

Lifestyle and opportunity @ your doorstep

ATTACHMENTS FOR: AGENDA NO. 8/19 WORKS AND COMMUNITY COMMITTEE MEETING

Meeting Date:	Tuesday 12 November 2019
Location:	Council Chambers, Level 1A, 1 Pope Street, Ryde
Time:	6.00pm

ATTACHMENTS FOR WORKS AND COMMUNITY COMMITTEE

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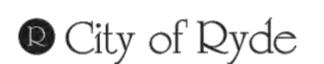
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7	CITY OF RYD	E - DRAFT OPEN SPACE LIGHTING POLICY
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Lifestyle and opportunity @ your doorstep

OPEN SPACE LIGHTING POLICY

Policy Adopted XXXX



ATTACHMENT 1

Open Space Lighting Policy

City of Ryde Lifestyle and opportunity @ your doorstep

PURPOSE

This policy will guide lighting decisions in the City of Ryde open spaces. The policy guides when and where lighting in open space is needed and if so, what type of lighting and illumination level should be used.

SCOPE

The policy addresses lighting in Council owned and managed open space parks and reserves. This does not include other areas managed by Council such as roads and lanes, nor private open space.

The policy applies to all Officers and Councillors.

DOCUMENT CONTROL

ISSUE NAME	ISSUE DATE	PURPOSE
Draft Policy	30 August 2019	Council for Public Exhibition

	Open Space Lighting Policy	
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LIGHTING ASSETS IN THE CITY OF RYDE

The City of Ryde (CoR) has various types of lighting assets installed within its parks, reserves and sports fields.

The lighting installations are owned and maintained by either the electricity distribution networks (Ausgrid/Endeavour) or by the CoR.

In general, the lighting installations of either authority remain totally separate apart from the point of supply from the distribution network to the CoR installation.

Network lighting installations:

Network lighting installations have their own set of standards including luminaire types and network compliance requirements.

Network lighting installations are designed and installed by an Accredited Service Providers (ASPs) in the appropriate level and class.

Network lighting installations are designed to comply with current lighting standards to Category V (roads) and P (pedestrian). The level of illumination for Category P which includes pathways is determined by the network without consultation with CoR.

Network lighting installations are unmetered. CoR pay an annual fee for this lighting.

CoR lighting installations:

CoR installations are classed as private installations.

As private installations the CoR are free to select suitable lighting fixtures which form part of a CoR Standard Lighting Fixtures suite of lights.

The design and installation of private lighting installations must comply with current lighting and electrical standards but is not bound by network standards in public areas including parks, reserves and streets.

The CoR may determine illumination levels for pedestrian areas (Category P) based on local conditions which usually includes consideration of the level of activity, amenity and risk of crime.

Sports field lighting installations are designed only for training or match play.

CoR lighting installations are generally metered. Small installations of less than 10 amps single phase load may be unmetered and are referred to as a Special Small Unmetered Services or Permanent Unmetered Services (PUMS).

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Current typical lighting installations in the CoR are described in the following table

Lighting Installation	Description	Examples of Lighting Types
Network owned pole-top lights	Installed, owned and maintained by the Network. (with Council financial contribution). Note: The Network will only install lights that it has approved and incorporated within its network standards. Removal of these lights may attract residual value costs payable to the Service Provider by Council	
Council owned decorative pole-top lights	Installed, owned and maintained by CoR.	

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Lighting Installation	Description	Examples of Lighting Types
Council owned solar lights	Installed, owned and maintained by council. These lighting fixtures are either stand-alone or connected to a solar array at adjacent Council owned buildings.	
Council owned bollard lighting	Installed, owned and maintained by Council. These lights are installed along pathways in selected parks. Council is phasing out the use of these lights as they do not meet the policy standards which include requirements for face recognition and minimising vandalism.	

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Light Category	Description	Examples of Lighting Types
Sports lights	Council owned and maintained on sports grounds. The sports lighting is only for the field of play. Cut-off style fittings are used to minimise light spill	
Carpark lights	Some Network owned and some Council owned metered and maintained.	
Feature/decorative lighting including in-ground lights	Council owned metered and maintained.	

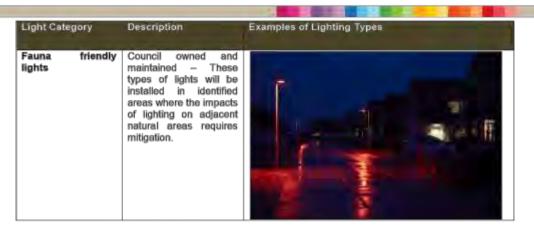
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CURRENT SITUATION IN RYDE Passive Recreation Space

Lights:

- · Many of the parks in the CoR contain some form of lighting.
- · There was no policy that covered lighting in open space.
- · Currently there is a mix of Network and Council owned and maintained lights in the CoR
- Many of the old Network owned lights are in locations that would not comply with this policy and will
 need to be sequentially removed and replaced with Council owned lighting in accordance with the
 policy where appropriate.
- The majority of passive park lights are pole-top lights, with only a few parks containing bollards style lights.
- Council currently replaces and/or expands park lighting through the Passive Parks Improvements and Expansion program.
- Some lights in CoR parks are connected to the CoR Central Management System (Yotta)

Sporting Facilities and Active Open Space:

- A number of active sporting fields in the CoR have sports floodlights.
- Current lighting for sports grounds meets the Australian Standard AS 2560.2.3-2007 (R2017) Sports Lighting Specific Applications - Lighting for football (all codes) for training and amateur games (for Soccer, Rugby League and Union, Australian Rules, and other minor sports), which calls for an average across the ground of 50 lux for training and 100 lux for games. Lighting is provided on selected fields such as EIs Hall Park, Meadowbank Park Netball and Magdala Park at a lighting level of 250 lux for competition matches.
- Provision of sports lighting at the level to allow for competition play at or above 250 lux on other fields would be assessed on a case by case basis.
- Sportsfield lighting has been progressively upgraded to fittings that focus and direct light downwards and that significantly reduce light spill into areas outside of the playing surface
- All new sports lighting will comply with the CoR Open Space Lighting Policy
- Sports lighting in CoR parks are connected to the CoR Central Management System (EState)

