

# Item 1

56 Rutledge Street Eastwood Construction of a two storey child care centre with basement car parking and a capacity for 70 children

**Report prepared by:** Shannon Butler – Senior Town Planner

**Report approved by:** Holly Charalambous – Senior Coordinator Development Assessment

Sohail Faridy – Acting Manager Development Assessment

DA Number	LDA2024/0195
Site Address & Ward	56 Rutledge Street, Eastwood West Ward
Zoning	R2 Low Density Residential
Proposal	Construction of a two storey child care centre with basement car parking and a capacity for 70 children
Property Owner	AFD Family Trust
Applicant	Janssen Group P/L
Report Author	Shannon Butler – Senior Town Planner
Lodgement Date	13 September 2024
Notification – No. of Submissions	Notified from 13 September 2024 until 14 October 2024. 22 submissions objecting to the proposal were received.
Estimated Development Cost	\$3,481,588.00
Reason for Referral to LPP	<b>Contentious Development</b> Is the subject of 10 or more unique submissions by way of objection.

# City of Ryde Local Planning Panel Report



	A total of 22 unique submissions were received by way of objection.	
Recommendation	Refusal	
Attachments	<ol> <li>Reasons for Refusal</li> <li>Submitted Plans (Architectural and Landscaping)</li> <li>Tables of Compliance</li> </ol>	

### 1. Executive Summary

The proposal is for the construction of a two storey centre-based child care facility with basement car parking. The child care centre is proposed to accommodate a maximum of 70 children and parking for 15 vehicles.

The building is proposed to comprise three indoor play rooms and two outdoor play areas over two levels with sleeping rooms, administrative areas (staff rooms and offices), kitchen, laundry, storerooms and amenities.

The proposed age breakdown of the children to be accommodated is as follows:

- 0-2 years: 20 places
- 2-3 years: 20 places
- 3-5 years: 30 places

Hours of operation are proposed to be 7:00am to 6:00pm Monday to Friday with the facility proposed to provide a total of 15 educators.

### Compliance

The development achieves compliance when assessed against the applicable planning instruments and controls with exception to the following matters which constitute reasons to refuse the application:

### State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

### Section 2.119(2)(c)

a) Vehicle Access

The proposal does not provide vehicular access to the land by a road other than a classified road when access could feasibly be proposed from the secondary street (Wentworth Road). The proposal is not supported by Transport for NSW on this basis.

b) Air Quality

The application does not satisfactorily demonstrate that the development is of a type that is not sensitive to vehicle emissions, or is appropriately located and designed, or includes measures, to ameliorate potential vehicle emissions within the site of the development arising from the adjacent classified road without adversely impacting on the operation of the child care centre.

Council's Environmental Health department do not support the proposal as the Air Quality Assessments undertaken for the development, which is adjacent to a classified road, do not satisfy the requirements of section 2.119(2)(c) of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure)* 2021 in that the development is considered to be in a location where the health of the attending children is at risk from airborne pollution generated by vehicles using Rutledge Street. Further, there are a number of identified deficiencies identified with the submitted acoustic report.

### Child Care Planning Guideline (CCPG) dated September 2021

- a) The following Design Quality Principles in Part 2 of the CCPG are not met:
  - i. Principle 1 Context.
  - ii. Principle 2 Built Form.
  - iii. Principle 6 Amenity.
- b) The following Matters for Consideration in Part 3 of the CCPG are not satisfied:
  - i. Clause 3.1 Site Selection and Location:
    - a. Sub-clause C2.
    - b. Sub-clause C4.
  - ii. Clause 3.6 Noise and Air Pollution:
    - a. Sub-clause C26.
    - b. Sub-clause C27.
  - iii. Clause 3.8 Traffic, Parking and Pedestrian Circulation:
    - a. Sub-clause C33.

### Ryde Local Environmental Plan 2014

An assessment against the Ryde Local Environmental Plan 2014 has revealed that the proposed floor space ratio exceeds the 0.5:1 standard, resulting in a proposed FSR of 0.522:1. No Clause 4.6 request has been submitted by the applicant. As this is a jurisdictional prerequisite, consent cannot be granted on this basis.

### Ryde Development Control Plan 2014

- a) The following controls under Part 3.2 Child Care Centres are not satisfied by the proposal:
  - i. Clause 2.1 Suitability of Location and Site for Child Care
  - ii. Clause 3.2 Detached Centres in Residential Areas
  - iii. Clause 4.2 Acoustic Privacy for Adjoining Residents
  - iv. Clause 5.1 Car Parking
  - v. Clause 6.1 General Landscape Design Requirements



- vi. Clause 7.1 Miscellaneous Control Centre Facilities
- vii. Clause 7.4 Waste Storage and Management
- b) The following control under Part 3.3 Dwelling Houses and Dual Occupancy:
  - i. Clause 2.9.1 Front Setbacks

These matters are addressed in detail in **Section 5.5** of this report.

### Public Exhibition and Submissions

The application was publicly exhibited between 13 September and 14 October 2024 in accordance with Council's Community Participation Plan.

As a result, 22 unique submissions were received objecting to the development. The issues raised in the submissions are addressed in the body of the report and contribute to the reasons for the recommended refusal of the application.

### Recommendation

Assessment of the application against the relevant planning framework, and consideration of various matters by Council's technical departments, has identified fundamental issues of concern which focus on vehicular access, airborne pollution and acoustic impacts from vehicles using Rutledge Street and the potential risk to the health of the children at the centre as a result. Consequently, this report finds the site is not suitable for the proposed development.

After consideration of the development against Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and the relevant statutory and policy provisions, the proposal is likely to result in adverse impacts on the surrounding low density residential area. The site is not considered suitable for the proposed development and the proposal is regarded as being contrary to the public interest.

This report recommends that the application be refused in accordance with the reasons provided in **Attachment 1**.

# 2. The Site and Locality

The subject site is legally described as Lot 7 in DP4789 and is known as 56 Rutledge Street, Eastwood. The site is located on the corner of Rutledge Street and Wentworth Road and is rectangular in shape with a splayed corner. The site has a frontage of 17.68 metres to Rutledge Street and 42.11 metres to Wentworth Road with a splayed corner length of 3.45m and has a total area of 893.2m<sup>2</sup>, excluding the splayed corner. The site has a fall from south to north of approximately 3.3 metres. The site has been cleared of all structures and does not contain any trees. There are three street trees located on the Wentworth Road frontage.





Figure 1 – Aerial photograph of subject site

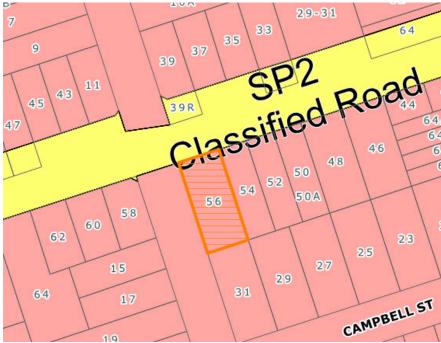


Figure 2 - Extract of RLEP 2014 Zoning map

The site is zoned R2 Low Density Residential under the provisions of the Ryde Local Environmental Plan 2014. Rutledge Street is a classified road which is owned and maintained by Transport for NSW. Wentworth Road is a local road owned by Council.

The site is bounded to the south by No. 31 Campbell Street which contains a cottage which is listed in the Ryde Local Environmental Plan 2014 as a local heritage item **(Figure 4)**. The site is bounded to the east by No. 54 Rutledge Street which contains a single storey dwelling **(Figure 5)**.



To the north, on the opposite side of Rutledge Street, there is a mix of single and two storey dwellings. To the west, on the opposite side of Wentworth Road, there are predominately single storey dwellings.



Figure 3 - View of subject site from opposite side of Rutledge Street



Figure 4 – View of adjoining dwelling at No. 31 Campbell Street (Local Heritage Item)





Figure 5 – View of adjoining dwelling at No. 54 Rutledge Street

# 3. The Proposal

The proposal is for the construction of a two storey centre-based child care facility with basement car parking. The child care centre is proposed to accommodate a maximum of 70 children and parking for 15 vehicles.

The building is proposed to comprise three indoor play rooms and two outdoor play areas over two levels with sleeping rooms, administrative areas (staff rooms and offices), kitchen, laundry, storerooms and amenities.

The proposed age breakdown of the children to be accommodated is as follows:

- 0-2 years: 20 places
- 2-3 years: 20 places
- 3-5 years: 30 places

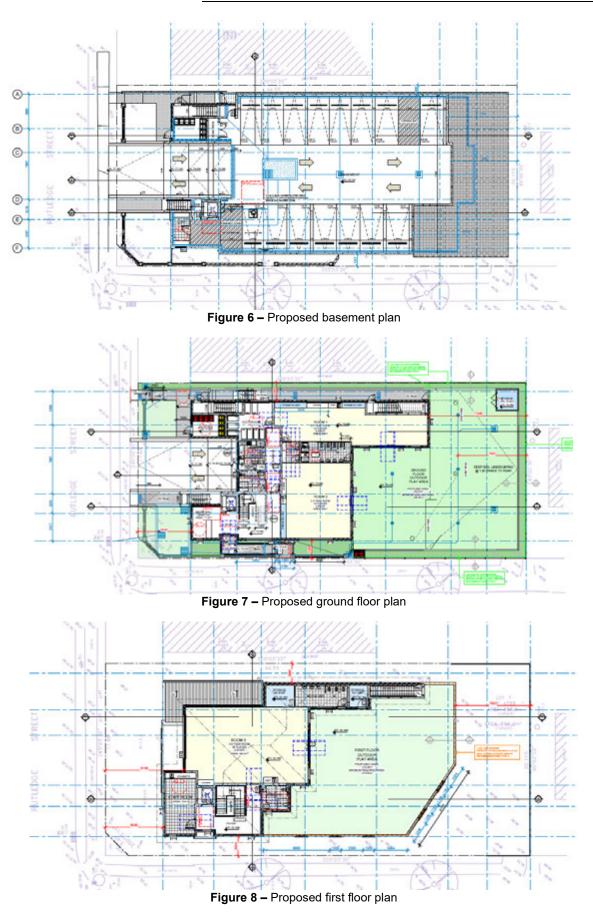
Hours of operation are proposed to be 7:00am to 6:00pm Monday to Friday with the facility proposed to provide a total of 15 educators. It is noted that there is generally a 30 minute shoulder period for staff arrivals and departures.

The proposal provides 15 car parking spaces within a basement which is accessed off Rutledge Street via a double width driveway and crossover. The basement provides the following parking space breakdown:

- Six staff parking spaces
- Nine visitor parking spaces including one accessible parking space.

The proposed built form is depicted in **Figures 6 to 10** as follows.







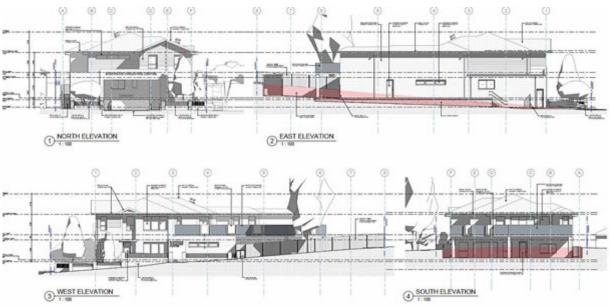


Figure 9 – Proposed elevations



Figure 10 – 3D perspectives of proposal

# 4. Background

# History of the site

Date	Event
30 July 2021	Complying Development Certificate No. 210321/01 was issued by Compass Building Certification for the demolition of existing structures and removal of the inground swimming pool.



# **Application History**

Date	Event
13 September 2024	Subject Development Application lodged with Council.
13 September until 14 October 2024	The subject application was notified in accordance with the Ryde Community Participation Plan and 22 unique submissions were received in response. The notification period originally closed on 29 September 2024. However, one of the residents raised concerns with Council that the letters were delayed for a number of days. In response, the notification period was extended for two weeks until 14 October 2024.
11 October 2024	Comments were received from Transport for NSW advising that the proposal was not supported under the provisions of Section 2.119 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 given the proposed vehicle access from a classified road (Rutledge Street).

### 5. Planning Assessment

### 5.1 National Quality Framework

The National Quality Framework (NQF) was introduced in 2012 to improve education and child care services.

The NQF provides a national approach to regulation, assessment and quality improvement for early childhood education and care and outside school hours care services across Australia.

The *Child Care Planning Guideline* (published by the NSW Department of Planning, Industry and Environment in September 2021 and gazetted on 1 October 2021) is aligned to the National Quality Framework. The Guideline has been used to assess the proposal (see **Section 5.4.3** (*State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021*) at **Attachment 3**).

# 5.2 Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

The following planning policies and controls are of relevance to the development:

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021
- Ryde Local Environmental Plan 2014
- Ryde Development Control Plan 2014
- Childcare Planning Guideline
- Education and Care Service National Regulations 2012

All relevant matters for consideration under Section 4.15 have been addressed in the assessment of this application.

# 5.2.1 State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021

# Chapter 2 – Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas

The aims of this Chapter are:

- a) to protect the biodiversity values of trees and other vegetation in non-rural areas of the State, and
- b) to preserve the amenity of non-rural areas of the State through the preservation of trees and other vegetation.

This chapter applies to the Ryde local government area on land within the R2 Low Density Residential zone and provides approval pathways for the removal of vegetation in non-rural areas and matters for consideration in the assessment of applications to remove vegetation.

Whilst the subject site does not contain any vegetation, there is vegetation on adjoining sites and in the nature strip on Wentworth Road. The application was not accompanied by an arboricultural impact assessment (AIA), however, Council's Landscape Architect has deemed that an AIA is not required in this instance.

# 5.2.2 State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021

Clause 4.6(1) of the SEPP requires that a consent authority must not consent to the carrying out of any development on land unless:

- a) It has considered whether the land is contaminated, and
- b) If the land is contaminated, it is satisfied that the land is suitable in its contaminated state for the purpose for which the development is proposed to be carried out, and
- c) If the land requires remediation to be made suitable for the purpose for which the development is proposed to be carried out, it is satisfied that the land will be remediated before the land is used for that purpose.

The application includes a Preliminary Site Investigation report dated 30 August 2024 which concludes that the potential risks to human health and the environment are low to negligible and that an intrusive investigation is unlikely to be required. The report considers the site to be suitable for the proposed development. Council's Environmental Health Officer concurs with the findings of the report.

# 5.2.3 State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

### **Chapter 2 - Infrastructure**

# Clause 2.48 - Determination of Development Applications - Other Development

This clause applies to development comprising or involving any of the following:

- a) the penetration of ground within 2m of an underground electricity power line or an electricity distribution pole or within 10m of any part of an electricity tower,
- b) development carried out:
  - *i.* within or immediately adjacent to an easement for electricity purposes (whether or not the electricity infrastructure exists), or
  - *ii. immediately adjacent to an electricity substation, or*
  - *iii. within 5m of an exposed overhead electricity power line.*

The front boundary is located within 2.0m from the nearest electricity power line (along Rutledge Street).

The survey diagram submitted with the application does not indicate the presence of an easement for electricity purposes within or immediately adjacent to the development.

The application was therefore required to be referred to Ausgrid for consideration under clause 2.48(1)(b)(iii) of this SEPP.

Ausgrid have not raised any objection to the development subject to conditions.

Should the application be approved, the conditions required by Ausgrid can be included as a condition.

### Clause 2.119 – Development with a Frontage to a Classified Road

Section 2.119(2)(a) states the following:

The consent authority must not grant consent to development on land that has a frontage to a classified road unless it is satisfied that—

(a) where practicable and safe, vehicular access to the land is provided by a road other than the classified road.

The application proposes all vehicle access to and from Rutledge Street (classified road). The application was referred to Transport for NSW (TfNSW) under this Section who provided the following comments:

TfNSW has reviewed the application and notes that the subject site has frontage to Rutledge Street (classified road) and Wentworth Road (local road) with the driveway proposed on Rutledge Street.

The current practice of TfNSW is to minimise the number of driveways on arterial roads on traffic efficiency and road safety grounds and is reflected in clause 2(a) of section 2.119 of the SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) which states "where practicable and safe, vehicular access to the land is provided by a road other than the classified road". As such, TfNSW does not support the proposed development in its current form and requests that the application be amended so that all vehicular access is provided from Wentworth Road. TfNSW recommends that the access to and from Wentworth Road



be located as close as possible to the southern property boundary to maximise the separation from the intersection of Rutledge Street and Wentworth Road.

Amending the proposal in response to the comments from TfNSW would require a complete redesign of the proposal. Given the topography of the site and the fact that the highest point of the site is where TfNSW have suggested that the vehicle access point be relocated to, this would make the basement car parking design unviable, likely resulting in the need for at-grade car parking. This would result in significant knock-on effects in relation to impact on the heritage item and on the ability to fit the proposed development on the site.

It is considered that this application was lodged without a detailed site analysis that would have identified viability of proposed access arrangements. Another option to resolve such issues was a pre-lodgement meeting that was not opted for by the applicant. It is acknowledged that addressing the above concerns raised by TfNSW would likely require a redesign of the proposal. Such a redesign may result in a development that is not substantially the same as the application originally lodged.

Council also notes Ministerial Expectation Order 2024 that requires development applications to be determined within 115 days for this financial year. This application at the time of determination is 68 days old and seeking any redesign will make it grossly inconsistent with the Ministerial Expectation Order 2024.

This matter forms a reason for the recommended refusal of the application.

Section 2.119(2)(c) states the following:

"The consent authority must not grant consent to development on land that has a frontage to a classified road unless it is satisfied that:

the development is of a type that is not sensitive to traffic noise or vehicle emissions, or is appropriately located and designed, or includes measures, to ameliorate potential traffic noise or vehicle emissions within the site of the development arising from the adjacent classified road."

The *Child Care Planning Guideline (2021)* includes provisions which recommend that child care centres are located on or adjacent to sites which are compatible with the use, and which are environmentally safe with respect to the effects of pollution and acoustic impact on the development.

A child care centre is considered to be a type of development which is sensitive to traffic noise or vehicle emissions and therefore, consent must not be granted to the development unless the centre is appropriately located and designed, or includes measures, to ameliorate potential traffic noise or vehicle emissions arising from the adjacent classified road.

The application is accompanied by an Acoustic Report (dated 19 August 2024 as prepared by Day Design) and an Air Quality Assessment Report (dated 6 September 2024 as prepared by EnvironOdour P/L) both of which have been reviewed by Council's Environmental Health department and both found to be deficient.



The deficiencies of the reports were as follows:

- a) Acoustic Report
- i) The acoustic report does not clearly clarify the permissible outdoor play scenarios under Section 8.1.2 of the report.
- ii) The acoustic report identifies that the noise intrusion in the cot room will exceed the requirement of 35 dB, with an exceedance of 14 dB with windows closed. The control measures listed in section 8.1 include windows on the eastern facades on the ground floor "cot room" should be closed during operating hours. This is already included in the assessment and is identified that the noise will still exceed the requirement. There are no clear treatment measures outlined for the cot room to demonstrate that the predicted noise levels for internal cot room can comply with the noise criteria.
- iii) The architectural plans do not reflect the correct sound barrier fence materials and/or height recommended in Section 8.2.1 of the Acoustic Report.
- b) Air Quality Assessment
- i) Lack of reference to appropriate air quality standards

There was no reference to the National Environment Protection (Ambient Air Quality) Measures (AAQ NEPM) or any other air quality standards in the assessment to demonstrate that these standards have been adequately assessed for compliance.

ii) Suitability of the air quality dataset (location)

The assessment was conducted based on air quality data from the Parramatta North roadside monitoring station, approximately 8km away from the proposed site.

The Clean Air and Urban Landscapes Hub (funded by the Australian Government's National Environmental Science Program) found that:

The concentration of air pollutants from vehicles can vary significantly over a small area, usually decreasing with distance from traffic. CAUL researchers conducted a roadside study in Randwick in Sydney's east to investigate this.

We found levels of PM2.5 at the roadside were sometimes twice those measured at nearby air-quality monitoring stations. PM2.5 concentrations were also found to be about 50% higher in the morning peak hour compared to the evening traffic peak. This is consistent with a well-recognised pattern of morning traffic being busier and more congested.

It is also noted that Parramatta North roadside monitoring station does not adjoin or is in close proximity to any classified road carrying similar level of traffic as the proposed site on Rutledge Street. The report did not provide any justification for using air quality data from Parramatta North and why this would be a suitable comparison for this proposal.

### iv) Suitability of the air quality dataset (year)

The assessment was conducted based on air quality data gathered in 2021. It should be noted that 2021 was during the COVID pandemic lockdowns in Sydney, with potentially less traffic on the roads which may have potentially improved air quality during this period.

### v) Methodology

The assessment employed the RAQST for the first-pass screening of air quality impact in connection with road projects. It is noted that the inputs displayed in Figure 7 of the report do not match the details provided in the report. Specifically, in accordance with the RAQST guidance road type should be Arterial, with traffic composition at Level 3. It is also noted that "user defined values" have been input, but there is no clarification as to where these values came from. The results from the testing indicate a moderate impact and further assessment should be undertaken.

### **Discussion**

The Department of Planning, Industry and Environment *Childcare Planning Guideline dated September 2021* emphasises the importance of ensuring air quality for childcare facilities located near external sources of air pollution, such as major roads and industrial areas. Given the well-established links between high traffic volumes and adverse health effects, particularly lung development in children, it is crucial to thoroughly assess air quality for any proposed childcare site.

If a site is adjacent to a classified road with heavy vehicle traffic (over 18,200 vehicles), conducting comprehensive site-specific air quality assessments and modelling is essential and upholds the precautionary principle. This process helps to confirm that the proposed location is safe and suitable for use, considering the potential health impacts on a vulnerable population.

The acoustic and air quality report deficiencies form reasons to refuse the application.

### Clause 2.120 – Impact of Road Noise or Vibration on Non-Road Development

This clause applies to a centre-based child care facility that is proposed to be located adjacent to a road corridor with an average daily traffic volume of more than 2,000 vehicles, and that the consent authority considers it likely that the development be adversely affected by road noise or vibration.

The development is sited adjacent to Rutledge Street which is a classified road with a traffic volume of more than 2,000 vehicles per day.

As previously outlined, there are deficiencies in the acoustic report in relation to the noise impact of the classified road on the cot room and the architectural plans do not

reflect the correct sound barrier fence materials and height recommended in the acoustic report.

# **Chapter 3 - Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities**

With respect to location and design outcomes for child care centres, Chapter 3 aims to:

- Establish consistent State-wide assessment requirements and design considerations for educational establishments and early education and care facilities to improve the quality of infrastructure delivered and to minimise impacts on surrounding areas.
- Align the NSW planning framework with the National Quality Framework that regulates early education and care services.
- Ensure that proponents of new developments meet the applicable requirements of the National Quality Framework for early education and care services, and of the corresponding regime for State regulated education and care services, as part of the planning approval and development process.

### Part 3.3 - Early Education and Care Facilities - Specific Development Controls

# Clause 3.23 - Centre-Based Child Care Facility - Matters for Consideration by Consent Authorities

Clause 3.23 requires a consent authority to take into consideration any applicable provisions of the *Child Care Planning Guideline* prior to determining the proposal for a centre-based child care centre.

A copy of the detailed assessment table for the Guideline is at **Attachment 3** of this report. In summary, the development has been found to be inconsistent with the following provisions of Parts 2 and 3 the Guideline:

### Part 2 – Design Quality Principles

### Principle 1 – Context

Good design responds and contributes to its context, including the key natural and built features of an area, their relationship and the character they create when combined. It also includes social, economic, health and environmental conditions.

Well-designed child care facilities respond to and enhance the qualities and identity of the area including adjacent sites, streetscapes and neighbourhood.

Well-designed child care facilities take advantage of its context by optimising access by walking and public transport, public facilities and centres, respecting local heritage, and being responsive to the demographic, cultural and socio-economic makeup of the facility users and surrounding communities.

### <u>Comment</u>



The local area comprises a mix of residential buildings or varying scales and architectural styles.

The subject site is therefore considered to have a low density residential character.

The development has been found to not comply with the floor space ratio development standard under the RLEP 2014 which is indicative of the proposal having a bulk and scale which is not compatible with the low density residential surrounds.

Notwithstanding the above, with respect to health and environmental conditions, the Air Quality Report (dated 6 September 2024, prepared by EnvironOdour Australia P/L) has been found by Council's Environmental Health Officer to not adequately demonstrate that the site will be suitable for the proposed use in that it fails to demonstrate that pollutants of concern generated by vehicles using Rutledge Street have been adequately assessed to satisfy Council that the potential risk to a vulnerable population is negligible.

In this respect, the environmental context of the site is not considered to be suitable for the development and this forms a reason to refuse the application.

### Principle 2 – Built Form

Good design achieves a scale, bulk and height appropriate to the existing or desired future character of the surrounding area.

Good design achieves an appropriate built form for a site and the building's purpose in terms of building alignments, proportions, building type, articulation and the manipulation of building elements.

Good design also uses a variety of materials, colours and textures.

Appropriate built form defines the public domain, contributes to the character of streetscapes and parks, including their views and vistas, and provides internal amenity and outlook.

Contemporary facility design can be distinctive and unique to support innovative approaches to teaching and learning, while still achieving a visual appearance that is aesthetically pleasing, complements the surrounding areas, and contributes positively to the public realm.

### <u>Comment</u>

The development has been found to not comply with the floor space ratio development standard under the RLEP 2014 which is indicative of the proposal having a bulk and scale which is not compatible with the surrounds.

In the event that the proposal was amended to comply with the floor space ratio standard, it could potentially be a building which is compatible with the built form aims of Principle 2.

### Principle 6 – Amenity



Good design positively influences internal and external amenity for children, staff and neighbours. Achieving good amenity contributes to positive learning environments and the well-being of students and staff.

Good amenity combines appropriate and efficient indoor and outdoor learning spaces, access to sunlight, natural ventilation, outlook, visual and acoustic privacy, storage, service areas and ease of access for all age groups and degrees of mobility.

Well-designed child care facilities provide comfortable, diverse and attractive spaces to learn, play and socialise.

### **Comment**

Amenity to neighbours is considered to be unsatisfactory. The architectural plans do not reflect the recommendations of the acoustic report in relation to the sound barrier fence materials and heights recommended in the acoustic report. Further, the acoustic report does not clearly clarify the permissible outdoor play scenarios under Section 8.1.2 of the report. Further, there are concerns in relation to the suitability of the site in relation to air quality.

### Part 3 – Matters for Consideration

The following Matters for Consideration are extracted from the table included at **Attachment 3** and detail the identified elements of inconsistency/non-compliance. The matters discussed below are included as reasons to refuse the application.

Clause	Comment	
3.1 Site Selection and Location		
C2	Not consistent	
Objective: To ensure that the site selected for a proposed childcare facility is suitable for the use.	Acoustic report submitted which is considered unsatisfactory as outlined earlier in this report. The proposed access point from Rutledge Street is not supported by Transport for NSW or Council.	
C4	Not Consistent	
Objective: To ensure that sites for childcare facilities do not incur risks from environmental, health or safety hazards.	The proposed child care centre will be subject to impacts from air quality and acoustics resulting from proximity to the classified road.	
	As outlined earlier in this report, the submitted acoustic and air quality	

Clause	Comment	
	reports have a number of identified deficiencies.	
Clause 3.6 - Noise and Air Pollution		
C26	Not Consistent	
Objective: To ensure air quality is acceptable where child care facilities are proposed close to external sources of air pollution such as major roads and industrial development. Locate child care facilities on sites which avoid or minimise the potential impact of external sources of air pollution such as major roads and industrial development.	The site is situated on Rutledge Street which is a Classified Road. As discussed throughout this report, a primary concern, and the fundamental reason for the recommendation to refuse the application, is the impact of vehicle generated airborne pollution from Rutledge Street on the health of children attending the centre.	
C27	Not consistent	
<ul> <li>A suitably qualified air quality professional should prepare an air quality assessment report to demonstrate that proposed childcare facilities close to major roads or industrial developments can meet air quality standards in accordance with relevant legislation and guidelines.</li> <li>The air quality assessment report should evaluate design considerations to minimise air pollution such as:</li> <li>Creating an appropriate separation distance between the facility and the pollution source. The location of play areas, sleeping areas and outdoor areas should be as far as practicable from the major source of air pollution.</li> <li>Using landscaping to act as a filter for air pollution generated by traffic and industry. Landscaping has the added benefit of improving aesthetics and minimising visual intrusion from an adiacont readway</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The submitted air quality assessment contains the following identified deficiencies:</li> <li>1. Lack of reference to appropriate air quality standards</li> <li>There was no reference to the National Environment Protection (Ambient Air Quality) Measures (AAQ NEPM) or any other air quality standards in the assessment to demonstrate that these standards have been adequately assessed for compliance.</li> <li>2. Suitability of the air quality dataset (location)</li> <li>The assessment was conducted based on air quality data from the Parramatta North roadside monitoring station, approximately 8km away from the proposed site.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Incorporating ventilation design into the design of the facility.</li> </ul>	The Clean Air and Urban Landscapes Hub (funded by the Australian Government's National	

@ your doorstep

Comment
Environmental Science Program) found that:
The concentration of air pollutants from vehicles can vary significantly over a small area, usually decreasing with distance from traffic. CAUL researchers conducted a roadside study in Randwick in Sydney's east to investigate this.
We found levels of PM2.5 at the roadside were sometimes twice those measured at nearby air- quality monitoring stations. PM2.5 concentrations were also found to be about 50% higher in the morning peak hour compared to the evening traffic peak. This is consistent with a well-recognised pattern of morning traffic being busier and more congested.
It is also noted that Parramatta North roadside monitoring station does not adjoin or is in close proximity to any classified road carrying similar level of traffic as the proposed site on Rutledge St. The report did not provide any justification for using air quality data from Parramatta North and why this would be a suitable comparison for this proposal.
<ol> <li>Suitability of the air quality dataset (year)</li> </ol>
The assessment was conducted based on air quality data gathered in 2021. It should be noted that 2021 was during the COVID pandemic lockdowns in Sydney, with potentially less traffic on the roads which may have potentially improved air quality during this period. 4. Methodology

Clause	Comment
	The assessment employed the RAQST for the first-pass screening of air quality impact in connection with road projects. It is noted that the inputs displayed in Figure 7 of the Report do not match the details provided in the report. Specifically, in accordance with the RAQST guidance road type should be Arterial, with traffic composition at Level 3. It is also noted that "user defined values have been input, but there is no clarification as to where these values came from. Furthermore the results from the testing indicate a moderate impact and further assessment should be undertaken.
C33 Objective: To provide vehicle access from the street in a safe environment that does not disrupt traffic flows. Alternate vehicular access should be provided where child care facilities are on sites fronting: • a classified road • roads which carry freight traffic or transport dangerous goods or hazardous materials. The alternate access must have regard to: • the prevailing traffic conditions • pedestrian and vehicle safety including bicycle movements • the likely impact of the development on traffic.	The proposed vehicle access is from Rutledge Street being a classified road. Transport for NSW does not support the proposed access from Rutledge Street and have requested that it be relocated to Wentworth Road. This would have a significant knock-on effect to the design of the development and may render the basement design unworkable.

# 5.3 Ryde Local Environmental Plan 2014

The site is zoned R2 Low Density Residential under the provisions of the Ryde Local Environmental Plan 2014 (RLEP).

A 'centre-based childcare facility' is permitted with consent in the R2 Low Density Residential zone.



The aims and objectives for the R2 Low Density Residential zone are:

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low-density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.
- To provide for a variety of housing types.

The proposed child care centre will provide a facility to meet the day to day needs of residents.

The first and third objective are not of relevance to the proposed development. The proposed development satisfies the relevant objectives.

### Part 4 – Principal Development Standards

The site is subject to the provisions of Clause 4.3 (Height of Buildings) and Clause 4.4 (Floor Space Ratio) Development Standards.

Standard	Permitted	Proposed	Variation	Compliance
Height of Buildings	9.5m	The maximum proposed height is 9.3m	N/A	Yes
Floor Space Ratio Site area: 893.2m <sup>2</sup>	0.5:1 446.2m² GFA*	Basement laundry: 7.2m <sup>2</sup> Ground floor: 284.8m <sup>2</sup> First floor: 174.6m <sup>2</sup> Total GFA: 466.6m <sup>2</sup> Proposed FSR: 0.522:1	4.5%	No. A Clause 4.6 request has not been submitted with the application.

The following table details the levels of compliance achieved by the development:

\*GFA = Gross Floor Area.

### **Clause 4.6 Exceptions to Development Standards**

Based upon Council's assessment of the proposal, the floor space ratio does not achieve compliance with the provisions of Clause 4.4 of RLEP 2014. The development standard permits a maximum floor space ratio of 0.5:1. The proposed floor space ratio has been calculated as being 0.522:1 or a gross floor area of 466.6m<sup>2</sup>.

A Clause 4.6 request has not been submitted as part of the application. As this is a jurisdictional prerequisite, consent cannot be granted to the proposal in its current form. In the event that the proposal was satisfactory in other aspects, the application would be afforded an opportunity to amend the proposal to demonstrate compliance. However, as outlined elsewhere in this report, there are other aspects of the proposal which are not supported and give weight to the recommendation of this report.



The floor space ratio standard is the key control to limit the bulk and scale of development within the R2 Low Density Residential zone and the proposed non-compliance is indicative of the proposal representing an over-development of the site.

# Other Applicable Clauses

### Clause 5.10 – Heritage Conservation

Under this Clause, the consent authority must consider the effect of the proposed development on the heritage significance of the item or area concerned.

The adjoining site to the rear (No. 31 Campbell Street) is listed in Schedule 5 of the RLEP 2014 as a local heritage item (No. 307) and significance is noted as a 'house'.

The application has not been supported by a Heritage Impact Statement by a suitably qualified consultant, addressing the impact of the proposal on the heritage item. Heritage is addressed in the Statement of Environmental Effects submitted with the application as follows:

Having regard to the existing low density residential character which comprises of one and two storey dwelling house of mixed ages and architectural forms within the immediate locality and noting that the heritage significance associated with local heritage item 307 comes from the heritage listed building itself rather than the streetscape which is not intact with redevelopment of the subject area over time, the proposal will not alter the established residential character to any degree nor will it impact on the heritage curtilage of the heritage item.

The development is compliant with height, FSR and setback provision. This indicates that the proposed built form is appropriate within the subject area and considering that the design scheme is to provide generous setback to 31 Campbell Street to its southern boundary and combined with an existing brick wall within the neighbouring property will provide adequate separation to the heritage curtilage of the heritage listed building. Therefore, the proposed child care facility will not impact in any addition or unacceptable way upon the heritage item 307.

As detailed earlier in this section of the report, Council's assessment of the proposal has revealed that it does not comply with the floor space ratio development standard. Further, Transport for NSW does not support the vehicle access from Rutledge Street and have requested that it be relocated to Wentworth Road, at the furthest point possible from the intersection. This would result in the driveway access needing to be located in close proximity to the heritage item which would result in greater impact on the item. The impact of the proposal on the heritage item is included as a reason for refusal of the application.

### Clause 6.2 – Earthworks

Clause 6.2(1) requires the consent authority to ensure that "any earthworks will not have a detrimental impact on environmental functions and processes, neighbouring uses, cultural or heritage items or features of the surrounding land."



The extent and siting of excavation is to have regard to the following:

- a) The likely disruption of, or any detrimental effect on, drainage patterns and soil stability in the locality of the development.
- b) The effect of the development on the likely future use or redevelopment of the land
- c) The quality of the fill or the soil to be excavated, or both.
- d) The effect of the development on the existing and likely amenity of adjoining properties.
- e) The source of any fill material and the destination of any excavated material.
- f) The likelihood of disturbing relics.
- g) The proximity to, and potential for adverse impacts on, any waterway, drinking water catchment or environmentally sensitive area.
- h) Any appropriate measures proposed to avoid, minimise or mitigate the impacts of the development.

It is considered that the proposed excavation, particularly for the car parking area, would have minimal adverse environmental or amenity impact. The development has been designed to follow the site's natural topography to minimise excessive cut and fill. However, in the event that the vehicle access was relocated to Wentworth Road as required by Transport for NSW, this would significantly alter the extent of excavation noting that the south-west corner is the highest point of the site.

### Clause 6.4 – Stormwater Management

The objective of this clause is to minimise the impacts of urban stormwater on land to which this clause applies and on adjoining properties, native bushland and receiving waters.

The application has been assessed by Council's Development Engineer who advised the following in relation to stormwater management:

- The proposed on-site detention (OSD) tank is located in the front setback in an area which is intended for deep soil landscaping. This placement conflicts with the objectives of deep soil landscaping as outlined in the Ryde DCP 2014.
- The front of the property is subject to flood affectation and, due to the proposed detention tank levels being nearly equivalent to those of the pit fronting the site, the onsite detention system will suffer a submerged outlet and not function as designed, potentially resulting in backflow / surcharge of the system and flooding the site.

Therefore, the proposal is considered unsatisfactory in relation to Clause 6.4 of RLEP 2014. This is included as a recommended reason for refusal.

# 5.4 Draft Environmental Planning Instruments

There are no relevant draft Environmental Planning Instruments for consideration.

# 5.5 Ryde Development Control Plan 2014 (RDCP)



The proposal is subject to the provisions of the following parts of the RDCP:

- Part 3.2: Child Care Centres.
- Part 3.3: Dwelling Houses and Dual Occupancy.
- Part 7.2: Waste Minimisation and Management.
- Part 8.2: Stormwater and Floodplain Management.
- Part 8.3: Driveways.
- Part 9.3: Parking Controls.

Clause 3.27 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 (Chapter 3 Educational Establishments and child care facilities) provides that a provision of a development control plan that specifies a requirement, standard or control in relation to any of the following matters (including by reference to ages, age ratios, groupings, numbers or the like, of children) does not apply to development for the purpose of a centre-based child care facility:

- a) Operational or management plans or arrangements (including hours of operation),
- b) Demonstrated need or demand for child care services,
- c) Proximity of facility to other early education and care facilities,
- d) Any matter relating to development for the purpose of a centre-based child care facility contained in:
  - (i) The design principles set out in Part 2 of the Child Care Planning Guideline, or
  - (ii) The matters for consideration set out in Part 3 or the regulatory requirements set out in Part 4 of that guideline (other than those concerning building height, side and rear setbacks or car parking rates).

As such, only the relevant controls of the RDCP that are not already covered by the Guidelines are assessed in this report.

A detailed assessment of the proposal against the RDCP Part 3.2 'Child Care Centres', Part 3.3 'Dwelling Houses and Dual Occupancies', and Part 9.3 'Parking Controls' is detailed in the compliance table at **Attachment 3**.

The following addresses specific clauses within the RDCP which are inconsistent/not compliant with an applicable requirement. The matters discussed below are included as reasons to refuse the application.

