term lease of 49 years, with a 50 year option, between Council and the developers, where Council leased to the developer the airspace in which a number of assets were to be constructed.

NOTE 19 INTERESTS IN OTHER ENTITIES

Council has no interests in any controlled entities, joint ventures or associates.

NOTE 20 REVALUATION RESERVES AND RETAINED EARNINGS

	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
(a) Retained earnings		
Movements in retained earnings were as follows:		
At beginning of year	1,196,428	1,783,775
Adjustment to correct prior years errors (Note 20 (c))	-	(665,281)
Net operating result for the year	39,580	77,934
At end of year	<u>1,236,008</u>	<u>1,196,428</u>
(b) Revaluation reserves		
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve	192,863	125,785
Available-for-sale investments revaluation reserve	-	-
Other Reserves	-	-
Total assets	<u>192,863</u>	<u>125,785</u>
Movements:		
<i>Property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve</i>		
At beginning of year	125,785	679,801
Revaluation - gross	62,121	(4,158)
Adjustment to correct prior years errors (Note 20 (c))	-	(543,230)
Impairment ⁽¹⁾	-	(5,241)
Depreciation transfer - gross	4,957	(1,387)
Other Reserves	-	-
At end of year	<u>192,863</u>	<u>125,785</u>
<i>Available-for-sale investments revaluation reserve</i>		
At beginning of year	-	-
Revaluation - gross	-	-
Transfer to net profit - gross	-	-
At end of year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Nature and purpose of reserves		
<i>(i) Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve</i>		

The infrastructure, property, plant and equipment revaluation reserve is used to record increments and decrements on the revaluation of non-current assets.

NOTE 20 REVALUATION RESERVES AND RETAINED EARNINGS (CONTINUED)

(c) Correction of errors in previous years

Following discussions with Council's auditors, Community land values have been adjusted to reflect 2016 Valuer General's valuations (as opposed to independently certified valuations that have been used to date). The Valuer General's valuations incorporate a significant (but appropriate) level of valuation 'discounting', reflecting the limitations and constraints of the land (ie land classification and zoning).

The adjustment to Community Land values does not adversely affect Council's financial performance, nor does it impact on any of Council's financial health indicators.

Values associated with 'Land Under Roads' has also been revised downwards by 90%, again reflecting the limitations and constraints of the land. As with Community Land, the adjustment to 'Land Under Roads' values does not adversely affect Council's financial performance, nor does it impact on any of Council's financial health indicators.

In the 2016 financial year Council wrote off the value of structures on investment properties, as it was not considered that these items/structures formed part of the saleable value of the asset.

	30 June 2016 \$'000	1 July 2015 \$'000
Community Land	-	(1,251,624)
Operational Land	-	70,758
Land Under Roads	-	(10,397)
Investment Properties	-	(17,248)

The error has been corrected by restating each of the affected financial statement line items for the prior period as follows:

	30 June 2016 \$'000	Increase/ (Decrease) \$'000	30 June 2016 (restated) \$'000	1 July 2015 \$'000	Increase/ (Decrease) \$'000	1 July 2015 (restated) \$'000
Balance Sheet (extract)						
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	2,250,192	(1,191,263)	1,058,929	2,245,889	(1,191,263)	1,054,626
Investment Properties *				105,628	(17,248)	88,380
Net Assets	2,513,476	(1,191,263)	1,322,213	2,463,576	(1,208,511)	1,255,065
Retained earnings	1,861,709	(665,281)	1,196,428	1,783,775	(665,281)	1,118,494
Revaluation reserves	669,015	(543,230)	125,785	679,801	(543,230)	136,571
Total equity	2,530,724	(1,208,511)	1,322,213	2,463,576	(1,208,511)	1,255,065

* No prior period errors occurred in the 2015/16 financial year for investment properties

NOTE 21 RESULTS BY FUND

Council has only one consolidated fund.

NOTE 22 NON-CURRENT ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

	2017 (\$'000)	2016 (\$'000)
Operational Land	-	-
Buildings	-	-
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Refer to note 27 for fair value measurement information.

NOTE 23 EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE**Council Amalgamation**

On 27 July 2017 the Premier of NSW, Gladys Berejiklian, announced that the NSW Government will no longer continue the Government's merger policy with the council amalgamations before the court. As such, the proposed merger of the City of Ryde with Hunters Hill and Lane Cove Councils will not proceed.

NOTE 24 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Council has not classified any of its operations as 'discontinued'.

NOTE 25 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Council is unaware of any control over intangible assets that warrant recognition in the financial statements, including either internally generated and developed assets or purchased assets.

NOTE 26 REINSTATEMENT, REHABILITATION AND RESTORATION LIABILITIES

Refer to Note 18 - Old Landfill sites

NOTE 27 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Council measures the following assets and liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis:

- Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment
- Investment property

The fair value of assets and liabilities must be estimated in accordance with various accounting standards for either recognition and measurement requirements or for disclosure purposes.

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires all assets and liabilities measured at fair value to be assigned to a 'level' in the fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Level 1* - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2* - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3* - Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following Fair Value Measure Hierarchy table shows the assigned level for each asset and liability held at fair value by the Council:

Fair Value Measure Hierarchy table

30 June 2017	Note	Level 2 Significant observable inputs (\$000's)	Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs (\$000's)	Total (\$000's)
Investment properties	14	115,540	-	115,540
Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment	9			
- Operational land		220,018	-	220,018
- Community land		-	142,287	142,287
- Land under roads		-	1,155	1,155
- Buildings (Specialised and non-specialised)		-	93,917	93,917
- Roads, Bridges, Footpaths		-	368,514	368,514
- Stormwater drainage		-	202,828	202,828
Subtotal I,PP & E			808,701	1,028,719
TOTALS		335,558	808,701	1,144,259
30 June 2016	Note	Level 2 Significant observable inputs (\$000's)	Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs (\$000's)	Total (\$000's)
Investment properties	14	113,165	-	113,165
Infrastructure, Property, Plant and Equipment	9			
- Operational land		173,091	-	173,091
- Community land		-	142,515	142,515
- Land under roads		-	1,155	1,155
- Buildings (Specialised and non-specialised)		-	54,042	54,042
- Roads, Bridges, Footpaths		-	367,821	367,821
- Stormwater drainage		-	204,554	204,554
Subtotal I,PP & E			770,087	943,178
TOTALS		286,256	770,087	1,056,343

NOTE 27 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

The Council does not have any liabilities which are fair valued.

Valuation processes

Council's non-current assets are continually revalued (over a 5 year period) in accordance with the fair valuation policy as mandated by the Office of Local Government. Further details of the revaluations policy is provided under note 1(k).

Level 2 measurements

Investment properties

On an annual basis, the Council engages external, independent and qualified valuers to determine the fair value of its investment properties. As at 30 June 2017, the fair values of the land have been determined by Scott Fullarton Valuations Pty Ltd.

All investment property valuations are included in level 2 of the hierarchy. The value of investment property has been determined using the market approach.