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Open Space Carparks

- A number of carparks in parks have lighting
- Currently there is a mix of Network and Council owned and maintained lights in these areas
- All new open space carpark lighting will comply with the CoR Open Space Lighting Policy

Shared Cycle / Pedestrian Paths

- These are a number of shared paths that link key routes such as the Ryde River Walk that have some form of lighting
- · The majority of these are pole top lights
- There has been little coordination on the type of lighting used

Urban Plazas and Shopping Precincts

- There are a number of urban spaces that have a mixture of Network and Council owned and maintained lighting.
- The majority are pole top lights
- As these spaces are upgraded, new lighting will be installed in accordance with this policy.

Feature Lighting / Aesthetic Lighting

- This type of lighting has been used to emphasise buildings, landscape areas and monuments
- These lights are owned and maintained by Council

Purpose of Lighting

Use of Open Space

- Outdoor lighting is required for the enjoyment and use of open space outside of daylight hours. Council should encourage usage at identified locations and at appropriate times in order to support diverse night time and early morning activity in Ryde and to make best use of our available open space.
- It is not appropriate or desirable to light all open spaces as many parks and reserves are located in
 quiet residential areas or adjoining natural areas where Council may not want to encourage night
 time activity. It is however important that appropriate night time options are considered and where
 appropriate, provided. It should be noted that not all parks can be used for night time activities.
- This draft policy recommends improved lighting of selected open space reserves that meet the policy criteria, to encourage informal recreation use and physical activity and provide access through parks where appropriate. The policy will also provide criteria for minimising impact on wildlife and utilising existing or alternative lighting sources where possible.

Safety

- The correlation between lighting and crime is inconclusive. Although it is a common perception, there
 is little significant data to support that lighting reduces criminal activity.¹
- Lighting can improve perceptions of safety in the community, thereby encouraging use of certain spaces and passive surveillance provided by the presence of others. However Council should also

¹ Crime Prevention Unit Paper No. 29, Better Street Lighting on Crime and Fear: a review. Ramsay, M and R. Newton, London Home Office, London.

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avoid creating false perceptions of safety by not providing lighting in remote or poorly surveyed locations.

- It may be more appropriate to have persons use adjacent streets, where lighting and passive surveillance from associated housing and/or businesses, provides a safer alternative than paths through open space.
- Lighting can be one of a suite of measures used to improve safety, along with the principles of Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) and Safer by Design; however it does not guarantee safe places in and of itself, and may not always be the most appropriate solution.

Movement through Open Space

- Where appropriate, people need adequately lit paths to move through open space outside of daylight
 hours. Lighting along key routes can encourage and facilitate sustainable transport modes such as
 walking, cycling and public transport. These key routes may include paths through parks which lead
 to public transport stops or stations, and shared paths which link into the main movement network
 and/or commuter paths for pedestrians and cyclists.
- This Policy and accompanying Park Lighting Assessment Criteria are to be used to determine the suitability of parks for lighting.

Presentation of the City

- Quality lighting design can highlight urban features and enhance the look and feel of the city at night. This has reputational and potentially economic benefits to Council as it ties into the night time economy. Feature lighting will have most benefit where it is located in highly visible spaces and connected to city gateways, public art installations or areas of night time activity.
- The design quality and placement of light fixtures also has an impact, and can make a valuable contribution to the aesthetics and amenity of open space.

Impacts of Lighting

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

All lighting requires some energy use. Under the adopted Cities Power Partnership, CoR is looking at a number of strategies to reduce our carbon emissions

The variety of low-energy fixtures using LED and other energy efficient luminaires as well as timers and motion sensors currently on the market provide an opportunity to further reduce emissions associated with new lighting installations. This policy advocates for the use of these types of luminaires where possible.

With the advent of solar lighting with low energy fixtures, Council will look to link these to solar arrays on buildings and where possible look at the installation of batteries to store power where the cost/benefit is acceptable

Impact on Urban Wildlife

Artificial light in open space can disrupt biological rhythms and interfere with the behaviour of nocturnal animals and their prey, thereby effecting biodiversity in the City. This impact must be weighed and minimised when considering lighting in any areas of high environmental value.

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The City of Ryde Biodiversity Plan contains a number of strategies for the effective long-term management and viability of remnant vegetation and ecosystems. Where lighting is required, this can be improved through the responsible locating and provision of fauna friendly lighting'. Longer wavelength colours have been shown to have less effect on nocturnal fauna.

This type of lighting is to be used to minimise the impact of artificial light spill on fauna species and their habitat. This also includes avoiding lighting where possible, providing only minimum illuminance where required, and using fixtures which minimise uplight or spill in areas of remnant vegetation and riparian habitats.

Light Pollution

Artificial light spill can impact on residents and contribute to sky illuminance, preventing enjoyment of the dark night sky. Spill and glare may be limited by the use of cut-off fixtures which focus light downwards and prevent light from being directed up into the sky. Poorly designed and wrongly installed lights may have the impact of creating increased light pollution in the city.

Life Cycle Costs

Lighting incurs a capital cost at installation, as well as on-going maintenance, energy usage, replacement and disposal costs to Council. Older style lamps and tubes, which used to be used, contained chemicals such as mercury and are considered hazardous waste. New fixtures such as LED can offer substantially longer lamp life, reducing a generation of waste. Full life cycle costs will be considered when choosing fixtures and installing lighting.