### Part 3.2 – Child Care Centres

Clause	Comment
Clause 2.1.1 - Preferred Locations	
	d care centres minimise opportunities for d maximise opportunities for a suitable

Clau	se	Comment			
2 T	o ensure sites have the least no	tential adverse impact on peighbouring			
	2. To ensure sites have the least potential adverse impact on neighbouring properties in terms of noise, loss of privacy and traffic.				
	3. To ensure sites have the least amount of impact on neighbouring properties in				
	terms of scale of development.				
	•	size which can support vehicular access			
	4. To ensure sites are of a shape and size which can support vehicular access enabling vehicles to enter and leave with minimal disruption to traffic flow, and				
	ithout endangering pedestrians.				
	0 01	opment in areas which are not adversely			
	•	afety issues or pollution associated with			
	eavy traffic.	5			
	•	aphy for child care centre development.			
		re centre developments in order to assist			
		nising compliance with these controls.			
	located on arterial or sub-arterial	Not Consistent			
road					
		The site is located on Rutledge Street			
		which is a sub-arterial road (state).			
		Given the objectives of the control (see			
		above), it has been noted throughout this			
		report that the development would not be			
		consistent with Objective 5.			
212	- Environmental Risks/Hazards				
		Net Oppeintent			
	location is to take into consideration	Not Consistent			
includ	other environmental health hazard	The site is leasted on Dutledge Street which			
morac	ang.	The site is located on Rutledge Street which			
		is a sub-arterial road (state)			
i.	Pollution created by car and other	is a sub-arterial road (state).			
i.	Pollution created by car and other vehicle fumes (from high traffic				
i.	Pollution created by car and other vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub	Given the objectives of the control (see			
	vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads);				
i. ii.	vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads); Existing and potential on and off-site	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this			
ii.	vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads); Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields;	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			
ii. iii.	vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads); Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields; Contaminated land;	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			
ii.	vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads); Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields; Contaminated land; Lead in painted surfaces, carpets,	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			
ii. iii.	vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads); Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields; Contaminated land; Lead in painted surfaces, carpets, furnishings and roof void in existing	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			
ii. iii.	vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads); Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields; Contaminated land; Lead in painted surfaces, carpets,	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			
ii. iii. iv.	vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads); Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields; Contaminated land; Lead in painted surfaces, carpets, furnishings and roof void in existing buildings;	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			
ii. iii. iv. v. v.	vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads); Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields; Contaminated land; Lead in painted surfaces, carpets, furnishings and roof void in existing buildings; Asbestos or other contamination or poisoning in existing buildings; Proximity to service stations;	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			
ii. iii. iv. v. vi. vi. vii.	<ul> <li>vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads);</li> <li>Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields;</li> <li>Contaminated land;</li> <li>Lead in painted surfaces, carpets, furnishings and roof void in existing buildings;</li> <li>Asbestos or other contamination or poisoning in existing buildings;</li> <li>Proximity to service stations;</li> <li>Proximity to LPG tanks;</li> </ul>	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			
ii. iii. iv. v. v.	vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads); Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields; Contaminated land; Lead in painted surfaces, carpets, furnishings and roof void in existing buildings; Asbestos or other contamination or poisoning in existing buildings; Proximity to service stations; Proximity to LPG tanks; Proximity to significant noise, odour	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			
ii. iii. iv. v. vi. vi. vii.	vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads); Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields; Contaminated land; Lead in painted surfaces, carpets, furnishings and roof void in existing buildings; Asbestos or other contamination or poisoning in existing buildings; Proximity to service stations; Proximity to LPG tanks; Proximity to significant noise, odour and other pollutant generating	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			
ii. iii. iv. v. vi. vi. vii.	<ul> <li>vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads);</li> <li>Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields;</li> <li>Contaminated land;</li> <li>Lead in painted surfaces, carpets, furnishings and roof void in existing buildings;</li> <li>Asbestos or other contamination or poisoning in existing buildings;</li> <li>Proximity to service stations;</li> <li>Proximity to LPG tanks;</li> <li>Proximity to significant noise, odour and other pollutant generating sources, or sites which (due to</li> </ul>	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			
ii. iii. iv. v. vi. vi. vii.	<ul> <li>vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads);</li> <li>Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields;</li> <li>Contaminated land;</li> <li>Lead in painted surfaces, carpets, furnishings and roof void in existing buildings;</li> <li>Asbestos or other contamination or poisoning in existing buildings;</li> <li>Proximity to service stations;</li> <li>Proximity to LPG tanks;</li> <li>Proximity to significant noise, odour and other pollutant generating sources, or sites which (due to prevailing land use zoning) may in</li> </ul>	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			
ii. iii. iv. v. vi. vi. vii.	<ul> <li>vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads);</li> <li>Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields;</li> <li>Contaminated land;</li> <li>Lead in painted surfaces, carpets, furnishings and roof void in existing buildings;</li> <li>Asbestos or other contamination or poisoning in existing buildings;</li> <li>Proximity to service stations;</li> <li>Proximity to LPG tanks;</li> <li>Proximity to significant noise, odour and other pollutant generating sources, or sites which (due to prevailing land use zoning) may in future accommodate noise or odour</li> </ul>	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			
ii. iii. iv. v. vi. vi.	<ul> <li>vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads);</li> <li>Existing and potential on and off-site electromagnetic fields;</li> <li>Contaminated land;</li> <li>Lead in painted surfaces, carpets, furnishings and roof void in existing buildings;</li> <li>Asbestos or other contamination or poisoning in existing buildings;</li> <li>Proximity to service stations;</li> <li>Proximity to LPG tanks;</li> <li>Proximity to significant noise, odour and other pollutant generating sources, or sites which (due to prevailing land use zoning) may in</li> </ul>	Given the objectives of the control (see above), it has been noted throughout this report that the development would not be			

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Clause	Comment		
Where sites are proposed within 125m of arterial roads, air quality monitoring, and soil quality testing will be required to determine toxicity levels. Noise level testing will also be required. The site is not to be in a location likely to be affected by emissions of dust, fumes, noise, nor by frequent truck movements.	Air Quality         A Roadside Air Quality Assessment was         prepared by EnvironOdour Australia Pty         Ltd, dated 6 September 2024, as the         proposed site adjoins a "classified road"         (Rutledge St).         The assessment has failed to         adequately demonstrate that the site is		
	suitable for the proposed use, as detailed earlier in the report. <u>Acoustic Impact</u> An Acoustic report prepared by Day Design Pty Ltd, report no. 7998-1.1R, dated 19 August 2024 has been submitted with the application.		
	As previously discussed in this report, the acoustic report has a number of identified deficiencies.		
Clause 3.2 Detached Centres and Centres in Residential Areas			
In low density residential areas, encouraged to be single storey in height for safety and access. If two storey, second storey should only be used for the purposes of storage and staff facilities.	The proposal is located in a low density residential area and is two storeys in height. On the first floor there is an indoor play room and outdoor play area. This is considered to be unsuitable from a residential amenity perspective.		
Clause 4.2 Acoustic Privacy – for adjoining residents			
Elevated play and transition areas are to be avoided.	There is an outdoor play area located on the first floor. This is considered to be unsuitable from a residential amenity perspective.		
Clause 5.1 Car Parking			
Underground car parking is not permitted in low density residential areas.	The proposal includes basement car parking. In the event that the proposal was satisfactory in other areas, the basement car parking could potentially be supported but in combination with the other non-compliances, the site is not considered suitable for the proposed development.		
Clause 6.1 General Landscape Design Requirements			

Clause	Comment	
A landscape setback of minimum width 2m is to be provided along the front boundary of all new CCCs in residential zones to assist in preserving streetscape amenity and provide screening. Care is to be taken in design of the setback to avoid vegetation impeding sightlines from vehicles entering/exiting the site, and to consider the use of materials and finishes to complement the neighbouring streetscape.	A 2m landscaping area is not provided for the entirety of the front setback. On the Wentworth Road frontage, the landscaped area is only 1m in width where it is not interrupted by access paths or other features. On the Rutledge Street frontage, the extent of landscaping proposed is considered satisfactory.	
Clause 7.1 Miscellaneous Controls – Centre Facilities		
<ul> <li>In centres where children under the age of 2 years are proposed to be cared for the following are to be provided:</li> <li>i) A sleeping room with 2.5m<sup>2</sup> of floorspace per cot and a max. of 10 cots per room;</li> </ul>	Cot room has 9 cots Area required = 22.5m <sup>2</sup> Area provided = 17.65m <sup>2</sup> (shortfall of 4.85m <sup>2</sup> ) The proposed shortfall is considered to be unsatisfactory for a purpose-built centre.	
Clause 7.4 Waste Storage and Management		
Where a new CCC is proposed, the waste and recycling storage area must be designed to be visually and physically integrated into the design of the development, and not stored within the front setback to avoid visual clutter. Waste facilities are not to be sited within the areas required for car parking, vehicular and pedestrian access, landscaping and outdoor play areas.	The waste room is integrated within the basement. However, there is a secondary bin storage location on the Wentworth Road frontage which is considered to be unsatisfactory from a streetscape perspective.	

# Part 3.3 – Dwelling Houses and Dual Occupancies

The RDCP includes controls specific to development within the R2 Low Density Residential zone, being most typically dwelling houses and dual occupancies.

Although not a dwelling house or dual occupancy, the controls do reflect the built form expectations of development in the zone.

The following table outlines the non-compliances with the relevant controls of this DCP Part:

Clause 2.9 Setbacks		
Minimum required front setback: 6m Minimum secondary front setback: 2m	The majority of the secondary setback complies, with the exception of the ground floor basement vent which is set back 1.6m. This encroachment is considered to be unsatisfactory from a streetscape presentation perspective.	

A full assessment against the relevant controls under Part 3.3 has been undertaken and is included at **Attachment 3**.

# Part 9.3 – Parking Controls

The application has been assessed against the parking requirements under Part 9.3 of the RDCP and is found to be compliant.

The table detailing compliance is included at **Attachment 3**.

### 5.6 Planning Agreements OR Draft Planning Agreements

There are no planning agreements or draft planning agreements for this development.

### 5.7 City of Ryde Section 7.12 - Development Contributions Plan 2020

From 1 July 2020, the City of Ryde Fixed Rate Levy (Section 7.12) Development Contributions Plan 2020 (Fixed Rate Plan) applies to non-residential development outside of the Macquarie Park precinct that propose an increase in GFA. The Fixed Rate Plan imposes a 1% levy on the construction value of all non-residential development consents for developments over a \$350,000 construction value threshold.

The cost of works of the proposal is **\$3,481,588.** In the event that the application was recommended for approval, a condition of consent would be recommended requiring the payment of the following development contribution:

A – Contribution Type	B – Contribution Amount
Section 7.12 Contribution	\$34,815.88

### 5.8 Any matters prescribed by the regulation

### **Education and Care Services National Regulations**

These Regulations underpin the operational and specific design requirements for education and care providers. With regard to this application, these Regulations govern physical environment design requirements for centre-based child care facilities, and form part of the design guidelines within the Guideline.

Refer to the assessment in Attachment 3.

### 6. The likely impacts of the development

(i) The environmental impacts of the development on the natural and built environment are addressed within the State Environmental Planning Instruments section of this report.

It has been found that the development would not have a detrimental impact on any ecological communities or flora or fauna species of national conservation significance nor, subject to conditions, upon the surrounding built environment by achieving a balanced outcome with landscaping and replacement trees to cater for trees proposed to be removed.

- (ii) The development will not have a detrimental social impact in the locality considering the use of the proposal which forms a compatible and complimentary land use.
- (iii) The development will not have a detrimental economic impact on the locality considering the nature of the proposed land use.

# 7. Suitability of the site for the development

It has not been demonstrated that the subject site is suitable for the proposed development. As outlined throughout the report, there are identified deficiencies with the submitted air quality and acoustic reports. The vehicular access design is not supported by Transport for NSW. In addition, a Heritage Impact Statement has not been submitted addressing the impacts of the proposal on the adjoining heritage item at No.31 Campbell Street.

# 8. The Public Interest

The proposal is contrary to the public interest as it has not been demonstrated that the development is compatible with the acoustic and air quality impacts of the adjacent classified road. Further, the development will impact upon the safety and efficiency of the classified road by providing an access point where it could feasibly be located on the secondary street (Wentworth Road).

# 9. Public Notification and Submissions

The application was notified in accordance with the Ryde Community Participation Plan from 13 September 2024 until 29 September 2024. One of the nearby residents raised concerns that the receipt of the notification letters was significantly delayed. As a result, the notification period was extended until 14 October 2024. A total of 22 unique submissions were received as a result of the overall notification period. The issues raised in the submissions and responses are outlined below:

• This site is located on the busiest road in Eastwood, being Rutledge Street. The traffic conditions are bound to worsen with the ongoing development of the Eastwood Shopping Centre and dual occupancies in nearby residential areas. The objector has personally witnessed several accidents and near misses on Rutledge Street, including pedestrians and cars trying to cross the road. All the intersections in this neighbourhood are controlled by stop or give-way signs,

rather than roundabouts or traffic lights, which will become even more dangerous with the increased traffic from the childcare centre.

<u>Comment:</u> The proposal is not supported by Transport for NSW based on the proposed vehicle access from Rutledge Street. The relocation of the vehicle access to Wentworth Road would make the basement design significantly challenging given that the vehicle access point would be at a more elevated location on site. In terms of traffic volumes on surrounding roads (pre and post development), there are no concerns raised by Council's Traffic officers.

 Although the application proposes that traffic will enter and exit from Rutledge Street with a left-in, left-out approach, this will redirect traffic onto local roads like Wentworth Road, Campbell Street, and Tarrants Avenue. Imagine if you need to enter from westbound Rutledge Street. You would first have to turn right into Wentworth Road, travel down Campbell Street, then Tarrants Avenue, before turning back onto Rutledge Street to finally drive into the centre. These are quiet, narrow streets that cannot accommodate the increased traffic. Can you imagine 70 parent cars and 15+ staff vehicles coming in and out every morning and afternoon? This is unacceptable and unfair to the residents, not to mention the safety risks for schoolchildren walking home from the nearby public school.

<u>Comment:</u> The inconvenience of the left-in, left-out arrangement is acknowledged. The application is recommended for refusal on the basis that it is not supported by Transport for NSW given the proposed vehicle access from Rutledge Street. In terms of traffic volumes on surrounding roads, there are no concerns raised by Council's Traffic officers as the proposal would be within the environmental capacity of the surrounding streets.

 The neighbouring property at 31 Campbell Street is a local heritage item. The proposed childcare centre, with its large outdoor balcony and colourful decorations, creates an unacceptable visual impact that is incompatible with the heritage aesthetic of the property and the community. Furthermore, I have not seen any report from a heritage professional assessing the proposal's impact on the existing heritage property and approved addition, including overshadowing, solar access, and noise to the living areas.

<u>Comment:</u> It is agreed that the proposal was not supported by a Heritage Impact Statement prepared by a suitably qualified consultant. Based on this omission, it is not possible for Council to conduct a full and detailed assessment in relation to heritage impact. This is a recommended reason for the refusal of the application.

• The site fronts the busiest road in the area, and the noise, vibrations, and air pollution caused by current and future traffic should not be underestimated. For instance, there is no report on the impact of vibrations. The air quality report provided is inadequate, as it does not use real-time, site-specific data. The assessment criteria applied are for the general public, rather than vulnerable children. Children aged 0-5 are particularly susceptible to pollution. The summary of the RAQST model shows a moderate potential impact and recommends seeking further advice on whether a detailed assessment is needed. However,

no further assessment has been conducted using site-specific data collected on school days. Can you imagine children playing and breathing in pollution every day on a balcony so close to the main road?

<u>Comment:</u> As detailed through this report, the application is not supported on air quality and acoustic impact grounds. It is agreed that the air quality report is not informed by site-specific data.

• Ryde Council's DCP requires a setback of at least 2 metres for the secondary frontage of a corner site. The proposed DA does not comply with this requirement along its Wentworth Street frontage - around the side entry.

<u>Comment:</u> It is agreed that there are some elements of the building which encroach into the minimum two metre secondary setback area required by the Ryde Development Control Plan 2014.

There is no internal access from the centre to the garbage room. Staff would need to carry garbage bags out onto Wentworth Street and walk along the public footpath to Rutledge Street to re-enter the centre through the front gate. Can you imagine people carrying large garbage bags down the street? What an eyesore! Additionally, it appears that two garbage bins would be placed between the fence and the public footpath along Wentworth Road, which is unacceptable and inconsistent with DCP 3.2 – 7.4, Objective 4, which aims to ensure that waste storage areas have minimal visual impact.

<u>Comment:</u> It is agreed that access to the bin storage room is inconvenient when transporting waste from the centre to the room. The proposed bin storage location on the Wentworth Road frontage of the site is unsuitable from a streetscape perspective and is not supported.

• The property is home to several mature pine trees that contribute greatly to the natural environment and the local streetscape. These trees are not only aesthetically valuable but also play a crucial role in maintaining the ecological balance of the area. They are natural habitats to a couple of possums and various pieces of local birds. Any construction that threatens their preservation would have a detrimental impact on the community's natural heritage.

<u>Comment:</u> The subject site has been previously cleared of all vegetation and structures and is currently vacant.

 The house located at 56 Rutledge Street was built in 1940 and is an excellent example of Federation-style architecture. Its high ceilings and unique historical character are irreplaceable features that contribute to the charm and identity of the neighbourhood. Furthermore, the adjacent building is heritage-listed, and the proposed development may not align with the strict guidelines typically required for construction near heritage sites.

<u>Comment:</u> The previous dwelling occupying the site has been demolished following the granting of a Complying Development Certificate by Compass Building Certification



for the demolition of existing structures and removal of the inground swimming pool on 30 July 2021.

 Traffic congestion around Rutledge Street, especially during peak hours, is a major problem. With no parking available on Rutledge Street, the primary access point is through Wentworth Road, where parking is already near capacity due to the current residents between Rutledge and Campbell Streets. The addition of a new childcare centre would likely worsen this situation, making it harder for local residents to move safely through the area and maintain access to their regular off-street parking spaces.

<u>Comment:</u> The application is recommended for refusal based on the location of the vehicle access point off Rutledge Street. No concerns have been raised by Council's Traffic engineers in relation to the capacity of surrounding streets to cater for the centre in terms of traffic and parking. The proposal is compliant in relation to the number of car parking spaces proposed. However, relocating the vehicle access to Wentworth Road would potentially reduce the number of car parking spaces that can be provided.

• There are currently 32 childcare centres operating in Eastwood alone, not counting those in surrounding suburbs. Given this already high number, it does not seem necessary to add another centre, especially in a location where traffic and access are already strained.

<u>Comment:</u> The number and proximity of child care centres located near site is not a matter for consideration under Section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979. Competition with other centres would be a matter of consideration for the applicant and owner of the site.

• The building of a two storey centre will compromise the privacy of surrounding homes by being able to overlook into the gardens of the surrounding properties. This privacy has been enjoyed in the local area and it would not be acceptable to have this disturbed.

<u>Comment:</u> It is agreed that the proposal has the potential to impact upon the visual and acoustic privacy of surrounding properties.

• Shadow diagrams have not been adequately provided to assess the sunlight access to the approved addition at 31 Campbell Street Eastwood as per clause 2.14.1 of the Dwelling Houses DCP.

<u>Comment:</u> The application is accompanied by shadow diagrams based on 9am, 12 noon and 3pm on June 21 as required by the Ryde Development Control Plan 2014. Whilst there is some impact upon No. 31 Campbell Street, the level of impact is not unreasonable and complies with the solar access controls in the DCP.

• Clause 6.1e of the Childcare DCP states a landscape setback of at least 2m is required around the front boundary of the childcare centre. In this case, considering the main entry to the centre is through the western boundary and car entry should also be relocated to western boundary, the front boundary



being western boundary appears to provide a landscape setback of <1m for approximately 50% of the frontage.

<u>Comment:</u> It is agreed that a 2m landscaping area is not provided for the entirety of the front setback. On the Wentworth Road frontage, the landscaped area is only 1m in width where it is not interrupted by access paths or other features. On the Rutledge Street frontage, the extent of landscaping proposed is considered satisfactory.

 Clause 2.9.3 of the Dwelling Houses DCP requires rear setbacks to be a minimum of 25% of the site length or 8m whichever is greater. The site is 44.5m long, so the rear setback should be 11.13m. As per the DCP the 'Rear setbacks are measured from the rear boundary to the outside edge of the rear wall including any articulation to the building, such as balconies, terraces and decks'. The rear setback of the upper level is 7.8m and does not comply.

<u>Comment:</u> Given that the subject site is a corner allotment, it technically does not have a rear. The southern and eastern sides of the building are considered to be sides as opposed to rear. This is a common approach adopted when assessing buildings located on corner allotments.

 1.39m high balustrades to the L1 outdoor play area will allow staff members and parents to look into the entire backyard and living spaces of the two adjoining properties (consider both existing and approved additions). This is inconsistent with 2.14.2 of the Dwelling Houses DCP objectives 1, 2 & 4 and controls c: 'Terraces and balconies are not to overlook neighbour's living areas and private open space'.

<u>Comment:</u> It is considered that the first floor external play area provides a minor level of overlooking impact on the surrounding properties given that the fence would only be capable of being seen over by educators. It would be uncommon for parents to enter the first floor of the building.

• Stair 02 is not provided with a door at street level and is accessible by the public. The stairs create a security and crime risk by allowing the public to walk down the stairs and around the corner in front of the emergency exit door, hidden from the public.

<u>Comment:</u> It is agreed that Stair 02 presents a potential security issue but this could be mitigated by the installation of security cameras or motion activated lighting.

• Clause 3.2a of the Childcare DCP requires child care centres to be designed to appear domestic in scale and character, with a bulk, height, scale, and appearance compatible with the existing surrounding development. When viewed from Wentworth Road, as the site is on a corner, the large, extended balcony with colourful decorations does not align with the existing surrounding development or the heritage item at 31 Campbell Street, Eastwood.

<u>Comment:</u> It is considered that the proposed building is not domestic in scale and character. As discussed earlier in the report, the proposed floor space ratio has been calculated as being 0.522:1 which exceeds the maximum permitted 0.5:1. This is



indicative that the bulk and scale of the proposal is excessive. Further, the elevated external play area is atypical of domestic character and its proposed embellishment with coloured elements is also uncharacteristic of the surrounding residential character.

• The driveway profile and clearance height for accessible vehicles has not considered wastewater plumbing beneath the slab from the kitchen and accessible WC. Furthermore, the slab should be assumed as a standard 300mm slab which does not consider the likely need for a transfer beam spanning across the driveway opening. Evidence from a structural and hydraulic engineer should be provided to support that the accessible clearance can be provided into the basement.

<u>Comment:</u> This a valid point which would be included in a request for additional information from the applicant. However, given the recommendation of this report, additional information is not being sought from the applicant.

• The stormwater drawings have not considered a sewer tank pump out system for the laundry in the basement.

<u>Comment:</u> This is a valid point as the waste water from the laundry may not be able to flow to the sewer system by gravity. This would be a matter that should be addressed as part of any Section 73 Certificate application to Sydney Water.

• The application has not considered the impact to adjoining trees or tree root zones. The application needs to be supported by an arborist report.

<u>Comment:</u> The application has been assessed by Council's Landscape Architect who advised that whilst an Arboricultural Impact Assessment (AIA) was not submitted with the application, there are no trees on the adjoining properties which will be impacted by the proposal.

• The application does not specify which road the waste collection will take place at. The additional bin store on the Wentworth Road front is not appropriate. Clause 7.4d of the Childcare DCP does not permit waste storage within the front setback.

<u>Comment:</u> Whilst the application does not specify which street the waste collection would occur from, the most feasible street would be Wentworth Road. It is agreed that the proposed bin storage bay on the Wentworth Road frontage is not appropriate from a streetscape perspective.

• As per clause 4.8 in the Childcare Planning Guideline, an Emergency and Evacuation Plan should be submitted with the DA. This has not been provided.

<u>Comment:</u> It is agreed that an Emergency and Evacuation Plan has not been submitted and is required by the Childcare Planning Guideline.

• The proposal cost has not been supported by a Cost Summary Report completed by a suitable professional. As the estimated cost forms the basis for many statutory fees associated with the application, it is essential to ensure the



development cost is accurately estimated to maintain the integrity of the development contribution system.

<u>Comment:</u> It is confirmed that an Estimated Development Cost Report was submitted with the application which arrives at a total EDC of \$3,481,588.00. The Report was not included with the documents available on Council's Application Tracker as it is not essential for the community's understanding of the proposal.

Clause 2.3 of childcare DCP states:

a. A site analysis is to be submitted with development applications for new child care centres including developments that involve the conversions of existing dwellings/other buildings or a purpose-built centre. The applicant is to demonstrate that the site analysis has been used in preparing the design for the child care centre (refer "Preparing a Site Analysis" guide below).

b. A site analysis drawing must be based on a survey drawing produced by a qualified surveyor and contain a reference number and date. All levels are to be provided to AHD.

A site analysis has not been provided with the DA in accordance with the requirements in the DCP.

<u>Comment:</u> A site analysis plan was submitted with the architectural package (Page 2). Whilst the plan is not overly detailed, it is considered satisfactory for the purposes of the proposal.

The Child Care Planning Guideline (CCPG) (2021) includes provisions which recommend that child care centres are located on or adjacent to sites which are compatible with the use, and which are environmentally safe with respect to the effects of pollution and acoustic impact on the development. A child care centre is considered to be a type of development which is sensitive to traffic noise or vehicle emissions and therefore, consent must not be granted to the development unless the centre is appropriately located and designed, or includes measures, to ameliorate potential traffic noise or vehicle emissions arising from the adjacent classified road. The application is accompanied by an Acoustic Report (dated 19 August 2024 as prepared by Day Design) and an Air Quality Assessment Report (dated 6 September 2022 as prepared by Environ odour Australia Pty Ltd) both of which have deficiencies in their report in assessing the impact of current and future impact of airborne pollution and noise. Both reports have not provided adequate assessment to evaluate the potential future environmental quality.

<u>Comment:</u> It is agreed that the submitted air quality and acoustic reports have deficiencies which are discussed in detail elsewhere in the report. The reports do not sufficiently demonstrate that the proposed development is suitable for the site.

# 10. Referrals

### Transport for NSW (TfNSW)

The application was referred to TfNSW under the provisions of Section 2.119 of SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 and the following comments were provided:

TfNSW has reviewed the application and notes that the subject site has frontage to Rutledge Street (classified road) and Wentworth Road (local road) with the driveway proposed on Rutledge Street.

The current practice of TfNSW is to minimise the number of driveways on arterial roads on traffic efficiency and road safety grounds and is reflected in clause 2(a) of section 2.119 of the SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) which states "where practicable and safe, vehicular access to the land is provided by a road other than the classified road". As such, TfNSW does not support the proposed development in its current form and requests that the application be amended so that all vehicular access is provided from Wentworth Road. TfNSW recommends that the access to and from Wentworth Road be located as close as possible to the southern property boundary to maximise the separation from the intersection of Rutledge Street and Wentworth Road.

This matter forms one of the recommended reasons for refusal of the application.

#### Ausgrid

The application was referred to Ausgrid under the provisions of Section 2.48 of SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 and no objections were raised subject to recommended conditions.

#### City Infrastructure

#### <u>Traffic</u>

Council's Traffic team do not support the proposal on the basis of Transport for NSW not supporting the proposed access from Rutledge Street.

#### Public Domain

No additional information was requested by Council's Public Domain team and no fundamental concerns were raised.

#### <u>Drainage</u>

Additional information was requested by Council's Drainage team in relation to flood impact. This request was not conveyed to the applicant given the recommendation of this report.

#### **Development Engineer**

Council's Development Engineer has assessed the application and raised the following concerns:

- The proposed on-site detention (OSD) tank is located in the front setback in an area which is intended for deep soil landscaping. This placement conflicts with the objectives of deep soil landscaping as outlined in the Ryde DCP 2014.
- The front of the property is subject to flood affectation and, due to the proposed detention tank levels being nearly equivalent to those of the pit fronting the site, the onsite detention system will suffer a submerged outlet and not function as designed, potentially resulting in backflow / surcharge of the system and flooding the site.

#### **Environmental Health**

The following comments were provided by Council's Environmental Health Officer:

a) Noise/Acoustics

Acoustic report prepared by Day Design Pty Ltd, report no. 7998-1.1R, dated 19 August 2024.

Long term measurements were taken at Location A and B from 24 May 2024 to 4 June 2024 for ambient noise and road traffic noise. Day Design notes that the background noise level in the area is primarily influenced by local fauna, traffic noise from Rutledge Street, and some neighbourhood social noises.



Figure 1 - Site Plan - 56 Rutledge Street, Eastwood, NSW

Table 3	Ambient Background Levels - 56 Rutledge Street, Eastwood, NSW
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Noise Measurement Location	Time Period	L90 Rating Background Level	
Location 'A' – 1.5 m above Ground Floor Level	Early Morning (6:30 am to 7 am) Day (7 am to 6 pm)	55 dBA 54 dBA	
Location 'B'– 1.5 m above Ground Floor Level	Early Morning (6:30 am to 7 am) Day (7 am to 6 pm)	51 dBA 49 dBA	

**Project Noise Trigger Levels** summarised below, derived in accordance with relevant guidelines:

Criteria	Noise level
Sleep Disturbance	70dBA
	(55+15)



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(6:30 – 7:00am for most a R2A, R		
	All day play	59dBA
Outdoor Play		(54+5)
(Ground floor receptors	Up to 4 hours	<b>64dBA</b> (54+10) <u>and</u>
R1, R2A, R6A)		<b>59dBA</b> (54+5) for all other noise sources e.g., indoor play, carpark, mechanical plant
	All day play	54dBA
Outdoor Play		(49+5)
(First floor receptors	Up to 4 hours	<b>59dBA</b> (49+10) <u>and</u>
R2B, R2C, R3, R4, R5, R6B)		54dBA (49+5) for all other noise
(NOD)		sources e.g., indoor play, carpark, mechanical plant
On-Road	Traffic	55dBA
(7:00am – 6:00pm for most affected receivers R1, R2A, R5, R6A, R6B)		
	Internal cot room	< 35 dBA
Noise Intrusion	Indoor play areas	< 40 dBA
	Outdoor play areas	< 55 dBA

Most scenarios are predicted to comply with the established project noise criteria, except for:

- 1. Outdoor play minor exceedances (3dB) for <u>all day play</u> for selected receivers
- 2. Noise intrusion for internal cot room and indoor play rooms

Recommendations to remedy exceedances are detailed in Section 8 of the Acoustic Report, involving a suite of management and construction related controls. Interestingly, the noise control recommendations are predicted to reduce noise level for selected receivers (R2C, R3 and R4) up to 3dB only, under the "all day" outdoor play scenario, just enough to meet the project noise criteria.

Regardless, the applicant has indicated its intention to adopt 4 hours of play per day (2 hours each in the morning and afternoon) in the Plan of Management.

The applicant however needs to provide clarification to the below questions:

1. The acoustic consultant/ applicant must clarify the permissible outdoor play scenarios under Section 8.1.2 of the Acoustic Report.

The note under Section 8.1.2 heading of the Acoustic Report suggests that 2-3 year olds are designated to use the **first floor** outdoor play area only, whilst the second

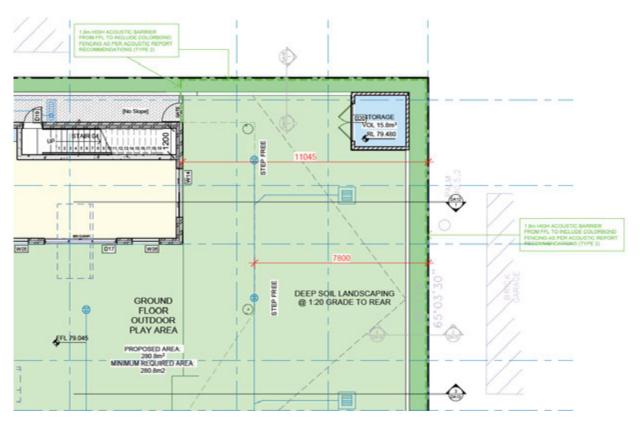


bullet point in the same section states that 2-3 year olds (up to 20 children) will be utilising the **ground floor** outdoor play area.

The Acoustic Report and Plan of Management should be updated to ensure consistency.

- 2. The acoustic report identifies that the noise intrusion in the cot room will exceed the requirement of 35 dB, with an exceedance of 14 dB with windows closed. The control measures listed in section 8.1 include windows on the eastern facades on the ground floor "cot room" should be closed during operating hours. This is already included in the assessment and is identified that the noise will still exceed the requirement. The acoustic consultant/ applicant must provide clear treatment measures for the cot room and demonstrate that the predicted noise levels for internal cot room can comply with the noise criteria.
- 3. The applicant shall update the site plan to reflect the correct sound barrier fence materials and/or height recommended in Section 8.2.1 of the Acoustic Report.

The site plan provided in the Acoustic Report and Architectural Plan suggests that there will be a "1.8m high acoustic barrier from FFL to include colorbond fencing as per acoustic repot recommendations (type 2)" for the ground floor outdoor play area.



It is noted that the proposed floor level of the development may be lower than the natural ground level on neighbouring property, so the actual fence height will be adjusted based on the FFL. However, the construction material referenced in the site plan being colorbond appears to be inconsistent with the recommendations of the Acoustic Report which requires the following sound barrier walls:



- 2.3m high fence along the western boundary of the GF OPA; and
- 2.4m high fence along the southern boundary of the GF OPA; and
- 1.39m high fence along the southern, eastern and western boundaries of the FF OPA.

The proposed sound barrier walls may be constructed from solid capped and lapped timber, 10mm thick solid polycarbonate, 6.38mm thick laminated glass or masonry.

Colorbond was not included as an option in the Acoustic Report and Environmental Health would not support the use of colorbond fencing as a suitable acoustic treatment due to its low surface density. The AAAC Guidelines recommend that surface density of boundary fence to be no less than 15 kg/m<sup>2</sup>, which the applicant will be required to comply with.

a) Mechanical Ventilation/Kitchen Exhaust/Air Conditioning

Details of mechanical ventilation has not been provided. It should be noted that to comply with the internal noise criteria, windows to indoor activity areas and eastern facades of the ground floor cot room must be kept closed, meaning that there will be no natural ventilation and mechanical ventilation must be provided.

b) Air Quality

A Roadside Air Quality Assessment was prepared by EnvironOdour Australia Pty Ltd, dated 6 September 2024, as the proposed site adjoins a "classified road" (Rutledge St) under the Roads Act 1993.

The assessment has failed to adequately demonstrate that the site is suitable for the proposed use. Specifically, Environmental Health holds the following concerns:

1. Lack of reference to appropriate air quality standards

There was no reference to the National Environment Protection (Ambient Air Quality) Measures (AAQ NEPM) or any other air quality standards in the assessment to demonstrate that these standards have been adequately assessed for compliance.

2. Suitability of the air quality dataset (location)

The assessment was conducted based on air quality data from the Parramatta North roadside monitoring station, approximately 8km away from the proposed site.

The Clean Air and Urban Landscapes Hub (funded by the Australian Government's National Environmental Science Program) found that:

The concentration of air pollutants from vehicles can vary significantly over a small area, usually decreasing with distance from traffic. CAUL researchers conducted a roadside study in Randwick in Sydney's east to investigate this.



We found levels of PM2.5 at the roadside were sometimes twice those measured at nearby air-quality monitoring stations. PM2.5 concentrations were also found to be about 50% higher in the morning peak hour compared to the evening traffic peak. This is consistent with a well-recognised pattern of morning traffic being busier and more congested.

It is also noted that Parramatta North roadside monitoring station does not adjoin or is in close proximity to any classified road carrying similar level of traffic as the proposed site on Rutledge St. The report did not provide any justification for using air quality data from Parramatta North and why this would be a suitable comparison for this proposal.

3. Suitability of the air quality dataset (year)

The assessment was conducted based on air quality data gathered in 2021. It should be noted that 2021 was during the COVID pandemic lockdowns in Sydney, with potentially less traffic on the roads which may have potentially improved air quality during this period.

4. Methodology

The assessment employed the RAQST for the first-pass screening of air quality impact in connection with road projects. It is noted that the inputs displayed in Figure 7 of the Report do not match the details provided in the report. Specifically, in accordance with the RAQST guidance road type should be Arterial, with traffic composition at Level 3. It is also noted that "user defined values have been input, but there is no clarification as to where these values came from. Furthermore the results from the testing indicate a moderate impact and further assessment should be undertaken.

#### **Discussion**

The Department of Planning, Industry and Environment Childcare Planning Guideline dated September 2021 emphasises the importance of ensuring air quality for childcare facilities located near external sources of air pollution, such as major roads and industrial areas. Given the well-established links between high traffic volumes and adverse health effects, particularly lung development in children, it is crucial to thoroughly assess air quality for any proposed childcare site.

If a site is adjacent to a classified road with heavy vehicle traffic (over 18,200 vehicles), conducting comprehensive site-specific air quality assessments and modelling is essential and upholds the precautionary principle. This process helps to confirm that the proposed location is safe and suitable for use, considering the potential health impacts on a vulnerable population.

#### Landscape Architect

No objections were raised subject to recommended conditions of consent.

#### Tree Management Officer



The application was referred to Council's Tree Management Officer (TMO) given the proximity of the development to the street trees on the Wentworth Road frontage of the site. The TMO provided recommended conditions of consent for the retention and protection of two of the street trees on the frontage but failed to consider the third street tree on this frontage. Given the recommendation of this report, this oversight was not sought to be corrected.

#### 11. Conclusion

After consideration of the development against section 4.15 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and the relevant statutory and policy provisions, it is recommended that the application be refused for the following reasons:

- a) The proposal has been calculated as not complying with the floor space ratio development standard of the Ryde Local Environmental Plan 2014 and a Clause 4.6 request has not been submitted.
- b) The proposal does not satisfy Section 2.119(2)(a) of SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 in that vehicular access is not provided by a road other than the classified road when access is available from Wentworth Road.
- c) The application does not satisfactorily demonstrate that the site is suitable for a child care centre given its proximity to a classified road, and the adverse health impacts upon attending children as a result of vehicle generated airborne pollution and acoustic impact.
- d) A heritage impact statement has not been submitted to address the impact of the proposal on the adjacent heritage item (No.31 Campbell Street).
- e) Submissions received in response to the public exhibition of the application include reasons which warrant the refusal the application.
- f) The development is not in the public interest.

#### 12. Recommendation

- That the Ryde Local Planning Panel refuse to grant consent to development application LDA2024/0195 for the construction of a two storey child care facility with basement parking at 56 Rutledge Street, Ryde subject to the reasons for refusal included in **Attachment 1** of this report.
- 2) That Transport for NSW and Ausgrid be advised of the decision via the NSW Planning Portal.
- 3) That those persons who provided a submission be notified of the decision.

#### ATTACHMENTS

**1** Reasons for refusal



- 2 Submitted plans (architectural and landscaping)
- 3 Compliance tables

Report prepared by:

#### Shannon Butler Senior Town Planner

Report approved by:

Holly Charalambous Senior Coordinator Development Assessment

Sohail Faridy Acting Manager Development Assessment

#### Attachment 1

#### Reasons for Refusal for LDA2024/0195

- 1. Pursuant to Section 4.15(1)(a)(i) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the development is inconsistent with the provisions of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021* (SEPP (T&I)). In particular, the development does not satisfy:
  - a) Section 2.119(2)(a) of SEPP (T&I) because the proposal does not provide vehicular access to the land by a road other than a classified road. The proposal is not supported by Transport for NSW on this basis.
  - b) Section 2.119(2)(c) of SEPP (T&I) because the application does not satisfactorily demonstrate that the development is of a type that is not sensitive to vehicle emissions, or is appropriately located and designed, or includes measures, to ameliorate potential vehicle emissions within the site of the development arising from the adjacent classified road.
  - c) The following Design Quality Principles in Part 2 of the Child Care Planning Guideline (September 2021):
    - i. Principle 1 Context.
    - ii. Principle 2 Built Form.
    - iii. Principle 6 Amenity.
  - d) The following Matters for Consideration in Part 3 of the Child Care Planning Guideline (September 2021):
    - i. Clause 3.1 Site Selection and Location:
      - a. Sub-clause C2.
      - b. Sub-clause C4.
    - ii. Clause 3.6 Noise and Air Pollution:
      - a. Sub-clause C26.
      - b. Sub-clause C27.
    - iii. Clause 3.8 Traffic, Parking and Pedestrian Circulation
       a. Sub-clause C33.
- 2. Pursuant to Section 4.15(1)(a)(i) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the proposed development has been assessed as not complying with the floor space ratio development standard of the Ryde Local Environmental Plan 2014. The standard permits a maximum floor space ratio of 0.5:1 and the proposal has a floor space ratio of 0.522:1. No Clause 4.6 request has been submitted with the application. Where a variation to a development standard is proposed, a Clause 4.6 is a jurisdictional prerequisite to consent being granted.
- 3. Pursuant to Section 4.15(1)(a)(i) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the application is not accompanied by a Heritage Impact Statement addressing the impact of the development on the adjacent heritage item (No. 31 Campbell Street) and does not adequately address Clause 5.10 of

the Ryde Local Environmental Plan 2014. The development is considered to result in adverse likely impacts and is not supported in its current form.

- 4. Pursuant to Section 4.15(1)(a)(i) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the proposed development is considered unsatisfactory in relation to Clause 6.4 of the Ryde Local Environmental Plan 2014 as the proposed on-site detention tank is located in the front setback in an area which is intended for deep soil landscaping. This placement conflicts with the objectives of deep soil landscaping in the front setback area. Further, the front of the property is subject to flood affectation and, due to the proposed detention tank levels being nearly equivalent to those of the pit fronting the site, the onsite detention system will suffer a submerged outlet and not function as designed, potentially resulting in backflow / surcharge of the system and flooding the site.
- 5. Pursuant to Section 4.15(1)(a)(iii) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the proposed development is inconsistent with the provisions of the *Ryde Development Control Plan 2014*. In particular, the development does not satisfy:
  - a) The following controls under Part 3.2 Child Care Centres:
    - i. Clause 2.1 Suitability of Location and Site for Child Care
    - ii. Clause 3.2 Detached Centres in Residential Areas
    - iii. Clause 4.2 Acoustic Privacy for Adjoining Residents
    - iv. Clause 5.1 Car Parking
    - v. Clause 6.1 General Landscape Design Requirements
    - vi. Clause 7.1 Miscellaneous Controls Centre Facilities
    - vii. Clause 7.4 Waste Storage and Management
  - b) The following control under Part 3.3 Dwelling Houses and Dual Occupancy:
    - i. Clause 2.9.1 Front Setbacks

(whilst the proposal is for a child care centre, the above control is fundamental in ensuring that any non-residential development is compatible with the existing and desired future character of the area)

- 6. Pursuant to Section 4.15(1)(b) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the development does not provide sufficient information to appropriately consider the likely impacts. The submitted air quality assessment does not rely on relevant site-based data and results in a questionable conclusion.
- 7. Pursuant to Section 4.15(1)(c) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the site is not considered suitable for the development.

- 8. Pursuant to Section 4.15(1)(d) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the public exhibition of the application has resulted in submissions which raise issues that warrant the refusal of the application.
- 9. Pursuant to Section 4.15(1)(e) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the proposal is not considered to be in the public interest.