Land (Operational)

The fair value of Operational land has been determined by referencing it to current prices in an active market for similar properties. Where such information is not available, current prices in an active market for properties of different nature or recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, adjusted to reflect those differences are considered. Appropriate adjustments are also made for the inherent features of the property such as fire-prone, flood zonings and usability of the land.

Operational Land was last revalued as at 31 May 2017.

Level 3 measurements

Buildings

The Council engages external, independent and qualified valuers to determine the fair value of the Council's buildings. Buildings were revalued in the 30 June 2017 financial year and the fair values were determined by Scott Fullarton Valuations Pty Ltd.

Gross Value of each building is obtained by applying a unit rate to a structure or a square metre rate to a building, based on its current replacement cost, which is the lowest cost of replacing the economic benefits of the existing asset using modern technology. The key unobservable input being the rate square metre has been benchmarked to construction costs of similar properties across the industry.

Land (Community and Land under road)

Community Land has been valued by the Valuer General as at 1 July 2016. Council has resolved to not value Land Under Roads (LUR) acquired before 1 July 2008.

The key unobservable input to the valuation based on the Englobo method.

NOTE 27 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)Infrastructure assets

Valuations for infrastructure assets are performed internally by the Council's engineering team. The gross value of the infrastructure assets are determined by unit rate to total volume which is normally square metres, lineal metres or individual items.

The unit rate, which is a key unobservable input, is determined using an assessment of average historical internal costs, and rates from contracts with third party suppliers. Infrastructure assets were last revalued at 30 June 2016 with the exception of specialised buildings.

The information presented in the Fair Value Measure Hierarchy table on unobservable input has been limited to significant components of the infrastructure assets as it is impracticable to provide information for all components.

Reconciliation of movements

A reconciliation of the movements in recurring fair value measurements allocated to Level 3 of the hierarchy is provided below:

Level 3	2017 (\$)	2016 (\$)
Balance at 1 July	770,926	770,586
Total gains or losses for the period	-	-
Recognised in profit or loss – realised (refer to Note 5)	-	-
Recognised in other comprehensive income – revaluation surplus	27,454	(8,785)
Other movements	(9,428)	(11,955)
Purchases	19,749	21,105
Sales	-	(25)
Transfers into Level 3	-	-
Transfers out of Level 3	-	-
Other movements	-	-
Balance at 30 June	808,701	770,926

A reconciliation of the movements in recurring fair value measurements allocated to Level 2 of the hierarchy is provided below:

Level 2	2017 (\$)	2016 (\$)
Balance at 1 July	286,256	261,471
Total gains or losses for the period	2,375	23,300
Recognised in profit or loss – realised (refer to Note 5)	-	-
Recognised in other comprehensive income – revaluation surplus	40,819	-
Other movements	12	-
Purchases	6,096	1,485
Sales	-	-
Transfers into Level 2	-	-
Transfers out of Level 2	-	-
Other movements	-	-
Balance at 30 June	335,558	286,256

NOTE 27 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

Transfers between levels of the hierarchy

There were no transfers of assets and liabilities between the hierarchies.

Highest and Best Use

Current use of the assets noted above reflects the highest and best use as Operational Assets, and in accordance with current planning restrictions, the exceptions being the Investment Properties, which are to be developed, and may require planning changes to allow the development.

NOTE 28 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES**Key Management Personnel**

Key management personnel (KMP) of the Council are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Council, directly or indirectly. The City of Ryde KMP's are identified as the Councillors, General Manager and Directors.

The aggregate amount of KMP compensation included in the Income Statement is:

Compensation	2017 (\$000's)
Short-term benefits	1,719
Post-employment benefits	96
Other long-term benefits	47
Termination benefits	0
Total	1,861

Other transactions with KMP and their related entities

Council has determined that transactions at arms lengths between KMP and Council as part of Council delivering a public service objective (e.g. access to library or Council swimming pool by KMP) will not be disclosed.

Nature of the Transaction	Amount of the transactions during the year (\$000's)	Outstanding balances, including commitments at year end	Terms and conditions	Provisions for doubtful debts related to the amount of outstanding balances	The expense recognised during the period relating to bad or doubtful debts due from related parties
Grant Funding	70	0	KMP is a Board member where a Grant was provided as part of the Community Aid Grant for FY2016 & FY2017 paid by Council.	0	0

Other Related Parties

Type of related party: subsidiary/ associate/ joint ventures/ other	Nature of the Transactions	Amount of the transactions during the year	Outstanding balances, including commitments at year end	Terms and conditions	Provisions for doubtful debts related to the amount of outstanding balances	The expense recognised during the period relating to bad or doubtful debts due from related parties
Nil						



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
Report on the general purpose financial statements
Council of the City of Ryde

To the Councillors of the Council of the City of Ryde

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Council of the City of Ryde (the Council), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the income statement, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the Statement by Councillors and Management.

In my opinion,

- the Council's accounting records have been kept in accordance with the requirements of the *Local Government Act 1993*, Chapter 13, Part 3, Division 2 (the Division)
- the financial statements:
 - have been presented, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of this Division
 - are consistent with the Council's accounting records
 - present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council as at 30 June 2017, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards
- all information relevant to the conduct of the audit has been obtained
- no material deficiencies in the accounting records or financial statements have come to light during the audit.

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of my report.

I am independent of the Council in accordance with the requirements of the:

- Australian Auditing Standards
- Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of councils
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Other Matter

The financial statements of the Council for the year ended 30 June 2016 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on that financial statements on 12 October 2016.

The Councillors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Councillors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Local Government Act 1993*, and for such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Councillors must assess the Council's ability to continue as a going concern except where the Council will be dissolved or amalgamated by an Act of Parliament. The assessment must disclose, as applicable, matters related to going concern and the appropriateness of using the going concern basis of accounting.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on the financial statements.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar3.pdf. The description forms part of my auditor's report.

My opinion does *not* provide assurance:

- that the Council carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- on the Original Budget information included in the Income Statement, Statement of Cash Flows, Note 2(a) and Note 18 budget variation explanations
- on the attached Special Schedules
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial statements on any website where they may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial statements.



Weini Liao
Director, Financial Audit Services

25 October 2017
SYDNEY



Councillor Jerome Laxale
 Mayor
 Binary Centre, Level 1 of Building 3
 3 Richardson Place
 NORTH RYDE NSW 2112

Contact: Weini Liao
 Phone no: 9275 7100
 Our ref: D1727964/1783

25 October 2017

Dear Mayor

**Report on the Conduct of the Audit
 for the year ended 30 June 2017
 Council of the City of Ryde**

I have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Council of the City of Ryde (the Council) for the year ended 30 June 2017 as required by s415 of the *Local Government Act 1993* (the Act).

I expressed an unmodified opinion on the Council's general purpose financial statements.

This Report on the Conduct of the Audit (the Report) for the Council for the year ended 30 June 2017 is issued in accordance with section 417 of the Act. Section 417(3) requires me to consider and report on matters pertinent to the Council's financial statements and audit. This Report should be read in conjunction with my audit opinion on the general purpose financial statements issued under s417(2) of the Act.