Illumination levels

Light should be measured on both the horizontal and vertical planes. The horizontal measurement is known as the horizontal illuminance and is the amount of light that lands on a horizontal surface, such as a tabletop and vertical illuminance describes the illuminance landing on a vertical surface, such as a wall.

<u>Australian Standards</u> There are basically three sets of Australian Standards used in the selection and design of outdoor lighting installations:

1. AS/NZS 1158.3.1:2005. Lighting for roads and public spaces Part 3.1: Pedestrian area (Category P) lighting—Performance and design requirements.

This standard provides recommended lighting levels for public spaces based on local conditions. Extracts from AS/NZS 1158.3.1:2005 are shown in Appendix A

AS2560 parts 1 and 2 Sports lighting.

This standard is made up of several parts that provide recommended lighting parameters for specific sports such as soccer, tennis, netball etc. Extracts from AS2560 are shown in Appendix B

3. AS 4282: 2019 Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.

This standard provides the maximum recommended obtrusive light levels that affect the surrounding areas. Compliance with this standard can dictate the type of lighting installations.

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Public spaces

AS 1158 provides recommended illumination levels for Category P (Cat P) areas (Pedestrian).

Note: Roads are illuminated to Category V which requires certified mandatory levels.

The recommended Cat P levels vary according to selection criteria which are determined by CoR based on local site conditions. See Appendix A

Selection criteria:

1. Pedestrian/cycle activity:

The application of a lighting Category to a lighting installation requires knowledge of the type and frequency of activity. This can be set with regard to the level of usage.

2. Risk of crime:

The weight of available research suggests that the placement of lighting in parks and open space does not improve safety but does to some extent, decrease the fear of crime.

3. Need to enhance prestige.

Quality lighting design can highlight urban features and enhance the look and feel of the city at night. This has reputational and potential economic benefits to Council as it ties into the night time economy. Feature lighting will have most benefit where it is located in highly visible spaces and connected to city gateways or areas of night time activity

Lighting levels:

The following light levels should be used as a guide in determining the most suitable light levels for CoR open spaces. The levels are based on the level of activity, reducing the level of crime and improving aesthetics. A full list of lighting levels can be seen in Table 3. Lighting Application.

- Shared pathways outside the CBD commercial areas require a minimum Cat P3.
- Pathways through parks and reserves require a minimum of Cat P3
- Civic squares, CBD pedestrian precincts, transport terminals require Cat P7
- Inner urban shared zones, pathways and streets within the main commercial areas require a minimum of Cat P2.
- Side streets within the CBD areas require a minimum of Cat P3
- Streets within residential areas normally require Cat P4 or P5.

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Sports fields lighting

AS2560 parts 1 and 2 Sports Lighting provide recommended light levels for various types of sporting activities. The following is a list of recommended horizontal light levels for common sports played within the CoR. See also Appendix B for extracts from AS2560 parts 2.

1.	Football/soccer all codes		54.1	
	Training	-	50 lux	
	Amateur/club matches	-	100 lux	
	Semi-professional competition	-	200 lux	
	Professional competition	-	500 lux	
2.	Outdoor netball and basketba	all a		
	Recreation/training	-	100 lux	
	Club competition	-	200 lux	
3.	Outdoor tennis			
	Recreation/residential	-	250 lux	
	Club competition/commercial		350 lux	
	(Lessons)			
	National competition	-	1000 lux	
4.	Outdoor hockey			
4.			250 lux	
	Ball training	-		
	Club competition	-	500 lux	
5.	Baseball and softball Softball		Infield	Outfield
	Club competition/training	-	250 lux	150 lux
	National competition	_	650 lux	450 lux
	Baseball			
	Club competition/training	-	250 lux	150 lux
	AAA	-	750 lux	500 lux
	National competition	-	1500 lux	1000 lux

Obtrusive lighting

Obtrusive light levels along boundaries of inhabited buildings should comply with AS 4282:2019.

The maximum recommended vertical illuminance along adjacent boundaries varies according to the use of the lighting installation, existing ambient light levels and the location of building lines.

The requirements of AS 4282 can dictate the method of lighting and lighting types.

Briefly the boundaries considered by AS 4282 are along a 10m setback from the property boundary or at the building boundary if less than 10m from the property boundary.

AS 4282 provides lighting parameters for two time periods i.e. pre-curfew dusk to a time set by CoR and curfew dusk to dawn.

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Public lighting including pathways, parks and streets:

Curfew (dusk to dawn)

- 1. The maximum vertical illuminance along residential boundaries should be less than 1 2 lux.
- For commercial areas the maximum vertical illuminance can rise to 5 lux subject to site conditions.

Pre-Curfew (dusk to curfew)

- The maximum vertical illuminance along residential boundaries should be less than 10 lux. Note: Although AS 4282 allows a maximum of 10 lux it is strongly recommended to reduce the maximum vertical illuminance to 5 lux where possible.
- 2. Commercial boundaries should be less than 25 lux.

Sports lighting (non-curfew)

- The maximum vertical illuminance should be less than 5 10 lux from dusk up to the end of the non-curfew period which is normally around 11pm.
- For commercial areas the maximum vertical illuminance can rise to 25 lux subject to site conditions.

Note: All sports lighting installations must be switched off at the curfew time set by CoR.

Public lighting including pathways, parks and streets:

Network installations:

- a. Pathways, reserves and streets are usually lit dusk to dawn by PE cell.
- b. Dimming and motion control is currently not available.

CoR installations:

- Streets, pathways and thoroughfares that are used 24 hours are usually lit dusk to dawn by PE cell.
- b. Parks, reserves and areas intended for use during the evening are usually lit dusk to curfew.
- c. Parks and reserves that are not to be used at night do not normally require lighting.
- d. Switching and monitoring of luminaire status should be provided for all new installation via a Wide Area Network (WAN) and distributed access points.
- Dimming should be considered for areas having varying levels of activity from dusk to dawn. The benefits of dimming are:
 - increased lamp life.
 - reduced maintenance and
 - lower obtrusive levels.
- f. Motion detection can be provided to increase light levels for security and CCTV.