# 56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD

# PROPOSED CHILDCARE CENTRE



	Sheet List
SHEET	SHEET NAME
DA01	COVER PAGE
DA02	CALCULATIONS & LEP CONTROLS
DA03	SEDIMENT CONTROL AND WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN
DA04	SITE CONTEXT PLAN
DA05	SITE ANALYSIS PLAN
DA06	SITE PLAN
DA07	BASEMENT PLAN
DA08	GROUND FLOOR PLAN
DA09	FIRST FLOOR PLAN
DA10	ROOF PLAN
DA11	ELEVATIONS
DA12	SECTIONS
DA13	SHADOWS
DA14	PERSPECTIVES
DA15	ACOUSTIC FENCING DETAILS
DA16	CONCEPT LANDSCAPE PLAN
DA17	CUT & FILL PLAN
DA18	EMERGENCY EVACUATION PLAN - GF
DA19	EMERGENCY EVACUATION PLAN - FF
DA20	SOLAR ACCESS DIAGRAMS 8AM-10AM
DA21	SOLAR ACCESS DIAGRAMS 11AM-1PM
DA22	SOLAR ACCESS DIAGRAMS 2PM-4PM
DA23	NOTIFICATION PLAN - A
DA24	NOTIFICATION PLAN - B
DA25	MATERIALS & FINISHES
DA26	MATERIALS & FINISHES SCHEDULE
DA27	STAIR DETAILS
DA28	CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

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Nominated Architect: Jake Janssen NSW Registered Architect 11575

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## 23243 GENERAL BCA 2022 ACCESS SPECIFICATIONS

#### Applies to all areas of the building

All works are to comply with Access related requirements of Part D2, D3, D4, E3D7 and F2D5 under the NCC 2022. Refer to Access Report for details for the requirements to ensure compliance.

#### **BCA Clause D3D15** Slip resistance requirements

- Slip resistance to be as per BCA Table D3D15 when tested in accordance with AS4586 (applies to flooring, ramps, stairways, etc)
- Refer to guide HB 197/198 for details in regard to slip resistance requirements. • Obtain Certificate stating that the Slip resistance complies with BCA requirements when tested as per
- AS4586.

#### **BCA Clause D4D3** Floor or ground surfaces

- The texture of the surface is to be traversable by people who use a wheelchair and those with an ambulant or sensorv disability
- Abutment of surfaces is to have a smooth transition (this includes door thresholds of accessible sanitary facilities)
- Construction tolerances to be +/- 3mm vertical or +/-5mm (provided the edges have a bevelled or rounded
- edae) • Grates (if used in the accessible path of travel) are required to comply with AS1428.1. Circular openings maximum of 13 mm in diameter. Slotted openings maximum of 13 mm wide and be oriented so that the long
- dimension is transverse to the dominant direction of travel • Carpet if used in areas required to be accessible are to be provided with pile height or thickness not more than 11mm and carpet backing not more than 4mm bringing the total height to a maximum of 15mm.

#### All Common use Doors:

- Except for non-accessible sanitary facilities, all single hinged doors and in case of multiple leaf doorways, at least 1 operable leaf is required to provide a clear opening of 850mm with the door circulations spaces as per AS1428 1
- When using sliding doors / bifold doors, flush transition is required so provide fully recessed floor tracks. Also, all sliding doors to have 530mm minimum available to latch side of the sliding door to enable access to door handle.
- All glazed doors and other glazed areas to have glazing strips. The marking should be for the full width with a solid and non-transparent / non-translucentmin 75mm wide, contrasting line located 900-1000mm above FFL and provide a minimum luminance contrast of 30% when viewed against the floor surface within 2M of the glazing on the opposite end. Graphical representation or cut-outs are not permitted
- All doorways to have a minimum luminance contrast of 30% provided between, Door leaf and door jamb or Door leaf and adjacent wall or Architrave and wall or Door leaf and architrave or Door jamb and adjacent wall. The minimum width of the luminance contrast to be 50mm. • All external doorways can either have flush door thresholds or can have a max drop of 35mm at threshold
- when used in combination with a doorway threshold ramp of 1:8 grade within 20mm of the door leaf and max depth of 280mm • Distance between successive doorways in airlocks to be 1450mm which is measured when the door is in
- open position in case of swinging doors.
- Door hardware requirements: D shaped door handles to be used, located at 900-1100mm above FFL
- Clearance between the handle and the back plate or the door face at the center grip section of the handle to be between 35-45mm with a minimum of 20mm turn at the end of the handle
- · Doors to accessible and ambulant sanitary facilities shall be provided with an in-use indicator and a bolt or catch. Where a snib catch is used, the snib handle shall have a minimum length of 45 mm from the centre of the spindle. In an emergency, the latch mechanism shall be openable from the outside
- Manual control to power operated door to be push button type control with a minimum diameter of 25mm, proud of the surface and located a min of 500mm from an internal corner and between 1M- 2M if hinged door is used and within 2M if sliding door is used. Power-operated door controls, push-button controls shall have a minimum dimension of 25 mm diameter and be proud of the surface and shall activate the door before the button becomes level with the surrounding surface.

#### Common use areas

• As a minimum 1550mm clear space is required in front of any common use kitchen benchtops / laundry benchtops or appliances/ BBQ areas provided in the development. Provide long lever tap to sink with and handle and water source being within 300mm from the front edge of the benchtop (for laundry and kitchen sinks). Provide 1 (30x30mm switch side) double GPO fully within 300mm from the front edge of the benchtop.

#### **BCA Clause D4D4**

- All common use stairways require the following: • All stairways to be compliant with: AS1428.1, including but not limited to opaque risers, with 1M clear space (handrail to handrail /wall)
- Stair nosings shall not project beyond the face of the riser and the riser may be vertical or have a splay backwards up to a maximum 25 mm, have a sharp intersection; be rounded up to 5 mm radius; or be chamfered up to 5 mm × 5 mm.
- Each tread to have a nosing strip between 50mm-75mm for the full width of the stair, which can be setback for a maximum of 15mm from the front of the nosing. This strip is to have a minimum luminance contrast of
- 30% to the background and to comply with any change in level requirements if attached on the treads. • Handrails to be located between 865mm-1000mm above FFL, with no vertical sections. Diameter of handrails to be between 30mm-50mm and located not less than 50mm from adjacent walls with no obstructions to top
- 270° arc. In addition to the above all non-fire-isolated stairways require the following:
- Handrails to be provided to both sides and to extend a minimum of 300mm horizontally past the nosing on the top riser. At the bottom of the stairs the handrail is to extend at least one tread depth parallel to the line of the nosing, plus a minimum of 300mm horizontally from the last riser.

#### All common use 1:20 walkways and any passageways require the following

- Min 1 M clear widths with vertical clearance of min 2M • For 1:20 grade walkways, 1.2M length (in direction of travel) landings at max grade of 1:40 are required every
- The floor surface abutting the sides of the walkway to be provided with a firm and level surface (of a different material) at the same level and grade of the walkway and extend horizontally for a minimum of 600mm unless one of the following is provided: 150mm high kerb, kerb-rail and handrail or wall of minimum 450mm height.
- Curved walkways to be min 1500mm width with crossfall towards the centre of curvature. • At bends in pathways provide a 1500mmx1500mm space with maximum 500mm splay permitted at internal corner.

#### Primary schools and Early childhood centres

In addition to the standard handrail provide a handrail (measured above nosing and landings)

(A) fixed at a height between 665mm and 750mm in a primary school; and (B) with a cross-sectional dimension between 16mm- 45mm as measured in any direction across its centre, fixed at a height between 450-700mm in a Class 9b early childhood centre.

## Turning space of 1540mm x 2070mm at maximum of 1:40 grade is to be provided

- In front of all passenger lift doors
- at or within 2M of the end of the passageway and at max 20M intervals of walkways

#### **BCA Clause D4D6**

- Accessible Car parking to fully comply with AS2890.6, including the following: • Dedicated space 2.4Mx5.4M, Shared space 2.4Mx5.4M to be at the same level
- Slip resistant flooring surface with maximum fall 1:40 in any direction or maximum 1:33 if bituminous and outdoors
- Central Bollard in shared space at 800+/-50mm from entry point
- Pavement marking in dedicated space by means of access symbol between 800mm-1000mm high placed on a blue rectangle of maximum 1200mm and between 500mm-600mm from its entry point (Access Symbol is not to be provided where allocated to an Adaptable unit or any particular residential unit) • Minimum headroom of 2.2M at entrances and 2.5M is required over shared zones as well as dedicated
- spaces Non-trafficked area of the shared space to have yellow marking strips at 45, 150-200mm wide at 200mm-300mm spaces
- The pavement marking shall have the appropriate slip resistance for the location.

FOR DEVELOPMENT
APPLICATION

		AMENDMENTS	
No.		DESCRIPTION	DATE
A	DA Issue		25.06.24

ADDR

CLIEN

#### Applies to all areas of the building

All works are to comply with Access related requirements of Part D2, D3, D4, E3D7 and F2D5 under the NCC 2022. Refer to Access Report for details for the requirements to ensure compliance.

#### BCA Clause D3D15

- Slip resistance requirements Slip resistance to be as per BCA Table D3D15 when tested in accordance with AS4586 (applies to flooring, ramps, stairways, etc)
- Refer to guide HB 197/198 for details in regard to slip resistance requirements. Obtain Certificate stating that the Slip resistance complies with BCA requirements when tested as per
- AS4586

#### BCA Clause D4D3 Floor or ground surfaces

- The texture of the surface is to be traversable by people who use a wheelchair and those with an ambulant or sensory disability
- Abutment of surfaces is to have a smooth transition (this includes door thresholds of accessible sanitary facilities).
- Construction tolerances to be +/- 3mm vertical or +/-5mm (provided the edges have a bevelled or rounded edge) • Grates (if used in the accessible path of travel) are required to comply with AS1428.1. Circular openings
- maximum of 13 mm in diameter. Slotted openings maximum of 13 mm wide and be oriented so that the long dimension is transverse to the dominant direction of travel • Carpet if used in areas required to be accessible are to be provided with pile height or thickness not more
- than 11mm and carpet backing not more than 4mm bringing the total height to a maximum of 15mm.

#### All Common use Doors:

- Except for non-accessible sanitary facilities, all single hinged doors and in case of multiple leaf doorways, at least 1 operable leaf is required to provide a clear opening of 850mm with the door circulations spaces as per AS1428.1
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- 200mm-300mm spaces
- The pavement marking shall have the appropriate slip resistance for the location.

				10297	Α	
ORESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No:	REVISION:	
ENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY:	PE	
JNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 50	DRAWING N	lo: DA01	
DJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E:	COVE	R PAGE	

## **COMPLIANCE TABLE**

SITE AREA

### GROSS FLOOR AREA

MAX BUILDING HEIGHT PROPOSED BUILDING HEIGHT

MIN. REQUIRED LANDSCAPED AREA PROPOSED LANDSCAPED AREA

FLOOR SPACE RATIO PROPOSED FLOOR SPACE RATIO (Excludes external walls & voids)

CHILDCARE CENTRE PORTION

NUMBER OF CHILDREN:

0-2 YEARS - 20 PLACES 2-3 YEARS - 20 PLACES 3-5 YEARS - 30 PLACES

TOTAL 70 PLACES

NUMBER OF TEACHERS:

0-2 YEARS - 5 TEACHERS @ 1:4 RATIO - COMPLIES 2-3 YEARS - 4 TEACHERS @ 1:5 RATIO - COMPLIES 3-5 YEARS - 3 TEACHERS @ 1:10 RATIO - COMPLIES

#### INDOOR PLAY AREA:

0-2 YEARS - 65.1m2 @ 3.255m2 / KID - COMPLIES MINIMUM AREA - 65m2

2-3 YEARS - 65.2m2 @ 3.260m2 / KID - COMPLIES

3-5 YEARS - 98m2 @ 3.26m2 / KID - COMPLIES

### OUTDOOR PLAY AREA:

TOTAL AREA - 491.4 @7.02m2 / KID - COMPLIES

INTERNAL STORAGE REQUIREMENTS PROPOSED TOTAL INTERNAL STORAGE

EXTERNAL STORAGE REQUIREMENTS PROPOSED TOTAL EXTERNAL STORAGE

CHILDCARE CENTRE - PARKING

TEACHERS VISITORS TOTAL PARKING SPACES PROPOSED

info@janssendesigns.com.au | PO Box 41, Kenthurst 2156 | m: 0423 216 636

Nominated Architect: Jake Janssen NSW Registered Architect 11575

E

896.2m2

9.50M 9.11M

30% 276.65m2 | 30.87%

0.5:1 | 448.1m2 (CHILD CARE DESIGN GUIDE) 0.47:6 | 426.8m2

0.2m3 PER CHILD 14m3 22.82m3 @ 0.326m3 / KID - COMPLIES

0.3m3 PER CHILD 21m3 27.65m3 @ 0.395m3 / KID - COMPLIES

6 CARSPACES @ 0.5 PER TEACHER RATE 9 CARSPACES @ 1 SPACE PER 8 PLACES 15 CARSPACES INC. 1 ACCESSIBLE PARKING SPACE

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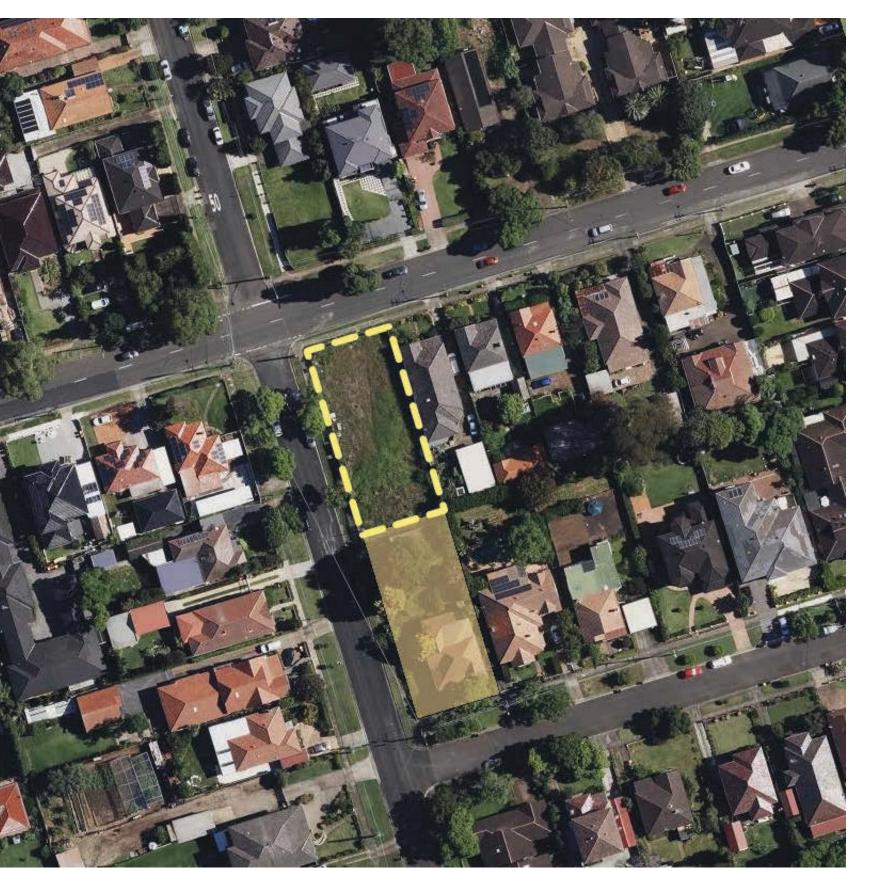




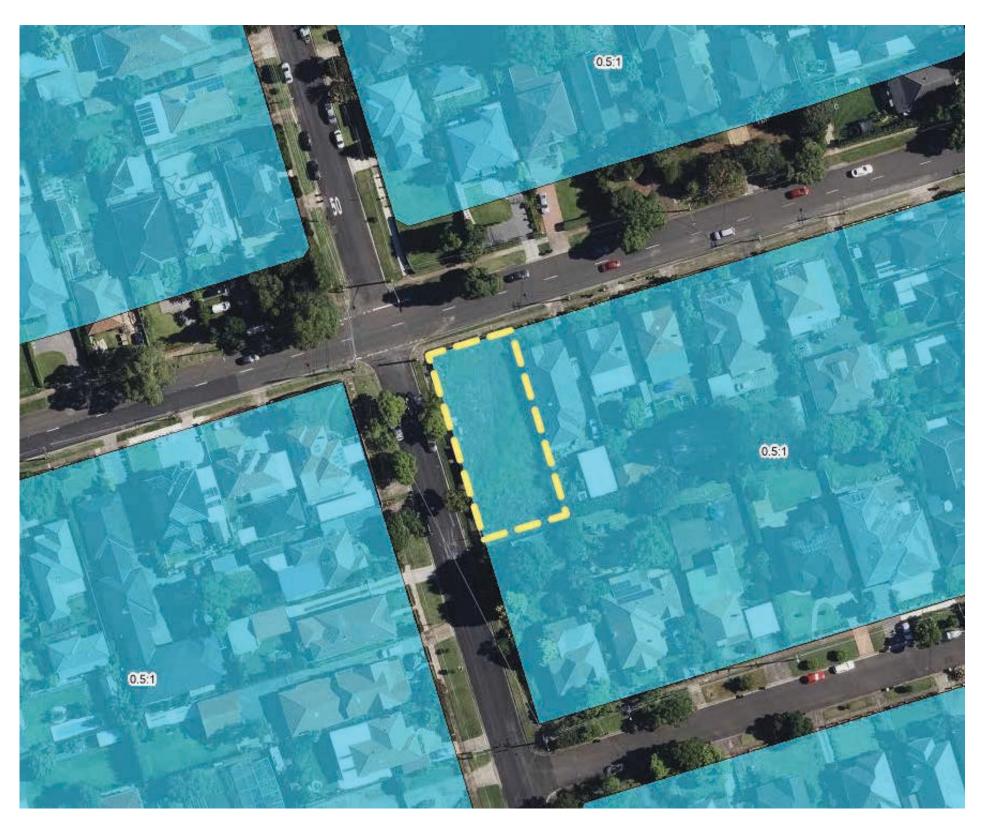
## ZONING - R2 LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL



HERITAGE - N/A



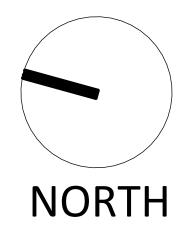
## FLOOR SPACE RATIO - 0.5:1



MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT - 9.5M

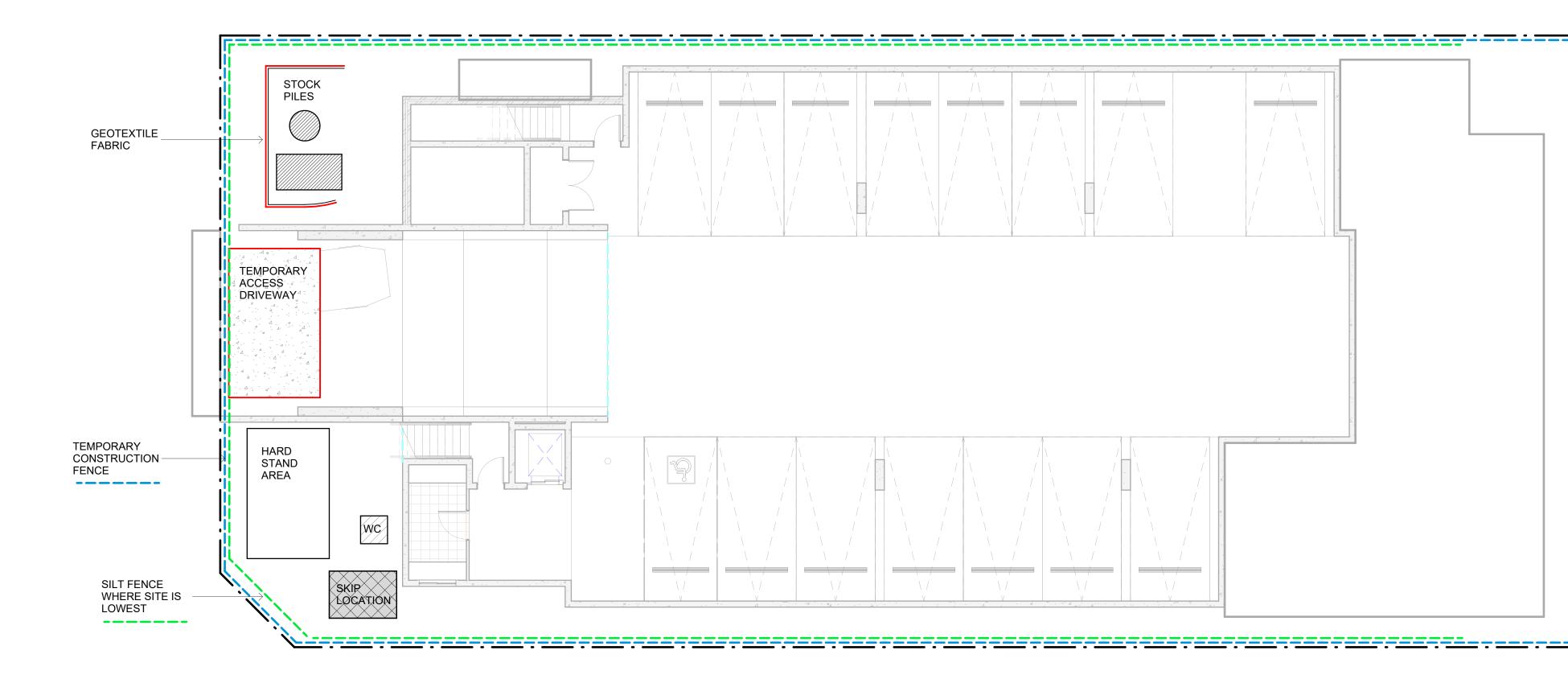






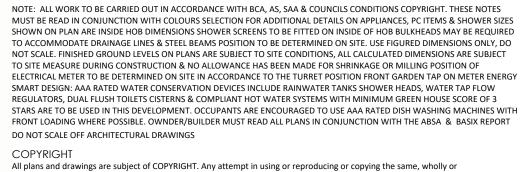
		AMENDMENTS	
No.		DESCRIPTION	DATE
4	DA Issue		25.06.24

PROJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E: CALCULA	ATIONS & LEP CON	ITROLS
COUNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 5	DRAWING N	o: DA02
CLIENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY:	PE
ADDRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: 10297	REVISION:









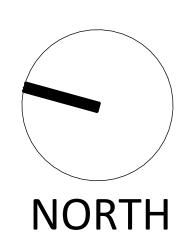
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LEGEND:

SILT FENCE STOCK PILES

GEOTECXTILE FABRIC FILLED WITH GRAVEL STORMWATER PIT





		AMENDMENTS	
No	•	DESCRIPTION	DATE
A	DA Issue		25.06.24

EROSION CONTROL NOTES:

1. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES TO BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO SITE DISTURBANCE AND TO BE INSPECTED AND MAINTAINED DAILY BY SITE

MANAGER. 2. STRIPPING OF GRASS AND VEGETATION ETC. FROM SITE SHALL BE KEPT TO A MINIMUM. 3. TOPSOIL FROM ALL AREAS THAT WILL BE DISTURBED TO BE STRIPPED AND STOCKPILED AND TO BE KEPT CLEAR FROM DRAINS, GUTTERS AND FOOTPATHS.

4. DRAINAGE IS TO BE CONNECTED TO STORMWATER SYSTEM AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. 5. ROADS AND FOOTPATH TO BE SWEPT DAILY.
 6. ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES TO BE INSPECTED AFTER EACH RAINFALL EVENT FOR STRUCTURAL DAMAGE AND ALL TRAPPED SEDIMENT TO BE REMOVED TO A NOMINATED SOIL STOCKPILE.

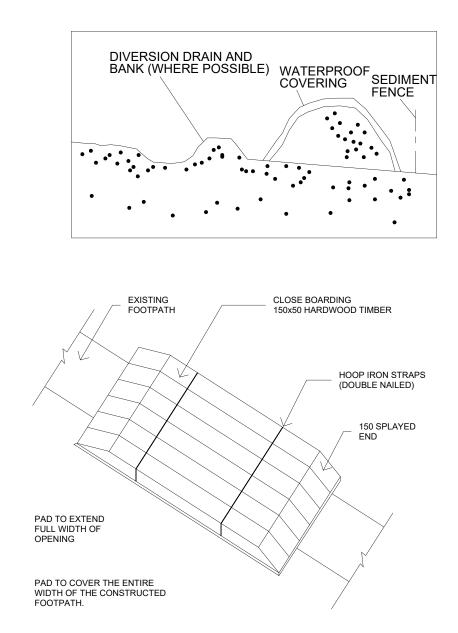
SILTATION MANAGEMENT PROCEDURE:

- 1. ERECT SILT FENCE & GRAVEL DRAIN
- 2. DEMOLISH EXISTING BUILDING 3. EXCAVATE BASEMENT AND PLACE TEMPORARY PUMPOUT SEDIMENT PIT
- 4. FINISH CONSTRUCTION 5. SILT FENCE AND GRAVEL DRAIN ARE NOT TO BE REMOVED UNTIL
- CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE AND GARDEN HAS BEEN FULLY RE-VEGETATED.

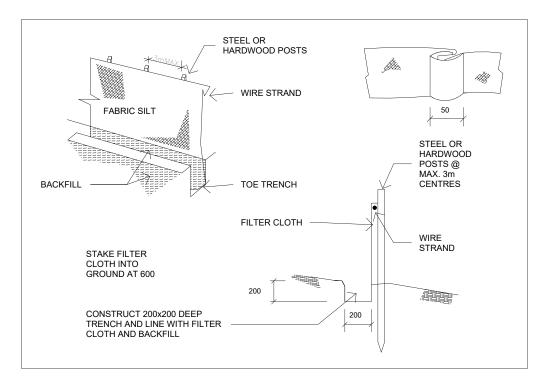
#### SILT FENCES:

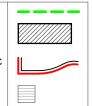
1. FILTERS SILT FROM LOW TO MEDIUM FLOWS OF SURFACE WATER ON GENTLY SLOPING OR STEEP UNEVEN TERRAIN. 2. CONSIST OF A FILTER FABRIC (GEOTEXTILE FILLER), ATTACHED TO A STEEL WIRE OR CABLE, WHICH IS SUPPORTED ON 900mm LONG STEEL OR WOODEN POSTS AT 2.5-3.0m CENTRES. 3. THE LOWER END OF THE FABRIC IS EMBEDDED INTO THE GROUND, AS SHOWN IN FIGURE 1. 4. GENERALLY FOLLOW THE CONTOURS OF THE LAND.

#### SILT FENCE DETAILS BUILDING MATERIAL STOCKPILES

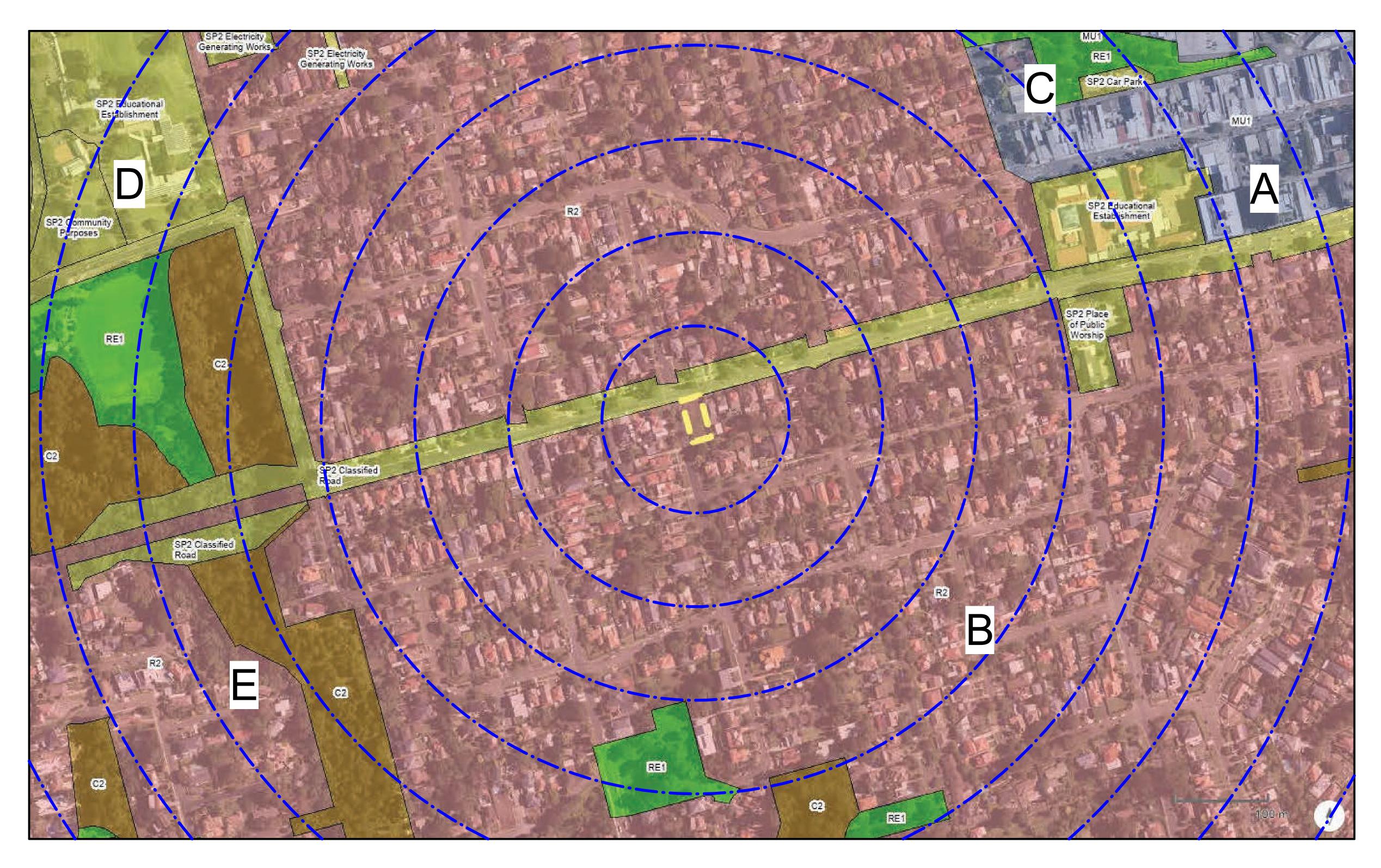


TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION EXIT





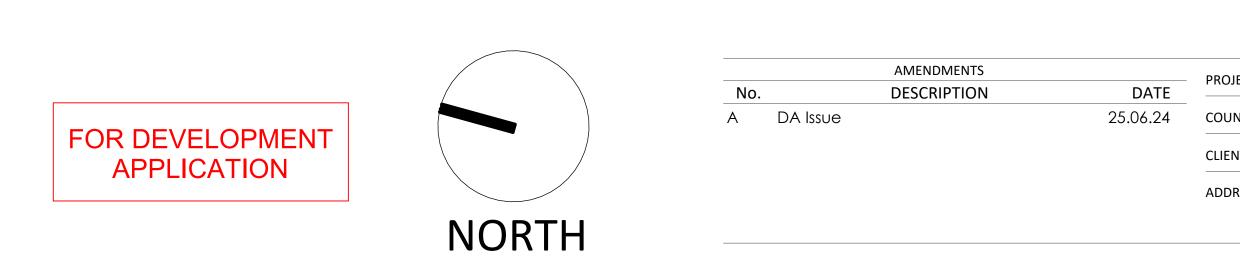
DJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E: SEDIMENT		
JNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 100	MANAGEMEN DRAWING N	
ENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY:	PE
ORESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: 10297	





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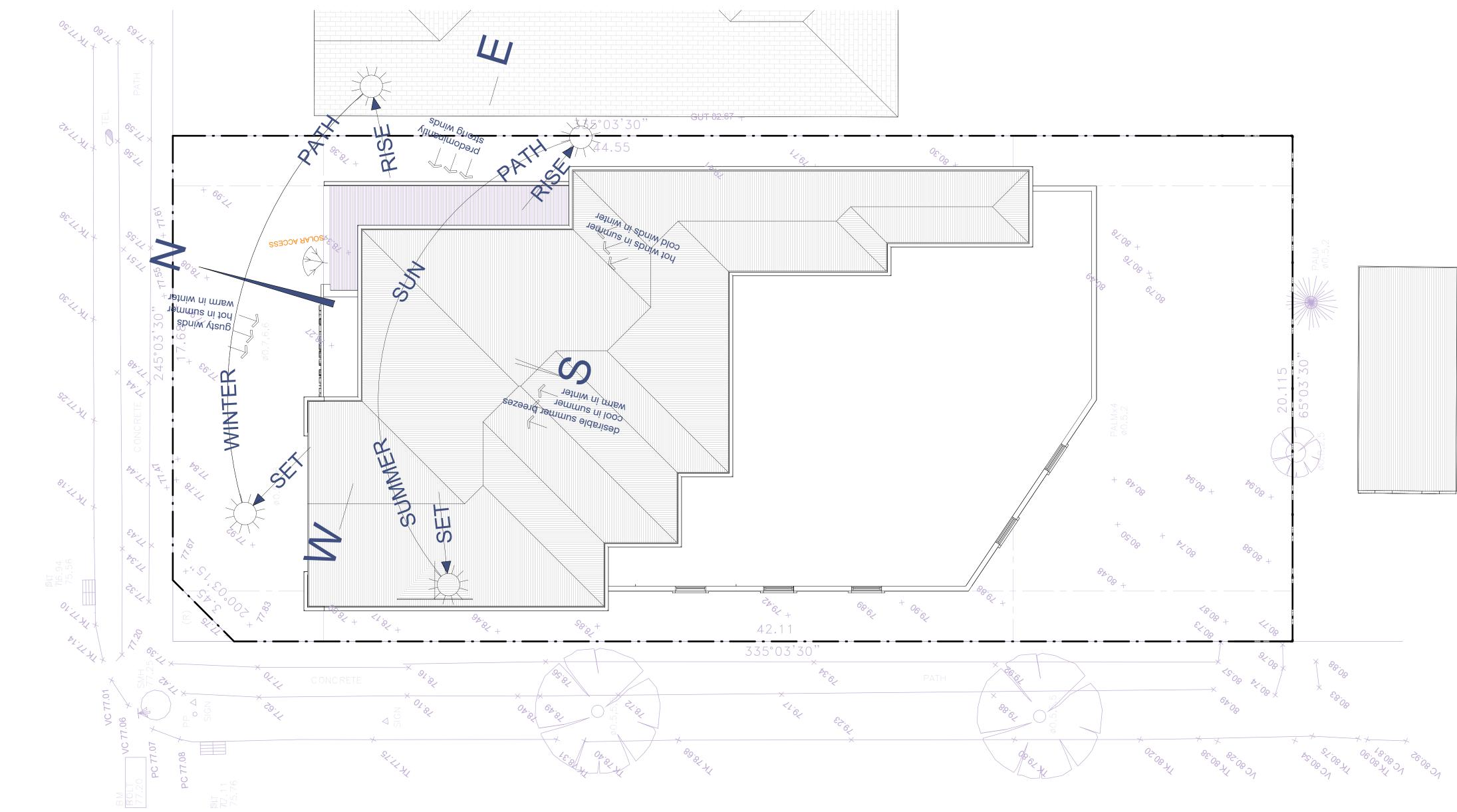
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# LANDMARKS

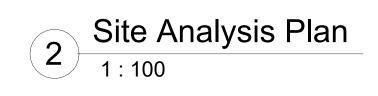
- A EASTWOOD SHOPPOING CENTRE
- B KANCHANA'S DAYCARE
- C EASTWOOD CHILDCARE CENTRE
- D CORRECTIVE SERVICES ACADEMY
- E BRUSH FARM PARK

CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E:	SITE CONTE	XT PLAN
RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:		DRAWING	No: DA04
LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY	: PE
56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: <b>10297</b>	
	RYDE COUNCIL LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	RYDE COUNCILSCALE @ A1:LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTDDATE:	RYDE COUNCILSCALE @ A1:LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTDDATE:20.04.2023	RYDE COUNCIL       SCALE @ A1:       DRAWING         LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD       DATE:       20.04.2023       DRAWN BY         56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD       ISSUE FOR:       JOB No:



RUTLEDGE STREET

WENTWORTH



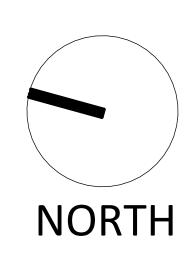


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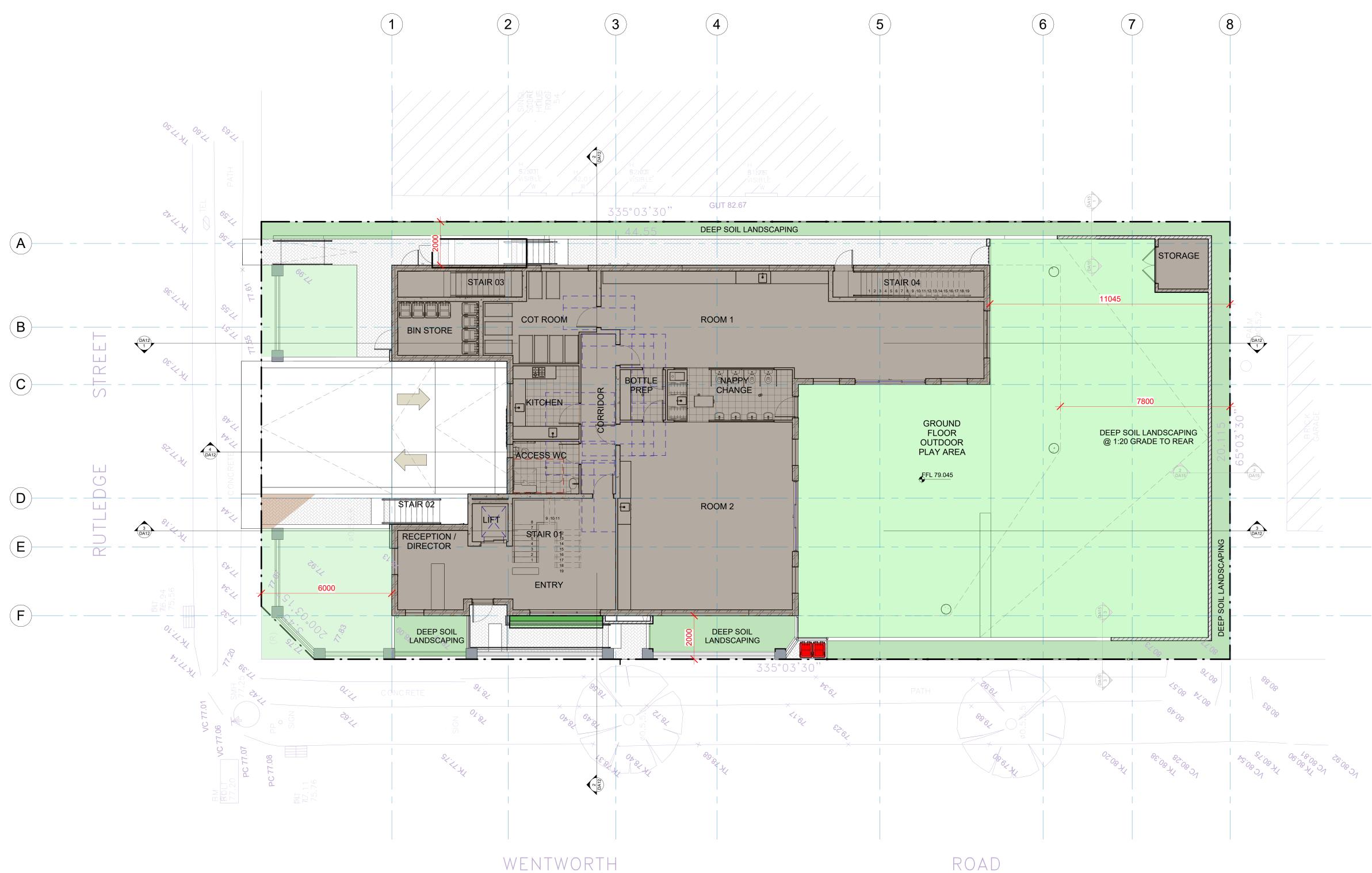
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ROAD





		AMENDMENTS		PROJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TIT	1 F·	SITE ANALY	SIS F	ρι ΔΝΙ
No.		DESCRIPTION	DATE							
А	DA Issue		25.06.24	COUNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	As indicated	DRAWING	; No: [	DA05
				CLIENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN B	SY:	PE
				ADDRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: <b>10297</b>	REV	