INCOME STATEMENT

Operating result

	2017	2016	Variance
	\$m	\$m	%
Rates and annual charges revenue	77.6	71.8	8.1 ↑
Grants and contributions revenue	34.8	50.8	(31.5) ↓
Operating result for the year	39.6	77.9	(49.2) ↓
Net operating result before capital amounts	13.9	34.4	(59.6) ↓

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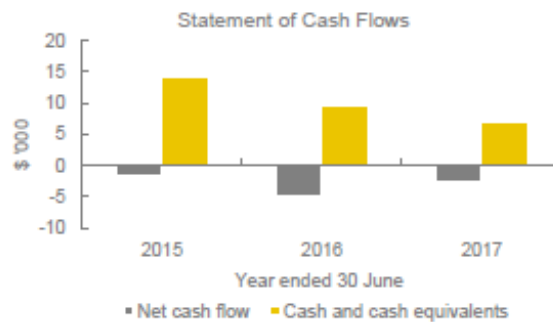
- The operating result from continuing operations for the year is a surplus of \$39.6 million (2016: \$77.9 million) including the effect of depreciation expense of \$15.1 million (2016: \$15.7 million). The decline in the operating result is attributable to Grants and Contributions revenue decrease of 31.5 per cent. Developer Contributions (s94) reduced by \$23.4 million to \$15.2 million in 2016-17. Additionally, Other Revenue declined as result of movements in fair value of investment properties equating to a net reduction of \$20.9 million.
- Rates and annual charges increased by 8.1 per cent due to a combination of an approved Special Rate Variation (seven per cent) and Supplementary Rates issued. This mainly arose from growth within the local government area.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Operating cash flows were impacted by a reduction of \$17.2 million in grants and contributions cash receipts, specifically s94 contributions.

Investing cash flows improved by \$19 million mainly because of reduced spending on infrastructure, property assets and the sale of assets.

The net decrease in cash and cash equivalents was \$2.6 million compared to the amount of \$4.8 million in 2016.



FINANCIAL POSITION

Cash and Investments

Restricted Cash and Investments	2017	2016	Commentary
	\$m	\$m	
External restrictions	100.5	90.8	Council's external restrictions increased by 11 per cent, due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • section 94 Contributions received (and interest earned) throughout the year exceeded Section 94 related expenditure by \$2.5 million • unexpended grants received during the financial year exceeded \$4.6 million • domestic waste management operations resulted in a \$2.4 million net saving transferred to the DWM Reserve
Internal restrictions	83.4	82.9	
Unrestricted	2.5	4.4	
Cash and investments	186.4	178.1	
			Council's internal restrictions increased marginally by \$0.5 million with approximately \$27 million being transferred to and from restricted reserves. The transfer included \$8.0 million for asset renewal purposes, \$5.3 million for office accommodation purposes, \$3.8 million for the Ryde Aquatic Leisure Centre, \$3.3 million for property development purposes and \$2.2 million for plant replacement purposes.
			Council's unrestricted cash and investments have reduced by \$1.9 million to \$2.5 million. This should be closely monitored to ensure council does not overly restrict its cash and investments and therefore forego some of its financial flexibility.

PERFORMANCE RATIOS

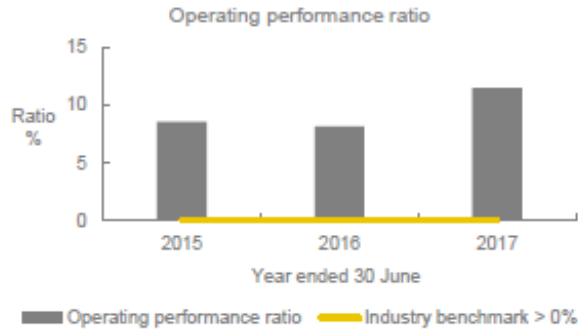
Operating performance ratio

Council's operating performance ratio of 11.47 per cent in 2016-17 continues to exceed the industry benchmark of greater than zero per cent.

Contributing factors to this result include:

- increase in rates and users charges primarily due to Special Rate Variation of seven per cent
- stabilisation of operating expenses particularly in employee benefits and on costs, materials and contracts, and depreciation when compared to 2015-16.

The 'operating performances ratio' measures how well council contained operating expenditure within operating revenue (excluding capital grants and contributions, fair value adjustments, and reversal of revaluation decrements). The benchmark set by the Office of Local Government (OLG) is greater than zero per cent.

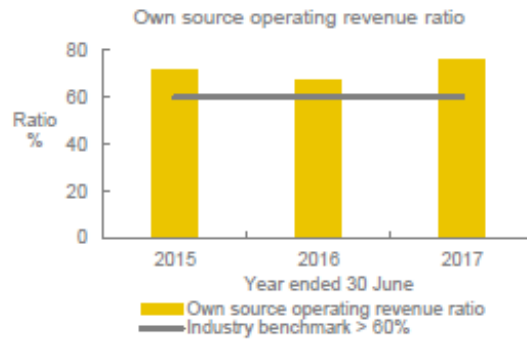


Own source operating revenue ratio

Council's own source operating ratio of 75.8 per cent reflects a low level of reliance on externally sourced grant revenue and exceeded the benchmark of greater than 60 per cent.

The ratio has remained relatively stable above the benchmark over the last three years.

The 'own source operating revenue ratio' measures council's fiscal flexibility and the degree to which it relies on external funding sources such as operating grants and contributions. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than 60 per cent.

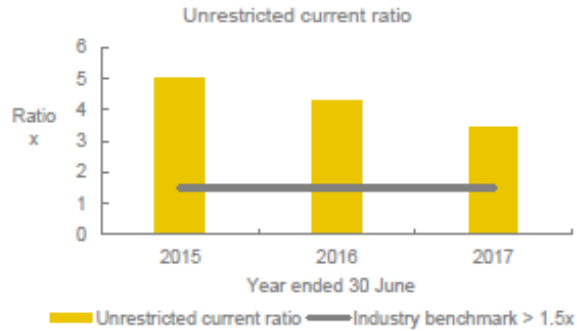


Unrestricted current ratio

This ratio indicates that Council currently has \$3.44 of unrestricted assets available to service every \$1.0 of its unrestricted current liabilities. This reflects a sufficient operating buffer for use in Council's operations and exceeds the OLG benchmark of greater than 1.5 times.

The ratio has gradually declined over the past three years largely as a result of a decline in the value of overall current assets.

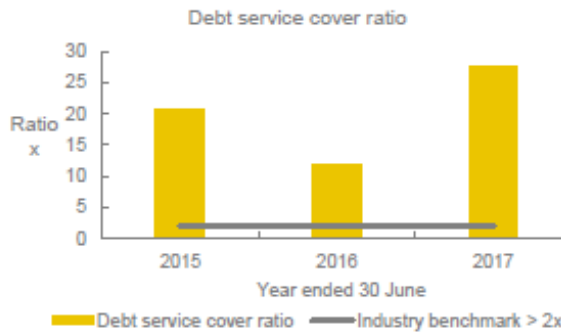
The 'unrestricted current ratio' is specific to local government and represents council's ability to meet its short term obligations as they fall due. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than 1.5 times.