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POLICY STATEMENT

Based on the benefits and impacts of lighting discussed above, Council commits to the following key principles to guide lighting decisions for open space in Ryde.

	Key Principle	Expected Outcome
	Better use of open space	 Allow and encourage use of open space and physical activity at night in appropriate locations and at appropriate times. Provide fit for purpose lighting which meets the supported night time uses of the space and where alternatives for these uses are not available.
	Improved safety	 Enhance safety and the perceptions of safety in those areas appropriate for night time use. Conduct CPTED and/or passive park lighting audits to determine measures and design applications which will enhance the safety of a site for users.
		 Do not create false perceptions of safety by lighting remote or poorly surveyed areas. Encourage the use of streets, where lighting and passive surveillance provide a safer alternative. Only use paths through parks as lit links if it provides the only viable method of transport between streets or is the only link to public transport nodes.
I	Support sustainable transport modes	 Enable and encourage walking, and access to public transport nodes by only lighting these key routes through open spaces. Limit lighting of cycling paths to regional bike routes.
	Enhance the look and feel of the city	 Limit decorative lighting to design features in strategic locations. Use well-designed and vandal resistant fixtures which contribute to the quality of open space. Match the style of fitting to the scale and feel of the space being lit.
	Reduce greenhouse gas emissions	 Only provide lighting where required according to the key principles of this Policy and to meet appropriate luminance for use. Permit the removal of existing lighting where not required according to the key principles. Rely on existing light, such as street lighting where adequate. Prioritise energy efficient light fixtures such as LED fittings for all new lighting.
		 Investigate the viability of solar arrays and battery systems on park buildings.

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Key Principle	Expected Outcome
Protect environmentally sensitive areas	 Avoid provision of lighting in areas of high habitat value or environmental sensitivity, or where deemed necessary, provide 'fauna friendly lighting'.
Reduce light pollution	 Remove existing lighting where not required. Use cut-off fixtures that reduce glare and light spill where possible. Minimise uplighting. Light only to the standard of luminance required by the use. Where appropriate use proximity sensors and/or timers.
Improve Residential Amenity	 Lighting will be located, designed and constructed in accordance with the relevant Australian Standards.
Minimise life cycle costs	 Minimise on-going capital and maintenance costs and waste by considering whole of life costs for lighting.
Link to existing lighting systems	 Ensure lighting has the ability to link to CoR central management system. Ensure solar lighting systems have the ability to link to solar arrays on adjacent park buildings.

Table 2. Key Principles

What to Light

It is not possible or desirable to light large areas of parks, carparks and landscaped areas for general use. Lighting should be focussed and provided only where it serves the key principles in this policy. Most importantly, it should be fit for purpose; that is, provide a level of illuminance which is suited to the location, park usage and topography of the site and only provided at the times of activity.

Lighting Application by Open Space Use

Public lighting design for open space is covered by the Australian and New Zealand Standard (AS/NZS 1158.3.1:2005 [including all amendments]) and AS 2560.2.3-2007 (R2017) Sports lighting Specific applications - Lighting for football (all codes).

The timing for each open space use may be varied to deal with specific applications, uses and special events.

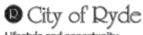
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Open Space Use	Recommended Lighting	Light type	Luminance Level	Timing
Shared paths Pedestrian paths	 Light 'Regional Routes' only (as identified in the City of Ryde Bicycle Strategy) subject to funding availability. Ideally avoid lighting paths in environmentally sensitive areas or river corridors. Where lighting is required in Natural Areas, give consideration to Fauna Friendly lighting options Light only in areas of high activity or 	Open Space pole top luminaire	Design to Cat P2 or Cat P3. Cat P2 should be used for inner urban areas. High activity design to Cat	Winter: Dusk to 10.30pm Summer: Dusk to 11.30pm Winter mornings: from 5am until light using PE cells to switch off. Consider dimming as ambient levels increase. Use motion sensors for pathways up to 5am where appropriate. Winter: Dusk to
paule	 bernight additions between destinations such as public transport routes. Do not light remote locations. Do not light small residential parks that do not have through pathways. Do not light playgrounds or picnic areas etc. unless there is a specific requirement. 	luminaire	P1-P2 Medium activity design to Cat P2-P3 Low activity design to Cat P3-P4 Use smart controllers, dimming and motion sensing for curfew periods.	10.30pm Summer: Dusk to 11.30pm Winter mornings: from 5am until light using PE cells to switch off. Consider dimming as ambient levels increase. Use motion sensors for pathways up to 5am where appropriate.

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Open Space Use	Recommended	Light type	Luminance	Timing
Passive recreational uses such as dog off-leash areas	 Lighting Light in areas where adjacent paths or buildings/pavilions provide opportunity for complementary lighting (either spill or additional). Do not light remote locations. Do not light small residential parks. 	Pole top luminaire. Pole height and luminaire to be suitable for local site conditions.	P4	Night only: Dusk until 9pm
Outdoor gymnasium and fitness facilities	 Light only where these facilities are in close proximity to each other. Do not light when these facilities are located throughout a park or along a walkway unless it is a regional walkway such as Ryde River Walk Associated pathway access shall be lit as required. 	Open Space pole top luminaire	Minimum Cat P1-P2.	Night: Dusk until 9pm Morning: n/a Exception where equipment is along a regional cycle route such as Ryde RiverWalk

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Open Space Use		Recommended	Light type	Luminance	Timing
Natural Areas	•	Lighting Where possible, do not light sites classified as "Natural Areas" under the Natural Areas Generic or a Specific Plans of Management Do not light except where providing an essential linkage to a commuter network or regional cycle route and consider using "fauna friendly lighting" Meet policy criteria	Fauna friendly light fittings Lower height Open Space pole top luminaire	P4	Winter: Dusk to 10.30pm Summer: Dusk to 11.30pm Winter mornings: from 5am until light using PE cells to switch off. Consider dimming as ambient levels increase. Use motion sensors for pathways up to 5am where appropriate
Basketball/ multiuse courts	•	Same as fitness	n/a	n/a	In nominated locations only Sunrise - 8pm Monday to Saturday and sunrise - 7pm Sunday (subject to regular review by Council).