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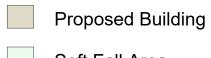
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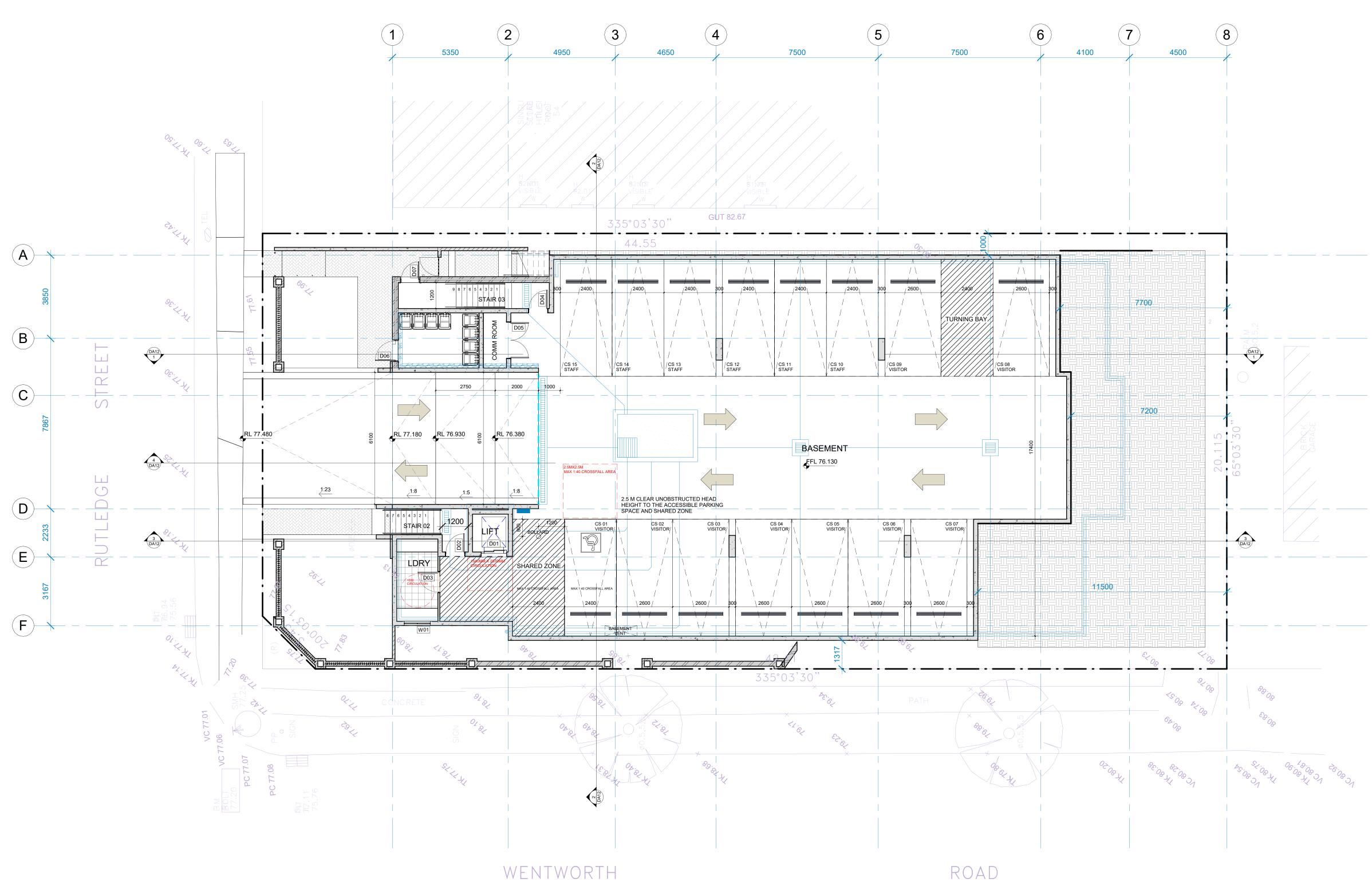
# Legend:



Soft Fall Area

Deep Soil Area

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DDRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No:	REVISION:
LIENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY	: PE
OUNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 100	DRAWING	No: DA06
ROJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E:	SI	TE PLAN





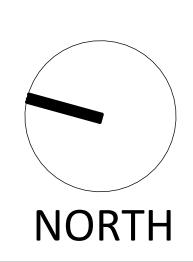


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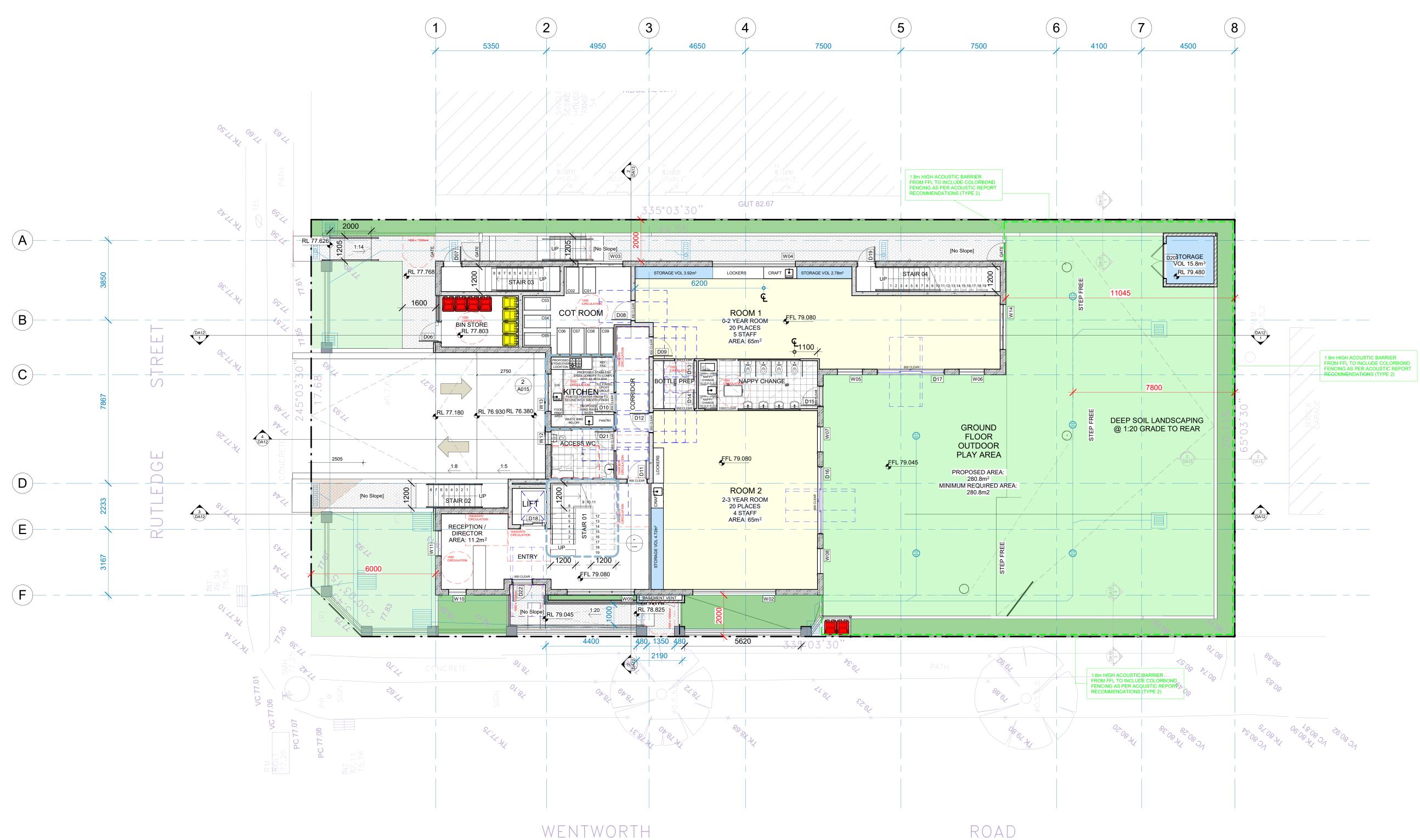
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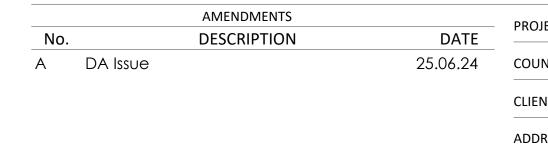


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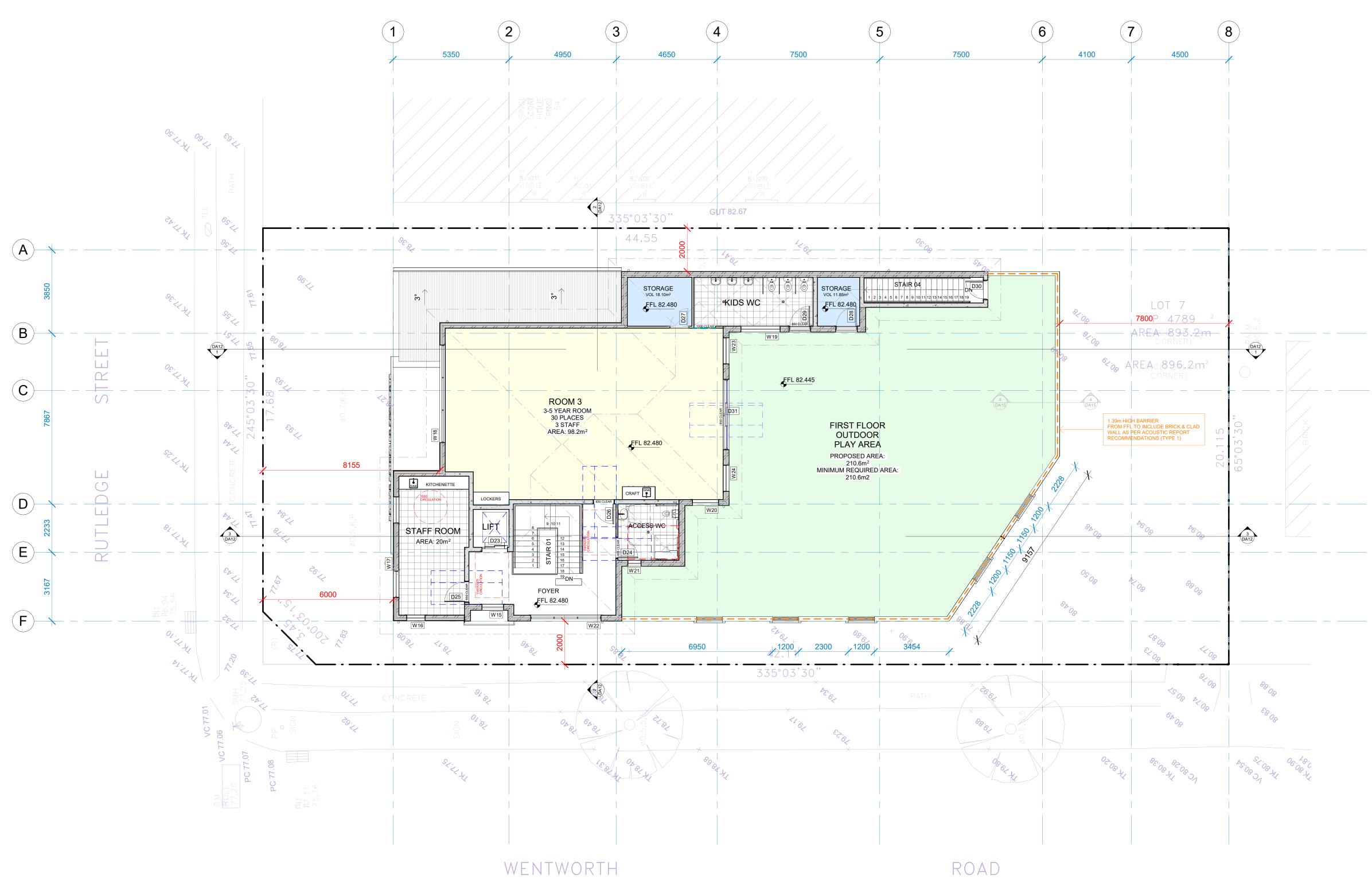
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DRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No:	REVISION:
ENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY	: PE
UNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 100	DRAWING	No: DA08
DJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E:	GROUND FLOG	OR PLAN





JANSSEN

info@janssendesigns.com.au | PO Box 41, Kenthurst 2156 | m: 0423 216 636

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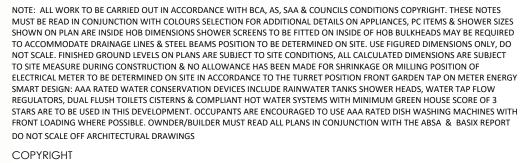
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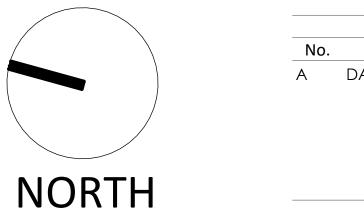
Nominated Architect: Jake Janssen NSW Registered Architect 11575

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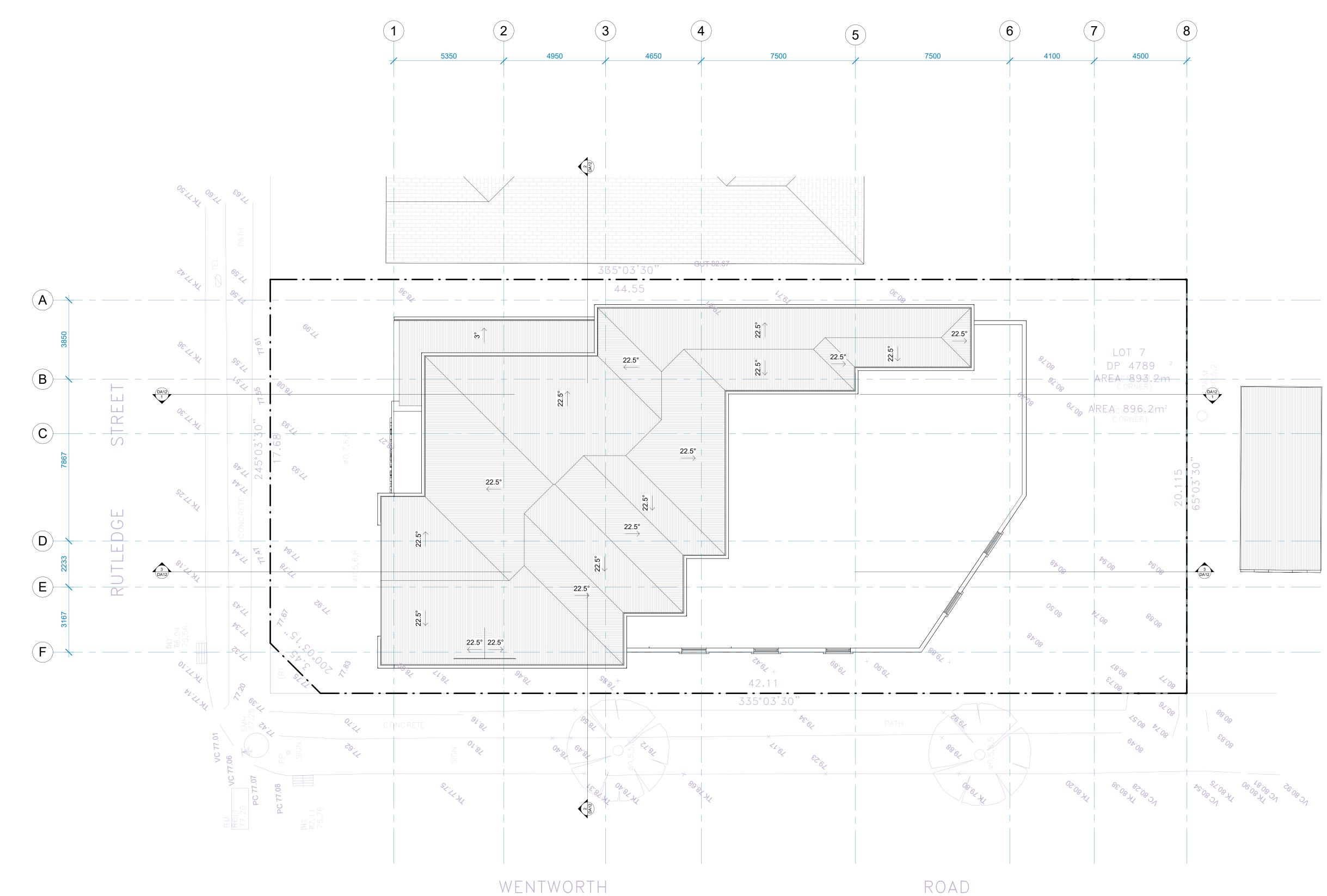
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JECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E:	FIRST FLOO	OR PLAN
JNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 100	DRAWING	No: DA09
NT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY	: PE
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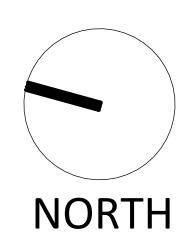




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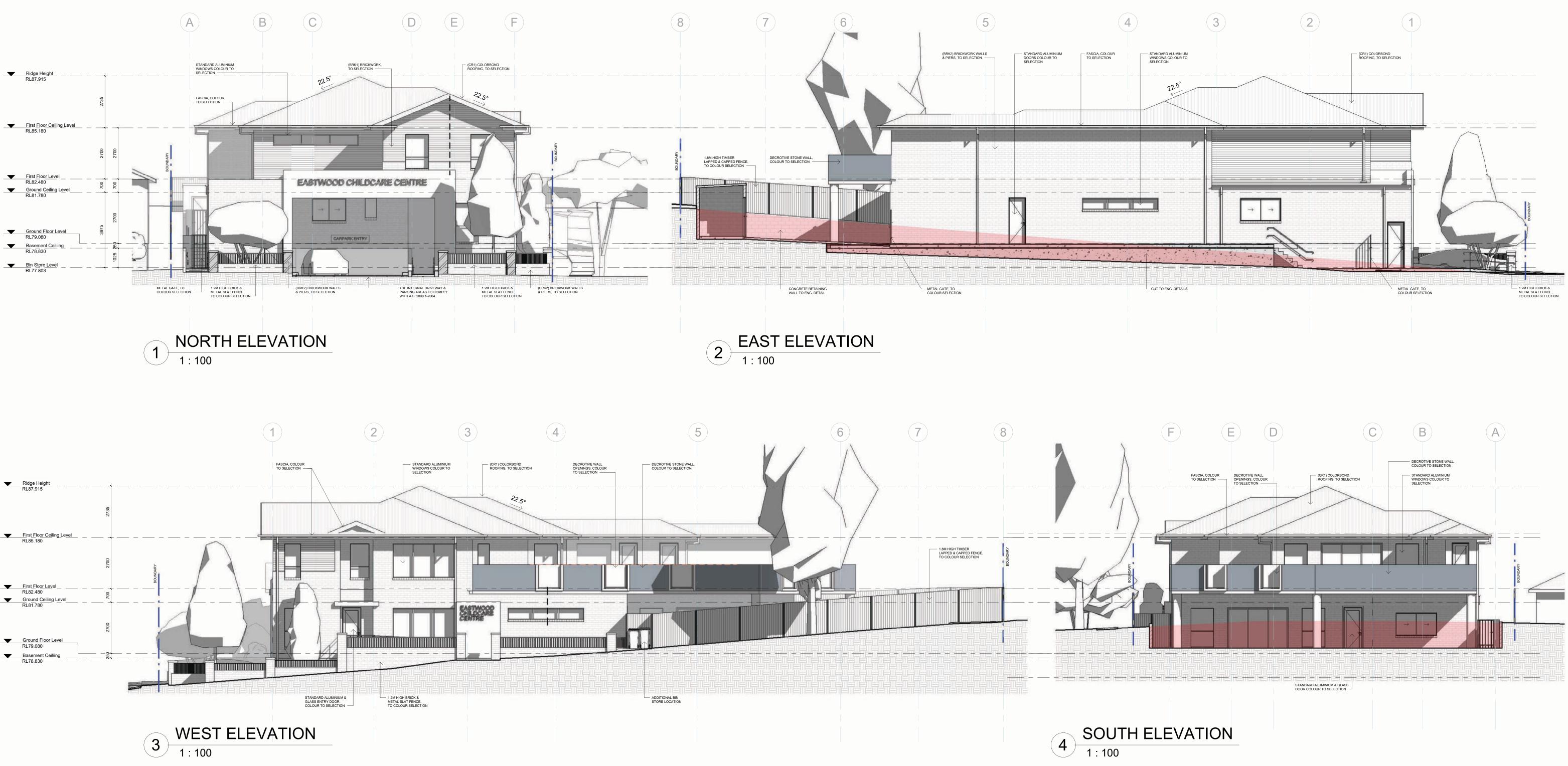
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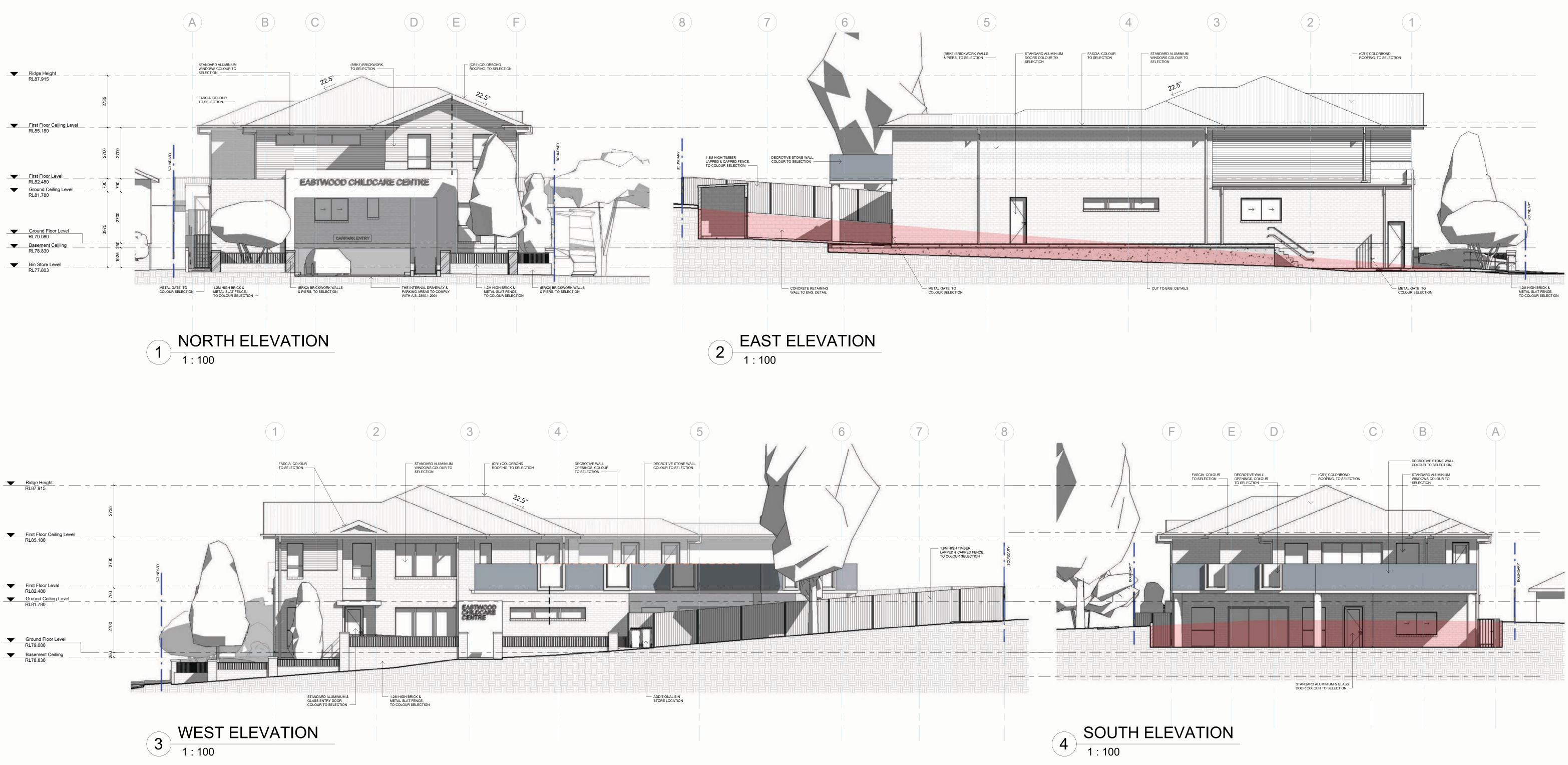




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No.	DESCRIPTION	DATE
A DA Issue		25.06.24

JECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E:	ROO	OF PLAN
INCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1:100	DRAWING N	lo: DA10
NT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY:	PE
RESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: <b>10297</b>	REVISION:





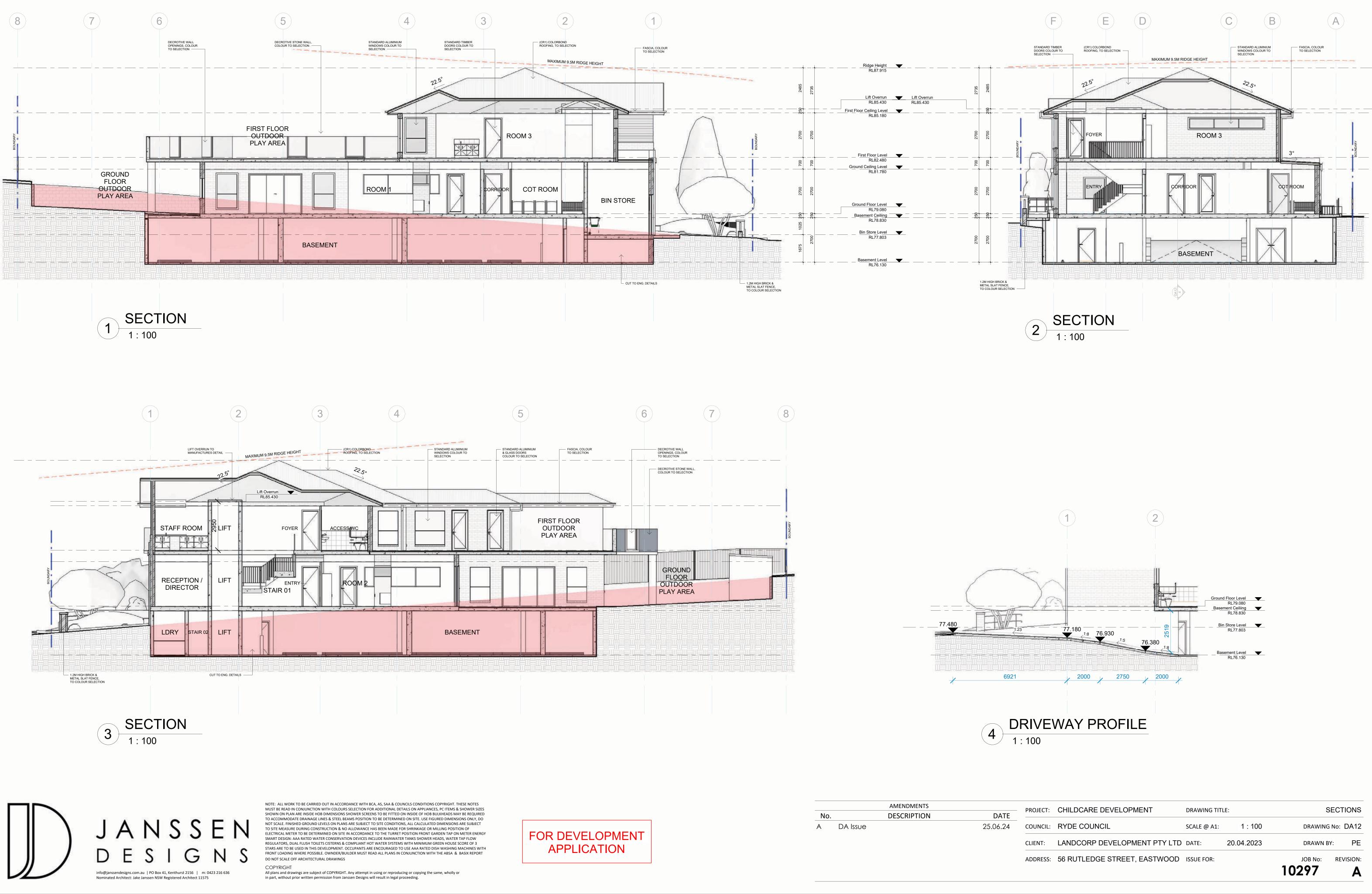


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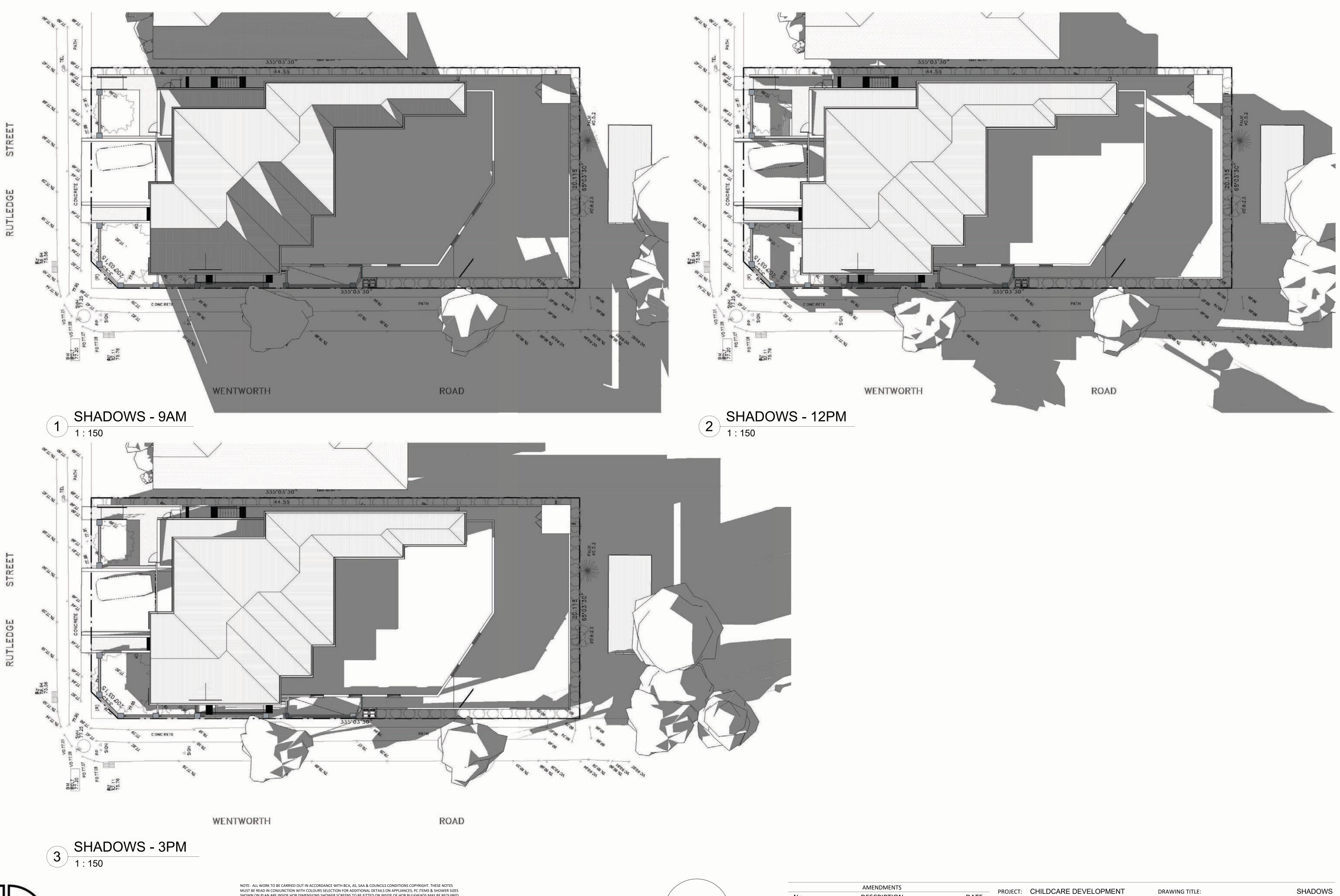
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No.	DESCRIPTION	DATE
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PROJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E:	ELEV	ATIONS
COUNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 100	DRAWING N	o: DA11
CLIENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY:	PE
ADDRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: <b>10297</b>	REVISION:



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A	DA Issue		25.06.24	COUNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 100	DRAWING	No: DA12
				CLIENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY	: PE
				ADDRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: <b>10297</b>	



SSEN J A N D E G

info@janssendesigns.com.au | PO Box 41, Kenthurst 2156 | m: 0423 216 636

Nominated Architect: Jake Janssen NSW Registered Architect 11575

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		AMENDMENTS	
No.		DESCRIPTION	DATE
A	DA Issue		25.06.24

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DJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E:	SH	ADOWS
UNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 150	DRAWING N	o: DA13
ENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY:	PE
DRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: <b>10297</b>	





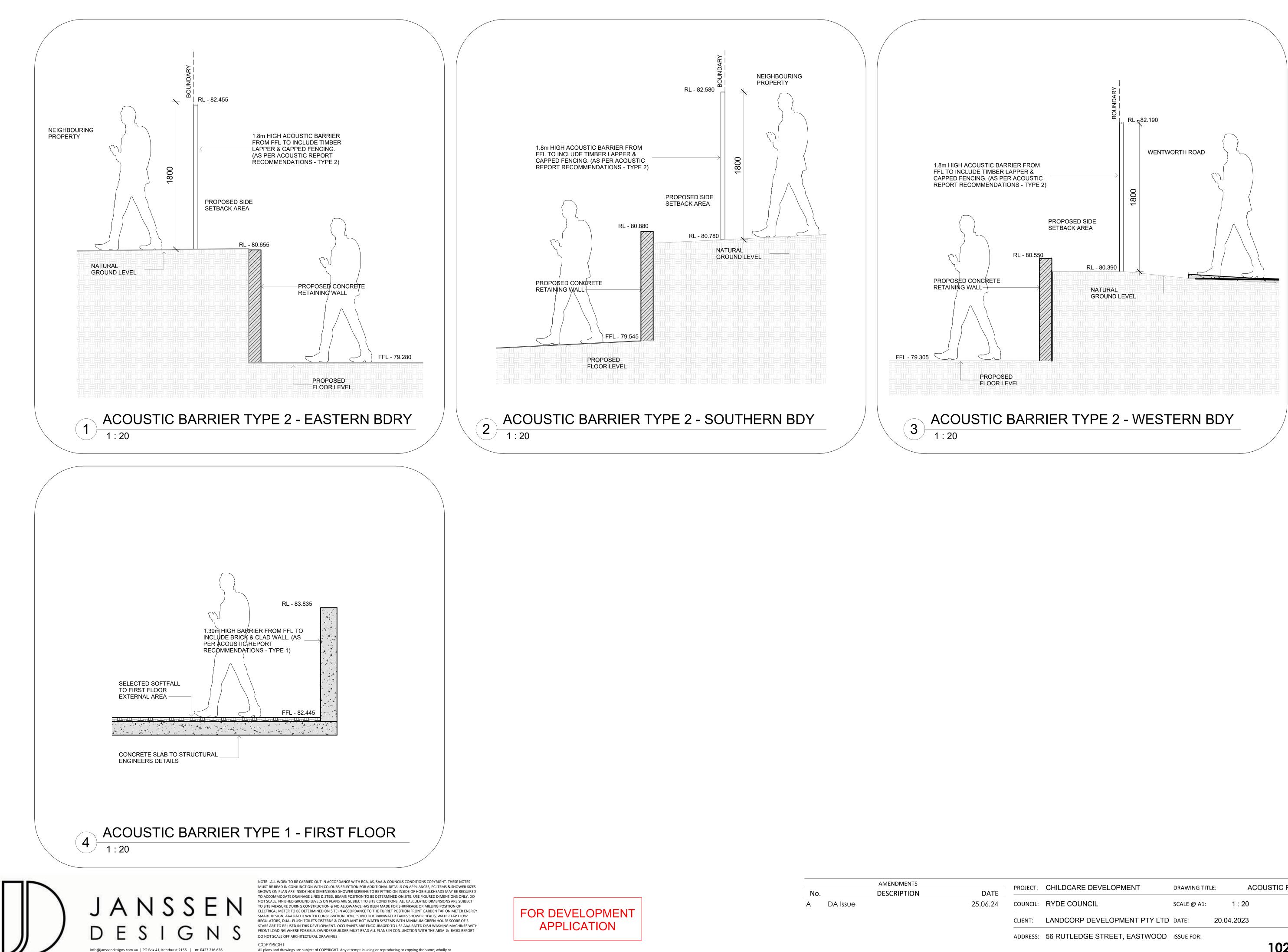
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No.		DESCRIPTION	DATE
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PROJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	.E:	PERSPE	CTIVES
COUNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:		DRAWING N	o: DA14
CLIENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY:	PE
ADDRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: <b>10297</b>	



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Nominated Architect: Jake Janssen NSW Registered Architect 11575

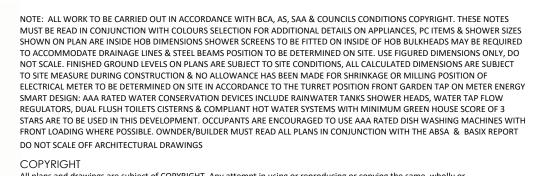
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ENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY	: PE	
UNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 20	DRAWING	No: DA15	
OJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E: ACO	USTIC FENCING	DETAILS	









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FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

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CLIENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023
ADDRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:	

P SOIL LANDSCAPE AREA

CONCEPT LANDSCAPE PLAN

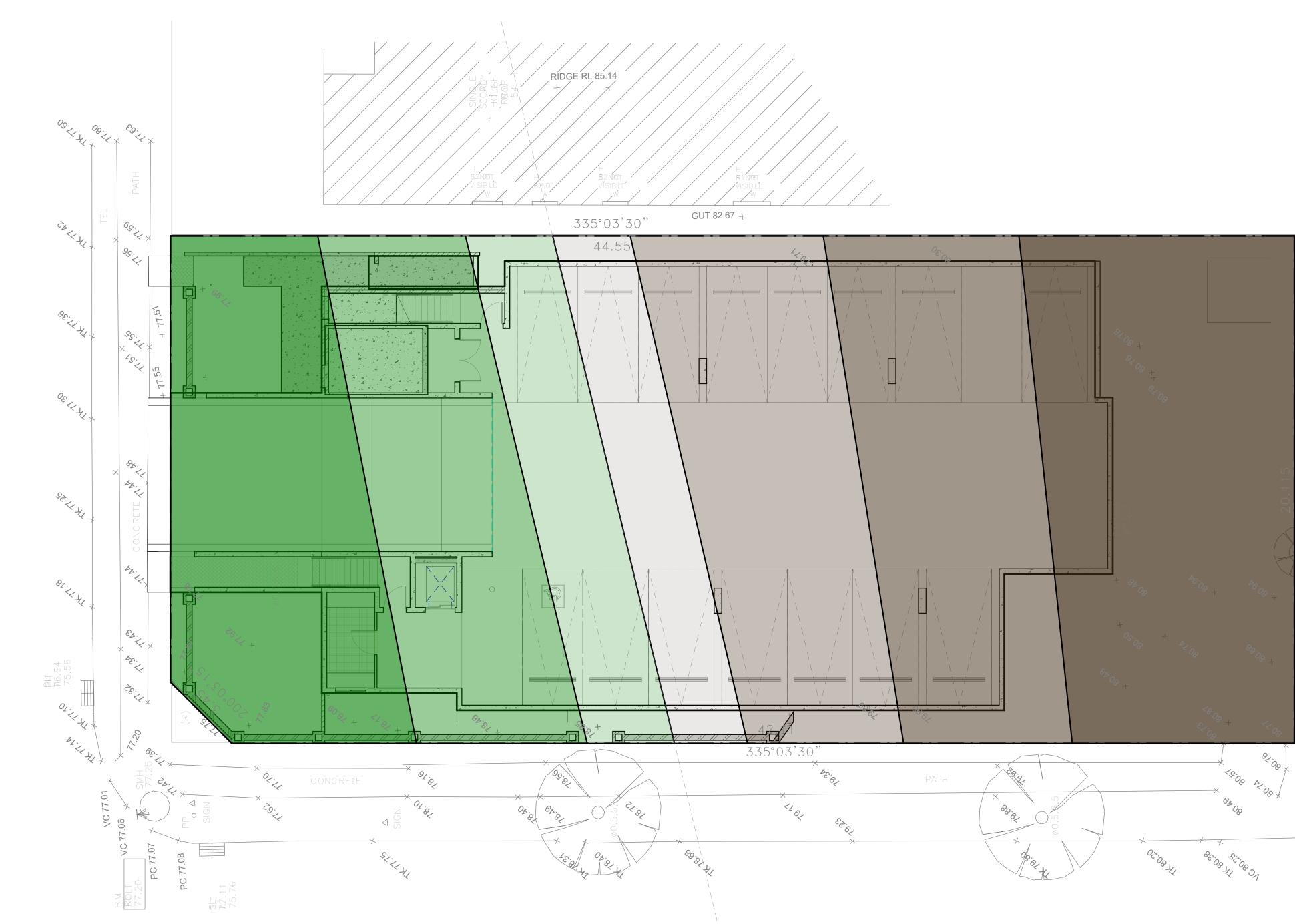
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DRAWN BY: PE

JOB No: REVISION:

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RUTLEDGE STREET

WENTWORTH



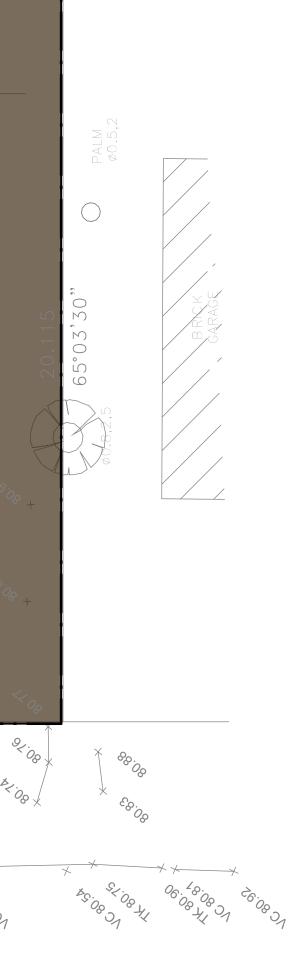
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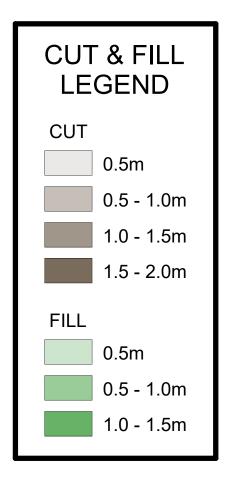
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ROAD