Debt service cover ratio

Council's debt service cover ratio (27.65 times) continues to exceed industry benchmark (two times). It is contributed by low debt dependency (\$3.5 million outstanding as at 30 June 2017) equates to very modest levels of debt repayments.

The 'debt service cover ratio' measures the operating cash to service debt including interest, principal and lease payments. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than two times.

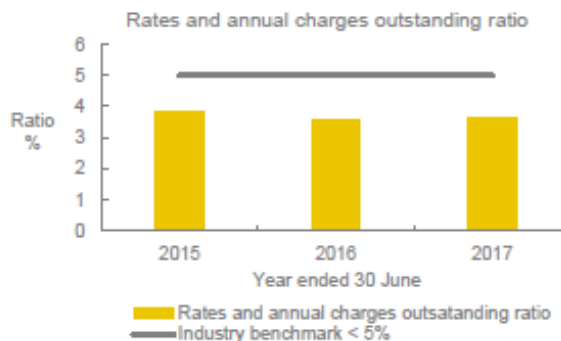


Rates and annual charges outstanding ratio

Council's outstanding rates and charges ratio (3.6 per cent) remains within the industry benchmark of below five per cent. Main contributing factors include:

- concerted effort to arrange payment with ratepayers facing financial difficulties, particularly given the approved Special Rate Variation
- active follow up on recovery of outstanding debts.

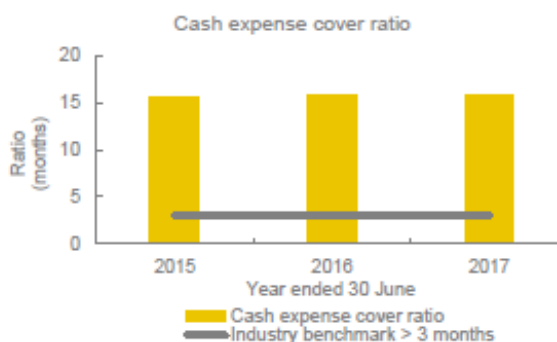
The 'rates and annual charges outstanding ratio' assesses the impact of uncollected rates and annual charges on council's liquidity and the adequacy of debt recovery efforts. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than five per cent for metro councils.



Cash expense cover ratio

Council's cash expense cover ratio of 15.9 months continues to exceed industry benchmark (three months). This reflects the substantial accumulation of cash and term deposits made over a number of years.

This liquidity ratio indicates the number of months the council can continue paying for its immediate expenses without additional cash inflow. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than three months.

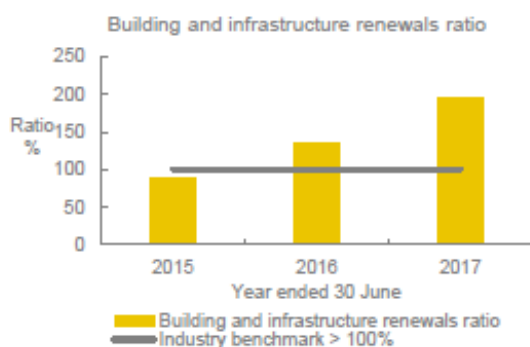


Building and infrastructure renewals ratio

Council's infrastructure renewals ratio is improving due to its increasing investment in asset renewals. The approved Special Rate Variation was designed to address shortfalls in asset renewal investment.

The 'building and infrastructure renewals ratio assesses the rate at which these assets are being renewed against the rate at which they are depreciating. The benchmark set by OLG is greater than 100 per cent.

This ratio is sourced from information contained in council's Special Schedule 7 which has not been audited.



New accounting standards implemented

AASB 124 'Related Party Disclosures'

Effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or 1 July 2016

AASB 2015-6 extended the scope of AASB 124 to include not-for-profit public sector entities. As a result, Council's financial statements disclosed the:

- compensation paid to their key management personnel
- nature of their related party relationships
- amount and nature of their related party transactions, outstanding balances and commitments and outstanding balances (including commitments).

Our insights inform and challenge government to improve outcomes for citizens



Legislative compliance

My audit procedures did not identify any instances of non-compliance with legislative requirements or a material deficiency in the Council's accounting records or financial reports. The Council's:

- accounting records were maintained in a manner and form to allow the general purpose financial statements to be prepared and effectively audited
- staff provided all accounting records and information relevant to the audit.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Weini Liao", with a vertical line extending downwards from the end of the signature.

Weini Liao
Director, Financial Audit Services

25 October 2017
SYDNEY

cc: George Dedes, Acting General Manager
Binary Centre, Level 1 of Building 3, 3 Richardson Place, North Ryde NSW 2112

John Gordon, Chair of Audit and Risk Committee
Binary Centre, Level 1 of Building 3, 3 Richardson Place, North Ryde NSW 2112

Tim Hurst, Acting Chief Executive of the Office of Local Government



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A horizontal bar composed of a series of small, colorful rectangular segments in shades of pink, purple, blue, green, yellow, orange, and red.

Special Purpose Financial Statements

Year Ended 30 June 2017

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Special Purpose Financial Reports

- Income statement of other Business activities
- Statement of financial position of other business activities

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SPSF 6

Notes to the Special Purpose Financial Statements

Note 1 Significant accounting policies

SPSF 7 - 8

STATEMENT BY COUNCILLORS AND MANAGEMENT

made pursuant to the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting

The attached special purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with:

- the NSW Government Policy Statement, Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government
- the Division of Local Government Guidelines, Pricing & Costing for Council Businesses: A guide to Competitive Neutrality
- the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting
- the NSW Office of Water Best-Practice Management of Water Supply and Sewerage Guidelines.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, these statements:

- presents fairly the operating result and financial position for each of Council's declared business activities for the year, and
- accords with Council's accounting and other records

We are not aware of any matter that would render the reports false or misleading in any way.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Council made on 24 October 2017.