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Open Space Use		Recommended Lighting	Light type	Luminance Level	Timing
Tennis Courts	•	accordance with Australian Standards	The luminaires shall be cut- off type. Projector type luminaires should avoided. Consider the use of LED for all new installations.	Recreation/ residential– 250 lux Club competition/ commercial – 350 lux (Lessons)	Lighting will be governed by lessees in accordance with the individual centres lease arrangements
BBQ and picnic area	•	Do not light; night time activity not encouraged		n/a	n/a
Skateparks	•	Do not light when these facilities are located in local parks. The exception will be Meadowbank Park. Other facilities would be subject to community consultaion	Open Space pole top luminaire	Light levels should be suitable for the intended use i.e. if the skate park is used at night the level should be 100-200 lux	Sunrise - 8pm Monday to Saturday and sunrise - 7pm Sunday
Playgrounds	•	Light selected locations in accordance with the Children's Play Implementation Plan.	Open Space pole top luminaire	50 lux	Winter: PE cell Dusk to 7pm in playgrounds identified in Children's Play Implementation Plan

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Recommended Luminance Timing **Open Space Use** Light type Lighting Level Park Carparks Open Space to Night: 30 Only light Design ٠ carparks that pole top Cat P11b minutes after luminaire or curfew. support an ancillary function custom pole such as top sportsground training and games . Do not light passive park carparks Summer: seating Open Space Plaza, Light only Design to ٠ Cat P6-P8. spaces pole Dusk to gathering spaces top luminaire or 11.30pm close to night time activity centres or custom pole Dim to 5am. Off at dawn by high use paths top PE cell Winter: Dusk to 10.30pm Dim to 5am Off at dawn by PE cell

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Luminance Open Space Use Recommended Light type Timing Lighting Level Public Winter: art, Feature Varies, Light ٠ signage, and urban/landscape lighting decorative Dusk to 10.30pm other features features only in only, no min luminance high visibility locations or in to be met. Summer: high use plaza Dusk to 11.30pm spaces, such as gateways or Art installations activity centres on a case by Specific art case basis installations, monuments, landscape features according to Policy Building Dusk to dawn Building Design Provide security to ٠ entrance mounted Cat P7-P8 controlled by a lighting on the eq. external perimeter pavilions or luminaire PE cell. public toilets of all buildings To be instituted Special events Design Provide Lighting type to as part of event selected Cat P6 to appropriate lights to to facilitate safe meet specific P7 planning entry, use and exit requirements procedure. to special event of the event functions in parks such as festivals. cinema in the park etc.

Table 3. Lighting Application

How to Light

The following considerations will assist Council officers in selecting light fixtures which meet the Policy.

Performance Consideration

Light and pole must meet the highest possible combination of the following factors.

- Be compatible with CoR central management system
- Low energy use
- Long lamp life Minimum 30,000 hours
- Consider the use of solar powered lights in areas where grid connection is not cost effective
- No toxic waste for disposal
- · Consider options for motion sensor lighting for paths in parks
- Have the capacity to have CCTV, Wi-Fi or other facilities fitted or added to the installation

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- Ease of access for maintenance
- Vandal resistant
- · Low upfront capital cost and/or lower whole of life costs
- · Colour rendering must be CRI 80 or higher (of minimum 80 in colour scale).
- Lighting systems must be "Fauna Friendly" when installed near natural areas. (longer wavelength colours have been shown to have less effect on nocturnal fauna)

Design Considerations

Lights in parks should, where possible be connected to a distribution board on a park building. This would allow for future solar/battery expansion.

Pole top lights

- · Be compatible with CoR central monitoring system
- Simple, contemporary colours and designs to be used without decorative detailing to minimise intrusion in the landscape. Light and pole colour to match
- Luminaire in all areas to be 4000 to 5000 Kelvin except in areas in that adjoin Natural Areas and that
 require lighting. In these areas use only Fauna Friendly lighting (longer wavelength colours have
 been shown to have less effect on nocturnal fauna)

Bollard Lighting

 Avoid use of bollard lights due to vulnerability of vandalism and their inability to deliver appropriate vertical illumination
 – Sequential replacement of bollard lights with pole top lights will be undertaken within available budgets

Sports Lighting

- Be compatible with CoR central monitoring system
- Access switching technology by sporting and/or other user groups to be in accordance with CoR Park Hire Policy
- · Siting of poles carried out to address ease of access for maintenance and servicing of luminaires
- · Luminaries to be cut-off low spill design that direct light down
- Lighting to be provided at the required lux level as per current standards (AS2560) to suit the chosen sport at the defined location

Carpark lighting

- Be compatible with CoR central monitoring system
- Siting of poles to maximise safety and to facilitate vehicle circulation in the carpark

Building Entry Lights

- Lights to be attached to the building where possible, not on separate poles, to de-clutter the landscape
- Paths of travel associated with the building are to be lit from the building lights.