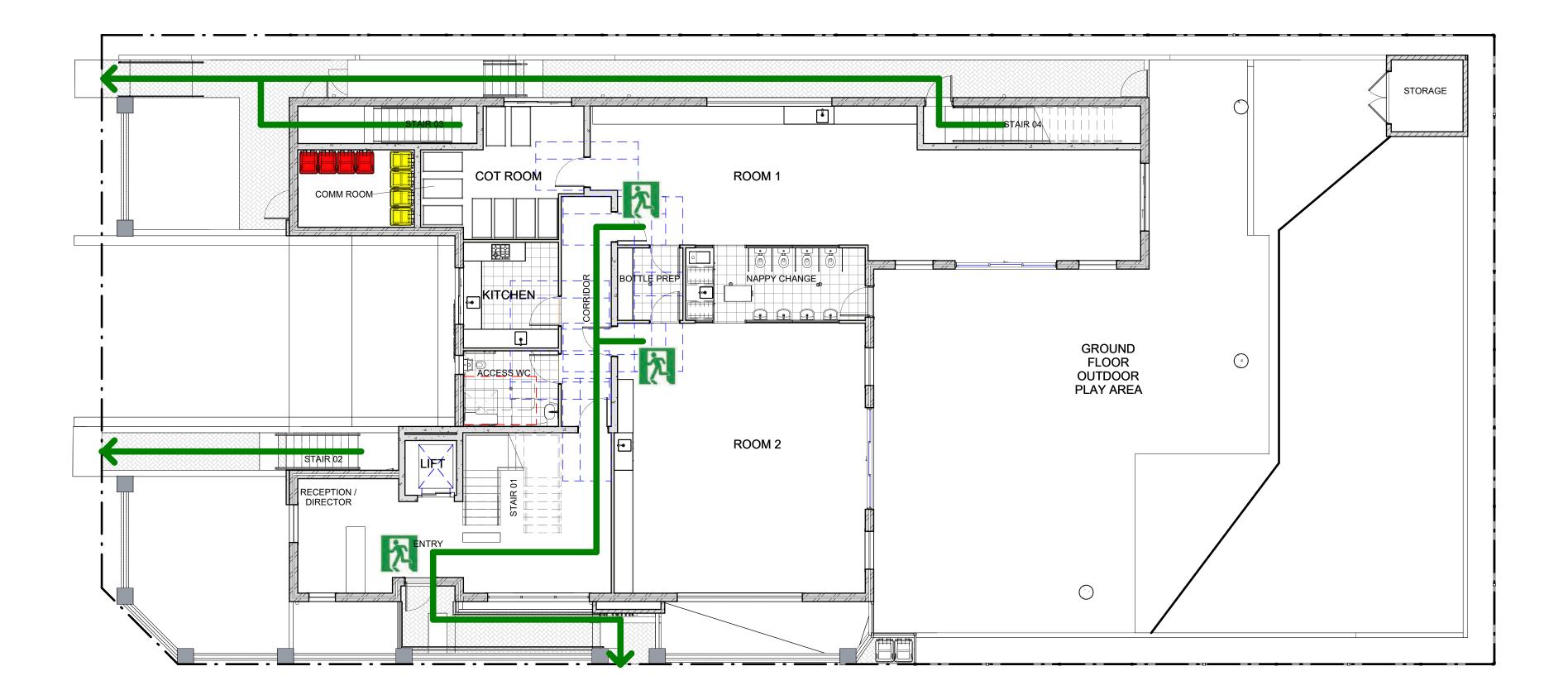
FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

	AMENDMENTS	
No.	DESCRIPTION	DATE
A DA Issue	•	25.06.24





				10297	Α	
DRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No:	REVISION:	
ENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY	: PE	
UNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 100	DRAWING No: D		
DJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E:	CUT & F	ILL PLAN	





# EMERGENCY EVACUATION PLAN - GF

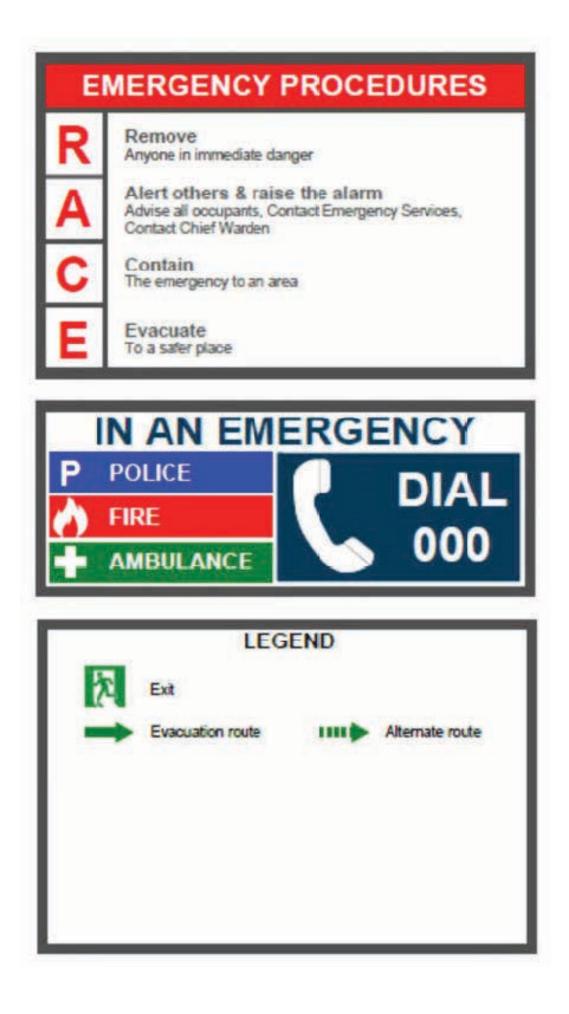


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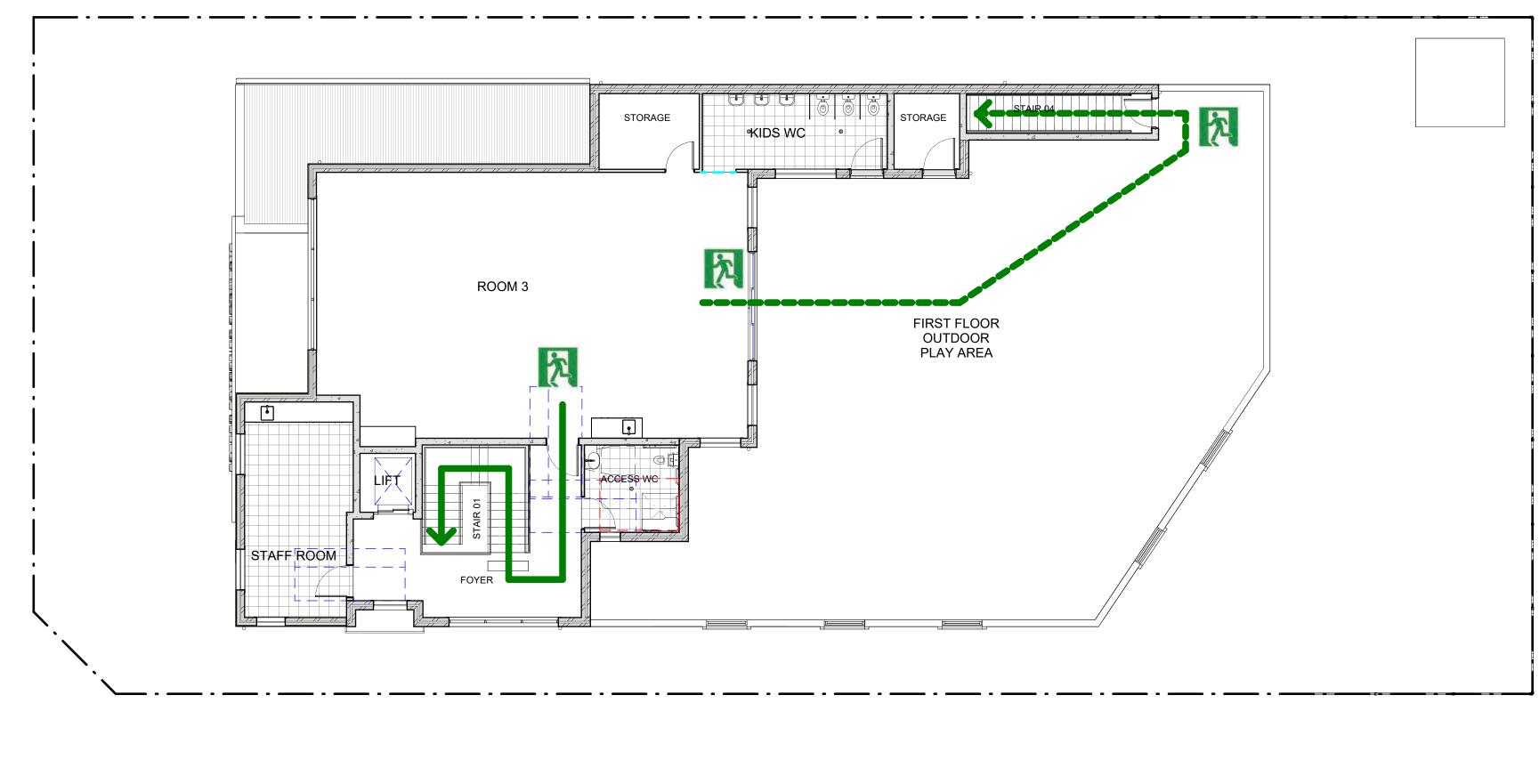
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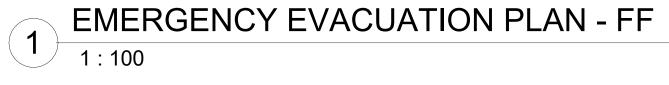
No.		DESCRIPTION	DATE
A	DA Issue		25.06.24

CLIEN



				10297	Α
ORESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No:	REVISION:
ENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY:	PE
JNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 100	DRAWING N	o: DA18
DJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E: EMERGENCY	EVACUATION PL	AN - GF





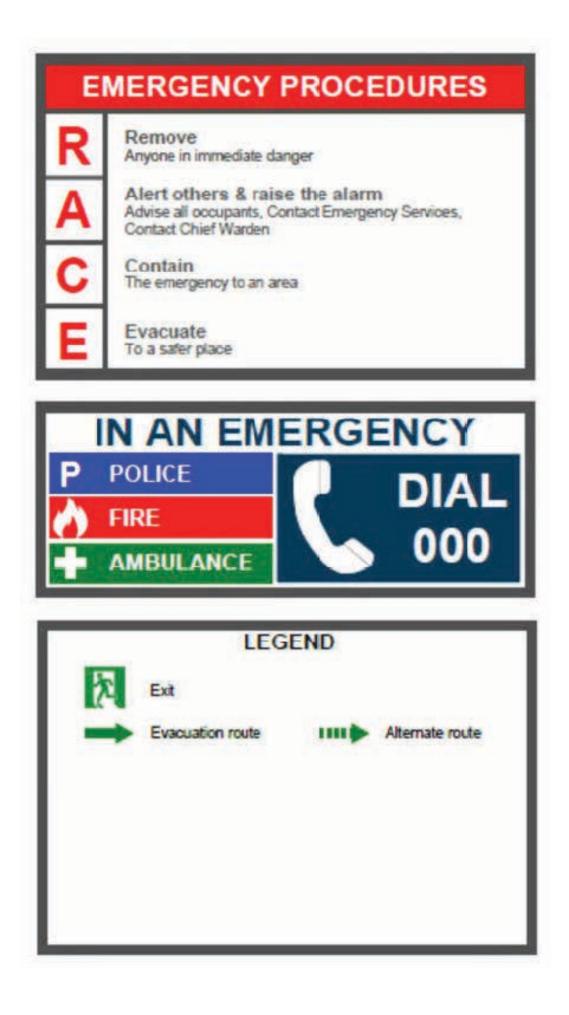


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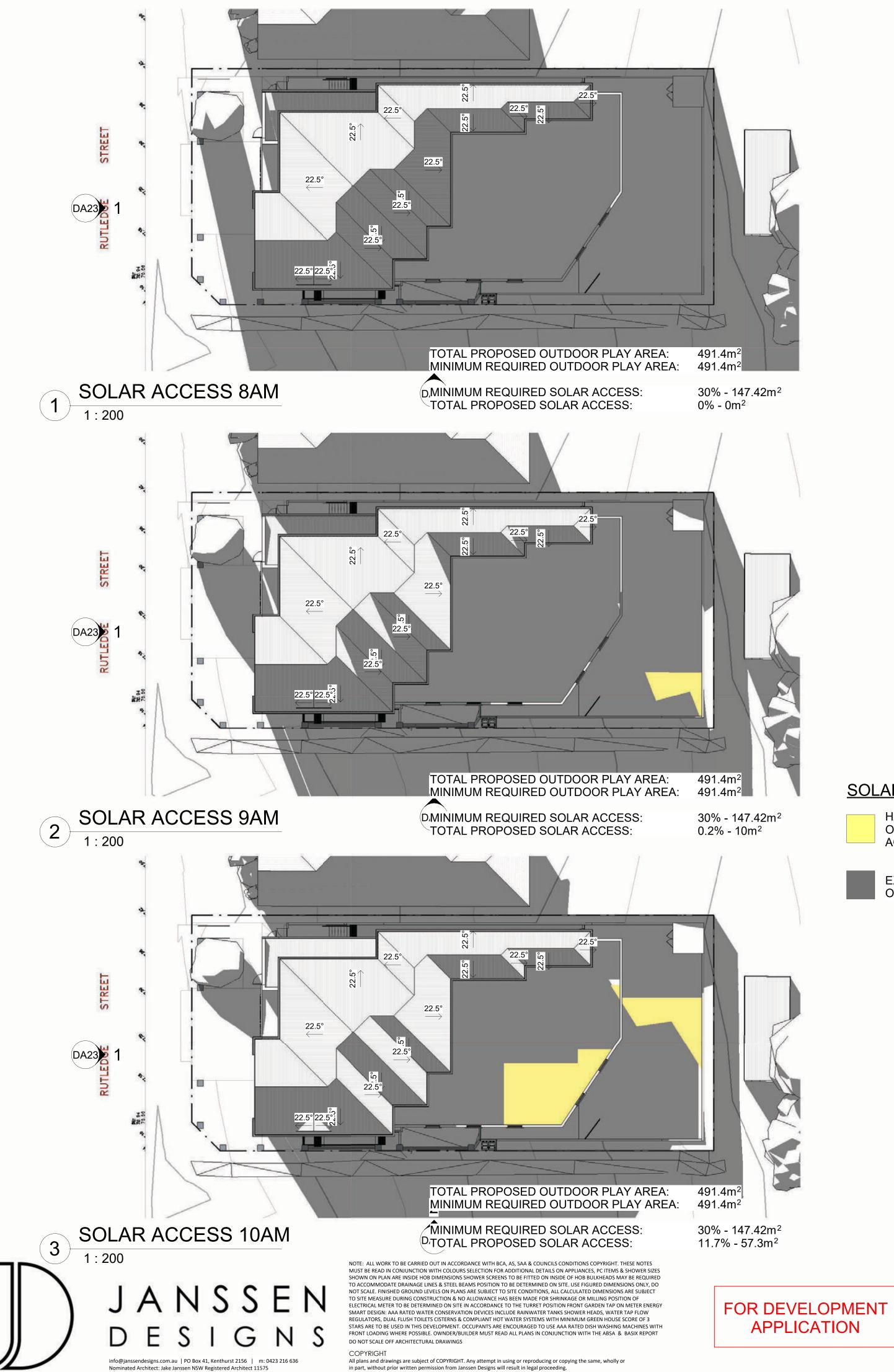
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		AMENDMENTS	
No.		DESCRIPTION	DATE
A	DA Issue		25.06.24

CLIEN



				10297	Α
ORESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: R	EVISION:
ENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY:	PE
JNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 100	DRAWING No	: DA19
DJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITLE	E EMERGENCY	EVACUATION PL	AN - FF





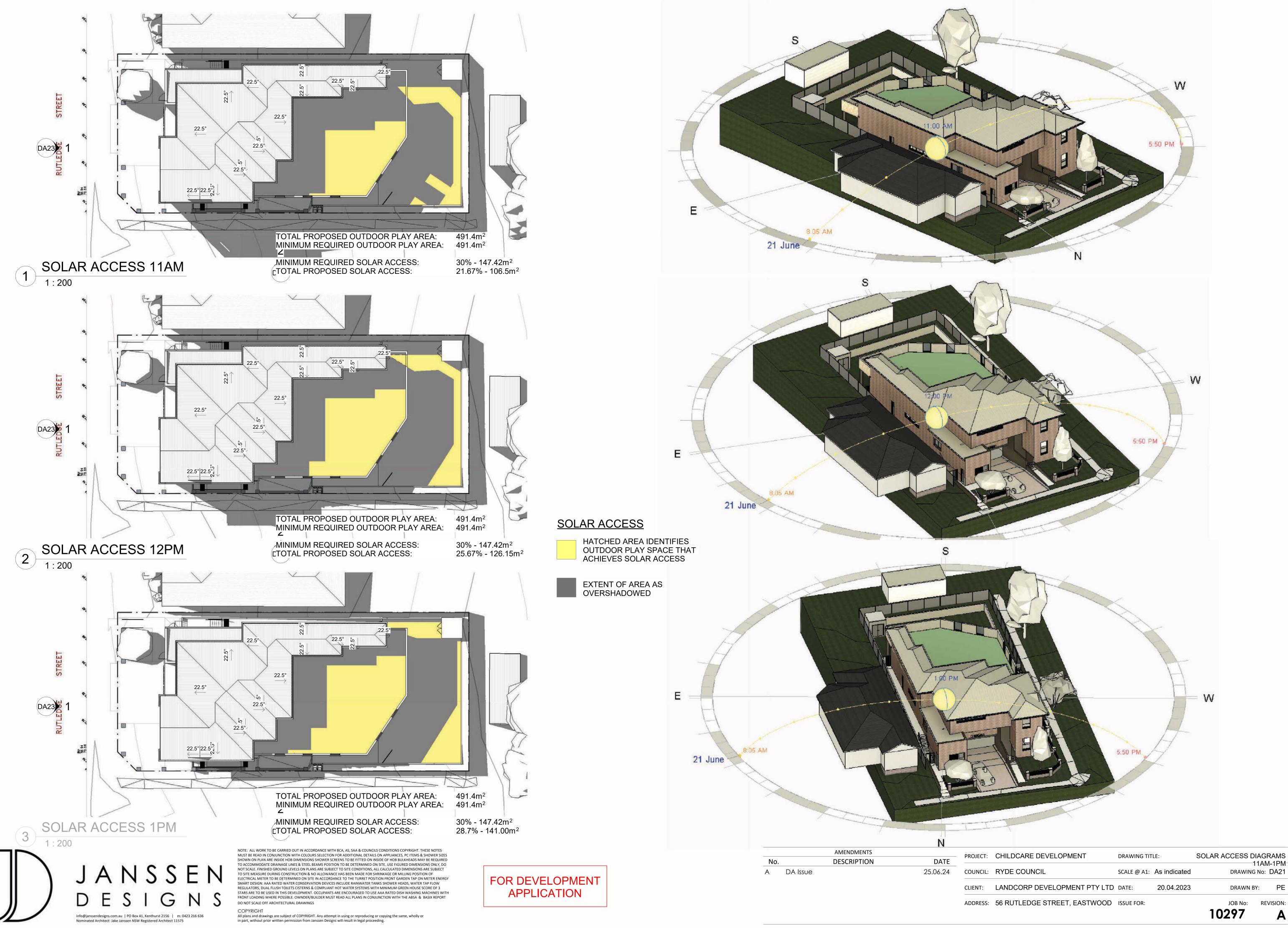


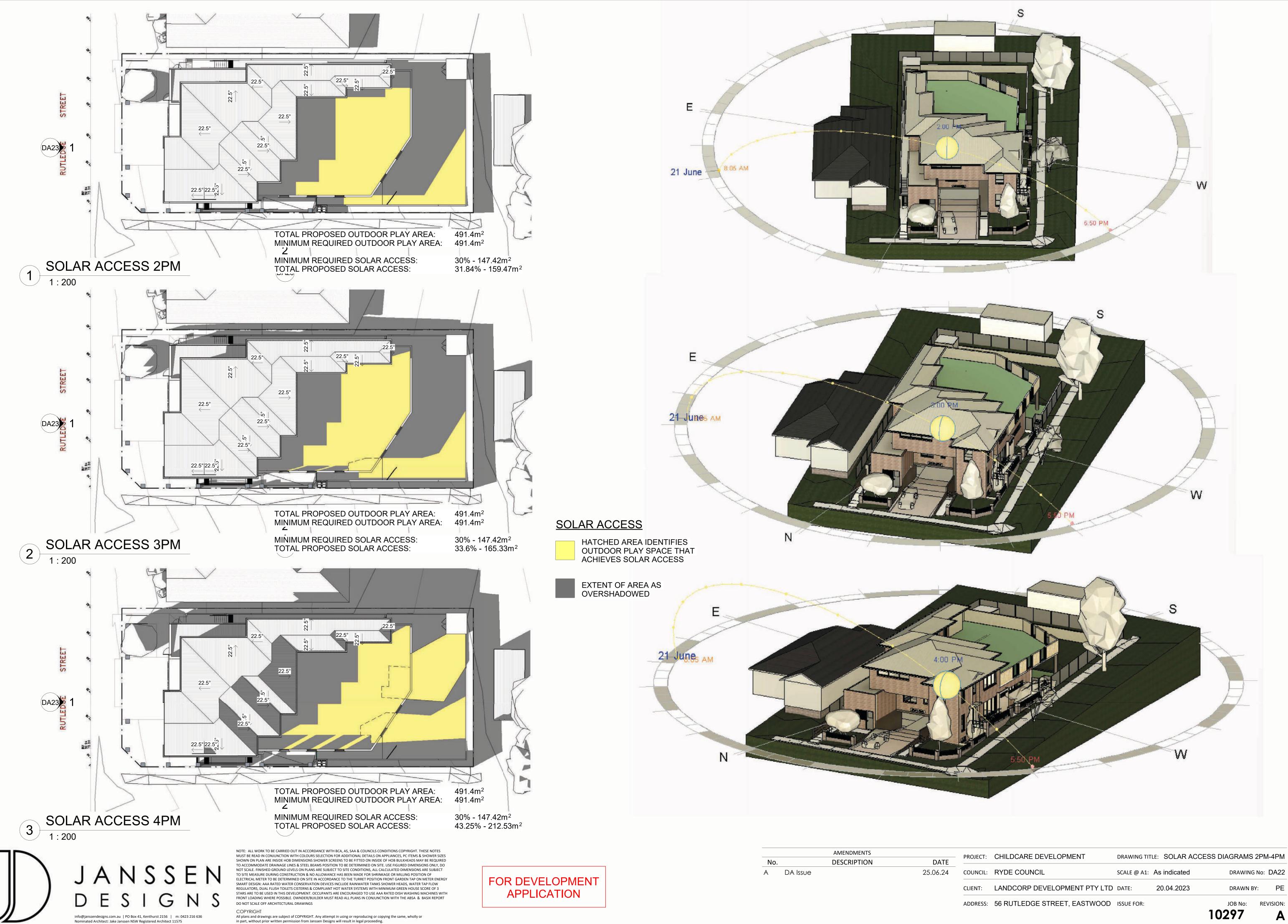
## SOLAR ACCESS

HATCHED AREA IDENTIFIES OUTDOOR PLAY SPACE THAT ACHIEVES SOLAR ACCESS



AMENDMENTS		PROJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TIT	1 F·	SOLAR ACCESS DI	AGRAMS		
No.		DESCRIPTION	DATE						AM-10AM <sup>-</sup>
A	DA Issue		25.06.24	COUNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	As indicated		No: DA20
				CLIENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY	/: PE
				ADDRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No:	<b>REVISION:</b>
								10297	Α









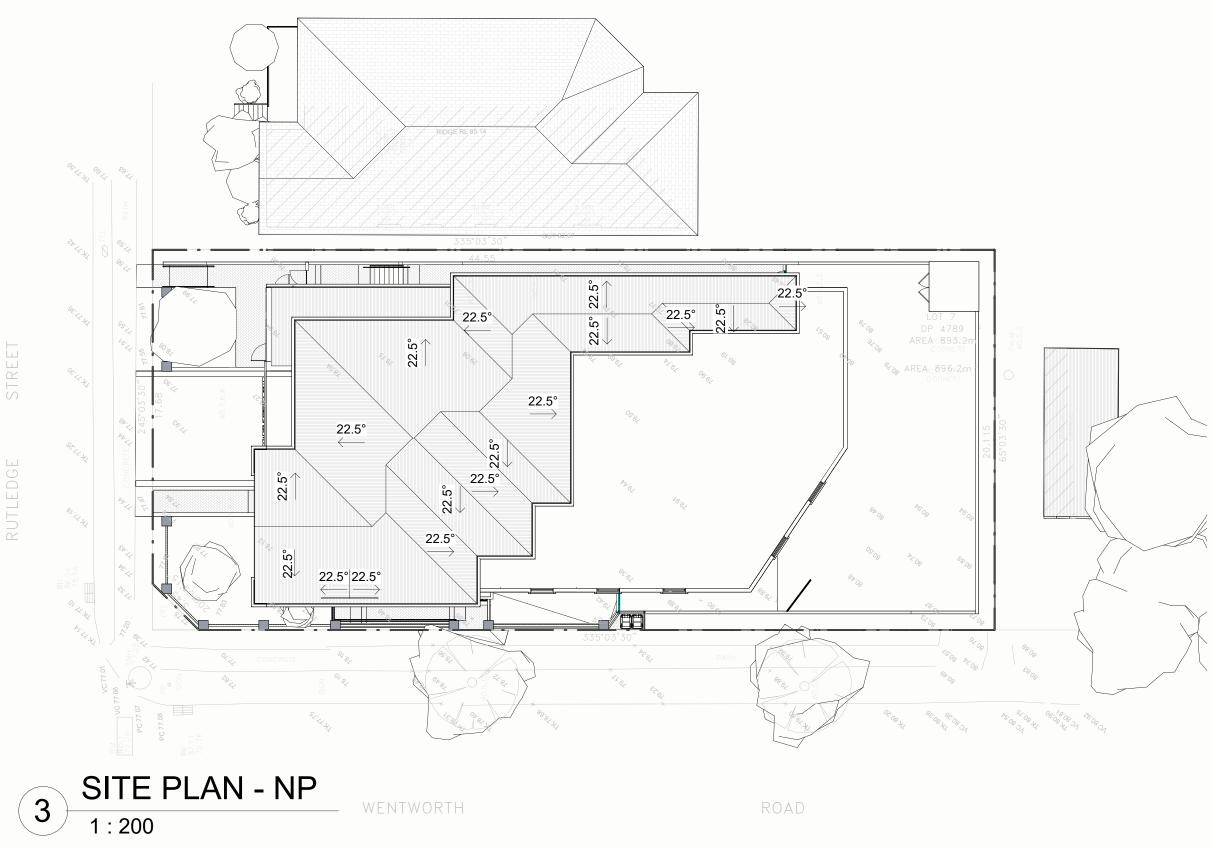






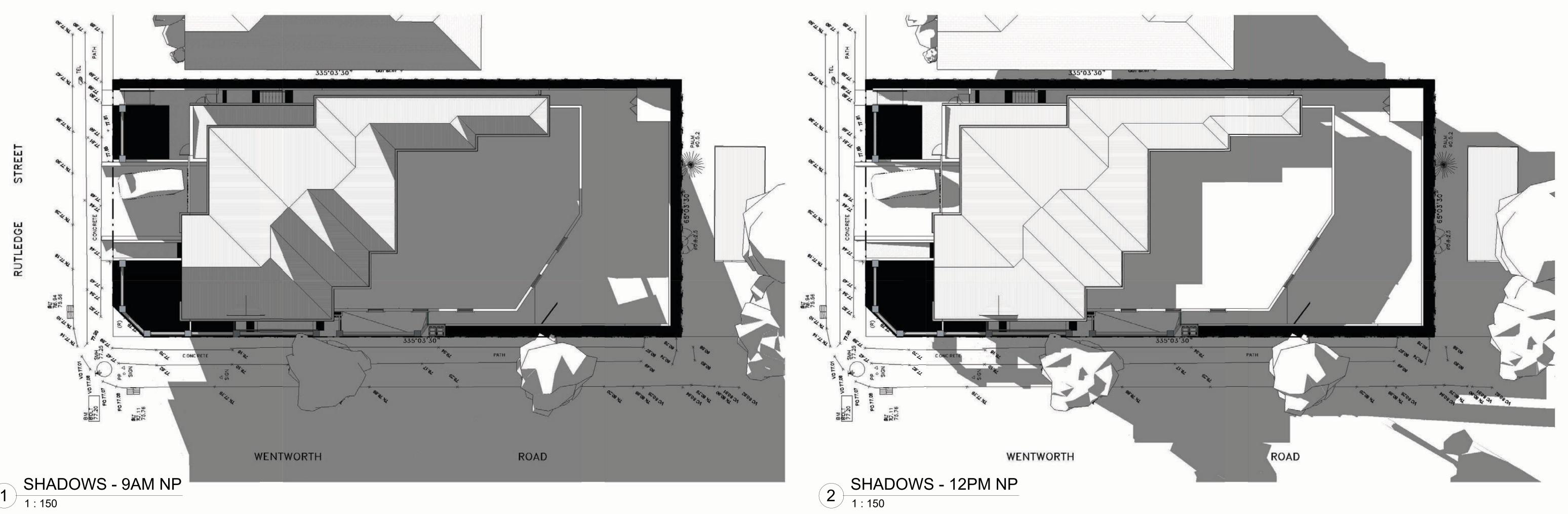
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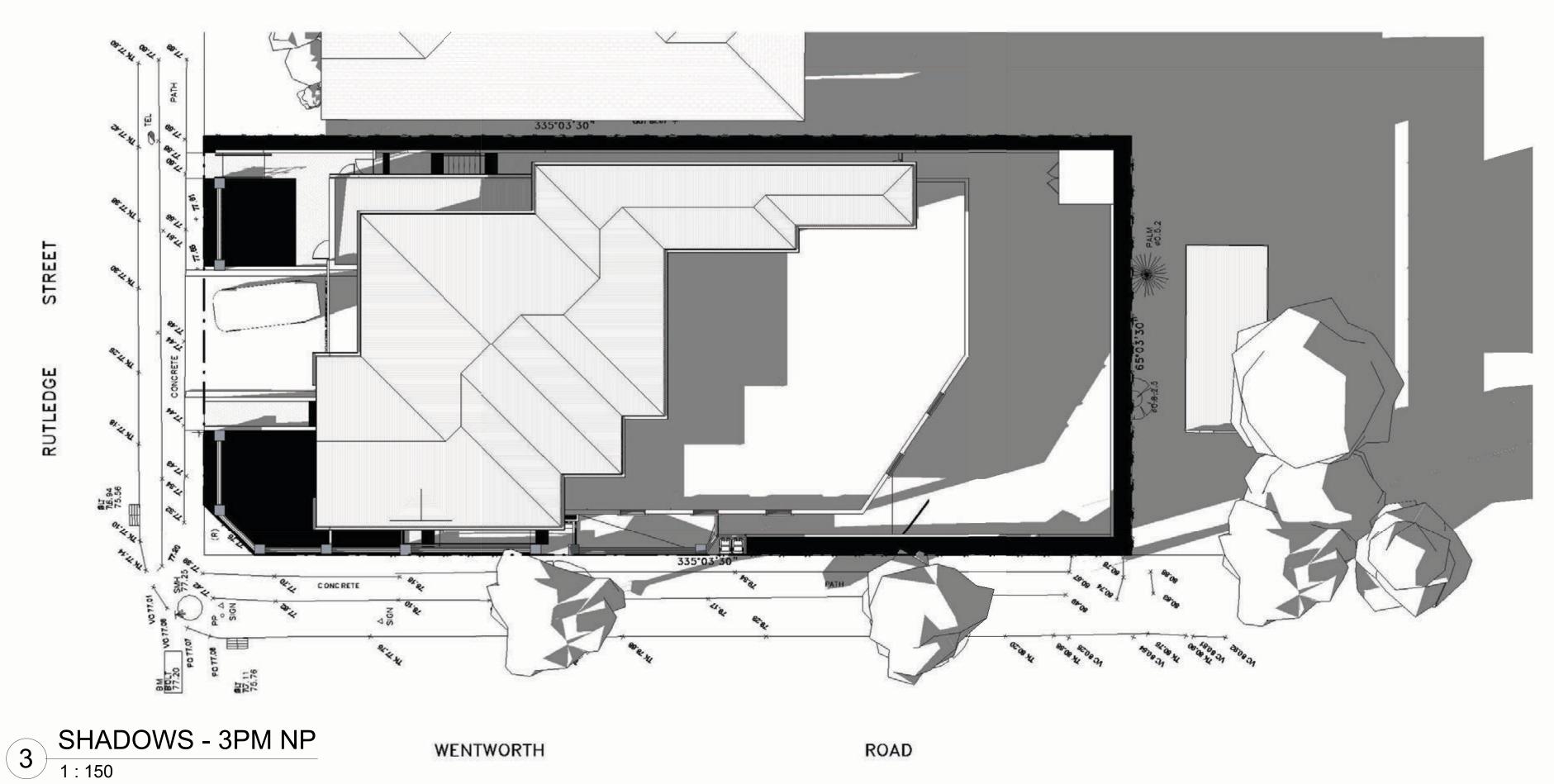


FOR DEVELOPMENT
APPLICATION

		AMENDMENTS		PROJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TIT	LE:	NOTIFICATION	PLAN - /
No.		DESCRIPTION	DATE						
А	DA Issue		25.06.24	COUNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	As indicated	DRAWING	No: DA2
				CLIENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY	Y: PI
				ADDRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: <b>10297</b>	







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TO ACCOMMODATE DRAINAGE LINES & STEEL BEAMS POSITION TO BE DETERMINED ON INSIDE OF HOB BULKHEADS MAY BE REQUIRED TO ACCOMMODATE DRAINAGE LINES & STEEL BEAMS POSITION TO BE DETERMINED ON SITE. USE FIGURED DIMENSIONS ONLY, DO NOT SCALE. FINISHED GROUND LEVELS ON PLANS ARE SUBJECT TO SITE CONDITIONS, ALL CALCULATED DIMENSIONS ARE SUBJECT TO SITE MEASURE DURING CONSTRUCTION & NO ALLOWANCE HAS BEEN MADE FOR SHRINKAGE OR MILLING POSITION OF ELECTRICAL METER TO BE DETERMINED ON SITE IN ACCORDANCE TO THE TURRET POSITION FRONT GARDEN TAP ON METER ENERGY SMART DESIGN: AAA RATED WATER CONSERVATION DEVICES INCLUDE RAINWATER TANKS SHOWER HEADS, WATER TAP FLOW

STARS ARE TO BE USED IN THIS DEVELOPMENT. OCCUPANTS ARE ENCOURAGED TO USE AAA RATED DISH WASHING MACHINES WITH

FRONT LOADING WHERE POSSIBLE. OWNDER/BUILDER MUST READ ALL PLANS IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE ABSA & BASIX REPORT

REGULATORS, DUAL FLUSH TOILETS CISTERNS & COMPLIANT HOT WATER SYSTEMS WITH MINIMUM GREEN HOUSE SCORE OF 3

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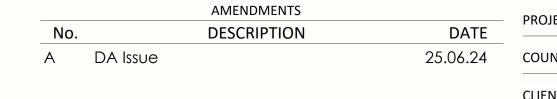
G

JAN

3

info@janssendesigns.com.au | PO Box 41, Kenthurst 2156 | m: 0423 216 636

Nominated Architect: Jake Janssen NSW Registered Architect 11575



FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION

DJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E:	NOTIFICATION	PLAN - B
UNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 150	DRAWING	No: DA24
ENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY	: PE
DRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: 10297	







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APPLICATION

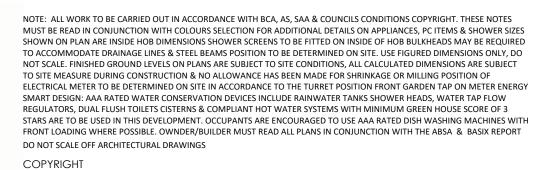
## GDS - COLORBOND FASCIA & GUTTER (COLOUR TO SELECTION)

		AMENDMENTS	
No	•	DESCRIPTION	DATE
A	DA Issue		25.06.24

OJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E:	MATERIALS & F	INISHES
UNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:		DRAWING	No: DA25
ENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY	: PE
DRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: <b>10297</b>	REVISION:

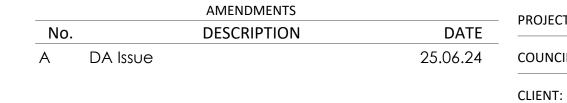
	FINISHES SCHEDULE								
	ABB	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION						
	RCS	ROOF SHEETING COLORBOND (SURFMIST)	ROOF						
	GDS	GUTTERS, DOWNPIPES & FASCIA COLORBOND (SOUTHERLY)	ROOF						
	ADW	ALUMINIUM DOORS & WINDOWS COLORBOND (MONUMENT)	EXTERNAL WALLS						
-	BR1	FACE BRICK AUSTRAL (COACHHOUSE)	EXTERNAL WALLS						
	BR2	FACE BRICK AUSTRAL (MONSOON)	BOUNDARY WALL						
	SSC	SANDSTONE CAPPING W/- BEVEL EDGE	BOUNDARY WALL						





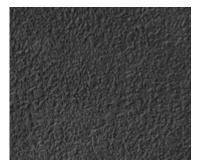
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SAMPLE IMAGE	ABB	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
	CLD	WALL CLADDING JAMES HARDIE "LINEA" (DOVER WHITE)	EXTERNAL WALLS
	REN	TEXTURED CEMENT RENDER (WOODLAND GREY)	PARAPET WALLS
I	SWC	STONE-LOOK CLADDING (BEDROCK CREAM)	FIRST FLOOR BALUSTRADE WALLS
	VAF	TIMBER-LOOK ALUMINIUM FENCING SLATS	BOUNDARY WALL
	TLC	TIMBER LAPPED & CAPPED FENCING W/- STEEL POSTS	BOUNDARY FENCE
		NOTE: ALL COLOURS LISTED A	RE TO BE AS OR SIMILAR