Councillor Jerome Laxale
Mayor



Councillor Christopher Gordon
Deputy Mayor



Mr George Dedes
Acting General Manager



Mr Steven Kludass
Responsible Accounting Officer

INCOME STATEMENT OF OTHER BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

	Ryde Aquatic Leisure Centre		Commercial Waste Management	
	(Category 1)		(Category 2)	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Income from continuing operations				
Annual Charges	-	-	-	-
User Charges	5,754	5,373	1,440	1,371
Fees	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Other income	18	20	-	-
Grants & Contributions provided for Non-Capital Purposes	-	-	-	-
Profit from the sale of assets	-	-	-	-
Total Income From Continuing Operations	5,772	5,393	1,440	1,371
Expenses from continuing operations				
Employee benefits and on costs	3,368	3,363	-	-
Materials and Contracts	597	586	387	323
Borrowing costs	-	45	-	-
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	849	650	-	-
Loss on sale of assets	-	-	-	-
Calculated Taxation Equivalents	184	183	-	-
Other expenses	71	157	273	266
Total Expenses From Continuing Operations	5,069	4,984	660	589
Surplus (Deficit) from Continuing Operations before capital amounts	703	409	780	782
Grants & Contributions provided for Capital Purposes	-	-	-	-
Surplus (Deficit) from Continuing Operations after capital amounts	703	409	780	782
Surplus (Deficit) from Discontinued Operations	-	-	-	-
Surplus (Deficit) from All Operations before Tax	703	409	780	782
Less Corporate Taxation Equivalent (30%) [based on Operating result before capital]	211	123	234	235
Surplus (Deficit) After Tax	492	286	546	547
Opening Retained profits	32,664	32,072	200	200
Adjustments for Amounts Unpaid:-				
Taxation Equivalent Payments	184	183	-	-
Corporate Taxation Equivalent	211	123	234	235
Plus: Equity Contributions	-	-	-	-
Less: Equity Withdrawals	-	-	-	-
Less: TER Dividend payment (non restricted activities)	-	-	(234)	(235)
Less: Surplus Dividend payment (non restricted activities)	-	-	(546)	(547)
Closing Retained Profits	33,551	32,664	200	200
RETURN ON CAPITAL (%)	2.03%	1.15%	0.00%	0.00%
Required return on capital (%)	5.61%	5.35%	0.00%	0.00%
SUBSIDY FROM COUNCIL	1,240	1,486	-	-

Calculation of Dividend Payable

Surplus (Deficit) after tax	492	286	546	547
Less: Capital grants & contributions	-	-	-	-
Surplus for dividend calculation purposes	492	286	546	547
Dividend calculated from surplus	492	286	546	547

FINANCIAL POSITION OF OTHER BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

	Ryde Aquatic Leisure Centre		Commercial Waste Management	
	(Category 1)		(Category 2)	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash Asset and cash equivalents	1,207	624	-	-
Investments	-	-	-	-
Receivables	30	40	516	409
Inventories	12	12	-	-
Other	5,567	4,633	-	121
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	6,816	5,309	516	530
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Investments	-	-	-	-
Receivables	-	-	-	-
Inventories	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure, Property, Plant & Equipment	34,639	35,446	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	34,639	35,446	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	41,455	40,755	516	530
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Payables	344	281	77	281
Income received in advance	335	332	-	-
Interest Bearing Liabilities	285	271	190	-
Provisions	868	849	-	-
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,832	1,733	267	281
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Payables	-	-	-	-
Interest Bearing Liabilities	951	1,236	-	-
Provisions	12	13	49	49
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	963	1,249	49	49
NET ASSETS	38,660	37,773	200	200
EQUITY				
Retained Earnings	33,551	32,664	200	200
Revaluation Reserves	5,109	5,109	-	-
Council Equity interest	-	-	-	-
Minority Equity interest	-	-	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY	38,660	37,773	200	200

NOTE 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A statement summarising the supplemental accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Special Purpose Financial Report (SPFS) for National Competition Policy reporting purposes follows.

These financial statements are a SPFS prepared for use by the Council and Office of Local Government. For the purposes of these statements, the Council is non-reporting not-for-profit entity.

The figures presented in the SPFS, unless otherwise stated, have been prepared in accordance with the recognition criteria of applicable Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the AASB and Australian Accounting Interpretation. The disclosures in the SPFS have been prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act and Regulation and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting.

The statements are also prepared on an accruals basis. They are based on historic costs and do not take into account changing money values or, except where specifically stated, current values of non-current assets. Certain taxes and other costs, appropriately described, have been imputed for the purposes of the National Competition Policy.

National Competition Policy

Council has adopted the principle of 'competitive neutrality' to its business activities as part of the national competition policy which is being applied throughout Australia at all levels of government. The framework for its application is set out in the June 1996 Government Policy statement on the "Application of National Competition Policy to Local Government". The "Pricing & Costing for Council Businesses - A Guide to Competitive Neutrality" issued by the Office of Local Government in July 1997 has also been adopted.

The pricing & costing guidelines outline the process for identifying and allocating costs to activities and provide a standard of disclosure requirements. These disclosures are reflected in Council's pricing and/or financial reporting systems and include taxation equivalents; Council subsidies; and return on investments (rate of return); and dividends paid.

Declared Business Activities

In accordance with Pricing & Costing for Council Businesses – A Guide to Competitive Neutrality, Council has declared that the following are to be considered as business activities:

Category 1

Name	Brief Description of Activity
Ryde Aquatic Leisure Centre	Provision of aquatic and dry court sports and leisure facilities

Category 2

Name	Brief Description of Activity
Commercial Waste Removal	Commercial waste collection, recycling and disposal.

Monetary Amounts

Amounts shown in the financial statements are in Australian currency and rounded to the nearest one thousand dollars.

Taxation Equivalent Payments

Council is liable to pay various taxes and financial duties. Where this is the case, they are disclosed as a cost of operations (General Purpose Financial Statement) like all other costs. However, where Council does not pay some taxes which are generally paid by private sector businesses, such as income tax, these equivalent tax payments have been applied to all Council nominated business activities and are reflected in the SPFS. For the purposes of disclosing comparative information relevant to the private sector equivalent the following taxation equivalents have been applied to all Council nominated business activities:

Tax	Notional Rate Applied %
Corporate Tax Rate	30%
Land Tax	1.6% of the value in excess of \$549,000 but less than \$3,357,000. 2% of the value in excess of \$3,357,000
Payroll Tax	5.45% of total labour payments for the individual business activity in excess of \$750,000
Stamp Duty	Statutory rates as published by the Office of State Revenue.

Income Tax

An income tax equivalent has been applied on the profits of the business. Whilst income tax is not a specific cost for the purpose of pricing a good or service, it needs to be taken into account in terms of assessing the rate of return required on capital invested. Accordingly, the return on capital invested is set at a pre-tax level (gain/ (loss) from ordinary activities before capital amounts) as would be applied by a private sector competitor – that is, it should include a provision equivalent to the corporate income tax rate, currently 30%.

Income tax is only applied where a gain from ordinary activities before capital amounts has been achieved. Since the taxation equivalent is notional, that is, it is payable to the "Council" as the owner of business operations, it represents an internal payment and has no effect on the operations of the Council.

Accordingly, there is no need for disclosure of internal charges in the GPFR. The rate applied of 30% is the equivalent company tax rate prevalent as at balance date. No adjustments have been made for variations that have occurred during the year.

Local Government Rates & Charges

A calculation of the equivalent rates and charges for all Category 1 businesses has been applied to all assets owned or exclusively used by the business activity.

Loan and Debt Guarantee Fees

The debt guarantee fee is designed to ensure that Council business activities face "true" commercial borrowing costs in line with private sector competitors. In order to calculate a debt guarantee fee, Council has determined what the differential borrowing rate would have been between the commercial rate and the council's borrowing rate for its business activities.