Feature Lights

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- All feature lights to be compatible with CoR central monitoring system if possible.
- Minimise use of in-ground uplights where possible due to maintenance requirements and light spill
- In ground lights only to be used in hard stand areas. Lights within landscaped areas must be proud
 of the ground within a vandal resistant cage.
- · For custom light features, prioritise robust and low maintenance design

Poles in Parks

- · Smart poles in parks adjacent to town centres. Poles to be aluminium and anodised.
- Simple poles elsewhere. Preference is for anodised aluminium, however where not possible, powder coated steel or equivalent is acceptable. Durable and suitable for their context – waterfront / bushland
- Poles that have the versatility to also be fitted with CCTV, Wi-Fi or other operational requirements (provision of additional cabling in the pole, conduits in the ground and/or connection to other poles will be required at installation phase)
- Preferred pole height of between 4m 6m which is high enough to achieve spacing of poles but still
 maintain a pedestrian scale in open space.
- Pole height to be consistent throughout the park or route
- · Poles to allow for side-entry luminaire, with outreach arm if required
- Siting of poles to be carried out to be least intrusive in the landscape and to adjoining property boundaries.
- Preferred for longevity and structural assessment that the rag bolt assembly sits proud of the surrounding surface on a concrete plinth,
- · Preferred colour of poles is to be black to recede into the landscape

Sensors/CCTV/Wi-Fi/Ancillary Add Ons

- · Where appropriate make use of motion sensor and centrally controlled timer technology
- To have minimal intrusion into the landscape
- All supporting hardware to be either within the pole or adjacent to pole in a vandal-proof pit
- Ancillary items to be neat, and not extend out from the pole
- All to be colour matched to the pole/light colour including outreach arms

IMPLEMENTATION

The Parks Department will be responsible for the implementation of the Policy through the following actions, in coordination with other relevant sections of Council.

The flow chart below (table 4), will be used to assess the suitability or otherwise of the installation of lighting in the City of Ryde open space areas.



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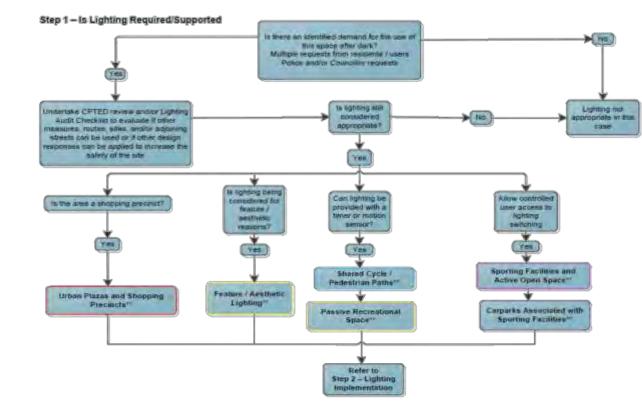


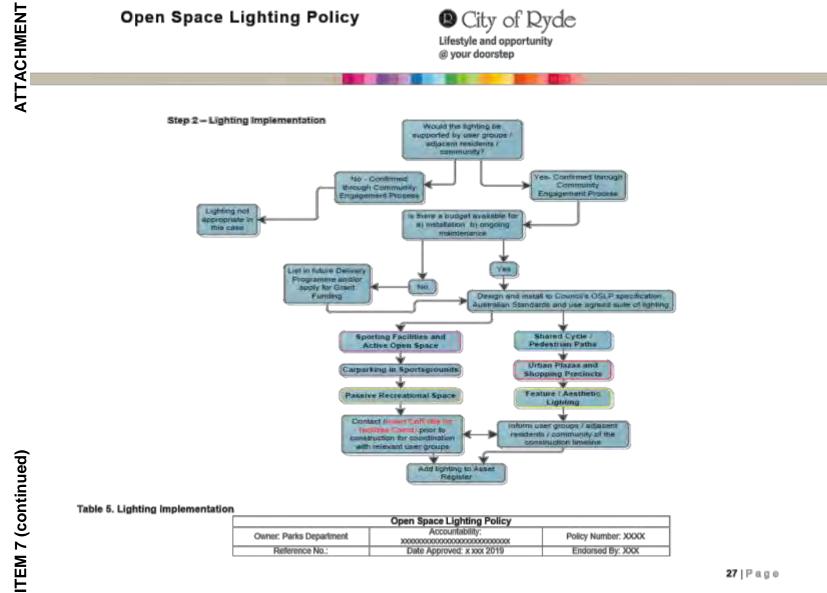
Table 4. Lighting Assessment

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Open Space Lighting Policy



Table 6 – Lighting Audit Form

Passive Park Lighting Audit Checkli	st		Date Antik Confusion
Name of Park			
Reserve Humber / Address			
Lighting Type Requested Shaved / Pedinitrian Pathway Pesture Aesthetic Lighting Pacifice Rescentional Lighting Carpark Lighting	THE		
Griteria	Yes	No	Comment
Does the activity/function of the open space support the Installation of lighting?			
is the lighting being comidered to address safety concerns?			
in the case of Silvered / Federician Pathway Sybiing, does the pathway link to a transport Orlyfinds such as a bus sing, main coad, rafistation or is it a Regional Cyclewsy?			
Does the proposed lighting enable and encourage walking, cycling and public transport by lighting key routes through open spaces?			
is there any other it alternative route such as a roadway which could be used instead of the park to access the transport hub?			
is the TigHting supported by over groups/edjoining residents/supports/			
Would the proposed lighting cause light spill problems to adjuining racidents?			
Woold the proposed lighting be detrimental to estive founa or bushland?			
and a d al			
Other Information Lighting level required			
Light type being considered			
Time/Mation Sensor lighting required			

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The flow chart shown in Table 4 assesses lighting requests based on the following:

Providing Applicable Lighting Where Required

- Assess all lighting requests as per the Key Principles and in accordance with the steps outlined in Table 2.
- Permit the removal of lights in parks that do not meet the policy criteria and/or where they are not required.
- Identify a program of new lighting required to meet the Policy and progressively provide new lights through the applicable delivery programme and using the Standard Unit Rates.
- New lighting would be subject to funding made available through the works bid process and at the CoR standard unit rates.