# SAMPLE IMAGE



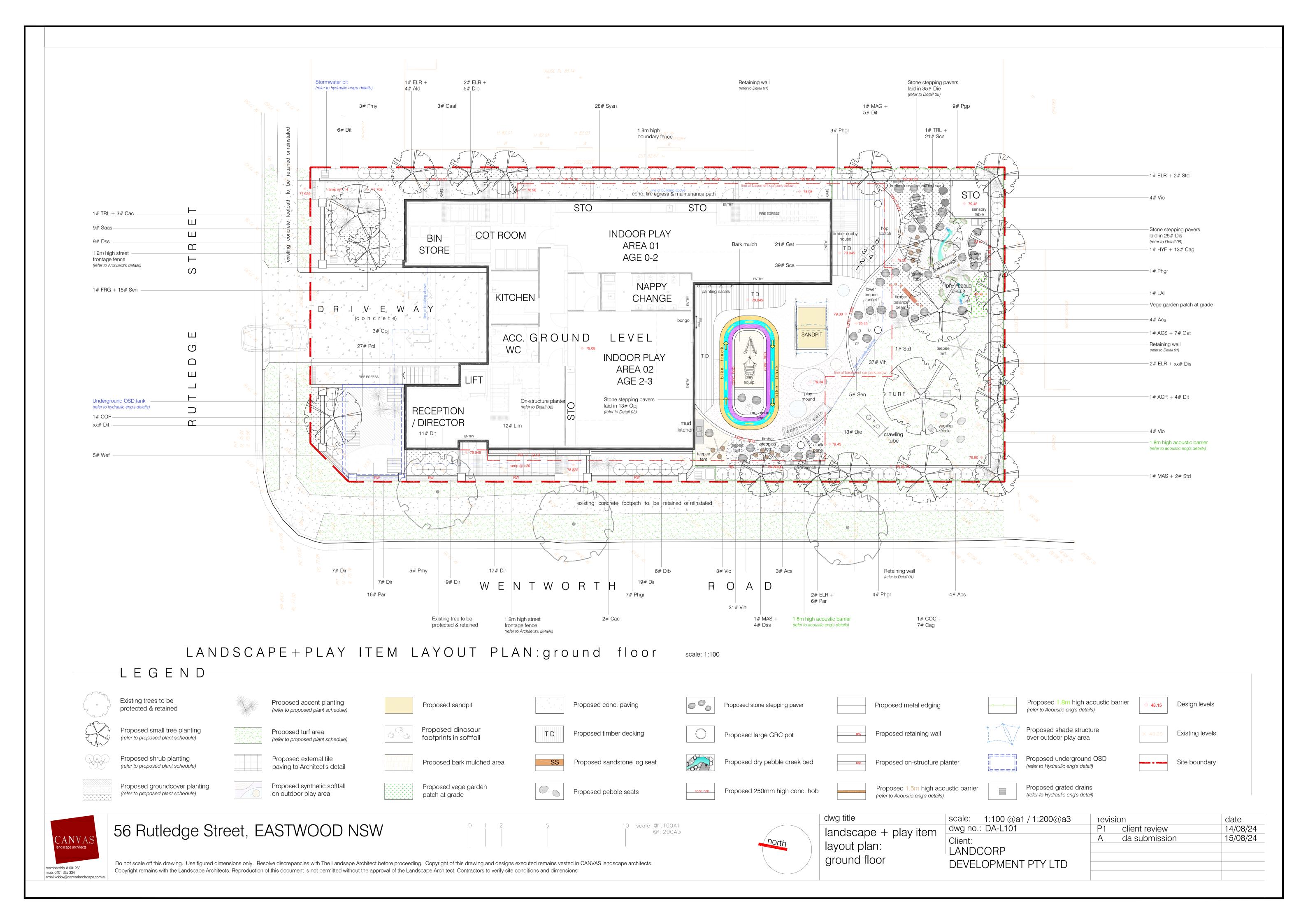


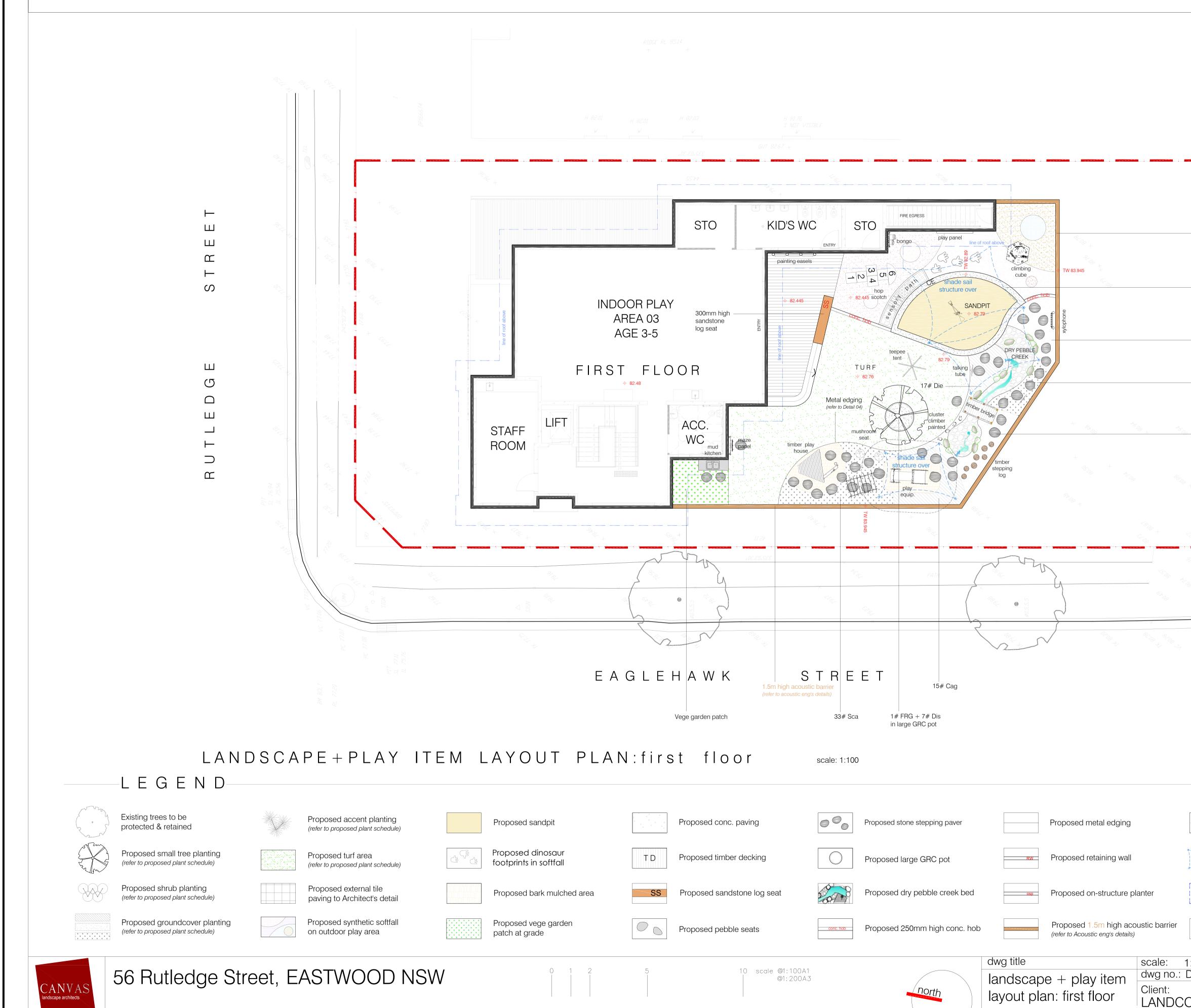






				10297	Α
DRESS:	56 RUTLEDGE STREET, EASTWOOD	ISSUE FOR:		JOB No: RE	VISION:
ENT:	LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	DATE:	20.04.2023	DRAWN BY:	PE
JNCIL:	RYDE COUNCIL	SCALE @ A1:	1 : 100	DRAWING No:	DA26
DJECT:	CHILDCARE DEVELOPMENT	DRAWING TITL	E: MATERIALS	S & FINISHES SCHE	DULE





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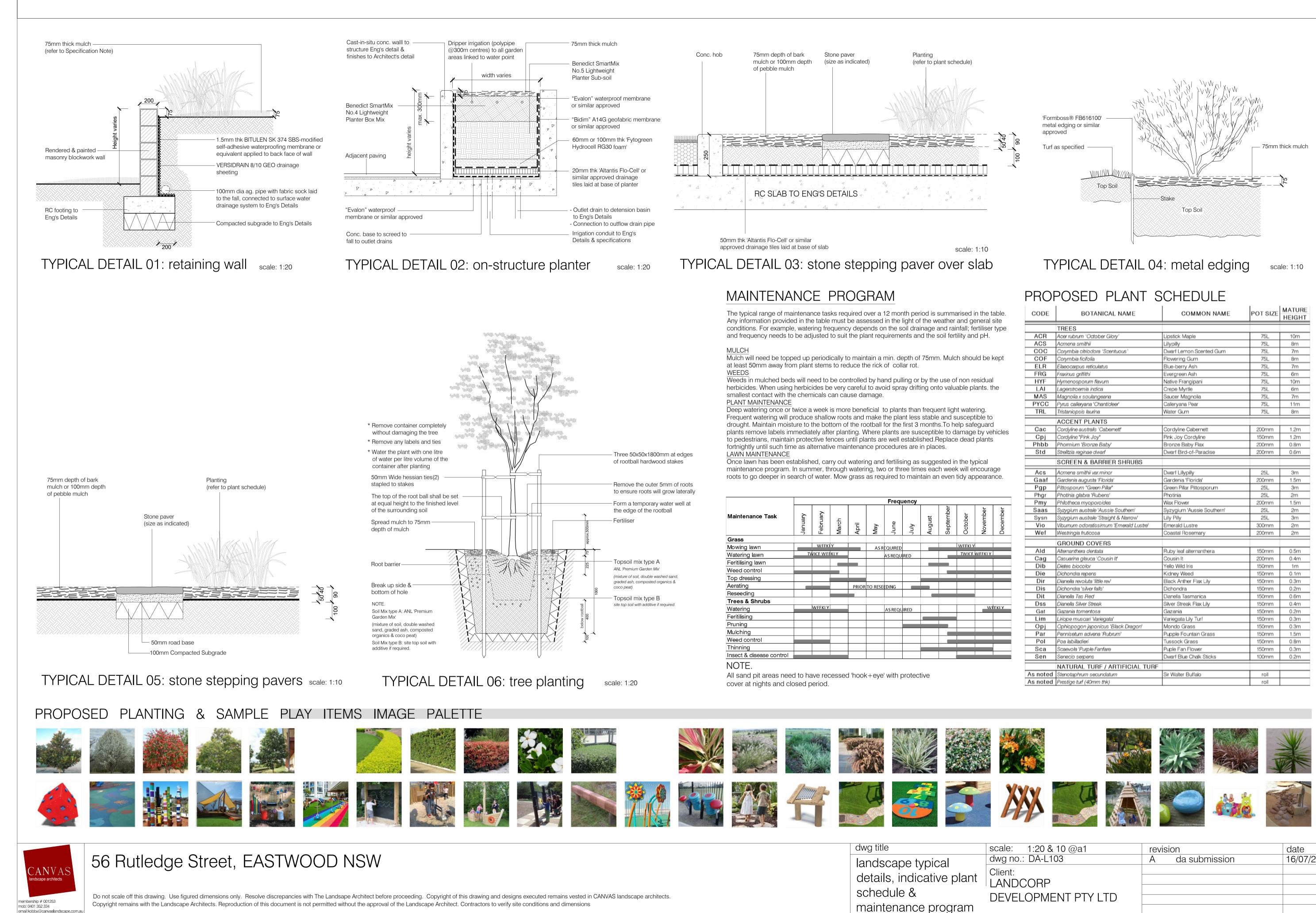
membership # 001253

email:kobby@canvaslandscape.com.au

mob: 0401 352 334

10     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       10     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       10     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       11     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       11     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       12     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       13     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       14     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       15     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       16     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       17     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       18     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       19     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       10     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       10     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       10     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       10     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       11     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       10     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       10     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       10     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       10     scale @1:100A1 @1:200A3       11     scale @1:10A1 @1:200A3       11     scale @1:10A1 @1:200A3       11     scale @1:10A1 @1:200A3       11     scale @1:10A1 @1:200A3       12     scale @1:10A1 @1:200A3       13     scale @1:10A1 @1:200A3       14     scale @1:10A1 @1:200A3       15     scale @1:10A1 @1:200A3       <			
Image:	2 5 10 scale @1:100A1	dwg title	scale: 1
designs executed remains vested in CANVAS landscape architects.			dwg no.: [
designs executed remains vested in CANVAS landscape architects.		layout plan: first floor	LANDCC
erify site conditions and dimensions	designs executed remains vested in CANVAS landscape architects.		DEVELC
	-		

	450mm high conc. edgging 21# Vih 38 13# Dis 50me stepping pavers laid in 25# Sen (refer to Detail 03)	
450mm high conc. edgging 21# Vih 38 39 39 39 39 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	450mm high conc. edgging 21# Vih 398 13# Dis 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 50	
450mm high conc. edgging 21# Vih	450mm high conc. edgging 21# Vih	
(refer to acquistic angle details)		



	Frequency											
Maintenance Task	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Grass												
Mowing lawn		WFFK			ASR	EQUIRED				WEEKLY		
Watering lawn	l tv	VICE WEE	KLY			AS REQU	RED			TWICE	WEEKLY	
Feritilising lawn												
Weed control												
Top dressing												
Aerating				PRIOR	to rese	EDING						
Reseeding												
Trees & Shrubs												
Watering		WFFKLY				AS REQU	IRED				- WI	FKLY
Feritilising												
Pruning												
Mulching												
Weed control												
Thinning												
Insect & disease control									(			

	dwg title	scale: 1:20 & 10 @a1	revision	date
nd designs executed remains vested in CANVAS landscape architects. o verify site conditions and dimensions	landscape typical details, indicative plant schedule & maintenance program	dwg no.: DA-L103 Client: LANDCORP DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD	A da submission	16/07/24

CODE	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	POT SIZE	MATURE
	TREES			
ACR	Acer rubrum 'October Glory'	Lipstick Maple	75L	10m
ACS	Acmena smithii	Lillypilly	75L	8m
COC	Corymbia citriodora 'Scentuous'	Dwarf Lemon Scented Gum	75L	7m
COF	Corymbia ficifolia	Flowering Gum	75L	8m
ELR	Elaeocarpus reticulatus	Blue-berry Ash	75L	7m
FRG	Fraxinus griffithi	Evergreen Ash	75L	6m
HYE	Hymenosporum flavum	Native Frangipani	75L	10m
LAI	Lagerstroemia indica	Crepe Myrtle	75L	6m
MAS	Magnolia x soulangeana	Saucer Magnolia	75L	7m
PYCC	Pyrus calleryana 'Chanticleer'	Calleryana Pear	75L	11m
TRL	Tristaniopsis laurina	Water Gum	75L	8m
	ACCENT PLANTS			
Cac	Cordyline australis 'Cabernett'	Cordyline Cabernett	200mm	1.2m
Срј	Cordyline "Pink Joy"	Pink Joy Cordyline	150mm	1.2m
Phbb	Phormium 'Bronze Baby'	Bronze Baby Flax	200mm	0.8m
Std	Strelitzia reginae dwarf	Dwarf Bird-of-Paradise	200mm	0.6m
	SCREEN & BARRIER SHRUBS			
Acs	Acmena smithii var.minor	Decent 1 ib colle :	25L	3m
Gaaf		Dwarf Lillypilly Gardenia 'Florida'		
	Gardenia augusta 'Florida'		200mm 25L	1.5m 3m
Pgp	Pittosporum "Green Pillar" Photinia glabra 'Rubens'	Green Pillar Pittosporum Photinia	25L	2m
Phgr		Wax Flower		1.5m
Pmy	Philotheca myoporoides		200mm	
Saas	Syzygium australe 'Aussie Southern'	Syzygium 'Aussie Southern'	25L	2m
Sysn	Syzygium australe 'Straight & Narrow'	Lilly Pilly	25L	3m
Vio	Viburnum odoratissimum 'Emerald Lustre'	Emerald Lustre	300mm	2m
Wef	Westringia fruticosa	Coastal Rosemary	200mm	2m
	GROUND COVERS			
Ald	Alternanthera dentata	Ruby leaf alternanthera	150mm	0.5m
Cag	Casuarina glauca 'Cousin It'	Cousin It	200mm	0.4m
Dib	Dietes biocolor	Yello Wild Iris	150mm	1m
Die	Dichondra repens	Kidney Weed	150mm	0.1m
Dir	Dianella revoluta 'little rev'	Black Anther Flax Lily	150mm	0.3m
Dis	Dichondra 'silver falls'	Dichondra	150mm	0.2m
Dit	Dianella Tas Red	Dianella Tasmanica	150mm	0.6m
Dss	Dianella Silver Streak	Silver Streak Flax Lily	150mm	0.4m
Gat	Gazania tomentosa	Gazania	150mm	0.2m
Lim	Liriope muscari 'Variegata'	Variegata Lily Turf	150mm	0.3m
Орј	Ophiopogon japonicus 'Black Dragon'	Mondo Grass	150mm	0.3m
Par	Pennisetum advena 'Rubrum'	Pupple Fountain Grass	150mm	1.5m
Pol	Poa labilladieri	Tussock Grass	150mm	0.8m
Sca	Scaevola 'Purple Fanfare	Puple Fan Flower	150mm	0.3m
Sen	Senecio serpens	Dwarf Blue Chalk Sticks	100mm	0.2m
	NATURAL TURF / ARTIFICIAL TUR	=		
s noted	Stenotaphrum secundatum	Sir Walter Buffalo	roll	
a natad	Describer to d ( 40 mans Held)		U	

#### COMPLIANCE CHECK – LDA2024/0195

## State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport & Infrastructure) 2021

#### Chapter 3 Educational establishments and child care facilities

Relevant Clauses	Compliance with Standard / Provision	Compliance					
Part 3 Early education and care	facilities – specific development controls						
<b>3.22</b> Centre-based child care facility — concurrence of Regulatory Authority required for certain development	Proposal complies with the space requirements.	Yes					
<b>3.23</b> Centre-based child care facility — matters for consideration by consent authorities	Refer to the assessment against the <i>Child Care Planning Guideline</i> below.	Yes					
<b>3.24</b> Centre-based child care facility in Zone IN1 or IN2 — additional matters for consideration by consent authorities.	The subject site is located within a R2 Low Density Residential Zone.	N/A					
<b>3.25</b> Centre-based child care facility — floor space ratio	<ul> <li>(1) Development consent must not be granted for the purposes of a centre-based child care facility in Zone R2</li> <li>Low Density Residential if the floor space ratio for the building on the site of the facility exceeds 0.5:1.</li> <li>(2) This section does not apply if</li> </ul>	The FSR has been calculated as being 0.522:1 under the Ryde LEP 2014.					
	another environmental planning instrument or a development control plan sets a maximum floor space ratio for the centre-based child care facility.	N/A					
<ul> <li>(1) The object of this clause is to a centre-based child care fac requiring more onerous stance</li> <li>(2) The following are non-discret</li> </ul>	ionary development standards for the pur elation to the carrying out of development	cular matters relating to sent authority from poses of section					
<ul> <li>(a) <b>location</b>—the development may be located at any distance from an existing or proposed early education and care facility,</li> </ul>	The location is satisfactory.	Noted					
(b) indoor or outdoor space							
(i) for development to which regulation 107 (indoor unencumbered space	Indoor Unencumbered Space Required: 227.5m <sup>2</sup>	Yes					

Relevant Clauses	Compliance with Standard / Provision	Compliance
Part 3 Early education and care	rols	
requirements) or 108 (outdoor unencumbered space requirements) of the <i>Education</i> <i>and Care Services National</i> <i>Regulations</i> applies—the unencumbered area of indoor space and the unencumbered area of outdoor space for the development complies with the requirements of those regulations, or	Provided: 228.2m <sup>2</sup>	
(ii) for development to which clause 28 (unencumbered indoor space and useable outdoor play space) of the <i>Children</i> (Education and Care Services) Supplementary Provisions Regulation 2012 applies—the development complies with the indoor space requirements or the useable outdoor play space requirements in that clause,	<u>Outdoor Unencumbered Space</u> Required: 490m <sup>2</sup> Provided: 491.4m <sup>2</sup>	Yes
Clause 28 Space requirements— (2) The premises of a centre base unencumbered indoor play space with education and care while in a (3) For the purposes of calculatin passage way or thoroughfare, doo located in the building or any othe to in subclause (1) are to be exclu (4) Subject to subclauses (7) and service must have at least 7m <sup>2</sup> of the use of children provided with e (5) For the purposes of calculatin areas, storage sheds and other fix obstruct the view of staff supervise	e at least 3.25m <sup>2</sup> of f children provided as such as any or shower areas et aside as referred cation and care it is exclusively for t the service. h as car parking g the space or that	
(c) site area and site	Noted.	Yes

(c) site area and site dimensions—the	Noted.	Yes
development may be located on a site of any size and have any length of street frontage or any allotment depth,	Clause 2.1.1(a) of the RDCP includes a requirement for lot frontage/width (20m). The site has a frontage of 20.115. However, Clause 3.26(1) of this SEPP prevents the consent authority from requiring more onerous standards beyond those imposed by Clause 3.266(2)(c).	

Relevant Clauses	Compliance with Standard / Provision	Compliance
Part 3 Early education and care	facilities – specific development cont	rols
(d) colour of building materials or shade structures—the development may be of any colour or colour scheme unless it is a State or local heritage item or in a heritage conservation area.	Additionally, Clause 2.1.1(b) of the RDCP includes a requirement for a minimum lot size of 800m <sup>2</sup> on a regular shaped site. The site is generally regular in shape and has an area of 893.2m <sup>2</sup> . In this regard, the lot frontage/width and shape are accepted. Noted, not heritage listed.	Noted
3.27 Centre-based child care faci	lity — development control plans	
following matters (including by rel	cifies a requirement, standard or control ference to ages, age ratios, groupings, nu opment for the purpose of a centre-based	umbers or the like, of
(a) operational or management plans or arrangements (including hours of operation),	Noted.	N/A
(b) demonstrated need or demand for child care services,		
<ul> <li>(c) proximity of facility to other early education and care facilities,</li> </ul>		
(d) any matter relating to development for the purpose of a centre-based child care facility contained in—		
(i) the design principles set out in Part 2 of the <i>Child Care</i> <i>Planning Guideline</i> , or	Refer to Assessment table below.	
<ul> <li>(ii) the matters for consideration set out in Part 3 or the regulatory requirements set out in Part 4 of that Guideline (other than those concerning building height, side and rear setbacks or car parking rates).</li> </ul>	Refer to Assessment table below.	
(2) This clause applies regardless of when the development control plan was made.		

### ATTACHMENT 2: COMPLIANCE CHECK - QUALITY CERTIFICATION

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
Part 2 Design Quality Principles	
Principle 1. Context	Inconsistent
Good design responds and contributes to its	
context, including the key natural and built features of an area, their relationship and the character they create when combined. It	The local area comprises a mix of residential buildings or varying scales and architectural styles.
also includes social, economic, health and environmental conditions. Well-designed child care facilities respond to	The subject site is therefore considered to have a low density residential character.
and enhance the qualities and identity of the area including adjacent sites, streetscapes and neighbourhood. Well-designed child care facilities take advantage of its context by optimising	The development is designed to respond to the residential character of the locality and provides a building which is of a scale which blends with the scale of surrounding development.
nearby transport, public facilities and centres, respecting local heritage, and being responsive to the demographic, cultural and socio-economic makeup of the facility users and surrounding communities.	Notwithstanding the above, with respect to health and environmental conditions, the Air Quality Report (dated 6 September 2024 as prepared by EnvironOdour Australia P/L) has been found by Council's Environmental Health Officer to be not adequately demonstrate that the site will be suitable for the proposed use in that it fails to demonstrate that pollutants of concern generated by vehicles using Rutledge Street have been adequately assessed to satisfy Council that the potential risk to a vulnerable population is negligible.
	In this respect, the environmental context of the site is not considered to be suitable for the development and this forms a reason to refuse the application.
Principle 2. Built Form	Inconsistent
Good design achieves a scale, bulk and height appropriate to the existing or desired future character of the surrounding area. Good design achieves an appropriate built form for a site and the building's purpose in terms of building alignments, proportions, building type, articulation and the manipulation of building elements.	The development has been found to not comply with the floor space ratio development standard under the RLEP 2014 which is indicative of the proposal having a bulk and scale which is not compatible with the surrounds.
Good design also uses a variety of materials, colours and textures. Appropriate built form defines the public domain, contributes to the character of streetscapes and parks, including their views and vistas, and provides internal amenity and outlook.	comply with the floor space ratio standard, it could potentially be a building which is compatible with the built form aims of Principle 2.

## Child Care Planning Guideline September 2021

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
Contemporary facility design can be distinctive and unique to support innovative approaches to teaching and learning, while still achieving a visual appearance that is aesthetically pleasing, complements the surrounding areas, and contributes positively to the public realm.	
<b>Principle 3. Adaptive learning spaces</b> Good facility design delivers high quality learning spaces and achieves a high level of amenity for children and staff, resulting in buildings and associated infrastructure that are fit-for-purpose, enjoyable and easy to use. This is achieved through site layout, building design, and learning spaces fit-out. Good design achieves a mix of inclusive learning spaces to cater for all students and different modes of learning. This includes appropriately designed physical spaces offering a variety of settings, technology and opportunities for interaction.	<b>Consistent</b> The development provides a variety of indoor and outdoor play learning spaces and satisfies this principle.
<ul> <li>Principle 4. Sustainability</li> <li>Combines positive environmental, social and economic outcomes.</li> <li>This includes use of natural cross ventilation, sunlight and passive thermal design for ventilation, heating and cooling reducing reliance on technology and operation costs. Other elements include recycling and re-use of materials and waste, use of sustainable materials and deep soil zones for groundwater recharge and vegetation.</li> <li>Well-designed facilities are durable and embed resource efficiency into building and site design, resulting in less energy and water consumption, less generation of waste and air emissions and reduced operational costs.</li> </ul>	<b>Consistent</b> The proposed facility provides suitable opportunity for solar access (including skylights) and shading. Suitable water and energy saving fixtures can be achieved. Opportunities for a chicken coop and composting is provided to reduce waste.
Principle 5. Landscape Landscape and buildings should operate as an integrated and sustainable system, resulting in attractive developments with good amenity. A contextual fit of well- designed developments is achieved by contributing to the landscape character of the streetscape and neighbourhood. Well-designed landscapes make outdoor spaces assets for learning. This includes designing for diversity in function and use, age-appropriateness and amenity.	<b>Consistent</b> The development includes landscaping which is consistent with the landscaped setting of the local area and with the requirements of the facility. The outdoor play areas each include spaces for play and learning for all attending age groups.

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
Good landscape design enhances the development's environmental performance by retaining positive natural features which contribute to the local context, co-ordinating water and soil management, solar access, micro-climate, tree canopy, habitat values and preserving green networks.	
Principle 6. Amenity Good design positively influences internal and external amenity for children, staff and neighbours. Achieving good amenity contributes to positive learning environments and the well-being of students and staff. Good amenity combines appropriate and efficient indoor and outdoor learning spaces, access to sunlight, natural ventilation, outlook, visual and acoustic privacy, storage, service areas and ease of access for all age groups and degrees of mobility. Well-designed child care facilities provide comfortable, diverse and attractive spaces to learn, play and socialise.	Inconsistent The development exhibits a suitable degree of amenity to both the internal users of the facility, however, amenity to neighbours is considered to be unsatisfactory. The architectural plans do not reflect the recommendations of the acoustic report in relation to the sound barrier fence materials and heights recommended in the acoustic report. Further, the acoustic report does not clearly clarify the permissible outdoor play scenarios under Section 8.1.2 of the report.
<b>Principle 7 - Safety</b> Well-designed child care facilities optimise the use of the built and natural environment for learning and play, while utilising equipment, vegetation and landscaping that has a low health and safety risk, and can be checked and maintained efficiently and appropriately.	<b>Consistent</b> The facility demonstrates suitable fencing, restricted access and accessibility to ensure a safe environment. Good passive surveillance is provided to the street frontage. Security and safety matters are appropriately addressed in the Plan of Management.
Good child care facility design balances safety and security with the need to create a welcoming and accessible environment. It provides for quality public and private spaces that are inviting, clearly defined and allow controlled access for members of the community. Well-designed child care facilities incorporate passive surveillance and Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED).	
Part 3 Matters for Consideration	
3.1 Site Selection and Location	
<ul> <li>Objective: To ensure that appropriate zone considerations are assessed when selecting a site.</li> <li>C1. For proposed developments in or adjacent to a residential zone, consider:</li> </ul>	The site is zoned R2 Low Density Residential. Acoustic report which is considered
	unsatisfactory as outlined in report.

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
<ul> <li>The acoustic and privacy impacts of the proposed development on the residential properties</li> <li>The setbacks and siting of buildings within the residential context</li> <li>Traffic and parking impacts of the proposal on residential amenity.</li> <li>For proposed developments in commercial and industrial zones, consider:</li> <li>Potential impacts on the health, safety and wellbeing of children, staff and visitors with regard to local environmental or amenity issues such as air or noise pollution and local traffic conditions</li> <li>The potential impact of the facility on the viability of existing commercial or industrial uses</li> </ul>	The proposed access point from Rutledge Street is not supported by Transport for NSW or Council. N/A
industrial uses. Objective: To ensure that the site selected	
<ul> <li>for a proposed child care facility is suitable for the use.</li> <li>C2. When selecting a site, ensure that:</li> <li>The location and surrounding uses are compatible with the proposed development or use</li> </ul>	The proposal is permissible within R2 low density residential zone and is suitable and compatible in the context of the surrounding residences.
• The site is environmentally safe including risks such as flooding, land slip, bushfires, coastal hazards	The site is not subject to any identified environmental risks.
<ul> <li>There are no potential environmental contaminants on the land, in the building or the general proximity, and whether hazardous materials remediation is needed.</li> <li>The characteristics of the site are suitable for the scale and type of development proposed having regard to:         <ul> <li>size of street frontage, lot configuration, dimensions and overall size</li> <li>number of shared boundaries with residential properties</li> <li>the development will not have adverse environmental impacts on the surrounding area, particularly in sensitive environmental or cultural areas</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Proposal is suitable for the scale and type of development, providing required indoor and outdoor area (landscaping and deep soil areas provided), and setbacks to adjoining properties. The development will not have adverse environmental impacts on the surrounding area. Refer to detailed discussion regarding acoustic and amenity impacts in the Assessment report.
• Where the proposal is to occupy or retrofit an existing premises, the interior and exterior spaces are suitable for the proposed use	N/A.

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
<ul> <li>There are suitable drop off and pick up areas, and off and on street parking</li> <li>The type of adjoining road (for example classified, arterial, local road, cul-de-sac) is appropriate and safe for the proposed use</li> <li>It is not located closely to incompatible</li> </ul>	Basement parking and drop off / pick up is achieved. Suitable pedestrian access is provided. Rutledge Street is suitable for this use.
social activities and uses such as restricted premises, injecting rooms, drug clinics and the like, premises licensed for alcohol or gambling such as hotels, clubs, cellar door premises and sex services premises.	No incompatible uses/premises in the area.
Objective: To ensure that sites for child	
<ul> <li>care facilities are appropriately located.</li> <li>C3. A child care facility should be located:</li> <li>Near compatible social uses such as schools and other educational establishments, parks and other public open space, community facilities, places of public worship</li> </ul>	None of these uses are in the immediate vicinity. However, the location of the facility is satisfactory.
Near or within employment areas, town centres, business centres, shops	Eastwood Shopping Centre is approx. 800m to the north-east. Eastwood Train Station is approx. 1km to the
<ul> <li>With access to public transport including rail, buses, ferries</li> <li>In areas with pedestrian connectivity to the local community, businesses, shops,</li> </ul>	north-east. There is a bus stop within 170m of the site. Suitable pedestrian connectivity is available.
services and the like.	
<ul> <li>Objective: To ensure that sites for child care facilities do not incur risks from environmental, health or safety hazards.</li> <li>C4. A child care facility should be located to avoid risks to children, staff or visitors and adverse environmental conditions arising from:</li> <li>Proximity to:</li> </ul>	The proposed child care centre will be subject to impacts from air quality and acoustics resulting from proximity to the classified road.
<ul> <li>Heavy or hazardous industry, waste transfer depots or landfill sites</li> <li>LPG tanks or service stations</li> <li>water cooling and water warming systems</li> <li>odour (and other air pollutant) generating uses and sources or sites which, due to prevailing land use zoning, may in future accommodate noise or odour generating uses.</li> <li>extractive industries, intensive agriculture, agricultural spraying activities.</li> <li>Any other identified environmental hazard or risk relevant to the site and/ or existing buildings within the site.</li> </ul>	

Guideline **Compliance with Standard / Provision** 3.2 Local Character, streetscape and the public domain interface **Objective: To ensure that the child care** facility is compatible with the local character and surrounding streetscape. **C5.** The proposed development should: Refer to assessment of Design Quality Contribute to the local area by being Principles. designed in character with the locality and The proposed building is compatible with the existing and future desired character and existing streetscape streetscape of the locality. • Reflect the predominant form of surrounding land uses, particularly in low density residential areas • Recognise predominant streetscape qualities, such as building form, scale, materials and colours Include design and architectural treatments that respond to and integrate with the existing streetscape • Use landscaping to positively contribute to the streetscape and neighbouring amenity • Integrate car parking into the building and site landscaping design in residential areas. **Objective: To ensure clear delineation** between the child care facility & public spaces. **C6.** Create a threshold with a clear transition between public and private realms, including: • Fencing to ensure safety for children entering and leaving the facility Fencing and gates are provided around the perimeter of the outdoor spaces. • Windows facing from the facility towards Suitably designed windows provide casual the public domain to provide passive surveillance. surveillance to the street as a safety measure and connection between the facility and the community • Integrating existing and proposed All fencing and landscaping on the site is new. landscaping with fencing. **C7** On sites with multiple buildings and/or N/A entries, pedestrian entries and spaces associated with the child care facility should be differentiated to improve legibility for visitors and children by changes in materials, plant species and colours. **C8** Where development adjoins public parks, open space or bushland, the facility should N/A. Not situated in such a location. provide an appealing streetscape frontage by adopting some of the following design solutions: • Clearly defined street access, pedestrian paths and building entries

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
Low fences and planting which delineate communal/ private open space from adjoining public open space	
<ul> <li>Minimal use of blank walls and high fences.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Objective: To ensure that front fences &amp; retaining walls respond to &amp; complement the context &amp; character of the area &amp; do not dominate the public domain.</li> <li>C9. Front fences and walls within the front setback should be constructed of visually permeable materials and treatments. Where the site is listed as a heritage item, adjacent to a heritage item or within a conservation area front fencing should be designed in accordance with local heritage provisions.</li> </ul>	Visually permeable batton fencing is proposed to the street frontage to Rutledge Street and to part of the Wentworth Road frontage. The remainder of the Wentworth Road frontage is proposed to have 1.8m lapped and capped timber fencing.
<b>C10.</b> High solid acoustic fencing may be used when shielding the facility from noise on classified roads. The walls should be setback from the property boundary with screen landscaping of a similar height between the wall and the boundary.	Acoustic fencing is not required to shield the facility from noise in this situation given the location of the building.
3.3 Building orientation, envelope and desig	In
Objective: To respond to the streetscape and site, while optimising solar access and opportunities for shade. C11. Orient a development on a site and design the building layout to:	
<ul> <li>design the building layout to:</li> <li>Ensure visual privacy and minimise potential noise and overlooking impacts</li> </ul>	The building orientation is in keeping with the layout of the site.
<ul> <li>on neighbours by:</li> <li>facing doors and windows away from private open space, living rooms and bedrooms in adjoining residential properties</li> </ul>	Achieved – windows orientated to the side are highlight windows only, and generally non- openable.
<ul> <li>placing play equipment away from common boundaries with residential properties</li> </ul>	Play equipment is located away from boundaries with residential properties.
<ul> <li>locating outdoor play areas away from residential dwellings and other sensitive uses</li> </ul>	Play areas are distanced from neighbouring dwellings by boundary fencing, screen planting, and building separation.
<ul> <li>Optimise solar access to internal and external play areas</li> </ul>	Solar access to outdoor play areas is suitable.
<ul> <li>Avoid overshadowing of adjoining residential properties</li> </ul>	Overshadowing is not excessive. 31 Campbell is partially affected in the afternoon hours but not to unreasonable extent. 54 Rutledge is affected in the late afternoon hours.
Minimise cut and fill	

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
<ul> <li>Ensure buildings along the street frontage define the street by facing it</li> <li>Ensure that where a child care facility is located above ground level, outdoor play areas are protected from wind and other climatic conditions.</li> </ul>	Excavation is proposed for the basement. The remainder of the site does not experience excessive cut and fill. Building faces and addresses both street frontages. The first floor play area is protected from wind.
<ul> <li>Objective: To ensure that the scale of the child care facility is compatible with adjoining development and the impact on adjoining buildings is minimised.</li> <li>C12. The following matters may be considered to minimise the impacts of the proposal on local character:</li> <li>Building height should be consistent with other buildings in the locality</li> <li>Building height should respond to the scale and character of the street</li> <li>Setbacks should allow for adequate privacy for neighbours and children at the proposed child care facility</li> <li>Setbacks should provide adequate access for building maintenance</li> <li>Setbacks to the street should be consistent with the existing character.</li> </ul>	Building height of a maximum of 9.3m and 2 storeys is consistent. Height is consistent with the scale and character of the single and 2 storey dwellings of the street. Setbacks are compliant and provide for screen planting and sufficient space to protect privacy. Achieved Street setback is consistent with neighbouring buildings to the east and the secondary street setback of 2m is consistent with other secondary street setbacks in the visual catchment of the site.
Objective: To ensure that setbacks from the boundary of a child care facility are consistent with the predominant development within the immediate context. C13. Where there are no prevailing setback controls minimum setback to a classified road should be 10m.	N/A
On other road frontages where there are existing buildings within 50m, the setback should be the average of the 2 closest buildings. Where there are no buildings within 50m, the same setback is required for the predominant adjoining land use.	Street setback is consistent with neighbouring buildings to the east. The 2m secondary street setback is consistent with a number of other secondary street setbacks in the visual catchment of the site.
C14. On land in a residential zone, side and rear boundary setbacks should observe the prevailing setbacks required for a dwelling house. Objective: To ensure that buildings are designed to create safe environments for all users.	Setbacks are in excess of minimum DCP requirements of 1.5m. Satisfactory.

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
<ul> <li>C15. Entry to the facility should be limited to 1 secure point which is:</li> <li>Located to allow ease of access, particularly for pedestrians</li> <li>Directly accessible from the street where possible</li> <li>Directly visible from the street frontage</li> <li>Easily monitored through natural or camera surveillance</li> <li>Not accessed through an outdoor play area.</li> <li>In a mixed-use development, clearly defined and separate from entrances to</li> </ul>	Access direct from the street or basement. Achieved. Achieved. Achieved, including from front office. Not accessed via a play area. N/A
<ul> <li>other uses in the building.</li> <li>Objective: To ensure that child care facilities are designed to be accessible by all potential users.</li> <li>C16. Accessible design can be achieved by: <ul> <li>Providing accessibility to and within the building in accordance with all relevant legislation</li> <li>Linking all key areas of the site by level or ramped pathways that are accessible to prams and wheelchairs, including between all car parking areas and the main building entry</li> <li>Providing a continuous path of travel to and within the building, including access between the street entry and car parking and main building entrance. Platform lifts should be avoided where possible</li> <li>Minimising ramping by ensuring building entries and ground floors are well located</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	The development is able to comply with relevant standards. Accessible path provided from Wentworth Road frontage then accessible by way of lift. Suitable levels and access are achieved. Slight ramping is required due to slope of site.
relative to the level of the footpath.	
<ul> <li>3.4 Landscaping</li> <li>Objective: To provide landscape design that contributes to the streetscape and amenity.</li> <li>C17. Appropriate planting should be provided along the boundary integrated with fencing.</li> <li>Screen planting should not be included in calculations of unencumbered outdoor space.</li> <li>Use the existing landscape where feasible to provide a high quality landscaped area by:</li> <li>reflecting and reinforcing the local context</li> <li>incorporating natural features of the site, such as trees, rocky outcrops and vegetation communities into landscaping.</li> <li>C18. Incorporate car parking into the</li> </ul>	Appropriate landscaping proposed, which is integrated with retaining walls.
landscape design of the site by:	N/A Basement parking is provided.

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
<ul> <li>Planting shade trees in large car parking areas to create a cool outdoor environment and reduce summer heat radiating into buildings</li> <li>Taking into account streetscape, local</li> </ul>	
character and context when siting car parking areas within the front setback	
Using low level landscaping to soften and screen parking areas.	
3.5 Visual and acoustic privacy	
Objective: To protect the privacy and security of children attending the facility. C19. Open balconies in mixed use developments should not overlook facilities nor overhang outdoor play spaces.	N/A
<b>C20.</b> Minimise direct overlooking of indoor rooms and outdoor play spaces from public areas through:	
<ul> <li>Appropriate site and building layout</li> <li>Suitably locating pathways, windows and doors</li> <li>Permanent screening and landscape</li> </ul>	Proposal ensures minimisation of overlooking from the public domain.
design.	
<ul> <li>Objective: To minimise impacts on privacy of adjoining properties.</li> <li>C21. Minimise direct overlooking of main internal living areas and private open spaces in adjoining developments through:</li> <li>Appropriate site and building layout</li> <li>Suitable location of pathways, windows and doors</li> <li>Landscape design and screening.</li> </ul>	The development has been designed to minimise overlooking into the main internal living areas and private open spaces in adjoining properties through the incorporation of appropriate treatments such as highlight windows and screening measures.
Objective: To minimise the impact of child care facilities on the acoustic privacy of neighbouring residential developments. C22. A new development, or development that includes alterations to more than 50% of the existing floor area, and is located adjacent to residential accommodation should:	
<ul> <li>provide an acoustic fence along any boundary where the adjoining property contains a residential use. (An acoustic fence is one that is a solid, gap free fence).</li> </ul>	Acoustic fence proposed as per the Acoustic report.
• Ensure that mechanical plant or equipment is screened by solid, gap free material and constructed to reduce noise levels e.g., acoustic fence, building, or enclosure.	Mechanical plant screened as per the Acoustic report.

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
<ul> <li>C23. A suitably qualified acoustic professional should prepare an acoustic report which will cover the following matters:</li> <li>Identify an appropriate noise level for a child care facility located in residential and other zones.</li> <li>Determine an appropriate background noise level for outdoor play areas during times they are proposed to be in use</li> <li>Determine the appropriate height of any acoustic fence to enable the noise criteria to be met.</li> </ul>	The acoustic report addresses these matters despite a number of identified deficiencies.
3.6 Noise and Air Pollution	
<ul> <li>Objective: To ensure that outside noise levels on the facility are minimised to acceptable levels.</li> <li>C24. Adopt design solutions to minimise the impacts of noise, such as:</li> <li>Creating physical separation between buildings and the noise source</li> <li>Orienting the facility perpendicular to the noise source and where possible buffered by other uses</li> <li>Using landscaping to reduce the perception of noise</li> <li>Limiting the number and size of openings facing noise sources</li> <li>Using double or acoustic glazing, acoustic louvres or enclosed balconies (wintergardens)</li> <li>Using materials with mass and/or sound insulation or absorption properties, such as solid balcony balustrades, external screens and soffits</li> <li>Locating cot rooms, sleeping areas and play areas away from external noise sources.</li> </ul>	As discussed in the report, there are a number of identified deficiencies in the acoustic report.
<ul> <li>C25. An acoustic report should identify appropriate noise levels for sleeping areas and other non-play areas and examine impacts and noise attenuation measures where a child care facility is proposed in any of the following locations:</li> <li>On industrial zoned land</li> <li>Where the ANEF contour is between 20 and 25, consistent with AS 2021 – 2000</li> <li>Along a railway or mass transit corridor, as defined by State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007</li> <li>On a major or busy road</li> </ul>	As discussed in the report, there are a number of identified deficiencies in the acoustic report.