(i) Subsidies

Government policy requires that subsidies provided to customers and the funding of those subsidies must be explicitly disclosed. Subsidies occur where Council provides services on a less than cost recovery basis. This option is exercised on a range of services in order for Council to meet its community service obligations. The overall effect of subsidies is contained within the income statement of Business Activities.

(ii) Return on Investments (Rate of Return)

The Policy statement requires that Councils with Category 1 businesses "would be expected to generate a return on capital funds employed that is comparable to rates of return for private businesses operating in a similar field". Funds are subsequently available for meeting commitments or financing future investment strategies. Where a business activity has required the investment of capital assets, the rate of return on investment is disclosed in the income statement of Business Activities.

(iii) Dividends

Council is not required to pay dividends to either itself as owner of a range of businesses or to any external entities.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
Report on the special purpose financial statement
Council of the City of Ryde

To the Councillors of the Council of the City of Ryde

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying special purpose financial statements (the financial statements) of Council of the City of Ryde's (the Council) Declared Business Activities, which comprise the statement of financial position of each Declared Business Activity as at 30 June 2017, the income statement of each Declared Business Activity for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information for the Business Activities declared by Council, and the Statement by Councillors and Management.

The Declared Business Activities of the Council are:

- Ryde Aquatic Leisure Centre
- Commercial Waste Management.

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council's declared Business Activities as at 30 June 2017, and their financial performance for the year then ended, in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards described in Note 1 and the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting (LG Code).

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report and in particular, the Emphasis of Matter referring to the basis of accounting.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of my report.

I am independent of the Council in accordance with the requirements of the:

- Australian Auditing Standards
- Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of councils
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

Without modifying my opinion, I draw attention to Note (1) to the financial statements which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling Council's financial reporting responsibilities under the LG Code. As a result, the financial statements may not be suitable for another purpose.

Other Matter

The financial statements of the Council for the year ended 30 June 2016 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on that financial statement on 12 October 2016.

The Councillors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Councillors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and for determining that the accounting policies, described in Note 1 to the financial statements, are appropriate to meet the requirements in the LG Code. The Councillors' responsibility also includes such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Councillors must assess the Council's ability to continue as a going concern except where the Council will be dissolved or amalgamated by an Act of Parliament. The assessment must disclose, as applicable, matters related to going concern and the appropriateness of using the going concern basis of accounting, as it affects the Council's Declared Business Activities.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on the financial statements.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf.

The description forms part of my auditor's report.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- that the Council carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited financial statements on any website where they may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the financial statements.



Weini Liao
Director, Financial Audit Services

25 October 2017
SYDNEY



City of Ryde

Lifestyle and opportunity @ your doorstep



Special Schedules

Year Ended 30 June 2017

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SPECIAL SCHEDULE 1 – NET COST OF SERVICES

Function or Activity	Expenses from continuing operations	Income from continuing operations (non-capital)	Income from continuing operations (capital)	Net cost of services
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Governance	2,608	137		(2,471)
Administration	23,405	3,697	50	(19,658)
Public Order & Safety				
Fire Service Levy, Fire Protection, Emergency Services	2,339	14		(2,325)
Animal Control	297	57		(240)
Beach Control				
Enforcement of Local Govt Regs	1,045	2,890		1,845
Other Public Order & Safety	1,916	4,217		2,301
Total Public Order & Safety	5,597	7,178		1,581
Health	542	485		(57)
Environment				
Noxious Plants and Insect/Vermin Control				
Other Environment Protection	574	8		(566)
Solid Waste Management	17,753	21,549		3,796
Street Cleaning				
Drainage				
Stormwater Management	3,712	1,119	68	(2,525)
Total Environment	22,039	22,676	68	705
Community Services & Education				
Administration & Education	786	40		(746)
Social Protection (Welfare)	1,927	654		(1,273)
Aged Persons and Disabled	508	537		29
Children's Services	256	83		(173)
Total Community Services & Education	3,477	1,314		(2,163)
Housing & Community Amenities				
Public Cemeteries				
Public Conveniences	1,072	183		(889)
Street Lighting	2,202	371		(1,831)
Town Planning	7,506	9,803	7,021	9,318
Other Community Amenities	47	8	300	261
Total Housing & Community Amenities	10,827	10,365	7,321	6,859
Water Supplies				
Sewerage Services				
Recreation & Culture				
Public Libraries	5,739	1,110		(4,629)
Museums				
Art Galleries				
Community Centres and Halls	624	297		(327)
Performing Arts Venues				
Other Performing Arts				
Other Cultural Services	655	192		(463)
Sporting Grounds and Venues	525	683	128	286
Swimming Pools	6,128	5,993		(135)
Parks & Gardens (Lakes)	8,473	10		(8,463)
Other Sport & Recreation	263	89		(174)
Total Recreation & Culture	22,407	8,374	128	(13,905)

Special Schedule 1 – NET COST OF SERVICES (CONTINUED)

Function or Activity	Expenses from continuing operations	Income from continuing operations (non-capital)	Income from continuing operations (capital)	Net cost of services
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Fuel & Energy				
Agriculture				
Mining, Manufacturing & Construction				
Building Control	657	189		(468)
Other Mining, Manufacturing & Construction				
Total Mining, Manufacturing & Construction	657	189		(468)
Transport & Communication				
Urban Roads : Local	11,223	3,766	18,135	10,678
Urban Roads : Regional				
Sealed Rural Roads : Local				
Bridges on Urban Roads : Local	59			(59)
Bridges on Urban Roads : Regional				
Bridges on Urban Roads : Other				
Footpaths	1,746			(1,746)
Aerodromes				
Parking Areas	452			(452)
Other	204	174	18	(12)
Total Transport & Communication	13,684	3,940	18,153	8,409
Economic Affairs				
Camping Areas and Caravan Parks				
Other Economic Affairs	1,463	1,863		400
Total Economic Affairs	1,463	1,863		400
TOTALS - FUNCTIONS	106,706	60,218	25,720	(20,768)
GENERAL PURPOSE REVENUES ⁽¹⁾		60,348		60,348
SHARE OF GAIN/(DEFICIT) FROM ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD ⁽²⁾				
CORRECTION OF FUNDAMENTAL ERROR ⁽²⁾				
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS ⁽²⁾	106,706	120,566	25,720	39,580
EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS ⁽²⁾				
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FROM ALL ACTIVITIES ⁽²⁾	106,706	120,566	25,720	39,580

NOTE : 1 The definition of general purpose income for the purposes of disclosure in Note 2(a) is the aggregation of specific income items disclosed in Note 3 of the GPFS: ordinary rates; general purpose untied grants; interest on overdue rates and annual charges, internally restricted assets, and general council cash and investments and ex gratia rates.