Retrofit Existing Council Lights

- Audit Existing Lighting Conditions for AS Compliance
- Undertake a business case for retrofitting
- Progressively retrofit Council-owned lights and replace with energy efficient fixtures through the
 applicable Council funding programme and at the CoR standard unit rates.
- Where existing lights have reached the end of their life, replace with luminaires which meet the
 performance and design considerations in this policy.

Converting Network Lights

- Where Network-owned lights in open space reach the end of their useful life and require
 replacement, liaise with Network to remove or take over under Council ownership and replace lights
 with luminaires which meet the performance and design considerations in this policy.
- Account for the increased ongoing maintenance costs associated with taking over ownership of
 these lights, acknowledging the benefits associated with ownership (the ability to use non-standard
 lights for the CoR "Suite of Lighting Poles and Fittings" which better meet the performance and
 design expectations for open space).

Planning for New Lighting

Council officers considering new lighting in open spaces will follow the steps below:

- Determine the purpose and aim of lighting and assess against the key principles and flow chart (refer Tables 4 & 5)
- 2. Assess lighting requests are appropriate and meet policy requirements (refer and complete Table 6)
- Assess the type, level and hours of usage are fit for purpose for the location and activity (refer Table 3)
- Identify the level of luminance to be met (refer Table 3)
- 5. Assess current light levels (light level reading can be done)
- For large scale lighting projects such as sports field lighting, engage the services of a professional lighting designer to undertake a photometric analysis to ensure the proposal meets the relevant AS/NZS 1158.4:2015 and or AS 2560.2.3-2007 (R2017) Standard
- When considering lighting areas adjoining natural areas, liaise with Natural Areas Team to determine feasibility, lighting type and location.
- 8. Identify fixture options according to specific site, performance and design considerations
- 9. Design new lighting to meet requirements
- 10. Convey data on new light assets to Asset Planning and Support Section applicable CoR reference

Ongoing Monitoring

Monitor energy use and maintenance costs of open space lights.

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Maintain updated inventory of all lights.

RELATED DOCUMENTS

- City of Ryde Integrated Open Space Plan 2012
- City of Ryde Children's Play Implementation Plan
- City of Ryde Sport and Recreation Strategy 2016-2026
- City of Ryde Biodiversity Plan
 City of Ryde Bicycle Strategy
- Ryde River Walk Masterplan Pedestrian and Cycleway Lighting Issues
- City of Ryde Service Level Agreements
- City of Ryde Asset Management Plan

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APPENDIX A

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TABLE 2.2 LIGHTING CATEGORIES FOR PATHWAYS (INCLUDING CYCLEWAYS)

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TABLE 2.3 LIGHTING CATEGORIES FOR PUBLIC ACTIVITY AREAS (EXCLUDING CAR PARKS)

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General description	Basic operating characteristics	Night time yenicle stoysments	Risk of anime	Nred tu subance prestige	Applicable lighting subcategory
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¹⁸ The selection orderic of Gillionis 3 is first-and be separately excitated. The highest level of one of the selection returns that is denoted appropriate for the new type will denote be applicable. Epideg summappy.

³⁶ Refler to Appendix C for problems on theoring the upfile/the fixed of early-schemic ubtrake for the measurement and perpendent appendix an encourter.

³⁰ The risk levels: "High", "Mellion" and "Low" unsequed in the classification of the cose names in 90(406).

NOTE: See Table 2,5 for lighing suggests applicable researcer or pairs, indexing out or pairs.

TABLE 2.4 LIGHTING CATEGORIES FOR CONNECTING ELEMENTS

Type of area.	Applicable lighting subsubegory:
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2.5 LIGHT IT CHNICAL PARAMETERS.

2.5.1 General

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 TABLE
 2.6

 VALUES OF LIGHT TECHNICAL PARAMETERS AND PERMISSIBLE
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 LUMINAIRE TYPES FOR ROADS IN LOCAL AREAS AND FOR PATHWAYS
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TABLE 2.7 VALUES OF LIGHT TECHNICAL PARAMETERS AND PERMISSIBLE LUMINAIRE TYPES FOR PUBLIC ACTIVITY AREAS (EXCLUDING CAR PARKS)

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TABLE 2.8

VALUES OF LIGHT TECHNICAL PARAMETERS AND PERMISSIBLE LUMINAIRE TYPES FOR CONNECTING ELEMENTS

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¹⁰ For single, the sequimeness assume that the more of the finalizate charing difficulted by graphic contrasting arrays or other equation interfere more, in this trace out agony, the theorem are plouded by acteent interfere the value areas of the value areas of the second second and the acteent interference of the value areas of the second second second second areas of the value areas of the value areas of the second sec

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3 See Scener 9 for the service sectorit and versions are used to service another with the specified light to be all parenties.

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23 48/N28/11/963/1/2685 TABLE 2.9 VALUES OF LIGHT TECHNICAL PARAMETERS AND PERMISSIBLE LUMINAIRE TYPES FOR OUTDOOR CAR PARKS (INCLUDING ROOF-TOP CAR PARKS) à ŝ Light websied parameters? **Permitsible** Sciences Recipored Point berizastal Illustinates (Eq.) Oluminance (forizonial) motornity? Point sourceal laminure Lighton kype itore Table 2:5) đũ mia (E_E) illiaminance^{d in} J.E.,²) abestegory. Cat. P lite Juix hó 加速 將 箙 X 篪 18 TREES 72 102 439 1976) %-4/3. 1878 TRI6 18 98**7** 18 STAND A 應款 -6 Theory and a state of the second state of the second sec $^{16}\,$ -Compliance is induced by bride pressy that or shall be the applicable table value. ⁴ Compliance is addressed by being two thereast equal to the applicable table value. ⁴⁰ E_{inc} that he distantical for each PD near in the carpole and, in unit many it shall be guider than the reducement of parameters on the second respective. "NÓTESI See Section 2 for the deducted balanced requirements for sector associate compliance with the social left hyperschedul parameters π. Compliance with the balls to chose I magnitude in Table 2.5 to based on an open conservation of parts day. True of vehicles, However, if a longestari that the design of the lighting system (e.g. members, localiser, localiser, and expansion the laminances) by such that adopting tight is provided between particle vehicles. More valued ob-invaliant are present, e.g. to fluid valued on screen the packing areas, these obstances on present potential research to preferences. Nath advancement characterizes by of starts is matched, as a binded, as to possible characterized comparativity the parent variance. Six Table 2.8 for the published first shelp to collecting sheledle, bidship, sight, much and petracter costing point, without petra.
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APPENDIX B

SPORTS FIELDS Standards Requirements:

Football all codes:

AS 2560.2.3-2007 Sports lighting - Specific applications - Lighting for football - all codes.