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
Other land that is impacted by substantial external noise.	
Objective: To ensure air quality is acceptable where child care facilities are proposed close to external sources of air pollution such as major roads and industrial development. C27. Locate child care facilities on sites which avoid or minimise the potential impact of external sources of air pollution such as major roads and industrial development.	As discussed in the report, there are a number of deficiencies in the submitted air qual
3.7 Hours of Operation	
Objective: To minimise the impact of the child care facility on the amenity of neighbouring residential developments. C28. Hours of operation within areas where the predominant land use is residential should be confined to the core hours of 7.00am to 7.00pm weekdays. The hours of operation of the proposed child care facility may be extended if it adjoins or is adjacent to non-residential land uses.	Proposed hours of operation are 7am to 6pm Monday to Friday.
<b>C29.</b> Within mixed use areas or predominantly commercial areas, the hours of operation for each child care facility should be assessed with respect to its compatibility with adjoining and co-located land uses.	N/A. The site is zoned R2 Low Density Residential.
3.8 Traffic, parking and pedestrian circulation	on
Objective: To provide parking that satisfies the needs of users and demand generated by the centre. C30. Off street car parking should be provided at the rates for child care facilities specified in a DCP that applies to the land. Where a DCP does not specify car parking rates, off street car parking should be provided at the following rates: Within 400m of a metropolitan train station: • 1 space per 10 children • 1 space per 2 staff. Staff parking may be stack or tandem parking with no more than 2 spaces in each tandem space.	No, parking shortfall of three spaces. Council's DCP rates apply being 1 space per 8 children and 1 space per 2 employees. Proposed: Staff: 15 (8.75 spaces required and six proposed) Children: 70 (8.75 spaces required and nine proposed) Required – 17.5 spaces (rounded up to 18 as required by the DCP).
In other areas: • 1 space per 4 children.	
A reduction in car parking rates may be considered where:	

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
<ul> <li>the proposal is an adaptive re-use of a heritage item</li> <li>the site is in a B8 Metropolitan Zone or other high-density business or residential zone</li> <li>the site is in proximity to high frequency and well-connected public transport</li> <li>the site is co-located or in proximity to other uses where parking is appropriately provided (for example business centres, schools, public open space, car parks)</li> <li>there is sufficient on street parking available at appropriate times within proximity of the site.</li> </ul>	
<b>C31.</b> In commercial or industrial zones and mixed-use developments, on street parking may only be considered where there are no conflicts with adjoining uses, that is, no high levels of vehicle movement or potential conflicts with trucks and large vehicles.	N/A
<ul> <li>C32. A Traffic and Parking Study should be prepared to support the proposal to quantify potential impacts on the surrounding land uses and demonstrate how impacts on amenity will be minimised. The study should also address any proposed variations to parking rates and demonstrate that:</li> <li>The amenity of the surrounding area will not be affected</li> <li>There will be no impacts on the safe operation of the surrounding road network.</li> </ul>	The application is accompanied by a Traffic Impact Assessment Report. This has been discussed earlier in the table.
<ul> <li>Objective: To provide vehicle access from the street in a safe environment that does not disrupt traffic flows.</li> <li>C33. Alternate vehicular access should be provided where child care facilities are on sites fronting: <ul> <li>a classified road</li> <li>roads which carry freight traffic or transport dangerous goods or hazardous materials.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The alternate access must have regard to: <ul> <li>the prevailing traffic conditions</li> <li>pedestrian and vehicle safety including bicycle movements</li> <li>the likely impact of the development on traffic.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	The proposed vehicle access is from Rutledge Street being a classified road. Transport for NSW does not support the proposed access from Rutledge Street and have requested that it be relocated to Wentworth Road. This would have a significant knock-on effect to the design of the development and may render the basement design unworkable.

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
<b>C34.</b> Child care facilities proposed within cul- de-sacs or narrow lanes or roads should ensure that safe access can be provided to and from the site, and to and from the wider locality in times of emergency.	N/A The site is not located within a cul-de-sac.
<ul> <li>Objective: To provide a safe and connected environment for pedestrians both on and around the site.</li> <li>C35. The following design solutions may be incorporated into a development to help provide a safe pedestrian environment: <ul> <li>separate pedestrian access from the car park to the facility</li> <li>defined pedestrian crossings included within large car parking areas</li> <li>separate pedestrian and vehicle entries from the street for parents, children and visitors</li> <li>pedestrian paths that enable 2 prams to pass each other</li> <li>delivery and loading areas located away from the main pedestrian access to the building and in clearly designated, separate facilities</li> <li>in commercial or industrial zones and mixed-use developments, the path of travel from the car parking areas</li> <li>vehicles can enter and leave the site in a forward direction.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Suitable vehicular and pedestrian access is provided, including suitable paths of travel to the facility, including for pram access. Vehicle movements are clear of loading areas and can enter an exit in a forward direction.
<ul> <li>C36. Mixed use developments should include:</li> <li>driveway access, manoeuvring areas and parking areas for the facility that are separate to parking and manoeuvring areas used by trucks</li> <li>drop off and pick up zones that are exclusively available for use during the facility's operating hours with spaces clearly marked accordingly, close to the main entrance and preferably at the same floor level. Alternatively, direct access should avoid crossing driveways or manoeuvring areas used by vehicles accessing other parts of the site</li> <li>parking that is separate from other uses, located and grouped together and conveniently located near the entrance or access point to the facility.</li> </ul>	N/A

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
<ul> <li>C37. Car parking design should:</li> <li>include a child safe fence to separate car parking areas from the building entrance and play areas</li> <li>provide clearly marked accessible parking as close as possible to the primary entrance to the building in accordance with appropriate Australian Standards</li> <li>include wheelchair and pram accessible parking.</li> </ul>	A safe car parking design is provided, including a clear pathway for pedestrians. Accessible parking provided near the entrance. Achieved.
Part 4 Applying the National Regulations to	development proposals
A. INTERNAL PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT	
4.1 Indoor Space Requirements Regulation 107 Education and Care Services National Regulations	The proposed facility provides 227.5m <sup>2</sup> of unencumbered indoor space for 70 children.
Every child being educated and cared for within a facility must have a minimum of 3.25m <sup>2</sup> of unencumbered indoor space.	This equates to 3.25m <sup>2</sup> of unencumbered indoor space for each child which is compliant with the Education and Care Services National Regulation.
<ul> <li>Unencumbered indoor space excludes any of the following:</li> <li>passageway or thoroughfare (including door swings) used for circulation</li> <li>toilet and hygiene facilities</li> <li>nappy changing area or area for preparing bottles</li> <li>area permanently set aside for the use or storage of cots</li> <li>area permanently set aside for storage</li> <li>area or room for staff or administration</li> <li>kitchens, unless the kitchen is designed to be used predominately by the children as part of an educational program e.g. a learning kitchen</li> <li>on-site laundry</li> <li>other space that is not suitable for children.</li> </ul>	
All unencumbered indoor spaces must be provided as a secure area for children. The design of these spaces should consider the safe supervision of children.	All unencumbered indoor spaces within the proposed development are secure and allow for safe supervision.
When calculating indoor space requirements, the area required for any additional child may be waived when the child is being cared for in an emergency circumstance as set out in regulation 123(5) or the child is being educated or cared for in exceptional	Noted

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
circumstances as set out in regulation 124(5) and (6) of the National Regulations.	
Applicants should also note that regulation 81 requires that the needs for sleep and rest of children at the service be met, having regard to their ages, development stages and individual needs. Development applications should indicate how these needs will be accommodated.	Noted.
Verandahs (which can be fully closed) may be included when calculating indoor space with the written approval from the regulatory authority.	N/A
Design Guidance:	
Verandahs as indoor space For a verandah to be included as unencumbered indoor space, any opening must be able to be fully closed during inclement weather. It can only be counted once and therefore cannot be counted as outdoor space as well as indoor space (refer to Figure 1).	N/A
<ul> <li>Storage</li> <li>Storage areas including joinery units are not to be included in the calculation of indoor space. To achieve a functional unencumbered area free of clutter, storage areas must be considered when designing and calculating the spatial requirements of the facility. It is recommended that a child care facility provide:</li> <li>a minimum of 0.3m<sup>3</sup> per child of external storage space</li> <li>a minimum of 0.2m<sup>3</sup> per child of internal storage space.</li> </ul>	Required: 21m <sup>2</sup> Provided: 27.65m <sup>2</sup> . Required: 14m <sup>2</sup> Provided: 29.52m <sup>2</sup>
Storage does not need to be in a separate room or screened, and there should be a mixture of safe shelving and storage that children can access independently.	Noted. The facility is capable of achieving this.
Storage of items such as prams, bikes and scooters should be located adjacent to the building entrance.	Sufficient storage areas have been provided.
Where an external laundry service is used, storage and collection points for soiled items should be in an area with separate external	N/A. Laundry is catered for on-site.

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
access, away from children. This will prevent clothes being carried through public areas and reduce danger to children during drop off and collection of laundry.	
4.2 Laundry and hygiene facilities Regulation 106 Education and Care Services National Regulations	
There must be laundry facilities or access to laundry facilities; or other arrangements for dealing with soiled clothing, nappies and linen, including hygienic facilities for storage prior to their disposal or laundering. The laundry and hygienic facilities must be located and maintained in a way that does not pose a risk to children.	Laundry facilities have been provided at basement level. Location of the laundry facilities will not pose a risk to the children. Nappy change areas will be provided within the rooms allocated for infants and toddlers.
Child care facilities must also comply with the requirements for laundry facilities that are contained in the National Construction Code.	Child care facility complies with the requirements contained in the NCC. The proposed laundry is large enough to accommodate appliances and storage.
Design Guidance: Laundry and hygiene facilities are a key consideration for education and care service premises. The type of laundry facilities provided must be appropriate to the age of children accommodated.	storage.
<ul> <li>On site laundry</li> <li>On site laundry facilities should contain:</li> <li>a washer or washers capable of dealing with the heavy requirements of the facility</li> <li>a dryer</li> <li>laundry sinks</li> <li>adequate storage for soiled items prior to algorithm</li> </ul>	Internal laundry facilities
<ul> <li>cleaning</li> <li>an on site laundry cannot be calculated as usable unencumbered play space for children.</li> </ul>	Noted.
<b>External laundry service</b> A facility that does not contain on site laundry facilities must make external laundering arrangements. Any external laundry facility providing services to the facility needs to comply with any relevant Australian Standards.	N/A
4.3 Toilet and hygiene facilities Regulation 109 Education and Care Services National Regulations	

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
A service must ensure that adequate, developmentally and age appropriate toilet, washing and drying facilities are provided for use by children being educated and cared for by the service; and the location and design of the toilet, washing and drying facilities enable safe use and convenient access by the children.	The toilet and nappy change facilities have been appropriately located for safe and convenient use with washing and drying facilities. Age appropriate toilets have been provided.
Child care facilities must comply with the requirements for sanitary facilities that are contained in the National Construction Code.	
Design Guidance: Toilet and hygiene facilities should be designed to maintain the amenity and dignity of the occupants (refer to Figure 3). Design considerations could include:	
<ul> <li>junior toilet pans, low level sinks and hand drying facilities for children</li> <li>a sink and handwashing facilities in all hathroome for adults</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>bathrooms for adults</li> <li>direct access from both activity rooms and outdoor play areas</li> <li>windows into bathrooms and cubicles</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>windows into bathlooms and cubicles without doors to allow supervision by staff</li> <li>external windows in locations that prevent observation from neighbouring properties or from side boundaries.</li> </ul>	
4.4 Ventilation and natural light Regulation 110 Education and Care Services National Regulations	
Services must be well ventilated, have adequate natural light, and be maintained at a temperature that ensures the safety and wellbeing of children.	The building includes windows and doors that allow for natural ventilation and solar access into the internal and external areas of the child care centre.
Child care facilities must comply with the light and ventilation and minimum ceiling height requirements of the National Construction Code. Ceiling height requirements may be affected by the capacity of the facility.	The facility has sufficient windows providing light and ventilation to comply with the NCC. Ceiling height complies with NCC.
Design Guidance:	
<b>Ventilation</b> Good ventilation can be achieved through a mixture of natural cross ventilation and air conditioning. Encouraging natural ventilation is the basis of sustainable design; however, there will be circumstances where mechanical ventilation will be essential to	Achieved. It is noted the Acoustic report requires some windows to be closed to protect the acoustic privacy of neighbouring residents. Suitable mechanical ventilation is provided.

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
creating ambient temperatures within a facility. To achieve adequate natural ventilation, the design of the child care facilities must address the orientation of the building, the configuration of rooms and the external building envelope, with natural air flow generally reducing the deeper a building becomes. It is recommended that child care facilities ensure natural ventilation is available to each indoor activity room.	
Natural Light Solar and daylight access reduces reliance on artificial lighting and heating, improves energy efficiency and creates comfortable learning environments through pleasant conditions. Natural light contributes to a sense of well-being, is important to the development of children and improves service outcomes. Daylight and solar access changes with the time of day, seasons and weather conditions. When designing child care facilities consideration should be given to:	Adequate natural light is provided.
<ul> <li>providing windows facing different orientations</li> <li>using skylights as appropriate</li> <li>ceiling heights.</li> <li>Designers should aim to minimise the need for artificial lighting during the day, especially in circumstances where room depth exceeds ceiling height by 2.5 times. It is recommended that ceiling heights be proportional to the room size, which can be achieved using raked ceilings and exposed trusses, creating a sense of space and visual interest.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Windows to all orientations.</li> <li>The floor to ceiling heights that are proposed within the indoor play space on the ground floor are proportional to room size and allow for expansive external play area.</li> <li>Solar and daylight access presents no significant issues or over reliance on artificial lighting and heating. The natural light complies with the NCC and the number of windows and external play areas will provide for sufficient daylight access.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>4.5 Administrative Space</li> <li>Regulation 111 Education and Care Services National Regulations</li> <li>A service must provide adequate area or areas for the purposes of conducting the administrative functions of the service, consulting with parents of children and conducting private conversations.</li> <li>Design Guidance: Design considerations could include closing doors for privacy and glass partitions to ensure supervision.</li> </ul>	The proposal includes a reception area and staff room for administrative functions which are sufficient.

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
When designing administrative spaces, consideration should be given to functions which can share spaces and those which cannot (refer Figure 4). Sound proofing of meeting rooms may be appropriate where they are located adjacent to public areas, or in large rooms where sound can easily travel.	
Administrative spaces should be designed to ensure equitable use by parents and children at the facility. A reception desk may be designed to have a portion of it at a lower level for children or people in a wheel chair.	
4.6 Nappy change facilities Regulation 112 Education and Care Services National Regulations	The facility provides nappy change facilities within the indoor play areas on the ground floor
Child care facilities must provide for children who wear nappies, including appropriate hygienic facilities for nappy changing and bathing. All nappy changing facilities should be designed and located in an area that prevents unsupervised access by children.	which will prevent unsupervised access by children.
Child care facilities must also comply with the requirements for nappy changing and bathing facilities that are contained in the National Construction Code.	
<ul> <li>Design Guidance: In circumstances where nappy change facilities must be provided, design considerations could include:</li> <li>properly constructed nappy changing bench or benches</li> <li>a bench type baby bath within one metre from the nappy change bench</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>the provision of hand cleansing facilities for adults in the immediate vicinity of the nappy change area</li> <li>a space to store steps</li> <li>positioning to enable supervision of the activity and play areas.</li> </ul>	
4.7 Premises designed to facilitate supervision	
Regulation 115 Education and Care Services National Regulations A centre-based service must ensure that the rooms and facilities within the premises (including toilets, nappy change facilities,	The facility has been designed to allow for supervision of the children from within the indoor and outdoor play spaces. The toilet

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
indoor and outdoor activity rooms and play spaces) are designed to facilitate supervision of children at all times, having regard to the need to maintain their rights and dignity.	facilities are laid out in a manner that enables supervision where required.
Child care facilities must also comply with any requirements regarding the ability to facilitate supervision that are contained in the National Construction Code.	
<ul> <li>Design Guidance: Design considerations should include:</li> <li>solid walls in children's toilet cubicles (but no doors) to provide dignity whilst enabling supervision</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>locating windows into bathrooms or nappy change areas away from view of visitors to the facility, the public or neighbouring properties</li> </ul>	
• avoiding room layouts with hidden corners where supervision is poor, or multi room activity rooms for single groups of children	
<ul> <li>avoiding multi-level rooms which compromise, or require additional staffing, to ensure proper supervision. If multilevel spaces are proposed, consideration should be given to providing areas that can be closed off and used only under supervision for controlled activities.</li> </ul>	
4.8 Emergency & evacuation procedures Regulations 97 and 168 Education and Care Services National Regulations	
Regulation 168 sets out the list of procedures that a care service must have, including procedures for emergency and evacuation.	Prior to the issuing of an occupation certificate, emergency and evacuation procedures will be provided.
<ul> <li>Regulation 97 sets out the detail for what those procedures must cover including:</li> <li>instructions for what must be done in the event of an emergency</li> <li>an emergency and evacuation floor plan, a copy of which is displayed in a prominent position near each exit</li> <li>a risk assessment to identify potential emergencies that are relevant to the service.</li> </ul>	

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
Design Guidance: Facility design and features should provide for the safe and managed evacuation of children and staff from the facility in the event of a fire or other emergency.	
<ul> <li>Multi-storey buildings with proposed child care facilities above ground level may consider providing additional measures to protect staff and children. For example:</li> <li>independent emergency escape routes from the facility to the ground level that would separate children from other building users to address child protection concerns during evacuations</li> <li>a safe haven or separate emergency area where children and staff can muster during the initial stages of a fire alert or other emergency. This would enable staff to account for all children prior to evacuation.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>An emergency and evaluation plan should be submitted with a DA and should consider:</li> <li>the mobility of children and how this is to be accommodated during an evacuation</li> <li>the location of a safe congregation/assembly point, away from the evacuated building, busy roads and other hazards, and away from evacuation points used by other occupants or tenants of the same building or of surrounding buildings</li> <li>how children will be supervised during the evacuation and at the congregation/assembly point, relative to the capacity of the facility and governing child-to-staff ratios.</li> </ul>	
B. EXTERNAL PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT	
4.9 Outdoor space requirements Regulation 108 Education and Care Services National Regulations An education and care service premises	Complies.
must provide for every child being educated and cared for within the facility to have a minimum of 7.0m <sup>2</sup> of unencumbered outdoor space.	Outdoor space: 491.4m <sup>2</sup> This is 7.02m <sup>2</sup> per child.
If this requirement is not met, the concurrence of the regulatory authority is required under the SEPP.	N/A

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
<ul> <li>Unencumbered outdoor space excludes any of the following:</li> <li>pathway or thoroughfare, except where used by children as part of the education and care program</li> <li>car parking area</li> <li>storage shed or other storage area</li> </ul>	Noted, calculated spaces have been done accordingly.
<ul> <li>laundry</li> <li>other space that is not suitable for children.</li> <li>When calculating outdoor space requirements, the area required for any additional child may be waived when the child is being cared for in an emergency circumstance as set out in regulation 123(5) or the child is being educated or cared for in exceptional circumstances as set out in regulation 124(5) and (6) of the National Regulations.</li> </ul>	Noted
A verandah that is included within indoor space cannot be included when calculating outdoor space and vice versa.	N/A
Design Guidance: Calculating unencumbered space for outdoor areas should not include areas of dense hedges or plantings along boundaries which are designed for landscaping purposes and not for children's play (refer to Figures 9 and 10). When new equipment or storage areas are added to existing services, the potential impact on unencumbered space calculations and service approvals must be considered.	
<ul> <li>Verandahs as outdoor space</li> <li>Where a covered space such as a verandah is to be included in outdoor space it should:</li> <li>be open on at least one third of its</li> </ul>	Achieved.
<ul> <li>perimeter</li> <li>have a clear height of 2.1m</li> <li>have a wall height of less than 1.4m where a wall with an opening forms the perimeter</li> </ul>	Achieved. Achieved.
<ul> <li>have adequate flooring and roofing</li> <li>be designed to provide adequate protection from the elements.</li> </ul>	Achieved. Achieved.
<b>Simulated outdoor environments</b> A service approval will only be granted in exceptional circumstances when outdoor	N/A

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
space requirements are not met. For an exemption to be granted, the preferred alternate solution is that indoor space be designed as a simulated outdoor environment.	
Simulated outdoor space must be provided in addition to indoor space and cannot be counted twice when calculating areas.	N/A
<ul> <li>Simulated outdoor environments are internal spaces that have all the features and experiences and qualities of an outdoor space. They should promote the same learning outcomes that are developed during outdoor play. Simulated outdoor environments should include:</li> <li>more access to natural light and ventilation than required for an internal space through large windows, glass doors and panels to enable views of trees, views of the sky and clouds and movement outside the facility:</li> <li>skylights to give a sense of the external climate</li> <li>a combination of different floor types and textures, including wooden decking, pebbles, mounds, ridges, grass, bark and artificial grass, to mimic the uneven surfaces of an outdoor environment</li> <li>sand pits and water play areas</li> <li>furniture made of logs and stepping logs</li> <li>dense indoor planting and green vegetated walls</li> <li>climbing frames, walking and/or bike tracks</li> </ul>	N/A
<ul> <li>vegetable gardens and gardening tubs.</li> <li>4.10 Natural Environment</li> </ul>	Refer to Landscape Plan provided.
Regulation 113 Education and Care Services National Regulations	
The approved provider of a centre-based service must ensure that the outdoor spaces allow children to explore and experience the natural environment.	
Design Guidance: Creating a natural environment to meet this regulation includes the use of natural features such as trees, sand and natural vegetation within the outdoor space.	

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
<ul> <li>Shrubs and trees selected for the play space must be safe for children. Avoid plant species that risk the health, safety and welfare of the facility's occupants, such as those which:</li> <li>are known to be poisonous, produce toxins or have toxic leaves or berries</li> <li>have seed pods or stone fruit, attract bees, have thorns, spikes or prickly foliage or drop branches.</li> </ul>	Shrubs and trees are not foreseen to risk the health and safety of children in terms of toxicity or attract insects, have thorns, spikes or prickly foliage.
<ul> <li>The outdoor space should be designed to:</li> <li>provide a variety of experiences that facilitate the development of cognitive and physical skills, provide opportunities for social interaction and appreciation of the natural environment</li> <li>assist supervision and minimise opportunities for bullying and antisocial behaviour</li> <li>enhance outdoor learning, socialisation and recreation by positioning outdoor urban furniture and play equipment in configurations that facilitate interaction.</li> </ul>	The outdoor space has been designed to provide a variety of experiences that facilitate the development of cognitive and physical skills in terms of expansive outdoor play area and classroom design.
<ul> <li>4.11 Shade</li> <li>Regulation 114 Education and Care</li> <li>Services National Regulations</li> <li>The approved provider of a centre-based</li> <li>service must ensure that outdoor spaces</li> <li>include adequate shaded areas to protect</li> <li>children from overexposure to ultraviolet</li> <li>radiation from the sun.</li> </ul>	Proposed roof overhangs to ensure solar access and sun protection is achieved for protection of children.
Design Guidance: Providing the correct balance of sunlight and shade to play areas is important for the health and well-being of children and staff. Combining built and natural shade will often be the best option.	
<ul> <li>Solar access</li> <li>Controlled exposure to daylight for limited periods is essential as sunlight provides vitamin D which promotes healthy muscles, bones and overall wellbeing. Outdoor play areas should be provided with controlled solar access throughout the year. Outdoor play areas should:</li> <li>have year-round solar access to at least 30 per cent of the ground area, with no more than 60 per cent of the outdoor space covered.</li> </ul>	The outdoor play areas will have solar access to at least 30% for more than 2 hours during winter.

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision	
<ul> <li>provide shade in the form of trees or built shade structures giving protection from ultraviolet radiation to at least 30 per cent of the outdoor play area</li> <li>have evenly distributed shade structures over different activity spaces.</li> </ul>		
Natural Shade Natural shade should be a major element in outdoor play areas. Trees with dense foliage and wide-spreading canopies provide the best protection. Existing stands of trees, particularly in rear setbacks, should be retained to provide shaded play areas. Species that suit local soil and climatic conditions and the character of the environment are recommended.	Sufficient natural shade has been provided, this is achieved by the orientation of the lot and proposed building.	
Dense shrubs can also provide shade. They should be planted around the site perimeter so they don't obstruct supervision. Pruning shrubs on the underside may create shaded play nooks underneath.		
<ul> <li>Planting for shade and solar access is enhanced by:</li> <li>placing appropriately scaled trees near the eastern and western elevations</li> <li>providing a balance of evergreen and deciduous trees to give shade in summer and sunlight access in winter.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Built shade structures</li> <li>Built structures providing effective shade include:</li> <li>permanent structures (pergolas, sails and verandahs)</li> <li>demountable shade (marquees and tents)</li> <li>adjustable systems (awnings)</li> <li>shade sails.</li> </ul>	Awning style permanent structures will not create safety hazards and will provide staff and	
Shade structures should not create safety hazards. Support systems such as upright posts should be clearly visible with rounded edges or padding. Vertical barriers at the sides of shade structures should be designed to prevent children using them for climbing. Shade structures should allow adults to view and access the children's play areas, with a recommended head clearance of 2.1m. The floor area underneath the structure should be of a sufficient size and	children with shade. The shaded structures wi allow staff to view and assess the children's play areas.	

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
shape to allow children to gather or play actively.	
4.12 Fencing Regulation 104 Education and Care Services National Regulations	
Any outdoor space used by children must be enclosed by a fence or barrier that is of a height and design that children preschool age or under cannot go through, over or under it.	Outdoor spaces are fenced appropriately. Proposed acoustic fences and 1.8m -2.4m at boundary.
This regulation does not apply to a centre- based service that primarily provides education and care to children over preschool age, including a family day care venue where all children are over preschool age.	
Child care facilities must also comply with the requirements for fencing and protection of outdoor play spaces that are contained in the National Construction Code.	The facility complies with the fencing and protection of outdoor play spaces that is contained in the NCC in the sense that a secure and safe environment is provided for children when located in the outdoor play areas.
<ul> <li>Design guidance: Fencing at child care facilities must provide a secure, safe environment for children and minimise access to dangerous areas. Fencing also needs to positively contribute to the visual amenity of the streetscape and surrounding area. In general, fencing around outdoor spaces should:</li> <li>prevent children climbing over, under or though fences</li> <li>prevent people outside the facility from gaining access by climbing over, under or through the fence</li> <li>not create a sense of enclosure</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Design considerations for side and rear boundary fences could include:</li> <li>being made from solid prefinished metal, timber or masonry</li> <li>having a minimum height of 1.8m</li> <li>having no rails or elements for climbing higher than 150mm from the ground.</li> </ul>	
Fencing and gates should be designed to ensure adequate sightlines for vehicles and pedestrian safety in accordance with Australian Standards and Roads and	

Guideline	Compliance with Standard / Provision
Maritime Services Traffic Management Guidelines. Gates should be designed to prevent children leaving/entering unsupervised by use of childproof locking systems (refer to Figure 11).	
4.13 Soil assessment	
Regulation 25 Education and Care Services National Regulations	A preliminary site investigation has been submitted with application which concludes that the site can be made suitable for the
Subclause (d) of regulation 25 requires an assessment of soil at a proposed site, and in some cases, sites already in use for such purposes as part of an application for service approval.	development.
With every service application one of the following is required:	
<ul> <li>a soil assessment for the site of the proposed education and care service premises</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>if a soil assessment for the site of the proposed child care facility has previously been undertaken, a statement to that effect specifying when the soil assessment was undertaken</li> </ul>	
• a statement made by the applicant that states, to the best of the applicant's knowledge, the site history does not indicate that the site is likely to be contaminated in a way that poses an unacceptable risk to the health of children.	

#### **ATTACHMENT 3: COMPLIANCE CHECK - QUALITY CERTIFICATION**

## Assessment of a child care, and relevant parts of the DCP

LDA No:	LDA2024/0195		
Address:	56 Rutledge Street, Eastwood		
Proposal: New centre based child care facility.			
Constraints Identified: No notable constraints			

#### **COMPLIANCE CHECK**

Ryde LEP 2014	Proposed	Compliance
4.3(2) Height: 9.5m	9.3m	Yes
4.4(2) & 4.4A(1) FSR: 0.5:1	0.522:1	No, no Clause 4.6 request submitted.

RDCP 2014 Relevant Controls	Proposed	Compliance	
Part 3.2 – Child Care Centres			
Clause 1.7 Child Care Centre Design			
A CCC development is to be designed and drawn by a person who is an architect or who is accredited by the Building Designers Association of NSW Inc.	The development has been designed and drawn by Jake Janssen of Janssen Designs who is a registered architect (Reg No. 11575) under the NSW Architects Registration Board.	Yes	
The landscape plan must be designed and specified by a landscape architect with demonstrated experience in designing external spaces for CCCs due to the particular nature of the requirements (refer in particular to Section 6 Landscaping & Play Spaces under this Part).	The landscape plan package has been designed and drawn by O, who have demonstrated experience in designing external spaces for CCCs.	Yes	
CCC DAs are required to be accompanied by a signed undertaking by the applicant, licensee or proposed licensee that demonstrates that the proposal has been designed to comply with respect to the Children's Services Regulation 2004 or DoCS requirements as relevant at the time of application.	These regulations have been superseded, and the current Regulations are now part of the assessment of the <i>State</i> <i>Environmental Planning Policy</i> ( <i>Transport and Infrastructure</i> ) 2021.	N/A	
Technical Assessment Requirements			
Technical assessments may also be required to be prepared and submitted with the DA, or while the DA is under	The submitted documents include technical assessments as required.	Yes	

assessment, to demonstrate support for	
the proposal and compliance with this	
DCP.	

RDCP 2014 Relevant Control	s Proposed	Compliance
2.1 Suitability of Location and Sit	e for Child Care	
2.1.1 Preferred Locations		
<ul> <li>Single use developments street frontage and width &gt;20m. Corne allotments &gt; 17m</li> </ul>		Yes
<ul> <li>Single use – minimum site area 800m<sup>2</sup> – regular in shape</li> </ul>	of The site is generally regular in shape and has an area of 893.2m <sup>2</sup> .	
Not located on arterial or sub-ar roads, refer Schedule 2	terial The site is located on Rutledge Street which is designated as a sub-arterial road as per the DCP.	No, discussed in report
<ul> <li>Within mixed use developments arterial and sub-arterial roads, le distant and facing away from roads</li> </ul>	on N/A – the proposal is not part of a mixed-use development.	N/A
No battle-axe allotments	N/A - Not a battle axe allotment.	N/A
<ul> <li>Cul-de-sac not preferred. Applic for centres in CDS must demon appropriate traffic management provided</li> </ul>	strate sac. is	N/A
<ul> <li>Not located in proximity to a bro (Part 3.1 Brothels under DCP 2)</li> </ul>	006) within close proximity to a brothel.	Yes
<ul> <li>Site flat or gently sloping and we drained</li> <li>Assist design of useable ind and outdoor areas at same</li> <li>Provide accessibility to all a iii. Assist drainage after rain</li> </ul>	Approximately 3.8m of cut is proposed for the basement grade parking area.	Yes
Aspect permits maximum solar and natural ventilation	access The orientation of the site and building layout permits adequate solar access and ventilation into the facility and to neighbouring residential properties.	Yes
<ul> <li>Located on land not affected by adverse overshadowing by exis future development, undue heat from reflective surfaces of existi future approved buildings on neighbouring sites</li> </ul>	The proposed centre is not affected by adverse t loads overshadowing from existing	Yes
<ul> <li>Site not subject to undue overlo from existing or future adjoining development</li> </ul>	treatments are provided to all elevations.	Yes
<ul> <li>Preferred locations for larger centre residential areas:</li> <li>Sites located on street corners</li> <li>Sites share common boundaries compatible non-residential uses</li> <li>Compatible land uses subject to acceptable traffic and parking</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The site shares boundaries with residential uses.</li> <li>There are no compatible uses surrounding the site.</li> </ul>	Yes

•	In low density residential zones, larger scale development (2 or more allotments, up to 90 children) share common boundaries with no more than 3 residential properties.	The proposal occupies a single site and will cater for 70 children.	Yes
•	Work based centres in mixed use developments adjacent to non- commercial/non-residential components to protect privacy and amenity of centre and neighbouring workers/residents.	N/A - The proposal is not part of a mixed-use development.	N/A
2.1	.2 Environmental Risks/Hazards		
•	Not to be located on land affected by overland flow	The site is mapped as clear of flooding impacts.	Yes
•	On land affected by overland flow any alterations or additions are not to pose a safety or health risk. Overland Flow Study/Stormwater Drainage Plan required	Refer above	Yes
•	Consideration may be given to sites affected by overland flow in front setback area. Must not constitute a flood hazard and supported by Overland Flow Study/Stormwater Drainage Plan	Refer above	Yes
•	Developments not to be located on Bush Fire Prone Land	The subject site is not located on Bush Fire Prone Land.	N/A
•	The location is to take into consideration any other environmental health hazard including		No, see discussion in report.
	<ul> <li>(i) Pollution created by car and other vehicle fumes (from high traffic volumes such as on arterial, sub arterial and collector roads);</li> <li>(ii) Existing and potential on and offsite electromagnetic fields;</li> <li>(iii) Contaminated land;</li> <li>(iv) Lead in painted surfaces, carpets, furnishings and roof void in existing buildings;</li> <li>(v) Asbestos or other contamination or poisoning in existing buildings;</li> <li>(vi) Proximity to service stations;</li> <li>(vii) Proximity to significant noise, odour and other pollutant generating sources, or sites which (due to prevailing land use zoning) may in future accommodate noise or odour generating uses;</li> <li>(ix) Proximity to transmission lines, railway lines, mobile phone towers.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(i) The site is located on a sub- arterial road. Air quality report unsatisfactory</li> <li>(ii) N/A</li> <li>(iii) A PSI is submitted with the application which concludes that the site is suitable for use as a child care centre.</li> <li>(iv) The site is currently vacant.</li> <li>(v) The site is currently vacant.</li> <li>(vi) The site is not located in proximity to a service station.</li> <li>(vii) The site is not located in proximity to LPG tanks.</li> <li>(viii) The site is not located in proximity to significant noise, odour and other pollutant generating sources.</li> <li>(ix) There are no significant transmission lines, railway lines or mobile phone towers in proximity to the site.</li> </ul>	
•	Where sites are proposed within 125m of arterial roads, air quality monitoring, and soil quality testing will be required to determine toxicity levels. Noise level testing will also be required.	Air quality report is unsatisfactory.	No, see discussion in report.

•	The site must not have been previously used as a petrol station, automotive repair workshops, or other activity associated with hazardous substances, unless a soil analysis has been conducted	The site has been used continuously for residential purposes since at least the 1950s. The PSI did not locate any sources of contamination on the site.	Yes
•	The site is not to be in a location likely to be affected by emissions of dust, fumes, noise, nor by frequent truck movements.	The site is not located within proximity of an industrial or business zoning that would warrant frequent tucks movement that would create emissions of dust, fumes, or noise.	Yes
•	Consideration is to be given to the requirements of SEPP 55 and any land contamination policy adopted by Council.	SEPP 55 (now State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021) and contamination are addressed in the Assessment report.	Yes
2.2	Assessing Child Care Needs and Size	e of Facility	
٠	All development applications for CCCs are required to identify:	Noted	Noted
•	Proposed total number of child care places.	70 children	Yes
•	Proposed number of children by age group;	The proposed age group breakdown for the child care is as follows:	Yes
		0-2 years – 20 children 2-3 years – 20 children 3-5 years – 30 children	
•	Proposed number of staff including all full time and part time staff, and role of each staff member	The number of educators to children ratios is regulated by the Education and Care Services National Regulations.	Yes
		The ratios are provided as follows.	
		1:4 (birth to 24 months) 1:5 (24-36 months) 1:10 (36-60 months)	
		Proposed: 12 staff	
•	justification that the proposed number of children within each age group is consistent with current and projected future needs in the area	Clause 3.27 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 covers that a provision of a DCP that specifies a requirement, standard or control in relation to the demonstrated need or demand for child care services does not apply to development for the purpose of a centre-based child care facility.	N/A
2.3	Site Analysis		
•	A site analysis to be submitted for new CCC developments including developments that involve the conversions of existing dwellings/other buildings	A site analysis plan has been submitted with the application.	Yes

•	A site analysis drawing must be based on a survey drawing produced by a qualified surveyor and contain a reference number and date. All levels are to be provided to AHD.	The site analysis is based on the Survey Plan provided by Masri Survey Group P/L.	Yes
	Design and Character		
3.1	All Child Care Centres		
•	Designed in accordance with CPTED Orientated for year round natural light and ventilation and comfort in indoor spaces and outdoor spaces	Achieved. Compliant.	Yes Yes
•	Design to take advantage of natural lighting and opportunities to maximise solar access and natural ventilation	Compliant	Yes
•	Avoid the proximity to and use of large expanses of UV reflective surfaces	Noted.	Yes
•	Maximise energy efficiency and sustainability and compliance with Part 7.1 Energy Smart, Water Wise under this DCP	Achieved.	Yes
•	Building materials, appliances, utilities and fuel sources should be made with consideration for minimising energy requirements	Noted	Yes
•	Appliances to be used/installed in the centre should have a minimum 3.5 star rating	Noted.	Yes
•	Designed to reflect desired/expected character of buildings in the area	The site proposal reflects the residential locality and is proposed to sit at a scale which is appropriate for the locality.	Yes
•	Frontages and entries are to be designed to be readily apparent from the street frontage	Entries address the street and the entry is clearly identifiable.	Yes
•	SEE to demonstrate how the proposed design responds to the site analysis	The SEE demonstrates how the proposed design responds to the site analysis.	Yes
•	To avoid mosquito bite infections all doors and window should be screened	Capable of being achieved by the operator.	Noted.
•	Where fill is proposed to be used, clean fill must be used.	Noted.	Noted.