2. As reported on the Income Statement

SPECIAL SCHEDULE 2(a) – STATEMENT OF LONG-TERM DEBT (ALL PURPOSES)

Classification of Debt	Principal Outstanding at beginning of Year		New Loans Raised during the year	Debt Redemption during the year		Interest Applicable For Year	Principal Outstanding at end of Year	
	Current	Non-Current		Total	From Revenue		Sinking Funds	Current
LOANS (By Source)								
Commonwealth Bank								
NSW Treasury Corporation								
Other State Government								
Public Subscriptions								
Financial Institutions	873	3,503	-	865	-	139	891	2,620
Other								3,511
TOTAL LOANS	873	3,503	-	865	-	139	891	2,620
OTHER LONG TERM DEBT								
Ratepayer's Advances								
Government Advances								
Finance Leases								
Deferred Payments								
TOTAL LONG TERM DEBT	873	3,503	-	865	-	139	891	2,620
								3,511

SPECIAL SCHEDULE 2(b) – STATEMENT OF INTERNAL LOANS (Section 410(3) LGA 1993)

(\$'000)

SUMMARY OF INTERNAL LOANS

Borrower (by purpose)	Amount Originally Raised ⁽²⁾	Total Repaid During the Year Principal & Interest	Principal Outstanding at End of Year
General			
Water			
Sewerage			
Domestic Waste Management			
Gas			
Other ⁽¹⁾	2,711	610	2,101
TOTALS	2,711	610	2,101

DETAILS OF INDIVIDUAL INTERNAL LOANS

Borrower (by purpose)	Lender (by purpose)	Date of Minister's Approval	Date Raised	Dates of Maturity	Rate of Interest	Amount Originally Raised ⁽²⁾	Total Repaid During the Year Principal & Interest ⁽³⁾	Principal Outstanding at End of Year
RALC ⁽²⁾ - Surf Ryder						2,711	610	2,101
TOTALS						2,711	610	2,101

⁽¹⁾ This includes Internal Loans from Internally Restricted Reserves, and not just those from Externally Restricted Reserves

⁽²⁾ The amount raised to the beginning of the year, was drawn down over a number of years:

2011/2012	\$ 364,737
2012/2013	\$ 323,123
2013/2014	\$ 1,321,378
2014/2015	\$ 701,919
TOTAL	\$2,711,157

⁽³⁾ Repayment amount includes transfer of \$500K from general fund in 2015/16

SPECIAL SCHEDULE 7 – REPORT ON INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

Asset Class	Asset Category	Estimated Cost to bring to a satisfactory standard (overdue renewals)	Required Annual Maintenance Expense	Current Annual Maintenance	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Replacement Cost (GRC)	Assets in Condition as a % of Gross Replacement Cost								
							\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	1	2	3	4	5	
Buildings	Council Offices/ Administration Centres	-	2,862	2,670	-	17,774	-	-	-	-	100.00%	-	-	-	
	Council Works Depot	-	422	364	2,295	9,141	19.70%	80.30%	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Council Public Halls	-	-	-	852	9,904	0.00%	12.20%	87.80%	-	-	-	-	-	
	Libraries	-	696	713	5,089	9,280	100.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Cultural Facilities	-	729	775	8,297	19,819	35.24%	50.04%	14.71%	-	-	-	-	-	
	Museum/Art Gallery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Amenities/Toilets	61	309	409	10,528	20,094	12.55%	62.16%	20.61%	4.37%	0.30%	-	-	-	
	Other Buildings	0	1,706	1,562	26,981	39,922	65.14%	11.90%	2.29%	13.11%	7.55%	-	-	-	
	Specialised Buildings	-	-	-	39,876	53,168	100.00%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sub total	61	6,724	6,493	93,918	179,102	28.02%	25.87%	31.74%	10.80%	3.57%	-	-	-	
Other Structures		3,349	6,461	5,888	76,821	93,732	27.59%	47.12%	13.70%	6.94%	4.65%	-	-	-	
Roads		14,009	505	430	222,381	301,237	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Sealed Roads Surface	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Unsealed Roads	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Bridges	0	53	4	2,449	4,129	12.72%	59.31%	27.98%	0.00%	0.00%	-	-		
	Footpaths	195	1,733	1,316	51,499	62,009	14.30%	75.46%	7.03%	2.89%	0.31%	-	-		
	Cycle ways	-	56	112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Kerb and Gutter	64	1,336	1,421	88,819	102,792	1.48%	82.07%	14.27%	2.12%	0.06%	-	-		
	Other Road Assets	1,401	1,871	1,790	3,365	7,072	13.28%	27.54%	19.56%	19.81%	19.81%	-	-		
Stormwater Drainage	Sub total	15,669	5,553	5,072	368,514	477,239	9.57%	90.43%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	Retarding Basins	0	-	-	942	1,064	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Outfalls	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Stormwater Conduits	877	175	189	147,625	183,802	13.40%	66.60%	16.12%	3.41%	0.48%	-	-		
	Inlet and Junction Pits	103	-	-	45,648	66,874	10.99%	46.57%	38.47%	3.82%	0.15%	-	-		
	Head Walls	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Outfall Structures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Stormwater Converters	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Other	0	-	-	8,613	14,795	13.55%	24.65%	45.24%	16.56%	0.00%	-	-		
Open Space/Recreational Assets	Sub total	979	175	189	202,828	266,635	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Swimming Pools	-	1,514	1,343	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Other Open Space/ Recreational Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Infrastructure Assets	Sub total	-	1,514	1,343	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total classes	Sub total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Total – all assets	20,058	20,427	18,985	742,080	1,016,608	18.95%	54.90%	18.60%	5.29%	2.27%	-	-	-	

SPECIAL SCHEDULE 7 – REPORT ON INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Notes:
Satisfactory condition refers to an asset that is not due for renewal, where a condition rating scale from 1 (Very Good Condition) to 5 (Asset Unserviceable) is utilised (Source: International Infrastructure Management Manual 2006). It does not include any planned 'enhancements' to the asset. Condition 5 assets are taken as being overdue for renewal, as the end of Condition 4 is the intervention point, useful life of the asset, at which time it should be renewed or disposed of.

Condition Rating	Condition Description
1	new or equivalent
2	good condition without visible blemishes or deterioration
3	usable & safe condition, with visible signs of wear or deterioration
4	usable condition with defects that interfere with use or reduce asset life e.g. extensive road cracking. At the end of Condition 4, the asset will be due for renewal or disposal.
5	requires major repairs or is not suitable to remain in use due to a significant safety hazard, i.e. it is overdue for renewal.

For condition 5 assets that remain in service, there is a low residual life 5%, but indefinite RUL (remaining useful life)
The backlog refers to asset renewals that have been deferred due to insufficient funds. Any asset in condition 5 is considered to have been deferred and overdue for renewal and therefore part of the backlog.
Current Annual Maintenance, included in the table above, includes maintenance and operating costs, excluding depreciation, as the differentiation and tracking of costs has not been previously done and there is insufficient information to estimate this. Required Annual Maintenance is what should be spent to maintain and operate assets in a satisfactory standard that are already in satisfactory standard.