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Netball:

AS 2560.2.4-1986 Guide to sports lighting - Specific recommendations - Lighting for outdoor netball and basket ball

<u>ا</u>

AS 2560.24-1986

TABLE T MINIMUM LIGHTING CRITERIA FOR OUTDOOR NETBALL AND BASKETBALL

Leavel of play-	Minimum service filominance	Misionon undermity	Minimum CIE general colour- rendering noles	Recommended types of Hoodbgin (Note 5)			
(Nate 1)	1Notes 1, 2 and 1) 3x	(Note 1) and 2)	Note 1 and 1)	Type	Beam classification		
Competition south Lage spectrue gallenes	2005	1000	965		anier vers		
Recrement or training and completions with tew spectators	3007	現賞	题	Both	9052 NRG		

Tennis:

AS 2560.2.1 - 2003_Sports lighting - Specific applications - Lighting for outdoor tennis

TAB	日時 回報
LIGHTING	CRITERIA

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	Open Space Lighting Policy	
Owner: Parks Department	Accountability: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	Policy Number: XXXX
Reference No.:	Date Approved: x xxx 2019	Endorsed By: XXX



ATTACHMENT 1

Open Space Lighting Policy

City of Ryde Lifestyle and opportunity @ your doorstep

Hockey

AS 2560.2.7-1994 Guide to sports lighting - Specific recommendations - Outdoor hockey

TABLE 1

S	33	濾	Ĭ.	, st	, ste		
I evet of play	Type of fighting system	Masotenance discolutance (Notes 1/2)	forminance entitormity CIE tamp	CIE famp	Recommended types of floorlight (Note 5)		
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Majon grado dub minint und	Sofe (1 soft poles)		866 - 1834 -	。 鏡	Barle	10.0.115	
atemational [*] subpatition	Comor (A poles)				-339570	2010.00	
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Open Space Lighting Policy					
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ATTACHMENT 1

Open Space Lighting Policy



Baseball

AS 2560.2.6-1994 Guide to sports lighting - - Specific recommendations - Baseball and softball

濩	20		8	(g	- 10	3 rd	8
50. * Sw02000 101 / -	- M	atnienance ji	lluminance	Minimum uniformity ratio , (E_{min}, E_{m})			
Level of play	Hori	zontal	Ve	rinal	Hor	zonial	Vertical
	Infield	Outfield	Infinid	Outlield	Infield	Outfield	infield
BasetiaH							
International and national	1 500	33000	31,000	3 800 5	ŴŻ.	1000	(07
AAA	3750	-500	350	(250)	0.7	0.5	102
Club competition;• or bat ball training	250	1505	201	3 3 6-	0.6	85	÷
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International and national	950	450	100	32003	朝夜	1630)	; (9 1 7
Local club competition or bat/ball training	250	150	305	355.	90	03	डाल,

	Open Space Lighting Policy	
Owner: Parks Department	Accountability:	Policy Number: XXXX
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Name of Park							
	Lardelli Park						
Reserve Number / Address	Lardelli Drive Putney						
Lighting Type Requested	TICK]					
Shared / Pedestrian Pathway	x	1					
Feature Aesthetic Lighting							
Passive Recreational Lighting							
Carpark Lighting		1					
Criteria	Yes	No	Comment				
Does the activity/function of the open space support the installation of lighting?		×	There are no night time activities in this park that would support the installation of path lighting				
is the lighting being considered to address safety concerns?	×		Requests have been made to light the path through the park as a short cut from Bennalong way to Charles St				
In the case of Shared / Pedestrian Pathway lighting, does the pathway link to a transport link/hub such as a bus stop, main road, rail station or is it a Regional Cycleway?	x		The nearest public transport route is the 507 bus which runs along Charles St at Morrison Rd				
Does the proposed lighting enable and encourage walking, cycling and public transport by lighting key routes through open spaces?	×		Access to the bus could be provided through the park however lighting the path would also illuminate part of the park and wetland which may encourage unwanted use of the facility after the OSLP curfew times				
is there any other lit alternative route such as a roadway which could be used instead of the park to access the transport hub?	×		There Is safer route via the adjacent Bennalong Way, Lardelli Drive and Susan Schardt Way through the Charles St that provides passive surveillance opportunities via the adjoining road for users				
is the lighting supported by user groups/adjoining residents/community?			Residents have requested lighting however there is a safer alternative along the lit adjacent roadways				
Would the proposed lighting cause light spill problems to adjoining residents?		x	The lighting would cause light spill into the adjacent parkland and pond which may lead to unwarranted use and the resultant noise generated may disturb adjoining residents at night				
Would the proposed lighting be detrimental to native fauna or bushland?	х		The proposed lighting may have an effect on fauna using the pond and surrounding ephemeral plantings				
Other Information							
Ughting level required	Lighting r	iot suppo	orted				
Light type being considered	Lighting r	iot suppo	orted				
Time/Motion Sensor lighting required	Lighting not supported						

ATTACHMENT 2

ITEM 7 (continued)

City of Ryde Lifestvie and opportunity & your doorstep