## 3.2 Detached Centres and Centres in Residential Areas

Bulk, height, scale and appearance which is compatible with the surrounding development	The appearance is compatible with surrounding single and two storey residential developments.	Yes
Streetscape and character of the locality should be maintained	Streetscape and character of locality is maintained.	Yes
<ul> <li>In low density residential areas, encouraged to be single storey in height for safety and access. If two storey, second storey should only be used for the purposes of storage and staff facilities.</li> </ul>	The proposal is for a 2 storey child care centre with a height of 9.4m and is compliant with the maximum permitted building height under the RLEP 2014.	See report for discussion

Designed to comply with the built form controls under Part 3.3 Dwelling	An assessment against these built form controls is provided below.	Refer below
Houses and dual-occupancies of this DCP, for example, FSR, height, setbacks	·····	
<ul> <li>Where lot consolidation is required must reflect existing subdivision</li> </ul>	N/A	
pattern and building bulk.		N/A
Fencing, Gates & Security		
For CCCs in low density residential areas, consideration is to be given to requirements under Part 3.3 Dwellings and Duplexes.	Noted	Noted
Consideration is to be given to the use of appropriate building materials and finishes to complement the streetscape and desired character of the locality.	The materials and finishes complement the streetscape and desired character of the locality.	Yes
Designated outdoor play areas must be fenced on all sides. The design and height of fencing are to prevent children scaling fencing and / or crawling under and must impede intruders from entering premises through it or from scaling it and to prevent unlawful access to children.	Adequate fencing provided around outdoor play area.	Yes
Gates are to be designed to prevent children leaving/entering unsupervised by use of childproof locking systems.	Noted.	Noted
All raised areas, including any stairs, are to be enclosed to prevent a child from falling or crawling through gaps.	Noted.	Noted
Adequate safety provision is to be made to prevent children gaining access to other parts of the building/site unsupervised.	Suitable access control measures are provided.	Yes
Fencing and gates are to be designed to ensure adequate sightlines for vehicles and pedestrian safety in accordance with Australian Standards and RMS Traffic Management Guidelines.	Sightlines will be adequately provided	Yes
4.1 Acoustic Privacy – for children in the	centre	
Sites affected by heavy traffic or other external noises are to be designed so as to locate sleep rooms and play areas away from the noise source. The impact of noise should also be reduced by design measures including barriers such as solid fencing and laminated or double glazing where relevant.	Location of cot room is satisfactory but it doesn't meet the noise criteria.	See discussion in report.
Design measures to minimise internal noise levels should be designed to meet recommended design sound levels equivalent to Australian Standards AS/NZS 2107 (e.g., sleep areas 30dBa, internal activity areas 40dBa).	Proposal meets the applicable Australian Standards to recommended design levels.	Yes
4.2 Acoustic Privacy – for adjoining resid	lents	
Noise impacts on neighbouring properties are to be minimised by design measures including:	Proposal designed to maximise acoustic privacy (Acoustic Report submitted)	Yes

Both floors have a 2m side setback to the east. On the GF there is an internal play room located adjacent to the boundary but it has storage areas and lockers located along the side wall which will shield the noise. On the FF there is a toilet area and storage rooms located along the eastern side of the building.	Considered satisfactory
An acoustic report has been submitted. The report specifies pre and post development noise levels and abatement measures. See detailed assessment in Referrals section	Yes
Noted.	Noted.
Elevated outdoor play and transition areas will have no adverse acoustic impacts.	No, see report for discussion
Refer to acoustic report.	Yes
Details have been provided.	Yes
This information is specified in the Acoustic report and Plan of Management.	Yes
ntre	
The play spaces are located at the rear, which will be generally out of sight from the public.	Yes
	to the east. On the GF there is an internal play room located adjacent to the boundary but it has storage areas and lockers located along the side wall which will shield the noise. On the FF there is a toilet area and storage rooms located along the eastern side of the building. An acoustic report has been submitted. The report specifies pre and post development noise levels and abatement measures. See detailed assessment in Referrals section. Noted. Elevated outdoor play and transition areas will have no adverse acoustic impacts. Refer to acoustic report. Details have been provided. This information is specified in the Acoustic report and Plan of Management. The play spaces are located at the rear, which will be generally out of

Direct overlooking of indoor amenities and outdoor play spaces from public areas should be minimised through design features including: i. Appropriate site and building layout; ii. Suitable location of pathways, windows and doors; and ii. Permanent screening and landscape design.	As above.	Yes
Where relevant, consideration should be given to incorporating design features in walls, screens, fencing (such as peeping holes of varying heights) to suit viewing out to public areas by children.	Noted.	Yes
Windows and doors in the proposed centre are to be sited in locations which maximise security for children attending the centre, whilst maintaining an opportunity for children to view community life.	Direct viewing into the site from public areas is minimised by fencing, landscaping and screening balustrades. Windows have been provided which enable viewing out to public areas for the children.	Yes
4.3 Visual Privacy – for adjoining residen	its	
<ul> <li>a. Direct overlooking of adjoining main internal living areas and private open spaces should be minimised through: <ol> <li>Appropriate site and building layout;</li> <li>Suitable location of pathways, windows and doors; and</li> <li>Landscape design and screening.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	The development includes minimisation of overlooking through window placement with high window sills, boundary fencing, and landscaping to adhere to visual privacy.	Yes
Windows and doors in the proposed centre are to be sited in locations which minimise loss of privacy to adjoining residences.	Noted.	Noted.
5.1 Car Parking		
All on-site parking areas are to be designed in accordance with Australian Standard AS 2890.1 and AS 2890.2.	The on-site parking area has been designed in accordance with Australian Standard. Compliant.	Yes
Off-street parking is to be provided at the rate of 1 space per 8 children, and 1 space per 2 staff. Stack or tandem parking may only be used for staff parking and with no more than 2 spaces in each tandem spac15e.	The proposal seeks 70 children and 12 staff. Required: Staff 1 space per 2 = 6 Children 1 space per 8 = 8.75 Total = 14.75 (rounded up to 15) A total of 15 car parking spaces are provided (9 for parents/carers and 6 for staff).	Yes
Where calculations for car parking result in a fraction, the number is to be rounded up to the nearest whole number.	Noted.	Noted.
One off-street accessible parking space (3.6m width) is to be provided for use by persons using mobility aids (refer Section 5.5 Accessibility). It is to be located close to the continuous path of travel and have a minimum height clearance of 2.5m.	Compliant.	Yes
Developments for new centres shall comply with the access requirements	Noted.	Yes

contained within Section 5.5 of this Part, and Part 9.2 of this DCP.		
Low density residential areas		
• Underground parking is not permitted in low density residential areas.	Basement parking is proposed.	No, assessed on merit.
• The parking and driveway area is not to dominate the streetscape (refer Section 6.1 Landscape Design for treatment of these areas).	The parking and driveway area do not dominate the streetscape.	Yes
• Consideration may be given to reducing the on-site parking requirements, in terms of drop off/ pick up component, where convenient and safe on-street parking is available (e.g. indented parking bays) in streets which experience low traffic volumes. This is subject to not adversely affecting the safety and amenity of the adjacent area or causing traffic problems.	Noted.	Yes
5.2 On Site Manoeuvrability		
The site must be able to accommodate a "U" shaped one-way driveway system with sufficient driveway turning area in addition to the parking spaces to enable vehicles to enter and leave in a forward direction.	Not proposed. However, the building is "L" shaped.	N/A
<ul> <li>Variation on the requirement for a "U" shaped driveway may be considered, for example on corner lots, where it can be demonstrated that a one-way driveway system can be provided in another way which still meets the following criteria: <ul> <li>i. To provide a separate entrance and exit driveway access at a minimum safe distance from each other;</li> <li>ii. To enable vehicles to leave the site in a forward direction;</li> <li>iii. To enable vehicles using the entrances and exits to not endanger persons and vehicles using those accesses; and</li> <li>iv. To ensure the front setback is not given over to traffic circulation and parking requirements which may negatively impact on the streetscape and the opportunity for landscape design to meet the requirements of Section 6 of this Part.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	The proposal is for a central driveway via Terry Road with one double width vehicle crossover which ensures all vehicles can enter and exit the childcare in a forward direction.	Yes
Where separation of the entrance and exit driveway is proposed, the separation must be not less than 9m on a turning circle of 15m. A minimum width of 12m between driveway laybacks is to be provided to assist retention of on-street parking spaces between the driveways.	The entrance and exit driveway are the same.	Yes

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
The driveways and parking area are to be designed so that no vehicle will encroach on pedestrian accessways. Use of barriers such as bollards, raised footways, platforms, wheels tops, etc., are permissible subject to full details being provided with the DA and barriers not compromising the continuous path of access (refer Accessibility).	Vehicles will not encroach (i.e. park/stand) on pedestrian access ways.	Yes
The driveway area is to be treated with a variation in pavement treatment to distinguish it from the car parking spaces and to reduce the visual impact of the hard surfaces.	Noted.	Noted.
5.3 Impact on Traffic Flow		
All vehicles must be able to enter and leave the site in a forward direction. The area required for drop off/pick up is to be designed as a separate area to that required for manoeuvring in and out of parking spaces.	Vehicles will be able to enter and exit in a forward direction.	Yes
The applicant is required to address in the SEE whether or not traffic associated with the proposed child care development is likely to have impacts on the amenity of the existing street(s) where it is proposed to be located.	The SEE states: The development has been designed to provide sufficient area on-site to enable vehicles to enter and exit the site in a forward direction. A Traffic Impact Assessment prepared by McLaren which accompanies this application has found that the proposed 70 place child care facility is fully supportable in terms of its traffic and parking impacts. This is supported by a traffic generation model using SIDRA INTERSECTION 9.1, which indicated that there will be no adverse impact to the performance of the intersections as a result of the generated traffic. The left-in/left-out arrangement to driveway along Rutledge Street to ensure that the development will not impact upon the performance and safety of vehicle movements along Rutledge Street.	Yes
A Traffic Impact Assessment prepared by a suitably qualified practitioner shall be prepared and submitted with the DA for all new CCC developments, and may be required for applications involving the expansion of an existing CCC in the vicinity of other traffic generating developments.	A Traffic Impact Assessment prepared McLaren was submitted with the application.	Yes
CCCs are not encouraged on roads carrying high volumes of traffic (refer Section 2 of this Part). Where developments involve sites located on a road which carries significant volumes of traffic, including arterial and sub-arterial roads, measures must be applied to alleviate the associated traffic problems	Rutledge Street carries high traffic volumes. The proposal has a left- in, left-out arrangement from Rutledge Street.	Satisfactory on merit

		1
(refer Schedule 2 regarding road hierarchy information).		
A Road Safety Audit is required to be submitted with all applications for CCC developments on collector roads where traffic volumes exceed 5000 Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) (refer Schedule 2 of this Part and Council's Traffic Engineer).	This would be capable of being addressed by way of a condition in the event of approval being recommended.	Yes
5.4 Pedestrian Safety	L	<u> </u>
Pedestrian access must be segregated	Separate paths are provided.	Yes
from vehicular access with clearly defined paths to and from the facility.		
On site parking and drop off/pick up points must be provided in a convenient location (at no more than 30m distance from the main entrance), clearly lit, and allow safe movement of children to and from the centre.	The basement parking spaces have convenient access and safe pathways to the entrance.	Yes
On-site vehicular movements must be separated from pedestrian access by safety fencing, gates and other means.	This is achieved.	Yes
5.5 Accessibility		
Access should be provided and designed in accordance with AS 1428.1 Design for Access and Mobility, and in all respects comply with Part D of the BCA for the relevant class of building. Refer also Part 9.2 Access for People with Disabilities of this DCP. Reference to these requirements should be made in the early stages of the design to ensure the development complies with the relevant standards.	The design achieves compliance, access report submitted.	Yes
In the case of minor alterations to CCCs, not involving structural alterations, or major refurbishment, accessibility is not to be made worse by the proposed work. Applicants are encouraged to improve accessibility where possible. In addition to the provisions of the BCA for	N/A – The application is not for minor alterations.	N/A
<ul> <li>disabled access and toilet facilities, other matters to be considered in the design of CCC developments include:</li> <li>i. Provision of access for people with mobility disabilities by a continuous path of travel from the street and/or parking area into and within every room and outdoor area used by children and staff.</li> <li>ii. Hard paved surfaces leading into the entry of a play environment and</li> </ul>	A continuous path of travel is provided from the street into every room and outdoor area. An internal lift is provided between the two floor levels and the basement car park. Achieved	Yes Yes
continuing inside that will allow children and adults with mobility aids as well as toddlers in strollers to enter with ease. iii. Design of the car parking area should incorporate kerb cuts which eliminate	Achieved	Yes

	a barrier for prome or individuals		[]
	a barrier for prams or individuals		
	using mobility aids (such as wheel		
i. /	chairs or crutches). Pathways with extra width (1200 mm	Main nothway is 1 2m wide and is	Yes
IV.		Main pathway is 1.2m wide and is	165
	- 1500 mm) and grades no steeper	not steeper than 1:14.	
	that 1:14 to allow easy circulation		
	throughout the site.	1 accessible appear provided	Yes
v.	One on-site parking space 3.6m wide	1 accessible space provided.	165
	with a height clearance of minimum 2.5m to permit ease of use for		
	arrivals and departures of individuals		
	using mobility aids.		
61	General Landscape Design Requirem	ont	
			Var
	must include a detailed landscape	This application includes detailed	Yes
	showing existing and	landscaping plans prepared by	
	posed planting, including a schedule of	Canvas Landscape Architects.	
	cies. The plan is to be prepared by a	Cufficient information is notated on	
	ably qualified landscape architect with	Sufficient information is notated on	
	erience / skills in designing early thood environments.	the landscape plans to determine	
Child	anood environments.	the proposed species, mature	
The	landscape plan must:	heights and number of trees.	
	Identify significant trees/vegetation to	There are no trees on the subject	N/A
	be retained (with respect to Council's	site.	IN/A
	Tree Preservation Order) and outline	SIC.	
	a program for their management		
	during the construction period;		
ii.	Avoid plant species likely to present	Achieved	Yes
	a hazard to children, such as	/ lonieved	100
	poisonous plants, and any vegetation		
	that can lead to injury or harm or		
	severe discomfort (e.g. plants which		
	are allergy producing, which contain		
	sharp prickles or thorns, or which		
	produce small nuts or fruits);		
iii.	Avoid plant species and landscape	Achieved	Yes
	materials which may constitute a		
	choking hazard in areas designed for		
	use by babies and toddlers;		
iv.	Incorporate landscape design of the	See below.	Yes
	outdoor play spaces in accordance		
	with the requirements of Section		
	6.2.2 of this Part;		
v.	Consider the effects of outdoor play	Achieved	Yes
	on the compaction and erosion of soil		
	and vegetation in choice of		
	treatments;		
vi.	Specify plants and surface	Achieved	Yes
	treatments that consider the potential		
	for tree roots to up-lift outdoor		
	surfaces (footpaths, cycle tracks) and		
	create hazards;		
vii.	Identify opportunities for deep soil	Achieved	Yes
	planting and choice of appropriate		
	species to suit the conditions; and		
viii.	Include shrubs and trees which offer	Achieved	Yes
1	a range of textures, colours and		
	scents for the children's learning		
	experience, such as the opportunity		
L	experience, such as the opportunity		

to observe a variety of native birds		
and insects attracted by plants.	The landscape design aphieves	Yes
The landscape design is to consider the	The landscape design achieves	res
site analysis and pay attention to use of treatments which manage the effect of	this.	
sunlight, shading, wind protection and		
temperature moderation in relation to the		
care of young children.	No is successible of her Oscessible	V
Irrigation should be designed to use	No issues raised by Council's	Yes
rainwater or recycled water.	landscape architect.	
A landscape setback of minimum width	A two metre landscaping area is	`No, see report
2m is to be provided along the front	not provided for the entirety of the	for discussion
boundary of all new CCCs in residential	front setback. On the Wentworth	
zones to assist in preserving streetscape	Road frontage, the landscaped	
amenity and provide screening. Care is to	area is only one metre in width	
be taken in design of the setback to avoid	where it is not interrupted by	
vegetation impeding sightlines from	access paths or other features. On	
vehicles entering/exiting the site, and to	the Rutledge Street frontage, the	
consider the use of materials and	extent of landscaping proposed is	
finishes to complement the neighbouring	considered satisfactory.	
streetscape.		
A landscape buffer is to be provided along	Landscape buffer planting is	Yes
the side and rear boundaries of the site for	provided to all boundaries.	
CCCs in residential zones of a minimum		
width of 1m.		
Landscape setbacks/buffers may need to	N/A – the site is in a residential	Yes
be provided for centres in commercial and	zone.	
industrial zones depending on the context		
of the development.		
6.2 Play Spaces		
Size & Functionality of Play Spaces		
All new CCCs are to provide indoor play	Provided	Yes
spaces, outdoor play spaces and	Torrada	100
transition areas.		
All play spaces are to be designed of	The outdoor play areas are	Yes
regular shapes and with convenient	generally regular in shape /	100
access between them to maximise	consolidated at the rear and	
opportunities for supervision of children by	convenient access is provided.	
staff.		
The location of outdoor play spaces in the	Outdoor play areas are not within	Yes
front setback should be avoided.	the front setback.	100
All new CCCs are to provide at least 10m <sup>2</sup>	The outdoor play space complies	N/A
of unencumbered outdoor play space for	with the Childcare Planning	IN/A
each licensed child care place, inclusive of	Guideline under SEPP (Transport	
transition areas provided in accordance	and Infrastructure) 2021 which prevails over the DCP.	
with Section 6.2.4 of this Part. Outdoor Play Spaces		
All child care centres		
The design of the outdoor area is to be of	The design of the outdoor grap is	Yes
a shape which maximises supervision and	The design of the outdoor area is of a shape which maximises	105
• •		
useable space, and also stimulates early	supervision and useable space.	
learning. Freeform approaches in design	The outdoor areas will stimulate	
are encouraged.	early learning.	
Outdoor play spaces are to be designed	The proposal was referred to	Yes
to:	Council's Development Engineer,	
i. Be well-drained to permit clearing of	who raised no objection to the	
water quickly after rain; and	proposed method of drainage.	
		Yes
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<ul> <li>ii. Incorporate existing natural features and vegetation.</li> </ul>	No existing trees or vegetation. The existing levels / features are being retained.	
<ul> <li>Designs are to aim for:</li> <li>i. 30% natural planting area (excluding turf);</li> <li>ii. 30% turfed area; and</li> <li>iii. 40% hard surfaces (sand, paving, timber platforms).</li> </ul>	This mix is achieved.	Yes
Distinct areas within the outdoor play		
space design must include:		
<ul> <li>An open grassed area for gross motor skills (e.g. running, ball games);</li> </ul>	Provided	Yes
<ul> <li>ii. Formal quiet areas, for focused play (must include a sandpit - see point below and a minimum of 2 formal quiet areas for activities such as storytelling and finger painting);</li> </ul>	Provided	Yes
iii. An active area (e.g. climbing structure, digging patch);	Provided	Yes
iv. A transition area (refer Section 6.2.4 of this Part); and	Provided	Yes
v. Storage area(s).	Provided	Yes
With respect to the distinct areas required,	Shown in submitted Landscape	
all designs for outdoor play spaces should take into consideration elements of best practice in design (refer photos) including:	Plan.	
<ul> <li>i. Sandpits</li> <li>ii. Formal quiet areas</li> <li>iii. Secret places</li> <li>iv. Active areas</li> <li>v. Surfaces</li> <li>vi. Access corridors</li> <li>vii. Slowdown features</li> <li>viii. Elevated areas</li> <li>ix. Linkages</li> <li>x. Planting</li> <li>xi. Storage</li> <li>(Refer to further explanation in the DCP).</li> </ul>	Provided Provided Provided Provided Provided Provided Provided Provided Provided Provided	Yes
Designs are to incorporate suitable species which will achieve a canopy cover of 50-60% of the outdoor play area within 5 years of planting.	Suitable new tree plantings with adequate canopy cover proposed.	Yes
Outdoor play spaces are to be adequately shaded from establishment of the centre in accordance with Shade for Child Care Services published by the NSW Cancer Council and NSW Health Department. Design of shading is to be in accordance with the key shade planning and design principles, and to consider the nature of shading needed prior to canopy cover being established.	The plans indicate that adequate shaded areas (including trees and shade structures) are situated within the outdoor play areas.	Yes
The outdoor play space should relate directly to the indoor play space for the relevant age group of children. The shape of the play space must allow for uninhibited supervision of children at all	Outdoor play spaces relate directly to the indoor play spaces for the relevant age group of children. The shape of the outdoor play areas allows for sufficient supervision of	Yes

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
times. The siting of the outdoor play area	children. The siting of the outdoor	
shall allow the provision of adequate	play areas allows the provision of	
supervision from internal and external	adequate supervision from internal	
areas. Separate play areas are	and external areas.	
encouraged to be provided for 0-2 year		
olds. The landscape plan is to identify how		
play spaces are designed for each age		
group.		
Designs should consider access	Outdoor areas are capable of being	Yes
opportunities for maintenance of outdoor	suitably maintained, and pedestrian	
play areas. Outdoor play space should not	paths are provided in order to	
be occupied by any service vehicles	ensure maintenance.	
	choure maintenance.	
during the centre's operating hours.		
Work based child care centres, and		
centres in mixed use facilities		
Where outdoor spaces are provided	N/A – The childcare is not	N/A
		IN/A
externally above ground level (refer	proposed in a mixed-use facility	
Section 3.4 of this Part):	and is not a work based child care	
<ul> <li>Effort is to be made to make outdoor</li> </ul>	centre.	
space of a similar quality to that		
achievable at ground floor level. In this		
regard the outdoor play area is		
expected to be designed to comply		
with requirements of Section 6.2.2;		
Appropriate measures shall be		
implemented for the protection of		
outdoor play spaces from excessive		
wind and other adverse climatic		
conditions in order to permit year-		
round use as far as possible; and		
<ul> <li>Adaguata tanging is to be provided for</li> </ul>		
Adequate fencing is to be provided for		
the safety of the children and to		
the safety of the children and to		
the safety of the children and to prevent objects from being thrown over the perimeter of the area.	N/A – The childcare is not	N/A
the safety of the children and to prevent objects from being thrown over the perimeter of the area. Outdoor storage space is to be provided in	N/A – The childcare is not	N/A
the safety of the children and to prevent objects from being thrown over the perimeter of the area. Outdoor storage space is to be provided in a location which does not impede	proposed in a mixed-use facility	N/A
the safety of the children and to prevent objects from being thrown over the perimeter of the area. Outdoor storage space is to be provided in a location which does not impede supervision of the play areas. It is to be a	proposed in a mixed-use facility and is not a work based child care	N/A
the safety of the children and to prevent objects from being thrown over the perimeter of the area. Outdoor storage space is to be provided in a location which does not impede	proposed in a mixed-use facility	N/A
the safety of the children and to prevent objects from being thrown over the perimeter of the area. Outdoor storage space is to be provided in a location which does not impede supervision of the play areas. It is to be a	proposed in a mixed-use facility and is not a work based child care	N/A
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the safety of the children and to prevent objects from being thrown over the perimeter of the area. Outdoor storage space is to be provided in a location which does not impede supervision of the play areas. It is to be a size equivalent to 0.5 m <sup>2</sup> of space per child who will be using the area. Indoor Play Spaces Shall be designed to: i. Achieve passive surveillance from all rooms; ii. Provide direct access to play areas;	proposed in a mixed-use facility and is not a work based child care centre. Achieved. Access achieved.	Yes Yes
the safety of the children and to prevent objects from being thrown over the perimeter of the area. Outdoor storage space is to be provided in a location which does not impede supervision of the play areas. It is to be a size equivalent to 0.5 m <sup>2</sup> of space per child who will be using the area. <b>Indoor Play Spaces</b> Shall be designed to: i. Achieve passive surveillance from all rooms; ii. Provide direct access to play areas; iii. Allow maximum supervision of the	proposed in a mixed-use facility and is not a work based child care centre. Achieved. Access achieved. Indoor and outdoor areas can be	Yes
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<ul> <li>the safety of the children and to prevent objects from being thrown over the perimeter of the area.</li> <li>Outdoor storage space is to be provided in a location which does not impede supervision of the play areas. It is to be a size equivalent to 0.5 m<sup>2</sup> of space per child who will be using the area.</li> <li>Indoor Play Spaces</li> <li>Shall be designed to: <ul> <li>i. Achieve passive surveillance from all rooms;</li> <li>ii. Provide direct access to play areas;</li> <li>iii. Allow maximum supervision of the indoor and outdoor play spaces;</li> <li>iv. Allow subspaces to be set up with discernible divisions to offer a variety of play areas.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Transition Areas shall: <ul> <li>i. Be located between the indoor and outdoor areas;</li> <li>ii. Be designed to allow for indoor and outdoor activities to be conducted under cover;</li> <li>ii. Be designed to offer protection from</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	proposed in a mixed-use facility and is not a work based child care centre. Achieved. Access achieved. Indoor and outdoor areas can be readily supervised by staff. A variety of play spaces provide options. Provided. Achieved, Suitable weather protection	Yes Yes Yes Yes
the safety of the children and to prevent objects from being thrown over the perimeter of the area. Outdoor storage space is to be provided in a location which does not impede supervision of the play areas. It is to be a size equivalent to 0.5 m <sup>2</sup> of space per child who will be using the area. <b>Indoor Play Spaces</b> Shall be designed to: i. Achieve passive surveillance from all rooms; ii. Provide direct access to play areas; iii. Allow maximum supervision of the indoor and outdoor play spaces; iv. Allow subspaces to be set up with discernible divisions to offer a variety of play areas. <b>Transition Areas</b> shall: i. Be located between the indoor and outdoor areas; ii. Be designed to allow for indoor and outdoor activities to be conducted under cover;	proposed in a mixed-use facility and is not a work based child care centre. Achieved. Access achieved. Indoor and outdoor areas can be readily supervised by staff. A variety of play spaces provide options. Provided. Achieved,	Yes Yes Yes Yes

and       Achieved.         iii.       Incorporate facilities or educational experiences and appropriate storage areas.       Achieved.         Swimming Pools & Water Hazards       N/A – not proposed.       N/A         The Swimming Pools & Water Hazards       N/A – not proposed.       N/A         Swimming Pools & Water Hazards       N/A – not proposed.       N/A         Any water containers (including buckets, addling pools etc) which could constitute a drowning hazard are to be emptied mmediately after use, or safely covered and/ or stored in a manner which prevents he collection of water which is accessible       N/A – not proposed.       N/A         Configuration of water which is accessible       Proposed office, staff room and reception.       Yes         Configuration of water which is accessible       Proposed office, staff room and reception.       Yes         I. Office areas for administration of the is. Staff respite.       The office is adjacent to the main entry.       Yes         The staff room is to include a minimum loorspace calculated at the rate of 10m <sup>2</sup> pre person occupying heorize of 20m <sup>2</sup> .       The office is adjacent to the main entry.       Yes         In centres where children under the age of 2 years are proposed to be cared for the cort room with good vision to the play room to enable good supervision of cos per room; and       Staff room of 20m <sup>2</sup> is proposed.       Yes         ii. A anappy change area adjacent to the cort nom with good vision to the play rowided = 17.65m <sup>2</sup> (short 4.85		1	
iii. Incorporate facilities for educational experiences and appropriate storage areas.       N/A         Swimming Pools & Water Hazards New swimming pools (within the meaning of the Swimming Pools Act 1992) are not permitted on the premises of any CCC.       N/A – not proposed.       N/A         Any water containers (including buckets, adding pools e(c) which could constitute a drowning hazard are to be emptied mmediately after use, or safely covered and/ or stored in a maner which prevents the collection of water which is accessible to children.       N/A – not proposed.       N/A         7.0 Miscellaneous Controls       Proposed office, staff room and reception.       Yes         7.0 Miscellaneous controls       Proposed office, staff room and reception.       Yes         7.0 Miscellaneous controls       Proposed office, staff room and reception.       Yes         7.0 Miscellaneous controls       Proposed office, staff room and reception.       Yes         7.0 Miscellaneous controls       Control fore areas for administration of the service; and ith rate of 10m <sup>2</sup> per person occupying the offices (e.g. director/administrative staff).       The office is adjacent to the main entry.       Yes         The staff room is to include a minimum floorspace to be provided: i. A sleeping room with 2.5m <sup>2</sup> of collowing are to be provided: i. A nappy change area adjacent to the col room with good vision to the play room to enable good supervision of children, and including suitable storage (within the staff's reach) for nappy changing needs.       Napy changing area in close proximity to cot room, good vision to clasarsom and outdoor pla	not heat up excessively in summer;	Ashioved	
experiences and appropriate storage areas.       IVA – not proposed.       N/A         Swimming Pools & Water Hazards New swimming Pools & Water Hazards The Swimming Pools AL 1992) are not bermitted on the premises of any CCC.       N/A – not proposed.       N/A         Any water containers (including buckets, baddling pools etc) which could constitute a drowning hazard are to be empled mmediately after use, or safety covered and/ or stored in a manner which prevents the collection of water which is accessible       N/A – not proposed.       N/A         Contro Facilities       Each new CCC must provide rooms, not areas, for the following specific uses: i. Staff respite.       Proposed office, staff room and reception.       Yes         The offices are to be located adjacent to the entry area for security purposes and nedude a minimum floorspace calculated at the rate of 10m <sup>2</sup> pre preson occupying the offices (c, director/administrativo staff).       The office is adjacent to the main entry.       Yes         Orfice areage for administrative staff).       Staff room of 20m <sup>2</sup> is proposed.       Yes         In centres where children under the age of porspace per cot and a max. of 10 cots per room; and       Ground level: Cot room has 9 cots Area arguride = 22.5m <sup>2</sup> Area provided = 17.65m <sup>2</sup> (short 4.85m <sup>2</sup> )       No. See report for discussion         ii. A nappy change area adjacent to the roating ing meeds.       Laundry provided.       Yes         All CCCs are to provide laundry facilities. Consideration should be given to the moratiation of washing lines in the outdoor areas to reduce the need for lochtes typers.		Achieved.	
areas.       Numming Pools & Water Hazards         Swimming Pools & Water Hazards       N/A – not proposed.         Yew swimming Pools Act 1992) are not permitted on the premises of any CCC.       N/A – not proposed.         Any water containers (including buckets, addling pools etc) which could constitute a drowning hazard are to be emptied mmediately after use, or safely covered and/ or stored in a manner which prevents the collection of water which is accessible to children.       N/A – not proposed.         7.0 Miscellaneous Controis       Each new CCC must provide rooms, not areas, for the following specific uses: <ul> <li>Office areas for administration of the service; and</li> <li>ii. Staff respite.</li> <li>The offices area to be located adjacent to the service; and staff).</li> </ul> The office areas for administrative staff.         The offices (e.g. director/administrative staff).       The office areas is to be located adjacent to the main entry.         Office acces 10m <sup>2</sup> , proposed office area = ~13.5m <sup>2</sup> Staff room of 20m <sup>2</sup> is proposed.         Staff room is to include a minimum floorspace calculated at the rate of 10m <sup>2</sup> per person occupying the offices (e.g. director/administrative taff).       Staff room of 20m <sup>2</sup> is proposed.         In centres where children under the age of 20m <sup>2</sup> and and amax. of 10 cots per room; and       Staff room fo 20m <sup>2</sup> is proposed.         Iii. A nappy change area adjacent to the paty room of ease to reduce the need for locates stored with the staffs reach) for nappy changing needs.       Laundry provided.	•		
Swimming Pools & Water Hazards         N/A – not proposed.         N/A           New swimming Pools (within the meaning for the Swimming Pools AC (1992) are not bermitted on the premises of any CCC.         N/A – not proposed.         N/A           Any water containers (including buckets, adding pools etc) which could constitute a drowning hazard are to be emptied mmediately after use, or safely covered and/ or stored in a manner which prevents the collection of water which is accessible         N/A – not proposed.         N/A           7.0 Miscellaneous Controls Centre Facilities         Proposed office, staff room and reception.         Yes           Each new CCC must provide rooms, not areas, for the following specific uses: i. Office areas for administration of the ii. Staff respite.         Proposed office, staff room and reception.         Yes           The offices are to be located adjacent to the entry area for security purposes and noclude a minimum floorspace of 20m <sup>2</sup> . in centres where children under the age of 2 years are proposed to be cared for the cot sper room; and         Staff room of 20m <sup>2</sup> is proposed.         Yes           Ground level: 2 years are proposed to be cared for the cot com with good vision to the play room to enable good supervision of children, and including suitable storage (within the staff's reach) for nappy changing needs.         Nappy changing area in close provided.         Yes           All CCCs are to provide laundry facilities. Consideration should be given to the mstallation of washing lines in the outdoor areas to reduce the need to clothes styres.         Mapy changing proposed.         Yes			
New swimming pools (within the meaning of the Swimming Pools Act 1992) are not bermitted on the premises of any CCC.         N/A – not proposed.         N/A           Any water containers (including buckets, addling pools etc) which could constitute a drowning hazard are to be emptied mmediately after use, or safely covered and/ or stored in a manner which prevents the collection of water which is accessible to children.         N/A – not proposed.         N/A           7.0 Miscellaneous Controls         Proposed office, staff room and reception.         Yes           Zent new CCC must provide rooms, not areas, for the following specific uses: i. Office areas for administration of the service; and iii. Staff respite.         Proposed office, staff room and reception.         Yes           The offices are to be located adjacent to he entry area for security purposes and nclude a minimum floorspace calculated at the rate of 10m <sup>2</sup> per person occupying the offices (e.g. director/administrative staff).         The office is adjacent to the main entry.         Yes           The staff room is to include a minimum loorspace of 20m <sup>2</sup> . i. A sleeping room with 2.5m <sup>2</sup> of floorspace per cot and a max. of 10 cots per room; and         Staff room of 20m <sup>2</sup> is proposed.         Yes           ii. A nappy change area adjacent to the root no enable good supervision of children, and including suitable storage (within the staffs reach) for nappy changing needs.         Napy changing area in close provided.         Yes           All CCCs are to provide laundry facilities. Consideration should be given to the rousing on eable good supervision of children, and including suitable storage (within the staffs r			
of the Swimming Pools Act 1992) are not bermitted on the premises of any CCC.       N/A – not proposed.       N/A         Any water containers (including buckets, addling pools etc) which could constitute a drowning hazard are to be emptied and/ or stored in a manner which prevents the collection of water which is accessible to children.       N/A – not proposed.       N/A         7.0 Miscellaneous Controls       Centre Facilities       Proposed office, staff room and reception.       Yes         Each new CCC must provide rooms, not areas, for the following specific uses: i. Office areas for administration of the service; and ii. Staff respite.       Proposed office, staff room and reception.       Yes         The offices are to be located adjacent to the main entry.       Office exceeds 10m <sup>2</sup> .       Yes         Office areas for administrative staff).       The office is adjacent to the main entry.       Yes         Office area for administrative staff).       The office is cadjacent to the main entry.       Yes         Office area for administrative staff).       The office is adjacent to the main entry.       Yes         In centres where children under the age of loorspace per cot and a max. of 10 corspace per cot and a max. of 10 corspace are to be provided:       Ground level:       Cot room has 9 cots Area required - 22.5m <sup>2</sup> Area provided = 17.65m <sup>2</sup> (short 4.85m <sup>2</sup> )       Yes         ii. A nappy change area adjacent to the play room to enable good supervision of children, and including suitable storage (within the staff s reach) for nappy changing needs.       <	-	N/A – not proposed.	N/A
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All advertising and signage must be	N/A – no signage proposed.	Yes
designed to comply with Part 9.1 Advertising Signs.		
Exterior Lighting		•
Lighting is to be provided to assist access via the main entrance.	Provided.	Yes
The street number of the building must be provided for identification. It is to be visible from the street day and night, by lighting and/or reflective material, to ensure easy identification for visitors including emergency services.	Noted.	Yes
The locations and design of all proposed external lighting must not have an adverse impact on adjoining properties. Where possible, sensor lighting and energy efficient lighting should be used. The use of spotlights is discouraged.	Noted.	Yes
Waste Storage and Management		
A waste management plan is to be submitted for all proposed demolition and construction waste in accordance with Part 7.2 Waste Minimisation and Management under this DCP.	A Waste Management Plan has been submitted with the application.	Yes
Adequate provision must be made for the storage and collection of waste and recycling receptacles in accordance with Part 7.2 of this DCP. Note: CCC developments are to be considered as "commercial and retail premises" for the purposes of location and design of waste management and minimisation of waste relating to the ongoing operation of the centre.	Waste room is shown at ground level.	Yes
In addition to the requirements of Part 7.2 of this Plan, applications for CCC development are to address the following considerations:	Noted.	
<ul> <li>i. whether a special removal service will be required for the removal / disposal of soiled nappies;</li> <li>ii. the frequency of removal of waste to</li> </ul>		Yes
ensure regular removal and avoid undue build up of garbage; iii. opportunities for avoidance, reuse		Yes
and recycling of waste; iv. convenience for staff of the location of bins, and where relevant, the size and path of travel required transporting bins to access collection		Yes
<ul> <li>points (unobstructed access to usual collection points);</li> <li>v. security of waste from access by children;</li> </ul>		Yes
children; vi. likely requirements for waste from kitchen facilities; and		Yes
vii. impact of waste storage and collection on adjoining residential		Yes

developments in terms of		
unsightliness, odour and noise.		
Where a new CCC is proposed, the waste and recycling storage area must be designed to be visually and physically integrated into the design of the development, and not stored within the front setback to avoid visual clutter. Waste facilities are not to be sited within the areas required for car parking, vehicular and pedestrian access, landscaping and outdoor play areas.	The waste room is integrated within the basement, however, there is a secondary bin storage location on the Wentworth Road frontage.	No, see discussion in report.
Where expansion of an existing CCC is proposed, the waste and recycling storage area is to be designed as far as possible to be visually and physically integrated into the design of the development. Waste facilities are not to be sited within the areas required for car parking, vehicular or pedestrian access or outdoor play areas. In cases where the waste storage area is likely to be visible from the street, design elements such as fencing, landscaping and roof treatments may be used to screen the waste and recycling storage area so as not to detract from the aesthetics of the streetscape.	N/A – New childcare centre is proposed.	N/A
Where food preparation is carried out on the premises, the waste storage area is to be designed with a cover to exclude rainwater and a floor to be graded and drained to the sewerage system. The area is to be located readily accessible for servicing and suitably screened from public view.	Noted	Yes
In residential areas, developments are not to be designed to store waste facilities of a size and scale which can only be managed by side arm waste collection vehicles. There is to be no onsite access by waste collection vehicles.	No onsite waste collection is proposed by Council vehicles.	Yes
Any proposed composting area is to be in a location that will not impact on the amenity of adjoining premises nor on the amenity of users of the centre.	There is no composting area proposed.	N/A
Where separate collection services are proposed which differ from the regular Council service to surrounding properties, consideration is to be given to frequency and times of collection to minimise impacts of waste vehicle noise on neighbouring properties.	Addressed in Plan of Management. Condition recommended to ensure waste is collected outside of peak traffic periods during the day.	Yes
7.5 Emergency Evacuation		
Prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate for all new CCCs, and for developments resulting in an increase in number of places in existing CCC, a <i>Fire</i> <i>Safety and Evacuation Plan</i> complying with AS3745 is to be prepared by a	Noted.	Yes

		1
suitably qualified person and submitted to		
the PCA.		
The Fire Safety & Evacuation Plan is to	Achieved	Yes
address:		
i. The mobility of children and how this		
is to be accommodated during an		
evacuation;		
ii. The location of a safe congregation		
area, away from the evacuated		
building, busy roads and other		
hazards, and away from evacuation		
points for use by other		
occupants/tenants of the same		
building or of surrounding buildings;		
and		
iii. The supervision of children during		
the evacuation and at the		
congregation area with regard to the		
capacity of the CCC (including child		
to staff ratios).		
6.0 Out of School Hours		
Where an OOSH service is proposed in a	N/A – out of school hours is not	Yes
childcare centre, the centre shall provide	proposed	
permanent separation of OOSH facilities		
from the remaining centre facilities.		
Refer to further controls if DCP, if relevant.		

Part 3.3 Dwelling Houses and Dual occupancy (as relevant)			
2.6.1 Deep Soil Areas			
35% of the site is deep soil. Minimum dimensions of 8m x 8m in the back yard which is sufficiently large to support at least 1 mature tree.	30.9% (276.65m <sup>2</sup> ) and an 8m x 8m area is proposed to the rear.	Yes	
Front garden areas to be permeable with the exception of the driveway, pedestrian path and garden walls.	Achieved.	Yes	
2.7 Floor Space Ratio			
0.5:1	The development proposes a floor space ratio of 0.522:1 (466.6m <sup>2</sup> ).	No, see report for discussion	
2.8 Building Height			
Height 9.5m	9.4m	Yes	
Wall Plate height 7.5m (or 8m for a roof with a continuous parapet	7.7m	Yes	
2 storeys	2 storeys	Yes	
2.9 Setbacks			
Front setback (6.0m) Secondary front setback 2m	Rutledge Street: 6.00m Wentworth Road: 2m except basement vent.	No, see report for discussion	
Side setback (1.5m)	<u>Side (East)</u> Basement: 1m	Yes	

Part 3.3 Dwelling Houses and Dual occupancy (as relevant)		
	Ground Floor: 2m First Floor: 2m <u>Side (South)</u> Basement: 7.2m Ground Floor: 11.045m First Floor: 7.8m	
Rear setback	Being a corner allotment, there is no rear.	N/A
2.14 Daylight and sunlight access		
<ul> <li>e. For neighbouring properties ensure:</li> <li>i. sunlight to at least 50% of the principal area of ground level private open space of adjacent properties is not reduced to less than two hours between 9 am and 3 pm on June 21; and</li> </ul>	Additional info would be required to demonstrate compliance.	Insufficient information
ii. windows to north-facing living areas of neighbouring dwellings receive at least 3 hours of sunlight between 9 am and 3 pm on 21 June over a portion of their surface, where this can be reasonably maintained given the orientation topography of the subject and neighbouring sites.	North facing windows are not impacted on by the proposal.	Yes

Part 7.2 – Waste Minimisation & Management		
Submission of a Waste Management Plan in accordance with Part 7.2 of DCP 2014.	The applicant has submitted a Waste Management Plan in accordance with Part 7.2 of DCP 2014.	Yes
Part 8.2 – Stormwater Management		
<b>Stormwater &amp; Floodplain Management</b> Drainage is to be piped in accordance with Part 8.2 - Stormwater & Floodplain Management.	Council's Development Engineer has reviewed the proposal and no objection is raised, subject to conditions.	Yes
Part 9.2 – Access for People with Disabilities		
Accessible path required from the street to the front door, where the level of land permits.	Appropriate access paths are provided.	Satisfactory.
Part 9.3 – Parking Controls		
Council's DCP rates apply being 1 space per 8 children and 1 space per 2 employees.	The proposal seeks 70 children and 12 staff. Required: Staff 1 space per 2 = 6 Children 1 space per 8 = 8.75 Total = 14.75 (rounded up to 15) A total of 15 car parking spaces are provided (9 for parents/carers and 6 for staff).	Yes

Part 9.5 – Tree Preservation		
Where the removal of tree(s) is associated with the redevelopment of a site, or a neighbouring site, the applicant is required to demonstrate that an alternative design(s) is not feasible and retaining the tree(s) is not possible in order to provide adequate clearance between the tree(s) and the proposed building and the driveway. Note: A site analysis is to be undertaken to identify the site constraints and opportunities including trees located on the site and neighbouring sites. In planning for a development, consideration must be given to building/site design that retains healthy trees, as Council does not normally allow the removal of trees to allow a development to proceed. The site analysis must also describe the impact of the proposed development on neighbouring trees. This is particularly important where neighbouring trees are close to the property boundary. The main issues are potential damage to the roots of neighbouring trees (possibly leading to instability and/or health deterioration), and canopy spread/shade from neighbouring trees that must be taken into account during the landscape design of the new development.	All trees (being neighbouring trees) are addressed in the accompanying Arborist Report. Council's Landscape Architect has reviewed the proposal and no objection is raised, subject to conditions to protect existing trees on neighbouring properties.	