***Buildings**
In assessing the condition of the building assets, an overall condition rating is applied to the building. When a building is noted as satisfactory, this should be interpreted that the majority of assets within the building (i.e. building components) are in a satisfactory condition. However there may be individual assets within the building that may be in an unsatisfactory condition.
In June 2017, Council resolved that Denistone East Bowling Club would become a passive and active recreation space. Subsequently, no renewal will occur for the component in Condition 5 for Other Buildings.
****Public Roads**
Included within the "Public Roads" group of assets is Urban Roads, Footpaths, and Kerb and Gutter
Council has adopted the use of a Pavement Management System (PMS) and condition data has been collected since 1991. The current replacement cost of the road assets is \$301M.
Council's footpath network has a current replacement value of \$62M. Council has designed and implemented a Footpath Management System, where every footpath is inspected and rated on a 1 to 5 rating basis.
Council manages kerb & gutter as part of the pavement management system, with condition rating done in conjunction with pavements. The current replacement value is \$103M.
The current replacement cost of bridges is \$4M.

SPECIAL SCHEDULE 7 – REPORT ON INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Infrastructure Asset Performance Indicators – Consolidated	Amounts \$'000	Current year	2016	2015	2014	Benchmark
Buildings Infrastructure Renewals Ratio Asset Renewals (building, infrastructure & other structures) Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	\$21,829 \$11,274	194%	134%	89%	123%	>100%
Infrastructure backlog ratio (WDV) Estimated cost to bring assets to a satisfactory condition (overdue renewals) Net carrying amount of infrastructure assets	\$20,058 \$742,080	2.7%	3.4%	3.4%	9%	< 2%
Asset maintenance ratio Actual asset maintenance Required asset maintenance	\$18,985 \$20,427	93%	88%	108%	91%	>100%
Cost to bring assets to agreed service level Estimated cost to bring assets to a satisfactory condition (overdue renewals) Total value of infrastructure, building, other structures and depreciable land improvement assets (GBV)	\$20,058 \$1,016,608	2.0%	2.5%	2.5%	6%	< 2%

SPECIAL SCHEDULE 8 – PERMISSIBLE INCOME FOR GENERAL RATES

	2016/2017 Calculation \$'000	2017/2018 Calculation \$'000
Notional General Income Calculation ⁽¹⁾		
Last Year Notional General Income Yield	53,866	57,941
Plus or minus Adjustments ⁽²⁾	<u>332</u>	<u>1,358</u>
Notional General Income	54,198	59,299
Permissible Income Calculation		
Special variation percentage ⁽³⁾	7.00%	7.00%
OR Rate peg percentage	1.80%	1.50%
OR Crown land adjustment incl. rate peg percentage	-	-
Less expiring special variation amount	-	-
Plus special variation amount	3,794	4,151
OR Plus rate peg amount	-	-
OR Plus crown land adjustment and rate peg amount	-	-
Sub-total	<u>57,992</u>	<u>63,450</u>
Plus or minus last year's Carry Forward Total	(52)	3
Less Valuation Objections claimed in the previous year	-	(1)
Sub-total	<u>57,941</u>	<u>1</u>
Total Permissible income	57,941	63,451
Less Notional General Income Yield	<u>57,941</u>	<u>63,151</u>
Catch-up or (excess) result	-	300
Plus Income lost due to valuation objections claimed ⁽⁴⁾	-	33
Less Unused catch-up ⁽⁵⁾	-	-
Carry forward to next year	-	333

Notes

- (1) The Notional General Income will not reconcile with rate income in the financial statements in the corresponding year. The statements are reported on an accrual accounting basis which include amounts that relate to prior years' rates income.
- (2) Adjustments account for changes in the number of assessments and any increase or decrease in land value occurring during the year. The adjustments are called in the Valuation of Land Act 1916. "supplementary valuations" as defined in the Valuation of Land
- (3) The Special Variation Percentage is inclusive of the Rate Peg percentage and where applicable crown land adjustment.
- (4) Valuation objections are unexpected changes in land values as a result of land owners successfully objecting to the land value issued by the Valuer-General. Councils can claim the value of the income lost due to valuation objections in any single year.
- (5) Unused catch-up amounts will be deducted if they are not caught up within 2 years. Usually councils will have a nominal carry forward figure. These amounts can be adjusted for in setting the rates in a future year.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Special Schedule No. 8

Council of the City of Ryde

To the Councillors of Council of the City of Ryde

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying special purpose financial statement comprising the reconciliation of total permissible general income (Special Schedule No. 8) of Council of the City of Ryde (the Council) for the year ending 30 June 2018.

In my opinion, Special Schedule No. 8 of Council of the City of Ryde for 30 June 2018 is prepared, in all material respects in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting (LG Code) issued by the Office of Local Government (OLG), and is in accordance with the books and records of the Council.

My opinion should be read in conjunction with the rest of this report, and in particular the Emphasis of Matter paragraph, which describes the basis of accounting.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under the standards are described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Special Schedule No.8' section of my report.

I am independent of the Council in accordance with the requirements of the:

- Australian Auditing Standards
- ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 'Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants' (APES 110).

I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with APES 110.

Parliament promotes independence by ensuring the Auditor-General and the Audit Office of New South Wales are not compromised in their roles by:

- providing that only Parliament, and not the executive government, can remove an Auditor-General
- mandating the Auditor-General as auditor of councils
- precluding the Auditor-General from providing non-audit services.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

Without modifying my opinion, I draw attention to the notes and explanations in Special Schedule No. 8 that instruct councils in its preparation so it complies with OLG's requirements as described in the LG Code. As a result, Special Schedule No. 8 may not be suitable for another purpose.

Other Matter

Special Schedule No.8 of the Council for the year ended 30 June 2016 was audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on Special Schedule No. 8 on 12 October 2016.

Councillors' Responsibility for Special Schedule No. 8

The Councillors of the Council are responsible for the preparation of Special Schedule No. 8 in accordance with the LG Code. The Councillors' responsibility also includes such internal control as the Councillors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of Special Schedule No. 8 that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing Special Schedule No.8, the Councillors must assess the Council's ability to continue as a going concern except where the Council will be dissolved or amalgamated by an Act of Parliament. The assessment must disclose, as applicable, matters related to going concern and the appropriateness of using the going concern basis of accounting.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Special Schedule No. 8

My objectives are to:

- obtain reasonable assurance whether Special Schedule No. 8 as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error
- issue an Independent Auditor's Report including my opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect material misstatements. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions users take based on Special Schedule No.8.

A description of my responsibilities for the audit of Special Schedule No.8 is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar8.pdf. The description forms part of my auditor's report.

My opinion does not provide assurance:

- that the Council carried out its activities effectively, efficiently and economically
- about the security and controls over the electronic publication of the audited Special Schedule No.8 on any website where they may be presented
- about any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from Special Schedule No 8.



Weini Liao
Director, Financial Audit Services

25 October 2017
SYDNEY